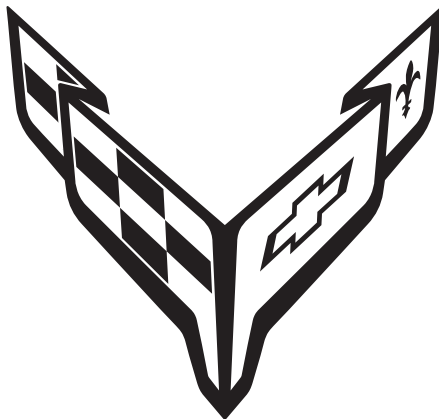




2027



CORVETTE

Owner's Manual



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Introduction

California Proposition 65 Warning



WARNING

Operating, servicing and maintaining a passenger vehicle or off-highway motor vehicle can expose you to chemicals including engine exhaust, carbon monoxide, phthalates, and lead, which are known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. To minimize exposure, avoid breathing exhaust, do not idle engine except as necessary, service your vehicle in a well-ventilated area and wear gloves or wash your hands frequently when servicing your vehicle. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov/passenger-vehicle.

Introduction



The names, logos, emblems, slogans, vehicle model names, and vehicle body designs appearing in this manual including, but not limited to, GM, the GM logo, CHEVROLET, the CHEVROLET emblem, CORVETTE, and the CORVETTE emblem are trademarks and/or service marks of General Motors LLC, its subsidiaries, affiliates, or licensors.

For vehicles first sold in Canada, substitute the name “General Motors of Canada Company” for Chevrolet Motor Division wherever it appears in this manual.

This manual describes features that may or may not be on the vehicle because of optional equipment that was not purchased on the vehicle, model variants, country specifications, features/applications that may not be available in your region, or

changes subsequent to this publication’s release, including changes in standard or optional content.

Refer to the purchase documentation relating to your specific vehicle to confirm the features.

Canadian Vehicle Owners

You can obtain a copy of this guide in French from your dealer, at www.helminc.com, or from the following address:

Propriétaires Canadiens

On peut obtenir un exemplaire de ce guide en français auprès du concessionnaire ou à l'adresse suivante:

Helm, Incorporated
Attention: Customer Service
47911 Halyard Drive
Plymouth, MI 48170
USA

Québec Consumer Protection Act Disclosure (Québec Customers Only)

Information regarding the availability of replacement parts, repair services, and information necessary to maintain or repair our products (applicable to Quebec consumers only).

Pursuant to the Consumer Protection Act (Québec) and the applicable regulation, General Motors of Canada Company does not guarantee the availability of replacement parts or repair services for its products, nor does it guarantee the availability of information necessary to maintain or repair its products. General Motors of Canada Company does offer access to certain automobile data for purposes of diagnostics, maintenance or repair in accordance with section 39.4 of the Consumer Protection Act (Québec).

Danger, Warning, and Caution

Warning messages found on vehicle labels and in this manual describe hazards and what to do to avoid or reduce them.

Danger

Danger indicates a hazard with a high level of risk which will result in serious injury or death.

Warning

Warning indicates a hazard that could result in injury or death.

Caution

Caution indicates a hazard that could result in property or vehicle damage.



A circle with a slash through it is a safety symbol which means “Do not,” “Do not do this,” or “Do not let this happen.”

Symbols

The vehicle has components and labels that use symbols instead of text. Symbols are shown along with the text describing the operation or information relating to a specific component, control, message, gauge, or indicator.

Vehicle Symbol Chart

This chart defines the symbols that may be found on the vehicle.

: Air Conditioning System

: Air Conditioning Refrigerant Oil

: Airbag Readiness Light

: Antilock Brake System (ABS)

: Brake System Warning Light

: Carbon Monoxide

: Dispose of Used Components Properly

: Do Not Apply High Pressure Water

eAWD : Electric All-Wheel Drive

: Engine Coolant Temperature

: Flame/Fire Prohibited

: Flammable

: Fuse Block Cover Lock Location

: Fuses

: Hybrid Battery Charging (Charge+)

: ISOFIX/LATCH System Child Restraints

: Keep Fuse Block Covers Properly Installed

: Lane Keep Assist

: Malfunction Indicator Light

: Oil Pressure

: Park Assist

: Power

: Rear Cross Traffic Alert

: Registered Technician

: Remote Start

: Risk of Electrical Fire

: Seat Belt Reminders

: Side Blind Zone Alert

: Tire Pressure Monitor

: Traction Control/StabiliTrak/Electronic Stability Control

: Under Pressure

The following symbols are used to indicate additional instructions or information.



: Shown when the owner's manual has additional instructions or information.

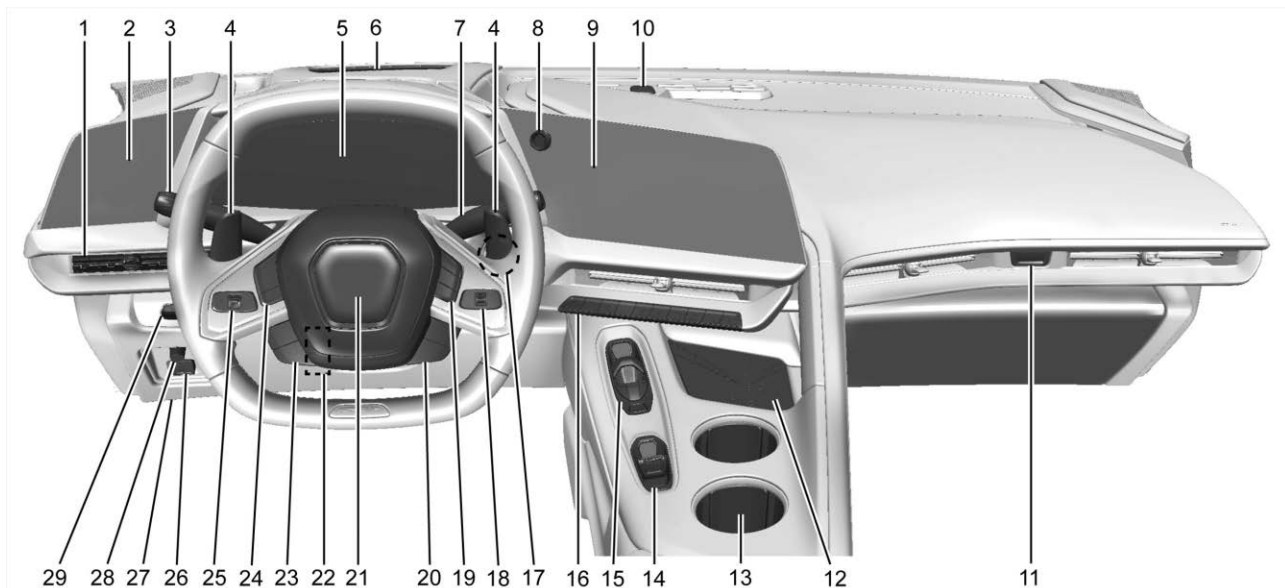


: Shown when the service manual has additional instructions or information.



: Shown when there is more information on another page — “see page.”

Instrument Panel Overview



1. Air Vents. See *Air Vents* ⇨ 159.

2. Control Panel. See *Instrument Cluster* ⇨ 85.

3. Turn Signal Lever. See *Turn and Lane-Change Signals* ⇨ 118.

Headlight Controls. See *Headlight Controls* ⇨ 115.

- High-Beam Systems. See *High-Beam Systems* ⇨ 115.
4. Manual Shift Paddles. See *Manual Mode* ⇨ 198.
5. Instrument Cluster. See *Instrument Cluster* ⇨ 85.
6. Head-Up Display (HUD) (If Equipped). See *Head-Up Display (HUD)* ⇨ 109.
7. Windshield Wiper/Washer. See *Windshield Wiper/Washer* ⇨ 79.
8. Infotainment Controls. See *Overview* ⇨ 123.
9. Infotainment Display. See *Using the System* ⇨ 125.
10. Alarm System Indicator Light. See *Vehicle Alarm System* ⇨ 23.
Light Sensor. See *Automatic Headlight System* ⇨ 117.
11. Glove Box Button. See *Glove Box* ⇨ 75.
12. Wireless Charging. See *Wireless Charging* ⇨ 82.
13. Cupholders. See *Cupholders* ⇨ 75.
14. Driver Mode Control. See *Driver Mode Control* ⇨ 213.
Curb View Camera (If Equipped). See *Assistance Systems for Parking or Backing* ⇨ 236.
Front Lift System Control (If Equipped). See *Front Lift System* ⇨ 222.
15. Shift Switches. See *Dual Clutch Transmission* ⇨ 195.
16. Dual Automatic Climate Control System. See *Dual Automatic Climate Control System* ⇨ 157.
Heated and Ventilated Front Seats. See *Heated and Ventilated Front Seats* ⇨ 46.
17. Keyless Ignition. See *Ignition Positions* ⇨ 190.
Auto Stop Disable Switch (If Equipped). See *Stop/Start System* ⇨ 192.
18. Driver Information Center Controls. See *Driver Information Center (DIC)* ⇨ 103.
19. Heated Steering Wheel (If Equipped). See *Heated Steering Wheel* ⇨ 79.
Bluetooth Controls. See *Steering Wheel Controls* ⇨ 125.
- Voice Recognition Controls. See *Steering Wheel Controls* ⇨ 125.
20. Volume Control Buttons. See *Steering Wheel Controls* ⇨ 125.
21. Horn. See *Horn* ⇨ 79.
22. Steering Wheel Adjustment (Out of View). See *Steering Wheel Adjustment* ⇨ 79.
23. Favorites Select Buttons. See *Steering Wheel Controls* ⇨ 125.
24. Z-Mode. See *Driver Mode Control* ⇨ 213.
Forward Collision Alert System. See *Forward Collision Alert (FCA) System* ⇨ 239.
Hybrid Battery Charging (Charge+) (If Equipped). See *Driver Mode Control* ⇨ 213.
25. Cruise Control. See *Cruise Control* ⇨ 232.
26. Electric Parking Brake. See *Electric Parking Brake* ⇨ 209.
27. Data Link Connector (Out of View). See *Malfunction Indicator Light (Check Engine Light)* ⇨ 93.
28. Instrument Panel Illumination Control. See *Instrument Panel Illumination Control* ⇨ 119.

29. Performance Traction Management. See *Performance Driving* ⇨ 223.

Traction Control System (TCS). See *Traction Control/Electronic Stability Control* ⇨ 211.

Launch Control. See *Driver Information Center (DIC)* ⇨ 103.

Keys, Doors, and Windows

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Keys and Locks

Keys



Warning

Leaving children in a vehicle with a remote key is dangerous and children or others could be seriously injured or killed. They could operate the power windows or other controls or make the vehicle move. The windows will function with the remote key in the vehicle, and children or others could be caught in the path of a closing window. Do not leave children in a vehicle with a remote key.



Use the mechanical key inside the remote key for all locks.

To remove the mechanical key, press the button on the side of the remote key near the bottom, and pull the mechanical key out. Never pull the mechanical key out without pressing the button.

The mechanical key may have a bar-coded key tag that the dealer or qualified locksmith can use to make new keys. Store this information in a safe place, not in the vehicle.

See your dealer if you need a replacement or additional key.

If it becomes difficult to turn a key, inspect the key blade for debris. Periodically clean with a brush or pick.

With an active OnStar or connected service plan, an OnStar Advisor may remotely unlock the vehicle. See *OnStar Overview* ⇨ 384.

If locked out of the vehicle, see *Roadside Assistance Program* ⇨ 376.

Remote Key

If your remote key is not working correctly:

- The remote key may be too far from the vehicle.
- Other vehicles or objects may be blocking the signal.

- The battery may need replacing. See “Battery Replacement” under *Remote Key Operation* ⇨ 9.

If the remote key is still not working correctly after checking the distance, location, and battery, see your dealer or a qualified technician for service.

Remote Key Operation

The remote key operates various functions from up to 60 m (197 ft) away and includes a mechanical key for locks. See *Keys* ⇨ 8.



Convertible Shown, Coupe Similar

Functions

To view function settings, go to the infotainment home screen and select Settings > Vehicle > Remote Lock, Unlock, Start.

 : Press to lock all doors and arm the alarm system. See *Vehicle Alarm System* ⇨ 23. If enabled, the turn signals flash.

If you press  when the driver door is open and the vehicle is on, all doors will lock and the driver door will immediately unlock.

  : If enabled, press twice within five seconds and the turn signals flash and the horn sounds to confirm the vehicle is locked.

 : Press once to unlock the driver door and disarm the alarm system. See *Vehicle Alarm System* ⇨ 23.

  : Press twice within three seconds to unlock all doors.

If enabled, the turn signal lights flash twice to indicate the doors are unlocked. You can program the remote key to unlock all doors with one press or program the exterior lights to turn on. Follow the onscreen prompts in Settings.

  :

Press twice from outside the vehicle to remote start. You cannot start the vehicle if a remote key is left inside. See *Remote Start* ⇨ 13.

   : Press twice to release the hood. The vehicle must be in P (Park).

   : Press twice to release the hatch/trunk. The vehicle must be in P (Park).

 : If equipped, press and release , then immediately press and hold  continuously to open the convertible top all the way. Release the button to stop the convertible top motion. This button will only open the convertible top.

If equipped, press and release , then immediately press and hold  to open the engine compartment.

 : Press and release within one second to initiate the vehicle locator. The exterior lights flash and the horn sounds three times. Press and hold  for at least three seconds to sound the panic alarm.

The horn sounds and the turn signals flash for about 30 seconds or until you press  again or start the vehicle.

If equipped, you can operate the folding mirrors through the remote key. See *Folding Mirrors* ⇨ 25.

If equipped, you can express-operate the windows through the remote key. See *Power Windows* ⇨ 30.

Convertible Top

- Do not try to start the vehicle while using the remote key to open the convertible top. Release both the remote key button and ENGINE START/STOP and wait a few seconds before starting the vehicle normally.

Keyless Access Operation

The Keyless Access system allows you to access the doors and trunk/hatch, if equipped, without removing the remote key from your pocket or bag. The remote key must be within 1 m (3 ft) of the trunk/hatch or door being opened. See *Hatch* ⇨ 20.

Keyless Unlocking

When the doors are locked, press the driver door handle touchpad to unlock and open the driver door. Once the driver door is open, press the touchpad again to unlock all doors and the

trunk/hatch. When the doors are locked, press the passenger door handle touchpad to unlock all doors and the trunk/hatch and open the passenger door.

To turn off Keyless Access or program all doors and the trunk/hatch to unlock when you press the driver door button once, on the infotainment home screen, select Settings > Vehicle > Remote Lock, Unlock, Start.

Passive Locking

The vehicle locks several seconds after you close all doors, turn the vehicle off, and remove at least one or all remote keys from the interior. If other electronic devices interfere with the remote key signal, the vehicle may not detect the remote key inside the vehicle. If passive locking is enabled, the doors may lock with the remote key inside the vehicle. Do not leave the remote key in an unattended vehicle.

To view available settings from the infotainment home screen, touch Settings > Vehicle > Remove Lock, Unlock, Start.

Temporary Disable of Passive Locking

To temporarily disable passive locking, press and hold  on the interior door switch with a door open for at least four seconds, or until

you hear three audible alerts. Passive locking remains disabled until you press  on the interior door or start the vehicle.

Mechanical Key Access

To access a vehicle with the mechanical key in case of a weak remote key battery, see *Door Locks* ⇨ 15.

Remote Key Alerts

To view available settings for these alerts, on the infotainment home screen, select Settings > Vehicle > Remote Lock, Unlock, Start.

Wireless Charging Error: Placing the remote key on a wireless charger may prompt NO KEY FOUND on the Driver Information Center, and the vehicle may not start. Do not place the remote key on the wireless charger. See *Wireless Charging* ⇨ 82.

Remote Key Removed From Vehicle Alert: If you turn the vehicle on with a door open, and then close all doors, the vehicle will check for remote keys inside. If the vehicle does not detect a remote key, the Driver Information Center displays NO KEY FOUND and the horn sounds three times. This occurs only once each time you drive the vehicle.

Remote Key Left in Vehicle Reminder: When you turn off the vehicle and leave a remote key inside, the horn sounds three times after you close all doors.

Other conditions can impact the performance of the remote key. See *Remote Key* ⇨ 9.

Programming Remote Keys to the Vehicle

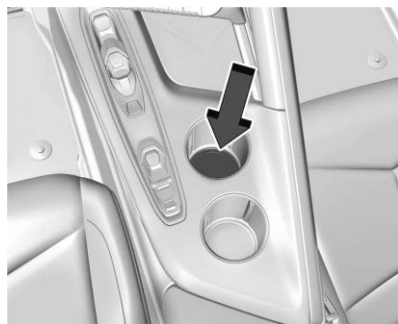
Only remote keys programmed to the vehicle will work. If a remote key is lost or stolen, a replacement can be purchased and programmed through your dealer. The vehicle can be reprogrammed so that lost or stolen remote keys no longer work. Any remaining remote keys will need to be reprogrammed. Each vehicle can have up to eight remote keys matched to it.

Starting the Vehicle with a Low Remote Key Battery

For improved vehicle security, the remote key is equipped with a motion sensor. If the remote key has been idle for an extended period, when you start the vehicle, the Driver Information Center may display KEY IN SLEEP MODE, MOVE KEY, THEN START. Move the remote key slightly and try starting the vehicle.

If the remote key battery is weak or if there is interference with the signal, when you start the vehicle, the Driver Information Center may display NO KEY FOUND, REPLACE BATTERY IN KEY or NO REMOTE KEY WAS DETECTED PLACE KEY IN KEY POCKET, THEN START YOUR VEHICLE.

To start the vehicle:



Convertible Shown, Coupe Similar

1. Place the remote key in the cupholder with the buttons facing down.
2. With the vehicle in P (Park) or N (Neutral), press the brake pedal and ENGINE START/STOP. Replace the remote key battery as soon as possible.

Battery Replacement

Warning

Never allow children to play with the remote key. The remote key contains a small battery, which can be a choking hazard. If swallowed, internal burns can occur, resulting in severe injury or death. Seek medical attention immediately if a battery is swallowed.

Warning

To avoid personal injury, do not touch metal surfaces on the remote key when it has been exposed to extreme heat. These surfaces can be hot to the touch at temperatures above 59 °C (138 °F).

Caution

When replacing the battery, do not touch any of the circuitry on the remote key. Static from your body could damage the remote key.

Caution

Always replace the battery with the correct type. Replacing the battery with an incorrect type could potentially create a risk of battery explosion. Dispose of used batteries according to instructions and local laws. Do not attempt to burn, crush, or cut the used battery, and avoid exposing the battery to environments with extremely low air pressures or high temperatures.

Caution

If the remote key is not reassembled properly, liquids could enter the housing and damage the circuitry, resulting in a remote key malfunction and/or failure. To prevent damage, always follow the steps for remote key reassembly in this manual to ensure the remote key is sealed properly whenever the remote key is opened.

Replace the battery if the Driver Information Center displays REPLACE BATTERY IN KEY. The battery is not rechargeable.

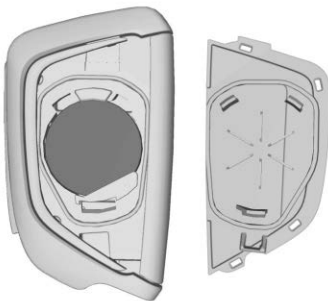
To replace the battery:



1. Press the button on the side of the remote key near the bottom and pull the mechanical key out. Never pull the mechanical key out without pressing the button.



2. Use the mechanical key blade in the slot to remove the battery cover by hand.



3. Remove the battery cover.

4. Pull the seal by pulling on the tab to access the battery.
5. Remove the old battery. Do not use a metal object.
6. Insert the new battery, positive side facing up. Only Panasonic CR2450 Lithium batteries have been validated to meet GM's minimum performance requirements.
7. Place the seal back into the groove around the battery compartment.
8. Replace the battery cover by snapping it back into the remote key.
9. Reinsert the mechanical key.

Remote Start

This feature allows the engine to be started from outside the vehicle.

 $\times 2$: This button on the remote key is for remote start.

The climate control system will use the previous settings during a remote start. If equipped, the rear window defogger may come on during remote start based on cold ambient conditions. The rear window defogger indicator light does not come on during remote start.

If equipped, the heated and ventilated front seats may also come on when the vehicle personalization setting is enabled. See *Heated and Ventilated Front Seats* ⇨ 46.

If equipped with a remote start heated steering wheel, it may come on during a remote start. See *Heated Steering Wheel* ⇨ 79.

Laws in some local communities may restrict the use of remote starters. For example, some laws may require a person using remote start to have the vehicle in view. Check local regulations for any requirements.

If your vehicle is low on fuel, do not use the remote start feature. The vehicle may run out of fuel.

The remote key range may be shorter while the vehicle is running.

Other conditions can affect the performance of the remote key. See *Remote Key* ⇨ 9.

You have a total of 30 minutes of engine running time. The maximum run time of a single start is 15 minutes, and it will shut off automatically. You could do three 10 minute starts if you manually shut off after 10 minutes. The last 10 minute start would shut off automatically as your total 30 minutes will have been used.

Starting the Engine Using Remote Start

1. Press  twice on the remote key. The turn signal lights will flash. The lights flash to confirm the request to remote start the vehicle has been received. During the remote start, the parking lights will remain on as long as the engine is running.
2. The engine will shut off after 15 minutes or after the remainder of the 30 minute total running time is used, unless you stop the remote start before engine running has completed or the ignition is turned on.
3. Press the brake pedal and turn the ignition on to drive the vehicle.

Total Engine Run Time

Remote start can be used for up to 30 minutes of total engine run time.

After two remote starts of 15 minutes, or multiple shorter time starts totaling 30 minutes have been used, the vehicle's ignition must be turned on and then off before the remote start can be used again.

Canceling a Remote Start

To cancel a remote start, do any of the following:

- Press . The parking lights will turn off.
- Turn on the hazard warning flashers.
- Turn the vehicle on and then back off.

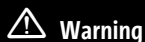
Conditions in Which Remote Start Will Not Work

The remote start will not operate if any of the following occur:

- The ignition is in any mode other than off.
- A remote key is in the vehicle.
- The hatch/trunk is not closed.
- The convertible top is not fully open or closed.
- The tonneau cover is not closed.
- The hazard warning flashers are on.
- The emission control system malfunctions.
- The engine coolant temperature is too high.
- The oil pressure is low.
- The 30 minutes of engine run time have been used.

- The vehicle is not in P (Park).

Door Locks



Warning

Unlocked doors can be dangerous.

- Passengers, especially children, can easily open the doors and fall out of a moving vehicle. The doors can be unlocked and opened while the vehicle is moving. The chance of being thrown out of the vehicle in a crash is increased if the doors are not locked. So, all passengers should wear seat belts properly and the doors should be locked whenever the vehicle is driven.
- Do not pull the manual door release handle (located on the floor) while the vehicle is in motion. The door may open with only a single pull.
- Young children who get into unlocked vehicles may be unable to get out. A child can be overcome by extreme

(Continued)

Warning (Continued)

heat and can suffer permanent injuries or even death from heat stroke. Always lock the vehicle whenever leaving it.

- Outsiders can easily enter through an unlocked door when you slow down or stop the vehicle. Locking the doors can help prevent this from happening.

To lock or unlock a door from the outside, press

 or  on the remote key.



For Keyless Access, hold the remote key within 1 m (3 ft) of the door handle. Grip and press the door handle touchpad. See

Remote Key Operation ⇨ 9. This feature can be programmed. To view available settings from the infotainment screen, touch Settings > Vehicle > Remote Lock, Unlock, Start.

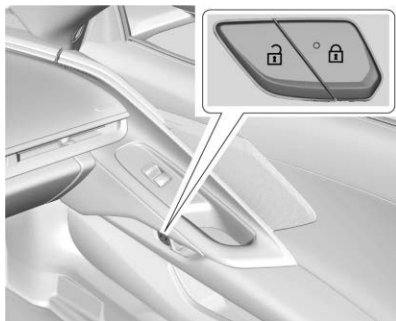


Convertible Shown, Coupe Similar

To lock or unlock the doors from the inside, use the driver power door lock switch.

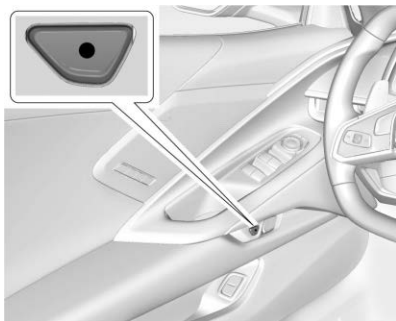
 : Press to lock the doors. The indicator light in the switch will illuminate when locked.

 : Press to unlock the doors.



The passenger power door lock switch can also be used to lock or unlock the doors.

The hood and hatch/trunk are also locked and unlocked using either power door lock switch.



Convertible Shown, Coupe Similar

To open a door from the inside, press the door unlatch button.

Loss of Vehicle Electrical Power

If the vehicle has lost battery power, open the doors manually.

From Inside the Vehicle

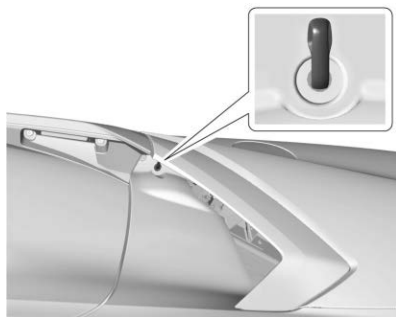


Pull the driver door release handle.



Pull the passenger door release handle.

From Outside the Vehicle



There is a back up key cylinder to open the left-hand door. This cylinder is the air inlet located on the body, rearward of the left door handle.

Free-Turning Locks

The key lock cylinder turns freely when either the wrong key is used or the correct key is not fully inserted. The free-turning lock feature prevents the lock cylinder from being forced open. To reset the lock cylinder, ensure that the correct key is fully inserted into the lock cylinder. Rotate the key until you feel the lock

cylinder click back into place. Remove the key and reinsert fully, then rotate the key to unlock the vehicle.

Delayed Locking

This feature delays the locking of the doors for five seconds after they are closed.

When you press  on the power door lock switch while the vehicle is off and the door is open, an audible alert will sound three times indicating delayed locking is active.

The doors will lock automatically five seconds after all doors are closed. If you reopen a door before that time, the five-second timer will reset when you close all doors again.

Press  on the door lock switch again or press  on the remote key to lock the doors immediately.

To view available settings, from the app screen on the infotainment display, select Settings > Vehicle > Power Door Locks.

Automatic Door Locks

The doors lock automatically when you close all the doors, turn the vehicle on, and shift out of P (Park).

If a door is unlocked, opened, and then closed, the doors will lock when you either remove your foot from the brake or drive faster than 13 km/h (8 mph).

To unlock the doors:

- Press  on the power door lock switch.
- Shift into P (Park).

Automatic door locking cannot be disabled. Automatic door unlocking can be disabled or programmed to unlock all doors or only the driver door. To view available settings from the app screen on the infotainment display, select Settings > Vehicle > Power Door Locks.

Lockout Protection

This feature protects you from locking remote keys in the vehicle.

When you have locked the vehicle with the driver door open and turned the ignition on or to accessory mode, all of the doors will lock and then the driver door will unlock.

When you have locked the vehicle with a door open, then turned the vehicle off and closed all doors, the vehicle will check for remote keys inside. If a remote key is detected and the

number of remote keys inside has not reduced, the driver door will unlock and the horn will sound three times.

Press and hold  on the power door lock switch to manually override this feature.

Doors

Hood

Hood Release

Warning

Do not drive the vehicle if the hood is not latched completely. The hood could open fully, block your vision, and cause a crash. You or others could be injured. Always close the hood completely before driving. When the hood is not closed, the vehicle will not exceed 42 km/h (26 mph). Close the hood to drive faster than 42 km/h (26 mph).

Warning

When closing the hood, keep hands out of the opening between the body and the trunk. The vehicle features a self closing power latch. You or others could be injured.

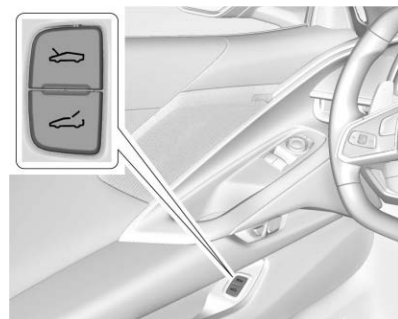
The hood compartment can be accessed in several ways.

Ensure the hood is clear of any objects before opening.

The vehicle will not shift out of P (Park) if the hood is open. Close the hood to shift out of P (Park). Confirm the hood is closed by checking that the hood is flush with the surrounding components.

If the hood is closed but the ajar message is still present, hold the brake for 20 seconds to override the transmission lockout, then shift into D (Drive). In this case, the vehicle will not exceed 42 km/h (26 mph). See your dealer for service.

Driver Door Hood Latch Release Button



1. With the transmission in P (Park), press  on the bottom of the driver door to release the hood.
2. From the front of the vehicle, lift the hood slightly until the gas strut system automatically raises and holds it in the fully open position.
3. The hood light and Open Hood message will display in the Driver Information Center when the hood is open.

Using the Remote Key

1. Press  twice on the remote key to release the hood.

2. From the front of the vehicle, lift the hood slightly until the gas strut system automatically raises and holds it in the fully open position.
3. The hood light and Open Hood message will display in the Driver Information Center when the hood is open.

Front Fascia Touchpad



1. If equipped, locate the touchpad in the grill opening near the driver side headlight.
2. Press the touchpad once to release the hood. The remote key must be within 1 m (3 ft) of the hood.

3. From the front of the vehicle, lift the hood slightly until the gas strut system automatically raises and holds it in the fully open position.
4. The hood light and Open Hood message will display in the Driver Information Center when the hood is open.

Operating The Hood When There Is No Electrical Power

Warning

When closing the hood, keep hands out of the opening between the body and the trunk. The vehicle features a self closing power latch. You or others could be injured.

The manual release cable should only be used for service and/or emergency use, such as a loss of vehicle electrical power.

To enter the vehicle in the event electrical power has been lost, see “Loss of Vehicle Electrical Power” under *Door Locks* ⇨ 15.

To open the hood:



1. Locate the manual release cable loop to the left of the brake pedal.
2. Pull the manual release cable twice to release the hood.
3. From the front of the vehicle, lift the hood slightly until the gas strut system automatically raises and holds it in the fully open position.

To close the hood:

1. Before closing the hood, make sure all cargo is properly stowed and does not go above or across the hood seal.

2. To close the hood, either drop the hood about 0.3 meters (1 ft) from the latch, or lower the hood until it is secured in the latch and push briefly on the outside of the top of the hood until the latch clicks into engagement, then let go of the hood. The hood will then close automatically.
3. Check to make sure the hood is latched completely. Push down on the hood to latch if it does not latch completely. Repeat this step with additional force if necessary.

If the hood remains open for more than 10 minutes, the vehicle will enter sleep mode and the hood may not power latch. To exit sleep mode press the front fascia touchpad or the  on the remote key, or open any door and then push briefly on the outside of the top of the hood until the latch clicks into engagement, then let go of the hood. The hood will then close automatically. Ensure the hood is completely closed to avoid the Hood Ajar message in the Driver Information Center.

Emergency Hood Release Button



The underhood compartment may be equipped with a glow-in-the-dark emergency hood release button. This button will glow following exposure to light. Press the button to open the hood from inside the underhood compartment.

Storing Your Vehicle

Warning

The emergency hood release button inside the underhood compartment will not function when the battery is disconnected or depleted. To avoid personal injury or death, always keep the hood fully closed and latched when storing the vehicle. If the hood is not latched, a person could climb into the underhood compartment and inadvertently close the hood. People should never climb inside the underhood compartment. Never shut the hood when a person is inside.

See “Opening The Hood When There Is No Electrical Power,” earlier in this section.

Hatch

Warning

Components under the hatch, hatch vents, and glass can get hot from running the engine. To help avoid the risk of

(Continued)

Warning (Continued)

burning unprotected skin, never touch these components until they have cooled, and always use a glove or towel to avoid direct skin contact.

Warning

Turn the vehicle off before opening the hatch. If the engine is running with the hatch open, you or others could be injured.

Hatch/Trunk Release

The vehicle must be in P (Park).

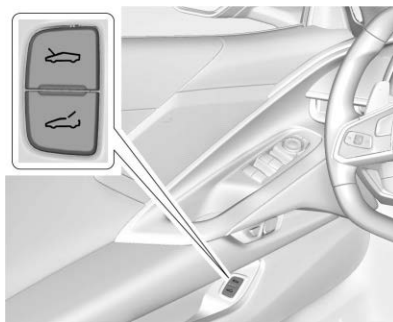
Warning

When closing the hatch/trunk, keep hands out of the opening between the body and the trunk. The vehicle features a self closing power latch. You or others could be injured.

To release the hatch/trunk:

Warning

Vehicles equipped with a rear wing have a small amount of space between the hatch/trunk lid and the rear wing. To help avoid potential injury from pinching, lift or close the hatch/trunk lid by using only the middle section. If the hatch/trunk lid near the area of the raised portion of the wing is used, use one hand to raise/lower the hatch/trunk lid enough to clear the wing, and use the other hand to fully open/close the hatch/trunk lid.

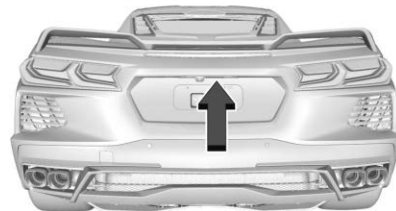


Convertible Shown, Coupe Similar

- Press  on the driver door.



- Press  on the remote key two times quickly. See Remote Key ⇨ 9.



- If equipped, press the hatch/trunk release touchpad while unlocked, or if locked, with the remote key within 1 m (3 ft). See *Keys* ⇨ 8.
- From the rear of the vehicle, lift the hatch/trunk until the gas strut system automatically raises and holds it in the fully open position.

Hatch/Trunk Closing

Caution

Do not store heavy or sharp objects in the rear storage compartments located in the hatch/trunk area. The objects could damage the underside of the hatch/trunk.

Caution

The hatch/trunk may be damaged if any part of cargo stowed in the trunk rises above the weatherstripping. Keep cargo below the weatherstripping.

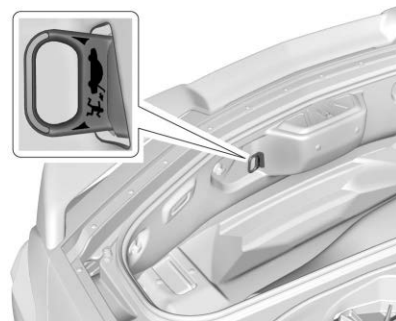


Use the pull cup to lower the hatch if needed, then drop into the latch or push on the outside of the panel until the power latch feature activates. The hatch/trunk will close the rest of the way and latch automatically.

Emergency Hatch/Trunk Release Handle

Caution

Do not use the emergency hatch/trunk release handle as a tie-down or anchor point when securing items in the hatch/trunk as it could damage the handle.



There is a glow-in-the-dark emergency hatch/trunk release handle on the inside back wall of the storage compartment. This handle will

glow following exposure to light. Pull the release handle to open the hatch/trunk from the inside.

Vehicle Security

This vehicle has theft-deterrent features, but is not theft-proof.

Vehicle Alarm System

This vehicle has a theft-deterrent alarm system.

If equipped, the indicator light, on the instrument panel near the windshield, indicates the status of the system.

Off: Alarm system is disarmed.

On Solid: Vehicle is secured during the delay to arm the system.

Fast Flash: Vehicle is securing during the delay to arm the system, but a door, the hood, or the rear access is open.

Slow Flash: Alarm system is armed.

Arming the Alarm System

1. Turn off the vehicle.
2. Lock the vehicle in one of three ways:
 - Use the remote key.

- Use the Keyless Access system.
- With a door open, press  on the interior of the door.
- If equipped, locking a door with a mechanical key will not arm the alarm system

3. After 30 seconds the alarm system will arm, and the indicator light will begin to slowly flash. If equipped, press  the remote key a second time to bypass the 30-second delay and immediately arm the alarm system.

The alarm will be activated if a door, the rear access, or the hood is opened without first disarming the system. When the alarm is activated, the lights flash and the horn sounds. The alarm system will then re-arm to monitor for the next unauthorized event.

Disarming the Alarm System

To disarm the alarm system or turn off the alarm if it has been activated, do one of the following:

- Press  on the remote key.
- Unlock the vehicle using the Keyless Access system.

- Start the vehicle.

To avoid setting off the alarm by accident:

- Lock the vehicle after all occupants have left the vehicle and both doors are closed.
- Always unlock a door with the remote key or use the Keyless Access system.
- If equipped, if you open the driver door without first unlocking with the remote key, the horn will sound and the lights will flash to indicate pre-alarm. If you do not start or unlock the door by pressing  on the remote key during the 10-second pre-alarm, the alarm will be activated.

How to Detect a Tamper Condition

If  is pressed on the remote key and the horn chirps and the lights flash three times, a previous alarm occurred while the system was armed.

If the alarm has been activated, a message will appear on the Driver Information Center.

Inclination/Intrusion Sensor

In addition to the standard theft-deterrent system features, this system may also have inclination/intrusion sensor.

The inclination sensor can set off the alarm if it senses movement of the vehicle, such as a change in vehicle orientation.

The intrusion sensor monitors the vehicle interior, and can activate the alarm if it senses unauthorized entry into the vehicle interior. Do not allow passengers or pets to remain in the vehicle when the intrusion sensor is activated. Before arming the theft-deterrent system and activating the intrusion sensor:

- Make sure all doors and windows are completely closed.
- Secure any loose items such as sunshades.
- Make sure there are no obstructions blocking the sensors in the front overhead console.

Disabling the Inclination/Intrusion Sensor

It is recommended that the inclination/intrusion sensor are deactivated if pets are left in the vehicle or if the vehicle is being transported.

When the roof panel is off, or the convertible top is down, the intrusion sensor is turned off.

You can activate or deactivate the Motion Sensor on the control panel.

The indicator light may display momentarily, or a message may display on the instrument cluster, indicating that the sensor have been deactivated until the next time the system is armed.

Immobilizer Operation

The vehicle has a passive theft-deterrent system.



The security light comes on in the instrument cluster if there is a problem with arming or disarming the theft-deterrent system. This light also comes on briefly when the engine is started.

The system is automatically armed when the ignition is turned off.

The immobilization system is disarmed when the ignition is turned on or placed in accessory mode and a valid remote key is found in the vehicle.

You do not have to manually arm or disarm the system.

The system has one or more remote keys that are matched to an immobilizer control unit in the vehicle. Only a correctly matched remote key starts the vehicle. The vehicle may not start if the remote key is damaged.

If the engine does not start and the security light comes on, there may be a problem with the immobilizer system. Try starting the vehicle again.

If the vehicle does not start and the remote key appears to be undamaged, try another remote key. Or, place the remote key in the cupholder backup location. See *Remote Key Operation* ⇨ 9. If the engine still does not start with the other remote key, or with the remote key in the cupholder backup location, the vehicle needs service. If the engine does start, the first remote key may be faulty. See your dealer or have a new remote key programmed to the vehicle.

The immobilizer system can learn new or replacement remote keys. Up to eight remote keys can be programmed for the vehicle. To program additional remote keys, see “Programming Remote Keys to the Vehicle” under *Remote Key Operation* ⇨ 9.

Do not leave the remote key or device that disarms or deactivates the theft-deterrent system in the vehicle.

Exterior Mirrors

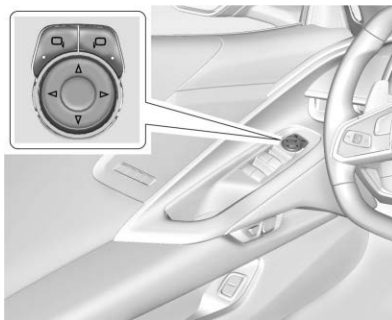
Convex Mirrors

Warning

A convex mirror can make things, like other vehicles, look farther away than they really are. If you cut too sharply into the right lane, you could hit a vehicle on the right. Check the inside mirror or glance over your shoulder before changing lanes.

The passenger side mirror is convex shaped. A convex mirror surface is curved so more can be seen from the driver seat.

Power Mirrors



To adjust each mirror:

1. Press  or  to select the driver or passenger side mirror. The indicator light will illuminate.
2. Press the arrows on the control pad to move the mirror in the desired position.
3. Adjust each outside mirror so that a little of the vehicle and the area behind it can be seen.
4. Press  or  again to deselect the mirror.

Memory Mirrors

The vehicle may have memory mirrors. See *Memory Seats* ⇨ 43.

Side Blind Zone Alert (SBZA)

The vehicle may have SBZA. See *Side Blind Zone Alert (SBZA)* ⇨ 246.

Folding Mirrors

Manual Folding Mirrors

If equipped, manually fold the mirrors inward toward the vehicle to prevent damage in tight parking conditions. Push the mirror outward to return it to the original position.

Power Folding Mirrors



If equipped, press  to power fold the mirrors. Press  again to unfold.

The outside mirrors may automatically unfold when the vehicle is driven above 20 km/h (12 mph), but may be folded with the power folding mirror switch. If the vehicle speed is driven above 40 km/h (25 mph), the outside mirrors may automatically unfold and may not be refolded with the power folding mirror switch.

Resetting the Power Folding Mirrors

Reset the power folding mirrors if:

- The mirrors are accidentally obstructed while folding.
- The mirrors are accidentally manually folded/unfolded.
- The mirrors do not stay in the unfolded position.
- The mirrors vibrate at normal driving speeds.

Fold and unfold the mirrors one time using the mirror controls to reset them to their normal position. If one mirror folds while the other unfolds, fold and unfold the mirrors three times using the mirror controls to reset them to their normal position.

You may hear an audible alert during the resetting of the power folding mirrors. This sound is normal after a manual folding operation.

Remote Mirror Folding

If equipped with power folding mirrors and the mirrors have not been folded with the power folding mirror switch, they may be automatically folded/unfolded as follows when the vehicle is in P (Park):

1. If the doors are locked by pressing  on the remote key, the mirrors may fold. If the doors are unlocked by pressing  on the remote key, the mirrors may unfold. See *Remote Key Operation* ⇨ 9.
2. If the doors are locked by pressing the door handle button, the mirrors may fold. If the doors are unlocked by pressing the driver door handle button, the mirrors may unfold. See “Keyless Unlocking/Locking from the Driver Door” in *Remote Key Operation* ⇨ 9.
3. If passive locking is enabled and doors are locked by that feature, the mirrors may fold. See “Passive Locking” in *Remote Key Operation* ⇨ 9.

The mirrors may not be automatically unfolded if remote mirror folding is on and the mirrors have been folded with the power folding mirror

switch. To view available settings from the infotainment screen, touch Settings > Vehicle > Comfort and Convenience.

Heated Mirrors

 : Press to heat the mirrors.

See “Rear Window Defogger” under *Dual Automatic Climate Control System* ⇨ 157.

If equipped with automatic dimming mirrors, the driver side may clear more slowly.

Automatic Dimming Mirror

If equipped, the driver side mirror automatically adjusts for the glare of headlights from behind.

Reverse Tilt Mirrors

If equipped with reverse tilt mirrors and memory seats, the passenger and/or driver mirror tilts to a preselected position when the vehicle is in R (Reverse). This allows the curb to be seen when parallel parking.

The mirror(s) may move from their tilted position when:

- The vehicle is shifted out of R (Reverse) or remains in R (Reverse) for about 30 seconds.

- The vehicle is turned off.
- The vehicle is driven in R (Reverse) above a set speed.

To view available settings from the infotainment app screen, touch Settings > Vehicle > Comfort and Convenience.

Interior Mirrors

Interior Rearview Mirrors

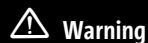
Adjust the rearview mirror for a clear view of the area behind your vehicle.

Do not spray glass cleaner directly on the mirror. Use a soft towel dampened with water.

Automatic Dimming Rearview Mirror

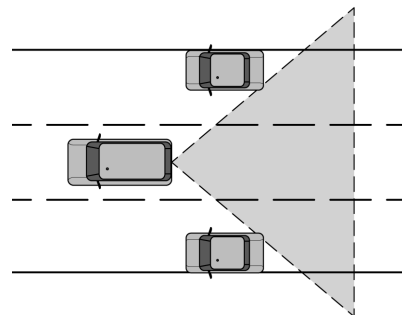
If equipped, automatic dimming reduces the glare of headlights in the rearview mirror from a vehicle behind you. The dimming feature comes on each time the vehicle is started.

Rear Camera Mirror

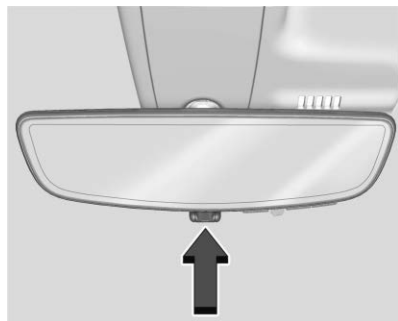


Warning

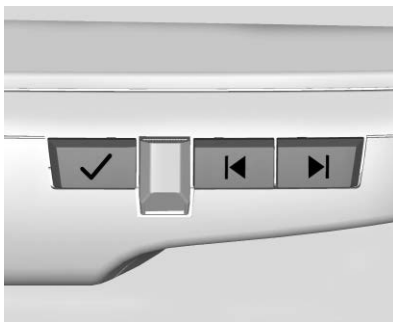
The Rear Camera Mirror (RCM) has a limited view. Portions of the road, vehicles, and other objects may not be seen. Do not drive or park the vehicle using only this camera. Objects may appear closer than they are. Check the outside mirrors or glance over your shoulder when making lane changes or merging. Failure to use proper care may result in injury, death, or vehicle damage.



If equipped, this automatic dimming mirror provides a wide angle camera view of the area behind the vehicle.



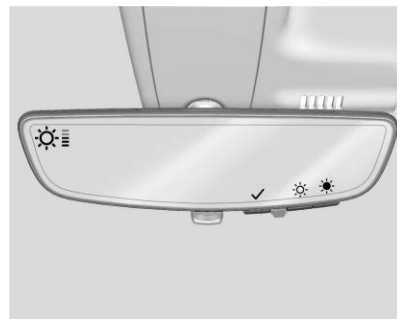
Pull the tab to turn on the display. Push the tab to turn it off. When the display is off, the automatic dimming function is active. Adjust the mirror for a clear view of the area behind the vehicle while the display is off.



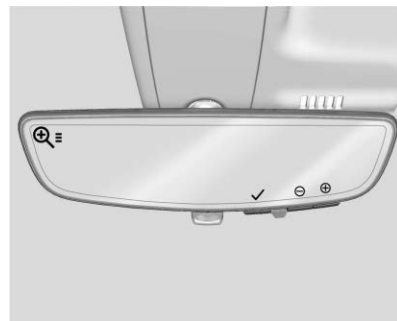
Press ✓ to scroll through the adjustment options.

Press ◀ and ▶ to adjust the settings using the indicators on the mirror. The indicators will remain visible for five seconds after the last button activation, and the settings will remain saved.

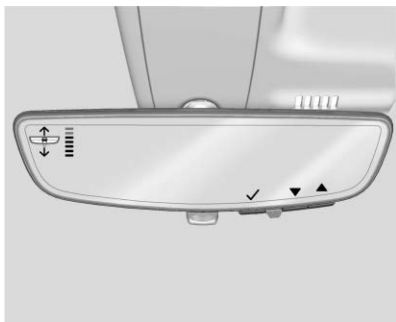
The adjustment options are:



- Brightness



- Zoom



- Tilt

Troubleshooting

See your dealer for service if a blue screen and  are displayed in the mirror, and the display shuts off. Also, push the tabs as indicated to return to the automatic dimming mode.



Coupe without Optional Wing Shown, Convertible Similar

The Rear Camera Mirror may not work properly or display a clear image if:

- There is glare from the sun or headlights. This may obstruct objects from view. If needed, push the tab to turn off the display.
- Dirt, snow, or other debris blocks the camera lens. Clean the lens with a soft damp cloth.
- The camera's mounting on the vehicle has been damaged, and/or the position or the mounting angle of the camera has changed.

If the camera is located on the retractable hardtop, the rear camera mirror will not work with the convertible top down. Use the tab to switch to standard mirror display.

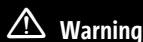
Windows

Warning

Never leave a child, a helpless adult, or a pet alone in a vehicle, especially with the windows closed in warm or hot weather. They can be overcome by the extreme heat and suffer permanent injuries or even death from heat stroke.



Power Windows



Warning

Children could be seriously injured or killed if caught in the path of a closing window. Never leave the remote key in a vehicle with children. See *Remote Key* ⇨ 9.



Convertible Shown, Coupe Similar

Power windows work when the vehicle is on, in accessory mode, or when Retained Accessory Power is active. See *Retained Accessory Power (RAP)* ⇨ 193.

Using the window switch, press to open or pull to close the window.

The windows may be temporarily disabled if they are used repeatedly within a short time.

Window Express Movement

This feature allows you to open all windows fully without holding the switches down. Press the switch down fully, then release to express open the window.

If equipped, pull the window switch up fully and quickly release to express close the window.

Briefly press or pull the window switch in the same direction to stop that window's express movement.

Window Automatic Reversal System

If equipped, the window automatic reversal system reverses and stops window movement if it detects an object in its path. Extreme cold or ice may cause the window to auto-reverse. The window will operate normally after the object or condition is removed.

Programming the Power Windows

If the battery is disconnected or discharged, programming may be necessary. To program an express-close window:

1. Close all doors.
2. Turn the vehicle on.
3. Partially open the window you want to program, then close it and continue to pull the switch briefly after the window has fully closed.
4. Open the window and continue to press the switch briefly after the window has fully opened.

Window Operation with Convertible Top

Windows lower when the convertible top is lowered or raised. See *Convertible Top* ⇨ 35.

Remote Window Operation

If equipped and enabled, this feature allows you to open all the windows remotely.

To view available settings and enable Remote Window Operation, from the infotainment home screen, touch Settings > Vehicle > Remote Lock, Unlock, Start.

To open the windows remotely, press twice and hold  on the remote key. To close, use the window switches.

Automatic Window Sealing

The automatic window sealing feature prevents window damage.

When the window is fully closed, the window automatically lowers a small amount when the door is opened. The window raises when the door closes.

Power Loss

If a window does not raise or lower properly, it could be due to loss of power. See “Programming the Power Windows.”

Frozen Windows

Freezing temperatures may prevent windows from lowering a small amount. If the window will not open:

1. Clear any snow/ice from the door and window.
2. Open the door.
3. Grasp the top of the window, and carefully push and pull until ice between the window and rubber seal breaks.

4. Press the window switch down to lower the window completely and then pull the switch to raise the window up partially.
5. Close the door. The window should raise up to its fully closed position.

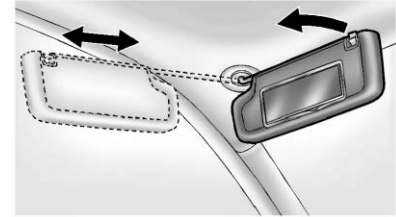
Rear Windows

Midglass (Convertible Only)



Press  to lower the midglass. To provide wind block, the midglass will not lower completely. The midglass will also lower automatically when lowering the convertible top.

Sun Visors



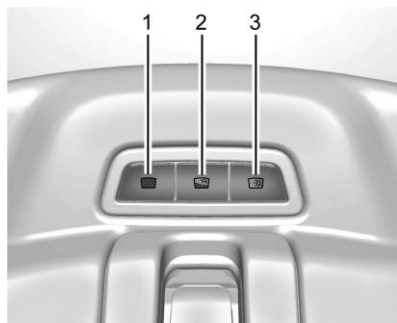
The driver and passenger sun visors block direct sunlight and reduce glare. If equipped, detach and pivot from the center mount to the side window, or extend along the rod for better coverage.

If equipped, swing the visor downward to access card holders or the vanity mirror.

Roof

Sunroof

If equipped, adjust the sunroof tint using the following dimmable options:



1. Dark
2. Intermediate
3. Clear

The glass may not appear uniform until dimming is complete, which is normal. The sunroof will retain the last used tint setting. The transition time from low to high intensity is approximately one minute.

Troubleshooting

- In warmer weather, the dimming range is reduced to prevent system damage.

- If all three LED buttons flash rapidly, the glass and cabin temperature may be too warm. If the buttons continue flashing once the vehicle cabin temperature is normal, see your dealer.
- Due to the weight of the panel, handle and stow the roof panel with two or more users.

Roof Panel

If equipped with a removable roof panel, use the following procedures to remove or install it.

Caution

If a roof panel is dropped or rested on its edges, the roof panel, paint, and/or weatherstripping may be damaged. Always place the roof panel in the stowage receivers after removing it from the vehicle.

Caution

Use care when storing and removing the roof panel. The roof panel pins and vehicle finish could be damaged if the roof contacts the rear of the vehicle.

Removing the Roof Panel



Warning

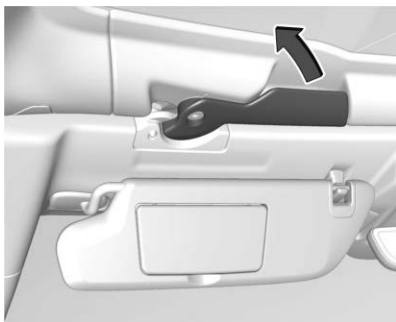
Do not remove a roof panel while the vehicle is moving. The panel could fall into the vehicle and strike an occupant and cause you to lose control. It could also fly off and strike another vehicle. Remove the roof panel only when the vehicle is parked.

It may be necessary to have help removing the roof panel.

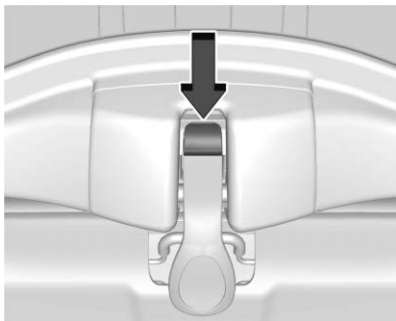
To remove:

1. Shift transmission into P (Park).
2. Turn the ignition off and set the parking brake.
3. Lower both sun visors.
4. Open the rear hatch/trunk and remove any items that may interfere with proper storage of the roof panel.
5. Lower the windows.

There are two release handles on the front and one release handle on the rear of the roof panel.

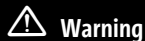


6. To unlock the front release handles, pull them outward, turning fully.



7. Press the button on the front of the rear release handle to unlock it. The latch lever will open.
8. Stand on one side of the vehicle, and if necessary, have someone stand on the other side. Together, carefully lift the front edge of the roof panel up and forward. Avoid dropping the rear edge downward.
9. When the roof panel is loose, grasp it as close to the center as possible and lift it away from the vehicle.

Storing the Roof Panel



Warning

If a roof panel is not stored properly, it could be thrown about the vehicle in a crash or sudden maneuver. People in the vehicle could be injured. Always use the stowage receivers.

1. Position the roof so that the interior is facing away from you and the front of the panel is facing up.



Lower Receivers

2. Insert the roof into the trunk with the rear end first and position the rear pins into the lower receivers. Be careful not to hit the roof on the carpet of the trunk.

**Upper Receivers**

3. When in place, the roof panel will rest on the upper receivers.

**Warning**

Do not push from the sides of the roof panel when seating the panel into the upper receivers for storage. Pushing from the sides may result in injury from pinched fingers. Only push along the top edge of the roof panel.

4. Place palms along the top edge of the roof panel and push with a quick forward motion until the roof panel locks into the upper receivers. Gently pull rearward on the roof to ensure the roof is secure.

Installing the Roof Panel**Warning**

An improperly attached roof panel may fall into or fly off the vehicle. You or others could be injured. After installing the roof panel, always check that it is firmly attached by pushing up on the underside of the panel. Check now and then to be sure the roof panel is firmly in place.

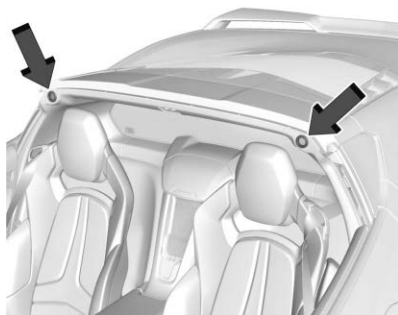
Caution

Installing the roof with the release handles in the closed position could cause damage to the interior trim. Always move handles to the open position when installing the roof.

It is easier if two people install the roof panel.

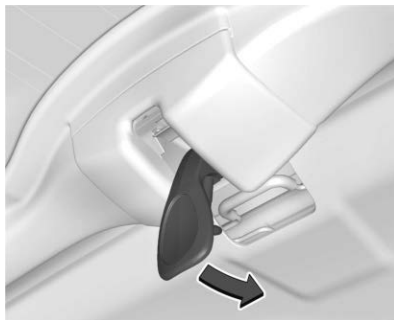
To install:

1. Shift transmission into P (Park).
2. Turn the ignition off and set the parking brake.
3. Grasp the roof panel and pull toward the rear of the vehicle until it separates from the upper receivers, being careful not to hit the sides of the trunk. Carefully lift the roof panel out of the trunk.
4. Carefully place the roof panel over the top of the vehicle.



5. Position the rear edge of the roof panel next to the weatherstrip on the back of the roof opening. Then align and fit the pins at the rear of the roof panel inside the openings in the rear overhead weatherstrip. Gently lower the front edge of the roof panel to the front of the roof opening.
6. Check that the weatherstripping on each side of the roof panel is under the panel.
7. Make sure the front release handles are in the fully open position.
8. Push the roof firmly downward to engage the pins.

9. Turn the front release handles inward so that they fully latch in the closed position. It is critical that the handles fully latch.



10. Push back and up on the rear release handle to insert the hook in the loop.
11. Push and pull the roof panel up and down and side to side to ensure the roof panel is securely installed.

Maintaining the Roof Panel

Caution

Using glass cleaner on a painted roof panel could damage the panel. The repairs would not be covered by the vehicle warranty. Do not use glass cleaner on the painted roof panel.

When cleaning, removing, and/or storing the roof panel:

- Flush with water to remove dust and dirt, then dry the panel.
- Do not use abrasive cleaning materials on the panel.

Convertible Top

If equipped with a convertible top, review the following before operating:

Warning

Components under the tonneau, close to the engine, can get hot from running the engine. To help avoid the risk of

(Continued)

Warning (Continued)

burning unprotected skin, never touch these components until they have cooled, and always use a glove or towel to avoid direct skin contact.

**Warning**

While opening or closing the convertible top, people can be injured by the moving parts of the tonneau cover or convertible top. Maintain visual contact with the top while it is being operated.

Caution

Follow these guidelines when operating the convertible top or damage can occur:

- Remove all items from the roof, trunk lid, or tonneau cover before operating.
- Remove all objects that may contact the convertible top when it is operated.

(Continued)

Caution (Continued)

- Do not leave the vehicle with the convertible top open.
- Do not exceed 50 km/h (31 mph) until the top has completely closed or opened.
- Do not open or close the top while driving in high wind conditions.
- Do not operate the convertible top multiple times in a short period of time without starting the engine to avoid draining the vehicle battery.
- Only store the vehicle with the top fully closed.

Opening the Convertible Top — Driver Door Switch

1. Ensure the roof and tonneau cover are clear of any objects.
2. The trunk must be closed.
3. Start the vehicle or place it in accessory mode.
4. When possible, operate the convertible top when the vehicle is stopped. The top can be operated while driving below 50 km/h (31

mph) and will stop if that speed is exceeded. The top operation will take approximately 17 seconds. Make sure the top operation can be completed before that speed is reached.



5. Press and hold . The windows will automatically lower.
6. After the convertible top is completely open, an audible alert sounds and a Driver Information Center message displays. Release the switch.

If the radio is on, the sound may be muted for a brief time to automatically adjust the audio after the top is opened.

Opening the Convertible Top — Remote Key

1. Make sure the vehicle is in P (Park).
2. The trunk must be closed.
3. Keep visual contact with the vehicle. Press and release  on the remote key and then quickly press and hold .
4. Hold  until the top is completely opened and the exterior lights flash. An audible alert will sound.

If the top stops before it has completely opened, press  and then press  again.

If the top still stops before it is completely open:

- Move closer to the vehicle.
- Hold  until the operation is complete.
- Press  and then  again. Interference from other remote keys or devices may interrupt the operation.

If the top still does not open, use the convertible top switch in the vehicle. The convertible top cannot be closed using the remote key.

See *Remote Key Operation* ⇨ 9.

Closing the Convertible Top

1. Make sure the sun visor mirror covers are closed and the sun visors are stored in the center mount position.
2. Ensure the roof and tonneau cover are clear of any objects.
3. The trunk must be closed.
4. Start the vehicle or place it in accessory mode.
5. When possible, operate the convertible top when the vehicle is stopped. The top can be operated while driving below 50 km/h (31 mph) and will stop if that speed is exceeded. The top operation will take approximately 17 seconds. Make sure the top operation can be completed before that speed is reached.



6. Pull and hold  on the driver door switch. The windows will automatically lower.
7. After the convertible top is completely closed, an audible alert sounds and a Driver Information Center message displays. Release the switch. Raise the windows if needed. If the switch is held after the audible alert sounds, the windows will start to raise.

If the radio is on, the sound may be muted for a brief time to automatically adjust the audio after the top is closed.

Troubleshooting the Convertible Top

Check the following if the convertible top switch  is not operating:

- The ignition should be on or in accessory mode, or Retained Accessory Power should be active.
- The trunk lid must be closed. If it is not, a Driver Information Center message will display.
- At cooler outside temperatures, the convertible top may not operate. It is possible to open the top down to temperatures of about 0 °C (32 °F) and close the top down to temperatures of about -10 °C (14 °F). A Driver Information Center message will display if the top will not operate due to low temperature. If necessary, move the vehicle to a heated indoor area to operate the top.
- If the top has recently been opened and closed repeatedly, it will be temporarily disabled. A Driver Information Center message displays. Normal operation will be restored within 10 minutes after the system has cooled.

- If the vehicle battery is low, the top operation may be disabled. Try to start the vehicle. A Driver Information Center message displays.
- If the vehicle battery has recently been reconnected or if the vehicle has been jump started, the top may not operate until the power windows have been programmed. Complete the power window programming procedure. See *Power Windows* ⇨ 30.

Other features may be affected while operating the convertible top:

- If you start the vehicle while using the remote key to open the convertible top, the convertible top will halt the motion. After starting the vehicle, use the convertible top switch inside the vehicle to continue the top motion.
- The windows cannot close while the top is moving.
- When driving with the top not fully secured, audible alerts can be heard above 50 km/h (31 mph).
- The Rear Camera Mirror will not work with the convertible top down. Use the tab to switch to the standard mirror display.

If the vehicle battery has been disconnected and reconnected, if the fuses were pulled or replaced, or if a jump start was performed, a message indicating the top is not secure may display. Do one of the following until this message clears:

- Press and release  and then quickly press and hold  on the remote key
- Press and hold  on the driver door switch to open the top
- Pull and hold  on the driver door switch to close the top

Partial Top Cycling

If the convertible top operation is stopped before completion, the top will temporarily hold its position. Over time, the tonneau may drift to a near closed position.

Opening the Tonneau Cover — Engine Access

Warning

When opening or closing the tonneau cover, people can be injured by the moving parts of the tonneau cover. Maintain visual contact with the tonneau cover when it is in motion and keep hands and objects away from the moving parts.

To open the tonneau cover and access the engine:

1. Make sure the vehicle is in P (Park).
2. Ensure the tonneau cover is clear of objects.
3. The trunk and convertible top must be closed.
4. Keep visual contact with the vehicle. Press and release  on the remote key and then quickly press and hold . An audible alert will sound, a Driver Information Center message will display, and the turn signals will flash once.



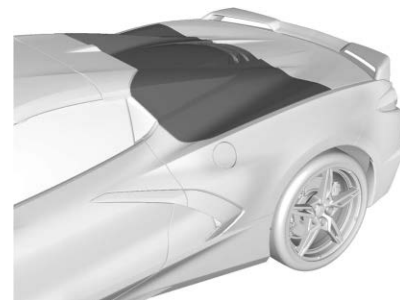
5. Hold  until the tonneau cover is completely opened. The turn signals will flash once.

In the event the tonneau cover is partially open, the motion of the tonneau cover will be in the opposite direction upon reactivation.

Closing the Tonneau Cover — Engine Access Function

1. Make sure the vehicle is off.
2. Remove objects from the engine compartment.
3. The trunk and convertible top must be closed.

4. Keep visual contact with the vehicle. Press and release  on the remote key and then quickly press and hold .



5. Hold  until the tonneau cover is completely closed. An audible alert will sound, a Driver Information Center message will display, and the turn signals will flash once.

Troubleshooting the Tonneau Cover — Engine Access

Check the following if the tonneau cover is not operating properly:

- The remote key must be used.
- The ignition must be off.

- The convertible top must be fully closed.
- The remote key may need to be closer to the vehicle.
- Press and release  and then quickly press and hold  again.

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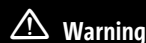
Head Restraints

The front seats have head restraints in the outboard seating positions that cannot be adjusted.

The front seat outboard head restraints are not removable.

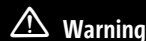
Front Seats

Power Seat Adjustment



Warning

The power seats will work with the ignition off. Children could operate the power seats and be injured. Never leave children alone in the vehicle.



Warning

You can lose control of the vehicle if you try to adjust a driver seat while the vehicle is moving. Adjust the driver seat only when the vehicle is not moving.



To adjust the seat:

- Move the seat forward or rearward by sliding the control forward or rearward.
- Raise or lower the front part of the seat cushion by moving the front of the control up or down. This adjustment will also change the seatback position. Readjustment of the seatback may be required.
- Raise or lower the seat by moving the rear of the control up or down.

To adjust the seatback, see *Reclining Seatbacks* ⇨ 42.

To adjust the lumbar support, see *Lumbar Adjustment* ⇨ 43.

Obstructions

If something has blocked the seat during movement, the movement may stop. Remove the obstruction and try the adjustment again. If movement is still not available, see your dealer.

Seat Travel Limit

If the seat or seatback is moved rearward or reclined and makes contact with the carpet behind the seat, the seat will automatically move forward a small distance. The seat movement will stop until all switches are released and reactivated.

Reclining Seatbacks



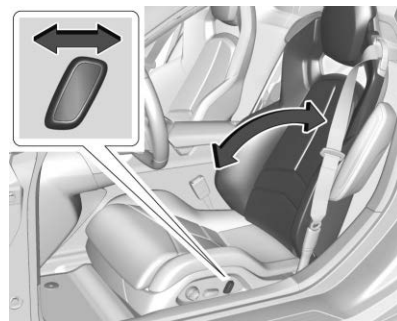
Warning

Sitting in a reclined position when the vehicle is in motion can be dangerous. Even when buckled up, the seat belts cannot do their job.

(Continued)

Warning (Continued)

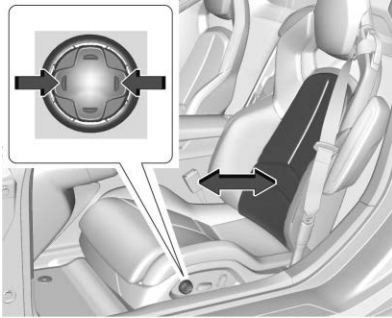
For proper protection when the vehicle is in motion, have the seatback upright. Then sit well back in the seat and wear the seat belt properly.



To adjust the seatback:

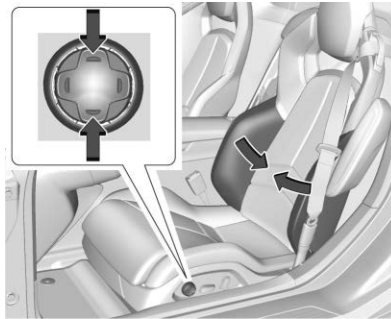
- Tilt the top of the control rearward to recline.
- Tilt the top of the control forward to raise.

Lumbar Adjustment



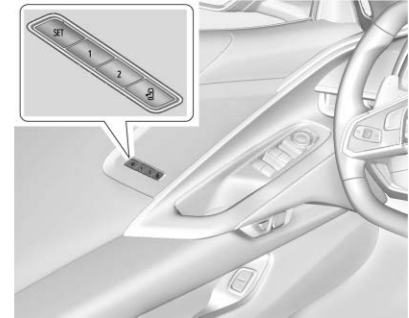
If equipped, press and hold the control forward to increase or rearward to decrease lumbar support.

Bolster Adjustment



If equipped, press and hold the control upward to increase or downward to decrease the side bolster support.

Memory Seats



If equipped, drivers can save their unique driving positions and a shared exit position using the memory seat feature. They can also save other feature positions, such as power mirrors.

Identifying Driver Number

The vehicle uses the remote key number 1 and 2 to identify the current driver. The Driver Information Center welcome message, "You are driver x for memory recalls," identifies the current remote key number. This message appears the first few times the vehicle is turned on with a different remote key. To ensure Seat Entry Memory works properly, save positions

to the 1 or 2 memory button that match the driver number in the welcome message. To help identify remote key IDs, carry only one remote key when entering the vehicle. If the welcome message does not display, perform the following steps:

1. Move all remote keys away from the vehicle.
2. Turn the vehicle on with another remote key. A Driver Information Center welcome message should display indicating the driver number of the other remote key. Turn the vehicle off and remove the other remote key from the vehicle.
3. Turn the vehicle on with the initial remote key. The Driver Information Center welcome message should display the driver number of the initial remote key.

Saving Seating Positions

Read these instructions completely before saving memory positions.

To save preferred driving positions to 1 and 2:

1. Turn the vehicle on or to accessory mode. A Driver Information Center welcome message may indicate the driver number of the current remote key. See “Identifying Driver Number” previously in this section.
2. Adjust all available memory features to the desired driving position.
3. Press and release SET; an audible alert will sound.
4. Immediately upon releasing SET, press and hold memory button 1 or 2 matching the current driver’s remote key number until two audible alerts sound. If too much time passes between releasing SET and pressing 1 or 2, the two audible alerts will not sound indicating memory position were not saved. Repeat Steps 3 and 4 to try again.
5. Repeat Steps 1–4 for the other remote key 1 or 2 using the other 1 or 2 memory button.

If you are the only driver, you can save the preferred driving positions to both 1 and 2.

To save the common exit seating position to  that is used by all drivers for Manually Recalling Seating Positions and Auto Seat Exit Memory

Recall features, repeat Steps 1–4. using the exit button, , rather than the 1 or 2 memory button.

Manually Recalling Seating Positions

To recall the positions previously saved, press and hold the 1, 2, or  button until the recall is complete.

Manual Memory recall movement for 1, 2 or  buttons may be initiated and will complete to the saved memory position if the vehicle is in or out of P (Park).

Enabling Automatic Recalls

- Seat Entry Memory moves the driver seat to the selected 1 or 2 position when the vehicle is started. Select Settings > Vehicle > Seating Position > Driver Seat Entry Memory > ON or OFF. See “Auto Seat Entry Memory Recall” later in this section.
- Seat Exit Memory moves the driver seat to the preferred exit position of the  button when the vehicle is turned off and the door is opened. Select Settings > Vehicle > Seating Position > Driver Seat Exit Memory > Select ON or OFF. See “Auto Seat Exit Memory Recall” later in this section.

Auto Seat Entry Memory Recall

Seat Entry Memory will automatically begin movement to the seating positions of the 1 or 2 button corresponding to the driver's remote key number 1 or 2 detected by the vehicle when:

- The vehicle is turned on and the engine is running.
- Seating positions have previously been saved to the same 1 or 2 button. See "Saving Seating Positions" previously in this section.
- Seat Entry Memory is enabled. See "Enabling Automatic Recalls" previously in this section.
- The vehicle is in P (Park).

If the seat is performing an auto memory recall and the vehicle is shifted out of P (Park), the auto recall will stop.

If the saved memory seat position does not automatically recall, verify the recall is enabled. See "Enabling Automatic Recalls" previously in this section.

If the memory seat recalls to the wrong position, the driver's remote key number 1 or 2 might not match the saved memory button positions. Try using the other remote

key or save the positions to the other 1 or 2 memory button. See "Saving Seating Positions" previously in this section.

Automatic Seat Entry Memory recalls are only available for driver's remote key numbers 1 and 2. Remote keys 3–8 will not provide Seat Entry Memory recalls.

Auto Seat Exit Memory Recall

Seat Exit Memory will begin movement to the seating position of the  button when:

- The driver turns off the vehicle and opens the door within a short time.
- A seating position has been previously been saved to the  memory button. See "Saving Seating Positions" previously in this section.
- Seat Exit Memory is enabled. See "Enabling Automatic Recalls" previously in this section.
- The vehicle is in P (Park).

Seat Exit Memory is not linked to the driver's remote key. The seating position saved to  is used for all drivers.

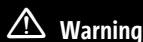
Cancel Memory Seating Recalls

- During any memory recall:
Press a power seat control
Press SET memory button
- During Manual memory recall:
Release 1, 2, or  memory button
- During Auto Seat Entry Memory Recall:
If the vehicle is shifted out of P (Park)
Turn vehicle off
Press SET, 1, 2, or  memory buttons
- During Auto Seat Exit Memory Recall:
Press SET, 1, 2, or  memory buttons

Obstructions

If something has blocked the seat while recalling a memory position, the recall may stop. Remove the obstruction and try the recall again. If the memory position still does not recall, see your dealer.

Heated and Ventilated Front Seats



Warning

If temperature change or pain to the skin cannot be felt, the seat heater may cause burns. To reduce the risk of burns, use care when using the seat heater, especially for long periods of time. Do not place anything on the seat that insulates against heat, such as a blanket, cushion, cover, or similar item. This may cause the seat heater to overheat. An overheated seat heater may cause a burn or may damage the seat.

To operate, select the driver or passenger seat icon on the climate bar display to launch the seat climate function. The panel will remain open for approximately five seconds.

  : Select to heat the driver or passenger seatback and cushion. The indicator light is red when heating.

  : Select to ventilate the driver or passenger seat. A ventilated seat has a fan that circulates air through the seat. The air is not cooled. The indicator light is blue when ventilating.

Select the icon once for the highest setting. Each consecutive touch lowers the setting until it turns off. If the heated seats are on high, the level may automatically lower after approximately 30 minutes.

The passenger seat may take longer to heat up.

Auto Heated and Ventilated Seats

If the vehicle is equipped with auto heated or ventilated seats and the vehicle is on, this feature will automatically activate the heated or ventilated seats at the level required by the interior temperature.

The active high, medium, low, or off heated or ventilated seat level will be indicated by the heated or ventilated seat icons on the display. Use the heated or ventilated seat icons on the display to turn auto heated or ventilated seats off. If the passenger seat is unoccupied, the auto heated or ventilated seats feature will not activate that seat.

To enable or disable auto heated or ventilated seats, select Settings > Vehicle > Climate and Air Quality > Heated or Cooled/Ventilated Seats on Startup > ON or OFF.

Remote Start Heated and Ventilated Seats

During a remote start, the heated or ventilated seats, if equipped, can be turned on automatically. When it is cold outside, the heated seats turn on, and when it is hot outside the ventilated seats turn on. If the auto heated or ventilated seats feature, if equipped, is not turned on, the heated or ventilated seats may be canceled when the vehicle is turned on. If necessary, select the heated or ventilated seat icon to use the heated or ventilated seats after the vehicle is started.

The heated or ventilated seat indicator lights may turn on during a remote start.

The temperature performance of an unoccupied seat may be reduced. This is normal.

To enable or disable remote start heated or ventilated seats, select Settings > Vehicle > Remote Lock, Unlock, and Start > Remote Start Auto Heated Seats or Remote Start Auto Cooled/Ventilated Seats > ON or OFF. See *Remote Start*  13.

Seat Belts

This section describes how to use seat belts properly, and some things not to do.

Warning

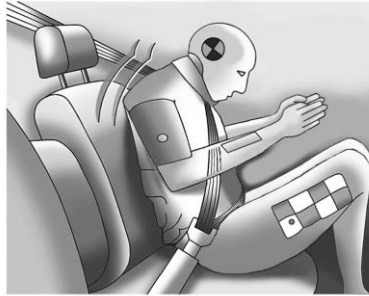
Do not let anyone ride where a seat belt cannot be worn properly. In a crash, if you or your passenger(s) are not wearing seat belts, injuries can be much worse than if you are wearing seat belts. You can be seriously injured or killed by hitting things inside the vehicle harder or by being ejected from the vehicle. In addition, anyone who is not buckled up can strike other passengers in the vehicle.

It is extremely dangerous to ride in a cargo area, inside or outside of a vehicle. In a collision, passengers riding in these areas are more likely to be seriously injured or killed. Do not allow passengers to ride in any area of the vehicle that is not equipped with seats and seat belts.

Always wear a seat belt, and check that all passenger(s) are restrained properly too.

This vehicle has indicators as a reminder to buckle the seat belts. See *Seat Belt Reminders* ➞ 91.

Why Seat Belts Work



When riding in a vehicle, you travel as fast as the vehicle does. If the vehicle stops suddenly, you keep going until something stops you. It could be the windshield, the instrument panel, or the seat belts!

When you wear a seat belt, you and the vehicle slow down together. There is more time to stop because you stop over a longer distance, and when worn properly, your strongest bones take the forces from the seat belts. That is why wearing seat belts makes such good sense.

Questions and Answers About Seat Belts

- Q:** Will I be trapped in the vehicle after a crash if I am wearing a seat belt?
- A:** You *could* be — whether you are wearing a seat belt or not. Your chance of being conscious during and after a crash, so you *can* unbuckle and get out, is *much* greater if you are belted.
- Q:** If my vehicle has airbags, why should I have to wear seat belts?
- A:** Airbags are supplemental systems only. They work *with* seat belts — not instead of them. Whether or not an airbag is provided, all occupants still have to buckle up to get the most protection.
- Also, in nearly all states and in all Canadian provinces, the law requires wearing seat belts.

Buckle To Drive

If equipped, this feature delays the vehicle from shifting out of P (Park) when the driver seat belt is not buckled. The Buckle to Drive feature must be turned ON in the infotainment system to

work. To turn the Buckle to Drive feature on or off, select Settings > Vehicle > Buckle to Drive. See *Teen Driver* ⇨ 150, if equipped.

If the vehicle is on and the brake pedal is pressed with the vehicle in P (Park) but the driver seat belt is not buckled, a message displays in the Driver Information Center and the vehicle will be delayed from shifting out of P (Park). Buckle the driver seat belt to clear the message and shift out of P (Park). Shifting from P (Park) will be delayed once for each time the vehicle is started.

On some models, Buckle to Drive may also delay shifting out of P (Park) if a front passenger seat belt is unbuckled. A message displays in the Driver Information Center. Buckle the front passenger seat belt to clear the message and shift out of P (Park). This feature may delay the vehicle from shifting out of P (Park) if an object, such as a briefcase, handbag, grocery bag, laptop, or other electronic device, is on the front passenger seat. If this happens, remove the object from the seat or buckle the seat belt to shift out of P (Park).

If the driver, or on some vehicles, the present front passenger remains unbuckled, the Driver Information Center message will turn off after several seconds and the vehicle can be shifted

out of P (Park). See “Seat Belts” and “Child Restraints” in the Index for information about the importance of proper restraint use.

If the driver seat belt or the front passenger seat belt is unbuckled when driving, the seat belt reminder audible alert and light(s) will come on. See *Seat Belt Reminders* ⇨ 91. This feature may not function properly if the airbag readiness light is on. See *Airbag Readiness Light* ⇨ 92.

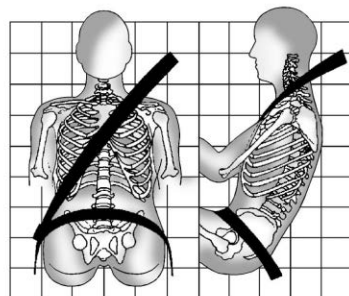
How to Wear Seat Belts Properly

Follow these rules for everyone's protection.

There are additional things to know about seat belts and children, including smaller children and infants. If a child will be riding in the vehicle, see *Older Children* ⇨ 64 or *Infants and Young Children* ⇨ 66. Review and follow the rules for children in addition to the following rules.

It is very important for all occupants to buckle up. Statistics show that unbelted people are hurt more often in crashes than those who are wearing seat belts.

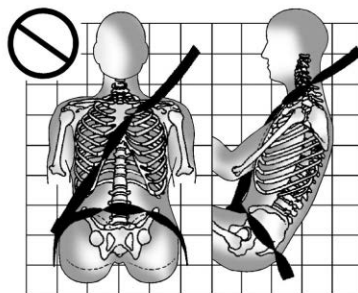
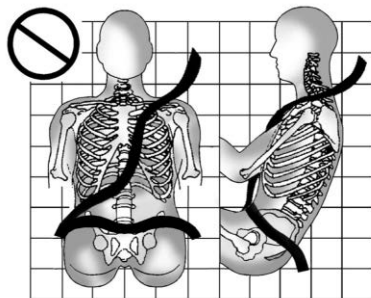
There are important things to know about wearing a seat belt properly.



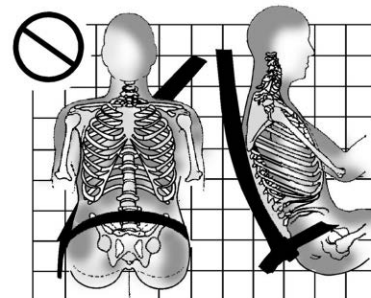
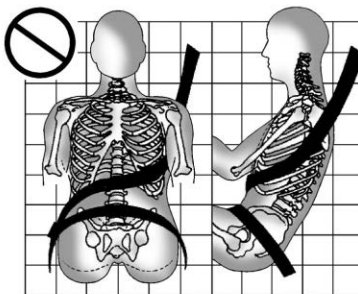
- Sit up straight and always keep your feet on the floor in front of you (if possible).
- Wear the lap part of the belt low and snug on the hips, just touching the thighs. In a crash, this applies force to the strong pelvic bones and you would be less likely to slide under the lap belt. If you slid under it, the belt would apply force on your abdomen. This could cause serious or even fatal injuries.
- Wear the shoulder belt over the shoulder and across the chest. These parts of the body are best able to take belt restraining forces. The shoulder belt locks if there is a sudden stop or crash.

 Warning

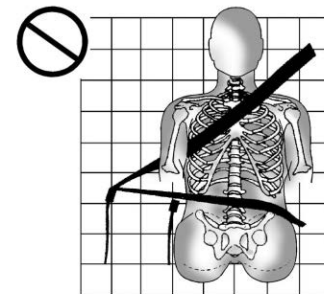
You can be seriously injured, or even killed, by not wearing your seat belt properly.



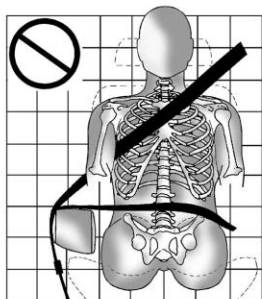
Never allow the lap or shoulder belt to become loose or twisted.



Never wear the shoulder belt under both arms or behind your back.



Always use the correct buckle for your seating position.



Never route the lap or shoulder belt over an armrest.

Warning

The seat belt can be pinched if it is routed under plastic trim on the seat, such as trim around the rear seatback folding handle or side airbag. In a crash, pinched seat belts might not provide adequate protection. Never allow seat belts to be routed under plastic trim pieces.

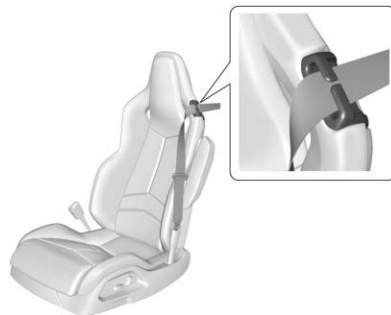
Warning

You can be seriously injured or killed if the shoulder belt is worn behind your back, under your legs, or wrapped around your neck. The shoulder belt can tighten but cannot be loosened if it is locked. The shoulder belt locks when it is pulled all the way out of the retractor. It unlocks when the shoulder belt is allowed to go all the way back into the retractor, but it cannot do this if it is wrapped around you. You may have to cut the seat belt if it is locked and tightened around you.

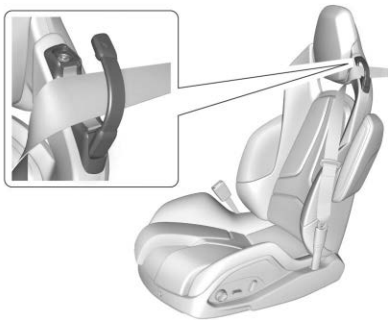
Lap-Shoulder Belt

All seating positions in the vehicle have a lap-shoulder belt.

The following instructions explain how to wear a lap-shoulder belt properly.



GT1 Seat



GT2/Competition Seat

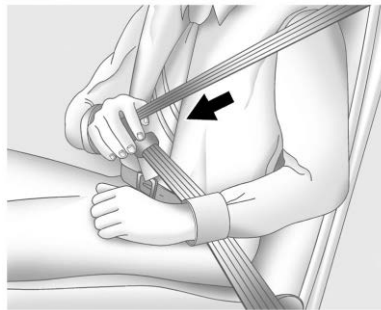
1. The seat has a seat belt guide. The seat belt must be routed through the guide to properly position the shoulder belt on occupants whose shoulder is below the guide when seated. To use the seat belt guide:

GT1 Seat: Slide the edge of the belt webbing through the opening on the guide. Be sure the belt is not twisted. If a child will be riding in the vehicle, see *Older Children* ⇨ 64 or *Infants and Young Children* ⇨ 66.

GT2/Competition Seat: Unsnap the guide to open it. Route the seat belt webbing onto the open guide and snap the guide closed.

Be sure the belt is not twisted. If a child will be riding in the vehicle, see *Older Children* ⇨ 64 or *Infants and Young Children* ⇨ 66.

2. Adjust the seat, if the seat is adjustable, so you can sit up straight. To see how, see “Seats” in the Index.



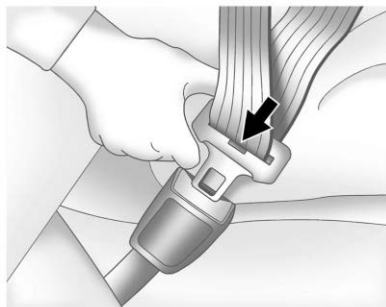
3. Pick up the latch plate and pull the belt across you. Do not let it get twisted.

The lap-shoulder belt may lock if you pull the belt across you very quickly. If this happens, let the belt go back slightly to unlock it. Then pull the belt across you more slowly.

If the shoulder portion of a passenger belt is pulled out all the way, the child restraint locking feature may be engaged. See *Child Restraint Systems* ⇨ 68. If this occurs, let the belt go back all the way and start again. If the locking feature stays engaged after letting the belt go back to stowed position on the seat, move the seat rearward or recline the seat until the shoulder belt retractor lock releases.

Engaging the child restraint locking feature in the front outboard seating position may affect the passenger sensing system. See *Passenger Sensing System* ⇨ 59.

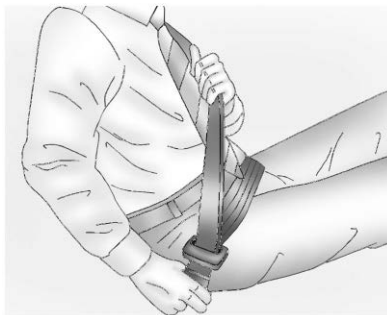
If the shoulder portion of the driver belt is pulled out all the way, the shoulder belt retractor lock feature may be engaged. If this happens, let the belt go back all the way and start again. If the locking feature stays engaged after letting the belt go back to stowed position on the seat, move the seat rearward or recline the seat until the shoulder belt retractor lock releases.



4. Push the latch plate into the buckle until it clicks.

Pull up on the latch plate to make sure it is secure. If the belt is not long enough, see *Seat Belt Extender* ⇨ 53.

Position the release pushbutton on the buckle so that the seat belt could be quickly unbuckled if necessary.



5. To make the lap part tight, pull up on the shoulder belt.



To unlatch the belt, push the release pushbutton on the buckle. The belt should return to its stowed position.

Always stow the seat belt slowly. If the seat belt webbing returns quickly to the stowed position, the retractor may lock and cannot be pulled out. If this happens, pull the seat belt straight out firmly to unlock the webbing, and then release it. If the webbing is still locked in the retractor, see your dealer.

Before a door is closed, be sure the seat belt is out of the way. If a door is slammed against a seat belt, damage can occur to both the seat belt and the vehicle.

Seat Belt Pretensioners

This vehicle has seat belt pretensioners for the front outboard occupants. Although the seat belt pretensioners cannot be seen, they are part of the seat belt assembly. They can help tighten the seat belts during the early stages of a moderate to severe frontal, near frontal, or rear crash if the threshold conditions for pretensioner activation are met. Seat belt pretensioners can also help tighten the seat belts in a side crash or a rollover event.

Pretensioners work only once. If the pretensioners activate in a crash, the pretensioners and probably other parts of the vehicle seat belt system will need to be replaced. See *Replacing Seat Belt System Parts After a Crash* ⇨ 54.

Do not sit on the outboard seat belt while entering or exiting the vehicle or at any time while sitting in the seat. Sitting on the seat belt can damage the webbing and hardware.

Seat Belt Use During Pregnancy

Seat belts work for everyone, including pregnant women. Like all occupants, they are more likely to be seriously injured if they do not wear seat belts.



A pregnant woman should wear a lap-shoulder belt, and the lap portion should be worn as low as possible, below the rounding, throughout the pregnancy.

The best way to protect the fetus is to protect the mother. When a seat belt is worn properly, it is more likely that the fetus will not be hurt in a crash. For pregnant women, as for anyone, the key to making seat belts effective is wearing them properly.

Seat Belt Extender



Warning

Using a seat belt extender incorrectly can affect certain vehicle safety alerts and systems, potentially leading to unexpected vehicle movement. Always unfasten the seat belt by pushing on the vehicle-mounted buckle release button. Only use the extender-mounted release button to remove the extender after you are done using it. Follow all instructions that come with the seat belt extender.

If the vehicle seat belt will fasten around you, you should use it.

But if a seat belt is not long enough, your dealer will order you an extender. Only a genuine GM issued extender should be used. When you go in to order it, take the heaviest coat you will wear, so the extender will be long enough for you. To help avoid personal injury, do not let someone else use it, and use it only for the seat it is made to fit. The extender has been designed for adults. Never use it for securing

child restraints. For more information on the proper use and fit of seat belt extenders, see the instruction sheet that comes with the extender.

Safety System Check

Periodically check the seat belt reminder, seat belts, buckles, latch plates, retractors, shoulder belt height adjusters (if equipped), and seat belt anchorages to make sure they are all in working order. Look for any other loose or damaged seat belt system parts that might keep a seat belt system from performing properly. See your dealer to have it repaired. Torn, frayed, or twisted seat belts may not protect you in a crash. Torn or frayed seat belts can rip apart under impact forces. If a belt is torn or frayed, have it replaced immediately. If a belt is twisted, it may be possible to untwist by reversing the latch plate on the webbing. If the twist cannot be corrected, ask your dealer to fix it.

Make sure the seat belt reminder light is working. See *Seat Belt Reminders* ⇨ 91.

Keep seat belts clean and dry. See *Seat Belt Care* ⇨ 54.

Seat Belt Care

Keep belts clean and dry.



Warning

Do not bleach or dye seat belt webbing. It may severely weaken the webbing. In a crash, they might not be able to provide adequate protection. Clean and rinse seat belt webbing only with mild soap and lukewarm water. Allow the webbing to dry.

Seat belts should be properly cared for and maintained.

Seat belt hardware should be kept dry and free of dust or debris. As necessary exterior hard surfaces and seat belt webbing may be lightly cleaned with mild soap and water. Ensure there is not excessive dust or debris in the mechanism. If dust or debris exists in the system after proper cleaning please see the dealer. Parts may need to be replaced to ensure proper functionality of the system.

Replacing Seat Belt System Parts After a Crash



Warning

A crash can damage the seat belt system in the vehicle. A damaged seat belt system may not properly protect the person using it, resulting in serious injury or even death in a crash. To help make sure the seat belt systems are working properly after a crash, have them inspected and any necessary replacements made as soon as possible.

After a minor crash, replacement of seat belts may not be necessary. But the seat belt assemblies that were used during any crash may have been stressed or damaged. See your dealer to have the seat belt assemblies and seat belt guides inspected or replaced.

New parts and repairs may be necessary even if the seat belt system was not being used at the time of the crash.

Have the seat belt pretensioners checked if the vehicle has been in a crash, or if the airbag readiness light stays on after you start the vehicle or while you are driving. See *Airbag Readiness Light* ⇨ 92.

Airbag System

Here are the most important things to know about the airbag system:

Warning

You can be severely injured or killed in a crash if you are not wearing your seat belt, even with airbags. Airbags are designed to work with seat belts, not replace them. Also, airbags are not designed to inflate in every crash. In some crashes seat belts are the only restraint. See *When Should an Airbag Inflate?* ⇨ 57.

Wearing your seat belt during a crash helps reduce your chance of hitting things inside the vehicle or being ejected from it. Airbags are “supplemental restraints” to the seat belts. Everyone in the vehicle should wear a seat belt properly, whether or not there is an airbag for that person.

Warning

Because airbags inflate with great force and faster than the blink of an eye, anyone who is up against, or very close to, any airbag when it inflates can be seriously injured or killed. Do not sit unnecessarily close to any airbag, as you would be if sitting on the edge of the seat or leaning forward. Seat belts help keep you in position before and during a crash. Always wear the seat belt, even with airbags. The driver should sit as far back as possible while still maintaining control of the vehicle. The seat belts and the front outboard passenger airbags are most effective when you are sitting well back and upright in the seat with both feet on the floor.

Occupants should not lean on or sleep against the door or side windows in seating positions with seat-mounted airbags.

Warning

Children who are up against, or very close to, any airbag when it inflates can be seriously injured or killed. Always secure children properly in the vehicle. To read how, see *Older Children* ⇨ 64 or *Infants and Young Children* ⇨ 66.

The vehicle has the following airbags:

- A frontal airbag for the driver
- A frontal airbag for the front outboard passenger
- A seat-mounted side impact airbag for the driver
- A seat-mounted side impact airbag for the front outboard passenger

All vehicle airbags have the word AIRBAG on the trim or on a label near the deployment opening.

For frontal airbags, the word AIRBAG is on the center of the steering wheel for the driver and on the instrument panel for the front outboard passenger.

For seat-mounted side impact airbags, the word AIRBAG is on the side of the seatback or side of the seat closest to the door.

Airbags are designed to supplement the protection provided by seat belts. Even though today's airbags are also designed to help reduce the risk of injury from the force of an inflating bag, all airbags must inflate very quickly to do their job.



There is an airbag readiness light on the instrument cluster which shows the airbag symbol.

The system checks the airbag electrical system for malfunctions. The light tells you if there is an electrical problem. See *Airbag Readiness Light* ⇨ 92.

Where Are the Airbags?



Warning

If something is between an occupant and an airbag, the airbag might not inflate properly or it might force the object into that person causing severe injury or even death. The path of an inflating airbag must be kept clear. Do not put anything between an occupant and an airbag, and do not attach or put anything on the steering wheel hub or on or near any other airbag covering.

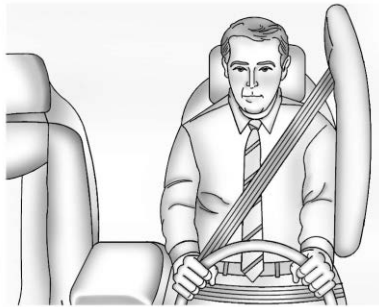
Do not use seat accessories that block the inflation path of a seat-mounted side impact airbag.



The driver frontal airbag is in the center of the steering wheel.



The front outboard passenger frontal airbag is in the passenger side instrument panel.



Driver Side Shown, Passenger Side Similar

The driver and front outboard passenger seat-mounted side impact airbags are in the side of the seatbacks closest to the door.

When Should an Airbag Inflate?

This vehicle is equipped with airbags. See *Airbag System* ⇨ 55. Airbags are designed to inflate if the impact exceeds the specific airbag system's deployment threshold. Deployment thresholds are used to predict how severe a crash is likely to be in time for the airbags to inflate and help restrain the occupants. The vehicle has electronic sensors that help the

airbag system determine the severity of the impact. Deployment thresholds can vary with specific vehicle design.

Frontal airbags are designed to inflate in moderate to severe frontal crashes to help reduce the potential for severe injuries, mainly to the driver's or front outboard passenger's head and chest.

Whether the frontal airbags will or should inflate is not based primarily on how fast the vehicle is traveling. It depends on what is hit, the direction of the impact, and how quickly the vehicle slows down.

Frontal airbags may inflate at different crash speeds depending on whether the vehicle hits an object straight on or at an angle, and whether the object is fixed or moving, rigid or deformable, narrow or wide.

Frontal airbags are not intended to inflate during vehicle rollovers, in rear impacts, or in many side impacts.

In addition, the vehicle has advanced technology frontal airbags. Advanced technology frontal airbags adjust the restraint according to crash severity or occupant interaction.

Seat-mounted side impact airbags are designed to inflate in moderate to severe side crashes depending on the location of the impact. These airbags may also inflate in some moderate to severe frontal impacts. Seat-mounted side impact airbags are not designed to inflate in rollovers or rear impacts. A seat-mounted side impact airbag is designed to inflate on the side of the vehicle that is struck.

In any particular crash, no one can say whether an airbag should have inflated simply because of the vehicle damage or repair costs.

What Makes an Airbag Inflate?

In a deployment event, the sensing system sends an electrical signal triggering a release of gas from the inflator. Gas from the inflator fills the airbag causing the bag to break out of the cover. The inflator, the airbag, and related hardware are all part of the airbag module.

For airbag locations, see *Where Are the Airbags?* ⇨ 56.

How Does an Airbag Restrain?

In moderate to severe frontal collisions, even belted occupants can contact the steering wheel or the instrument panel. In moderate to severe side collisions, even belted occupants can contact the inside of the vehicle.

Airbags supplement the protection provided by seat belts by distributing the force of the impact more evenly over the occupant's body.

But airbags would not help in many types of collisions, primarily because the occupant's motion is not toward those airbags. See *When Should an Airbag Inflate?* ⇨ 57.

Airbags should never be regarded as anything more than a supplement to seat belts.

What Will You See After an Airbag Inflates?



Warning

When an airbag inflates, there may be dust in the air. This dust could cause breathing problems for people with a history of

(Continued)

Warning (Continued)

asthma or other breathing trouble. To avoid this, everyone in the vehicle should get out as soon as it is safe to do so. If you have breathing problems but cannot get out of the vehicle after an airbag inflates, then get fresh air by opening a window or a door. If you experience breathing problems following an airbag deployment, you should seek medical attention.

After the frontal and seat-mounted side impact airbags inflate, they quickly deflate, so quickly that some people may not even realize the airbags inflated. Some components of the airbag module may be hot for several minutes. For location of the airbags, see *Where Are the Airbags?* ⇨ 56.

The parts of the airbag that come into contact with you may be warm, but not too hot to touch. There may be some smoke and dust coming from the vents in the deflated airbags. Airbag inflation does not prevent people from leaving the vehicle.



Warning

A crash severe enough to inflate the airbags may have also damaged important functions in the vehicle, such as the fuel, electrical, braking and steering systems.

- For vehicles equipped with a hybrid drive unit (Grand Sport X) propulsion system, do not attempt to drive the vehicle. Always have the vehicle towed to a dealership for repair.
- For other vehicles, even the vehicle appears to be drivable after a moderate crash, there may be concealed damage that could make it difficult to safely operate the vehicle. Use caution if you should attempt to restart the engine and drive after a crash has occurred.

The vehicle has a feature that may automatically unlock the doors, turn on the interior lights and hazard warning flashers, and shut off the fuel system after the airbags inflate. The feature may also activate, without airbag inflation, after an event that exceeds a predetermined threshold.

This vehicle has a post-collision braking feature that may automatically engage to help slow your vehicle down after a crash. See *Post-Collision Braking (Secondary Collision Mitigation Braking)* ⇨ 210 for more information.

After turning the vehicle off and then on again, the fuel system will return to normal operation; the doors can be locked, the interior lights can be turned off, and the hazard warning flashers can be turned off using the controls for those features. If any of these systems are damaged in the crash they may not operate as normal.

In the event of a crash with airbag inflation, a vehicle equipped with a hybrid drive unit (Grand Sport X) propulsion system will be disabled to prevent the risk of electrical shock. The vehicle will not be drivable and must be towed to a dealership for repair.

In many crashes severe enough to inflate the airbag, windshields are broken by vehicle deformation. Additional windshield breakage may also occur from the front outboard passenger airbag.

- Airbags are designed to inflate only once. After an airbag inflates, you will need some new parts for the airbag system. If you do not get them, the airbag system will not be there to help protect you in another crash. A new system will include airbag modules and possibly other parts. The service manual for the vehicle covers the need to replace other parts.
- The vehicle has a crash sensing and diagnostic module which records information after a crash. See *Vehicle Data Recording and Privacy* ⇨ 382 and *Event Data Recorders* ⇨ 382.
- Let only qualified technicians work on the airbag system. Improper service can mean that the airbag system will not work properly. See your dealer for service.

Passenger Sensing System



Warning

A child in a rear-facing child restraint can be seriously injured or killed if the passenger frontal airbag inflates. This is because the

(Continued)

Warning (Continued)

back of the rear-facing child restraint would be very close to the inflating airbag. A child in a forward-facing child restraint can be seriously injured or killed if the passenger frontal airbag inflates and the passenger seat is in a forward position.

Even if the passenger sensing system has turned off the passenger frontal airbag, no system is fail-safe. No one can guarantee that an airbag will not inflate under some unusual circumstance, even though the airbag is off.

Never put a rear-facing child restraint in the front seat, even if the airbag is off. If securing a forward-facing child restraint in the front outboard passenger seat, always move the seat as far back as it will go. It is better to secure child restraints in the rear seat. Consider using another vehicle to transport the child when a rear seat is not available.

The vehicle has a passenger sensing system for the front outboard passenger position. The passenger airbag status indicator will light on the overhead console when the vehicle is started.

PASSENGER AIR BAG

ON
OFF

United States



Canada and Mexico

The passenger airbag status indicator may include text and/or symbols to indicate the passenger frontal airbag is either On or Off. The passenger airbag status indicator indicating both On and Off will be visible during the system check.

When the system check is complete, the passenger airbag status indicator for either On or Off will be visible.

See *Passenger Airbag Status Indicator* ⇨ 92.

The passenger sensing system turns off the front outboard passenger frontal airbag under certain conditions. No other airbag is affected by the passenger sensing system.

The passenger sensing system works with sensors that are part of the front outboard passenger seat and seat belt.

The sensors are designed to detect the presence of a properly-seated occupant and determine if the front outboard passenger frontal airbag should be allowed to inflate or not.

According to accident statistics, children are safer when properly secured in a rear seat in the correct child restraint for their weight and size.

Rear-facing child restraints should not be transported in the vehicle, even if the airbag is off.

Never put a rear-facing child seat in the front. This is because the risk to the rear-facing child is so great, if the airbag inflates.

The passenger sensing system is designed to turn off the front outboard passenger frontal airbag if:

- The front outboard passenger seat is unoccupied.
- The system determines an infant is present in a child restraint.
- A front outboard passenger takes his/her weight off of the seat for a period of time.
- There is a critical problem with the airbag system or the passenger sensing system.

When the passenger sensing system has turned off the front outboard passenger frontal airbag, the passenger airbag status indicator for Off will light and stay lit as a reminder that the airbag is off. See *Passenger Airbag Status Indicator* ⇨ 92.

The passenger sensing system is designed to turn on the front outboard passenger frontal airbag anytime the system senses that a person of adult size is sitting properly in the front outboard passenger seat.

When the passenger sensing system has allowed the airbag to be enabled, the passenger airbag status indicator for On will light and stay lit as a reminder that the airbag is active.

For some children, including children in child restraints, and for very small adults, the passenger sensing system may or may not turn off the front outboard passenger frontal airbag, depending upon the person's seating posture and body build. Everyone in the vehicle who has outgrown child restraints should wear a seat belt properly — whether or not there is an airbag for that person.

 Warning

If the airbag readiness light ever comes on and stays on, it means that something may be wrong with the airbag system. To help avoid injury to yourself or others, have the vehicle serviced right away. See *Airbag Readiness Light* ⇨ 92 for more information, including important safety information.

If the On Indicator Is Lit for a Child Restraint

The passenger sensing system is designed to turn off the front outboard passenger frontal airbag if the system determines that an infant is present in a child restraint. If a child restraint has been installed and the passenger airbag status indicator for On is lit:

1. Turn the vehicle off.
2. Remove the child restraint from the vehicle.
3. Remove any additional items from the seat such as blankets, cushions, seat covers, seat heaters, or seat massagers.
4. Reinstall the child restraint following the directions provided by the child restraint manufacturer and refer to *Securing Child Restraints* ⇨ 71.

Make sure the seat belt retractor is locked by pulling the shoulder belt all the way out of the retractor when installing the child restraint, even if the child restraint is equipped with a seat belt lock-off. When the retractor lock is set, the belt can be tightened but not pulled out of the retractor.

5. If, after reinstalling the child restraint and restarting the vehicle, the passenger airbag status indicator for On is still lit, turn the vehicle off. Then slightly recline the vehicle seatback and adjust the seat cushion, if adjustable, to make sure that the vehicle seatback is not pushing the child restraint into the seat cushion.

6. Restart the vehicle.

The passenger sensing system may or may not turn off the airbag for a child in a child restraint depending upon the child's size. It is better to secure child restraints in a rear seat. Consider using another vehicle to transport the child when a rear seat is not available. Never put a rear-facing child restraint in the front seat, even if the passenger airbag status indicator for On is not lit.

If the Off Indicator Is Lit for an Adult-Sized Occupant

Warning

If the front outboard passenger airbag is turned off for an adult-sized occupant, the airbag will not be able to inflate and help protect that person in a crash, resulting in an increased risk of serious injury or even death. An adult-sized occupant should not ride in the front outboard passenger seat, if the passenger airbag OFF indicator is lit.



If a person of adult size is sitting in the front outboard passenger seat, but the passenger airbag status indicator for Off is lit, it could be because that person is not sitting properly in the seat or that the child restraint locking feature is engaged. Use the following steps to allow the system to detect that person and enable the front outboard passenger frontal airbag:

1. Turn the vehicle off.
2. Remove any additional material from the seat, such as blankets, cushions, seat covers, seat heaters, or seat massagers.
3. Place the seatback in the fully upright position.
4. Have the person sit upright in the seat, centered on the seat cushion, with legs comfortably extended.
5. If the shoulder portion of the belt is pulled out all the way, the child restraint locking feature will be engaged. This may unintentionally cause the passenger sensing system to turn the airbag off for some adult-sized occupants. If this happens, unbuckle the belt, let the belt

go back all the way, and then buckle the belt again without pulling the belt out all the way.

6. Restart the vehicle and have the person remain in this position for two to three minutes after the passenger airbag status indicator for On is lit.

Additional Factors Affecting System Operation

Warning

Stowing articles under the passenger seat or between the passenger seat cushion and seatback may interfere with the proper operation of the passenger sensing system.

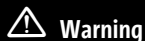
Seat belts help keep the passenger in position on the seat during vehicle maneuvers and braking, which helps the passenger sensing system maintain the passenger airbag status. See “Seat Belts” and “Child Restraints” in the Index for additional information about the importance of proper restraint use.

A thick layer of additional material, such as a blanket or cushion, or aftermarket equipment such as seat covers, seat heaters, and seat

passengers can affect how well the passenger sensing system operates. We recommend that you not use seat covers or other aftermarket equipment except when approved by GM for your specific vehicle. See *Adding Equipment to the Airbag-Equipped Vehicle* ⇨ 63 for more information about modifications that can affect how the system operates.

The passenger airbag status indicator for On may be lit if an object, such as a briefcase, handbag, grocery bag, laptop, or other electronic device, is put on an unoccupied seat. If this is not desired, remove the object from the seat.

Servicing the Airbag-Equipped Vehicle



Warning

For up to 10 seconds after the vehicle is turned off and the battery is disconnected, an airbag can still inflate during improper service. You can be injured if you are close to an airbag when it inflates. Avoid yellow connectors. They are probably part of the

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Warning (Continued)

airbag system. Be sure to follow proper service procedures, and make sure the person performing work for you is qualified to do so.

Airbags affect how the vehicle should be serviced. There are parts of the airbag system in several places around the vehicle. Your dealer and the service manual have information about servicing the vehicle and the airbag system. To purchase a service manual, see *Publication Ordering Information* ⇨ 380.

Adding Equipment to the Airbag-Equipped Vehicle

Adding accessories that change the vehicle's frame, bumper system, height, front end, or side sheet metal may keep the airbag system from working properly.

The operation of the airbag system can also be affected by changing, including improperly repairing or replacing, any parts of the following:

- Airbag system, including airbag modules, front or side impact sensors, sensing and diagnostic module, or airbag wiring
- Front seats, including stitching, seams or zippers
- Seat belts
- Steering wheel, instrument panel, ceiling trim, or pillar garnish trim
- Inner door seals, including speakers

Your dealer and the service manual have information about the location of the airbag modules and sensors, sensing and diagnostic module, and airbag wiring along with the proper replacement procedures.

In addition, the vehicle has a passenger sensing system for the front outboard passenger position, which includes sensors that are part of the passenger seat. The passenger sensing system may not operate properly if the original seat trim is replaced with non-GM covers, upholstery or trim, or with GM covers, upholstery or trim designed for a different

vehicle. Any object, such as an aftermarket seat heater or a comfort-enhancing pad or device, installed under or on top of the seat fabric, could also interfere with the operation of the passenger sensing system. This could either prevent proper deployment of the passenger airbag(s) or prevent the passenger sensing system from properly turning off the passenger airbag(s). See *Passenger Sensing System* ⇨ 59.

If the vehicle must be modified because you have a disability and have questions about whether the modifications will affect the vehicle's airbag system, or if you have questions about whether the airbag system will be affected if the vehicle is modified for any other reason, call Customer Assistance. See *Customer Assistance Offices* ⇨ 375.

Airbag System Check

Caution

If an airbag covering is damaged, opened, or broken, the airbag may not work properly. Do not open or break the airbag coverings.

(Continued)

Caution (Continued)

If there are any opened or broken airbag coverings, have the airbag covering and/or airbag module replaced. For the location of the airbags, see *Where Are the Airbags?* ⇨ 56. See your dealer for service.

The airbag system does not need regularly scheduled maintenance or replacement. Make sure the airbag readiness light is working. See *Airbag Readiness Light* ⇨ 92.

Replacing Airbag System Parts After a Crash



Warning

A crash can damage the airbag systems in the vehicle. A damaged airbag system may not properly protect you and your passenger(s) in a crash, resulting in serious injury or even death. To help make sure the airbag systems are working properly after a crash, have them inspected and any necessary replacements made as soon as possible.

If an airbag inflates, you will need to replace airbag system parts. See your dealer for service.

If the airbag readiness light stays on after the vehicle is started or comes on when you are driving, the airbag system may not work properly. Have the vehicle serviced right away. See *Airbag Readiness Light* ⇨ 92.

Child Restraints

Older Children



Older children who have outgrown booster seats should wear the vehicle seat belts. See *How to Wear Seat Belts Properly* ⇨ 48.

The manufacturer instructions that come with the booster seat state the weight and height limitations for that booster. Use a booster seat with a lap-shoulder belt until the child passes the fit test below:

- Sit all the way back on the seat. Do the knees bend at the seat edge? If yes, continue. If no, return to the booster seat.
- Buckle the lap-shoulder belt. Does the shoulder belt rest on the shoulder? If yes, continue. If no, return to the booster seat.
- Does the lap belt fit low and snug on the hips, touching the thighs? If yes, continue. If no, return to the booster seat.
- Can proper seat belt fit be maintained for the length of the trip? If yes, continue. If no, return to the booster seat.

Q: What is the proper way to wear seat belts?

A: An older child should wear a lap-shoulder belt and get the additional restraint a shoulder belt can provide. The shoulder belt should not cross the face or neck. The lap belt should fit snugly below the hips, just touching the top of the thighs. This applies belt force to the child's pelvic bones in a crash. It should never be worn over the abdomen, which could cause severe or even fatal internal injuries in a crash.

According to accident statistics, children are safer when properly restrained in a rear seating position.

In a crash, children who are not buckled up can strike other people who are buckled up, or can be thrown out of the vehicle. Older children need to use seat belts properly.



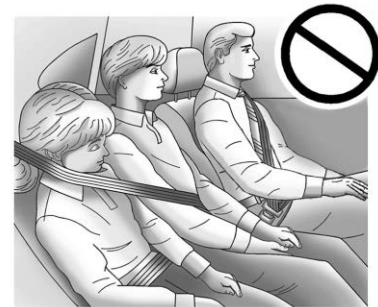
Warning

Never allow more than one child to wear the same seat belt. The seat belt cannot properly spread the impact forces. In

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Warning (Continued)

a crash, they can be crushed together and seriously injured. A seat belt must be used by only one person at a time.



Warning

Never allow a child to wear the seat belt shoulder belt under both arms or behind their back. A child can be seriously injured by not wearing the lap-shoulder belt properly. In a crash, the child would not

(Continued)

Warning (Continued)

be restrained by the shoulder belt. The child could move too far forward increasing the chance of head and neck injury. The child might also slide under the lap belt. The belt force would then be applied right on the abdomen. That could cause serious or fatal injuries. The shoulder belt should go over the shoulder and across the chest.

**Warning**

Children can be seriously injured or killed if the shoulder belt is worn behind their back, under their legs, or wrapped around their neck. The shoulder belt can tighten but cannot be loosened if it is locked. The shoulder belt locks when it is pulled all the way out of the retractor. It unlocks when the shoulder belt is allowed to go all the way back into the retractor, but it cannot do this if it is wrapped around the child. Never leave children unattended in a vehicle and never allow children to improperly wear, or play with, the seat belts.

Infants and Young Children

Everyone in a vehicle needs protection! This includes infants and all other children. Neither the distance traveled nor the age and size of the traveler changes the need, for everyone, to use safety restraints. In fact, the law in every state in the United States and in every Canadian province says children up to some age must be restrained while in a vehicle.

Warning

Children can be seriously injured or killed if the shoulder belt is worn behind their back, under their legs, or wrapped around their neck. The shoulder belt can tighten but cannot be loosened if it is locked. The shoulder belt locks when it is pulled all the way out of the retractor. It unlocks when the shoulder belt is allowed to go all the way back into the retractor, but it cannot do this if it is wrapped around the child. Never leave children unattended in a vehicle and never allow children to improperly wear, or play with, the seat belts.

Every time infants and young children ride in vehicles, they should have the protection provided by appropriate child restraints. Neither the vehicle seat belt system nor its airbag system is designed for them.

Children who are not restrained properly can strike other people, or can be thrown out of the vehicle.

 Warning

Never hold an infant or a child while riding in a vehicle. Due to crash forces, an infant or a child will become so heavy it is not possible to hold it during a crash. For example, in a crash at only 40 km/h (25 mph), a 5.5 kg (12 lb) infant will suddenly become a 110 kg (240 lb) force on a person's arms. An infant or child should be secured in an appropriate child restraint.

 **Warning**

Children who are up against, or very close to, any airbag when it inflates can be seriously injured or killed. Never put a rear-facing child restraint in the front outboard seat. Secure a rear-facing child restraint in a rear seat. It is also better to secure a forward-facing child restraint in a rear seat. If you must secure a forward-facing child restraint in the front outboard seat, always move the front passenger seat as far back as it will go.

 **Warning**

To reduce the risk of neck and head injury in a crash, infants and toddlers should be secured in a rear-facing child restraint until age two, or until they reach the maximum height and weight limits of their child restraint.

 Warning

A young child's hip bones are still so small that the vehicle seat belt may not remain low on the hip bones, as it should. Instead, it may settle up around the child's abdomen. In a crash, the belt would apply force on a body area that is unprotected by any bony structure. This alone could cause serious or fatal injuries. To reduce the risk of serious or fatal injuries during a crash, young children should always be secured in an appropriate child restraint.

Child restraints are devices used to restrain, seat, or position children in the vehicle and are sometimes called child seats or car seats.

There are three basic types of child restraints:

- Forward-facing child restraints
- Rear-facing child restraints
- Belt-positioning booster seats

The proper child restraint for your child depends on their size, weight, and age, and also on whether the child restraint is compatible with the vehicle in which it will be used.

For each type of child restraint, there are many different models available. When purchasing a child restraint, be sure it is designed to be used in a motor vehicle and is designed by a genuine child restraint manufacturer. If it is, the child restraint will have a label saying that it meets federal motor vehicle safety standards.

The instruction manual that is provided with the child restraint states the weight and height limitations for that particular child restraint. In addition, there are many kinds of child restraints available for children with special needs.

Child Restraint Systems



Rear-Facing Infant Restraint

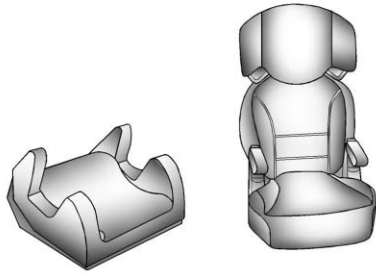
A rear-facing child restraint provides restraint with the seating surface against the back of the infant.

The harness system holds the infant in place and, in a crash, acts to keep the infant positioned in the restraint.



Forward-Facing Child Restraint

A forward-facing child restraint provides restraint for the child's body with the harness.



Booster Seats

A belt-positioning booster seat is used for children who have outgrown their forward-facing child restraint. Boosters are designed to improve the fit of the vehicle seat belt system until the child is large enough for the vehicle seat belts to fit properly without a booster seat. See the seat belt fit test in *Older Children* ⇨ 64.

Securing an Add-On Child Restraint in the Vehicle

Warning

A child can be seriously injured or killed in a crash if the child restraint is not properly secured in the vehicle. Secure the child restraint properly in the vehicle using the vehicle seat belt, following the instructions that came with that child restraint and the instructions in this manual.

To help reduce the chance of injury, the child restraint must be secured in the vehicle. Child restraints must be secured in vehicle seats by the lap belt portion of a lap-shoulder belt. Never use a seat belt extender when installing a child restraint. Never use non-regulated aftermarket anchors or attachments to secure a child restraint. Children can be endangered in a crash if the child restraint is not properly secured in the vehicle.

When securing an add-on child restraint, see the following:

- Instruction labels provided on the child restraint

- Instruction manual provided with the child restraint
- This vehicle owner's manual

The child restraint instructions are important, so if they are not available, obtain a replacement copy from the manufacturer.

Keep in mind that an unsecured child restraint can move around in a collision or sudden stop and injure people in the vehicle. Be sure to properly secure any child restraint in the vehicle — even when no child is in it.

In some areas of the United States and Canada, Certified Child Passenger Safety Technicians (CPSTs) are available to inspect and demonstrate how to correctly use and install child restraints. In the U.S., see the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration (NHTSA) website to locate the nearest child safety seat inspection station. For CPST availability in Canada, check with Transport Canada or the Provincial Ministry of Transportation office.

Securing the Child Within the Child Restraint



Warning

A child can be seriously injured or killed in a crash if the child is not properly secured in the child restraint. Secure the child properly following the instructions that came with that child restraint.

Lower Anchors and Tethers for Children (LATCH System)

Some child restraints have a LATCH system. As part of the LATCH system, your child restraint may have lower attachments and/or a top tether. The LATCH system can help hold the child restraint in place during driving or in a crash. Some vehicles have lower and/or top tether anchors designed to secure a child restraint with lower attachments and/or a top tether.

Some child restraints with a top tether are designed to be used whether the top tether is anchored or not. Other child restraints require

that the top tether be anchored. A national or local law may require that the top tether be anchored.

In Canada, the law requires that forward-facing child restraints have a top tether, and that the tether be attached.

Your vehicle does not have lower anchors or top tether anchors to secure a child restraint with the LATCH system. If a national or local law requires that your top tether be anchored, do not use a child restraint in this vehicle because a top tether cannot be properly anchored. You must use the seat belts to secure your child restraint in this vehicle, unless a national or local law requires that the top tether be anchored. See your child restraint instructions and instructions in this manual for securing a child restraint using the vehicle's seat belts. See *Securing Child Restraints* ⇨ 71.

Recommended Methods for Attaching Child Restraints

Restraint Type	Combined Weight of the Child + Child Restraint	Use Only Approved Attachment Methods Show with an X			
		LATCH-Lower Anchors Only	Seat Belt Only	LATCH-Lower Anchors and Top Tether Anchor	Seat Belt and Top Tether Anchor
Rear-Facing Child Restraint	Up to 29.5 kg (65 lb)	X	X		
Rear-Facing Child Restraint	Greater than 29.5 kg (65 lb)		X		
Forward-Facing Child Restraint	Up to 29.5 kg (65 lb)			X	X
Forward-Facing Child Restraint	Greater than 29.5 kg (65 lb)				X

Securing Child Restraints

This vehicle has airbags. In addition, the vehicle has a passenger sensing system which is designed to turn off the front outboard passenger frontal airbag under

certain conditions. See *Passenger Sensing System* ⇨ 59 and *Passenger Airbag Status Indicator* ⇨ 92 for more information, including important safety information.

Never put a rear-facing child seat in the front. This is because the risk to the rear-facing child is so great if the airbag deploys.

 Warning

A child in a rear-facing child restraint can be seriously injured or killed if the front outboard passenger frontal airbag inflates. This is because the back of the rear-facing child restraint would be very close to the inflating airbag. A child in a forward-facing child restraint can be seriously injured or killed if the front outboard passenger frontal airbag inflates and the passenger seat is in a forward position.

Even if the passenger sensing system has turned off the front outboard passenger frontal airbag, no system is fail-safe. No one can guarantee that an airbag will not deploy under some unusual circumstance, even though it is turned off.

Secure rear-facing child restraints in a rear seat, even if the airbag is off. If you secure a forward-facing child restraint in the front outboard passenger seat, always move the seat as far back as it will go. It is better to secure the child restraint in a rear seat.

See *Passenger Sensing System* ⇨ 59 for additional information.

Rear-facing child restraints should not be installed in the vehicle, even if the airbag is off.

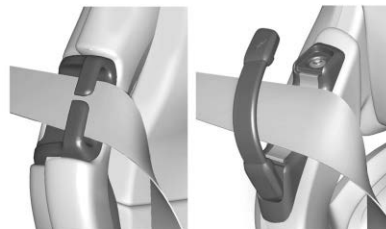
Do not secure a child seat in a position without a top tether anchor if a national or local law requires that the top tether be anchored, or if the instructions that come with the child restraint say that the top tether must be anchored.

In Canada, the law requires that forward-facing child restraints have a top tether, and that the tether be attached.

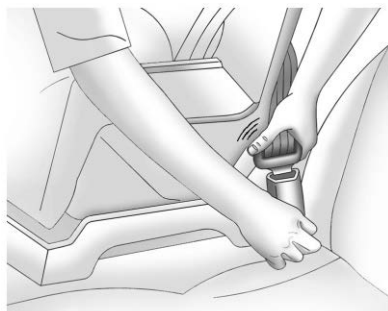
When using the lap-shoulder belt to secure the child restraint in this position, follow the instructions that came with the child restraint and the following instructions:

1. Move the seat as far back as it will go before securing the forward-facing child restraint. Move the seat upward or the seatback to an upright position, if needed, to get a tight installation of the child restraint.

When the passenger sensing system has turned off the front outboard passenger frontal airbag, the OFF indicator on the passenger airbag status indicator should light and stay lit when you start the vehicle. See *Passenger Airbag Status Indicator* ⇨ 92.

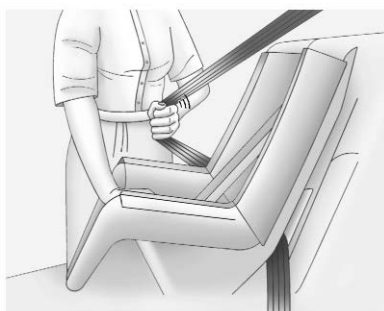


2. Be sure that the shoulder belt is routed through the seat belt guide. See *Lap-Shoulder Belt* ⇨ 50 for proper belt routing.
3. Put the child restraint on the seat.
4. Pick up the latch plate and run the lap and shoulder portions of the vehicle seat belt through or around the restraint. Ensure the seat belt webbing is routed as direct as possible and is not caught on seat handles or plastic trim. The child restraint instructions will show you how.

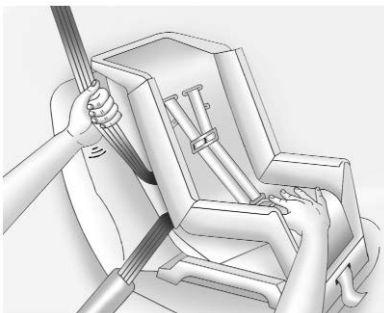


5. Push the latch plate into the buckle until it clicks.

Position the release pushbutton on the buckle, away from the child restraint, so that the seat belt could be quickly unbuckled if necessary.



6. Pull the shoulder belt all the way out of the retractor to set the lock. When the retractor lock is set, the belt can be tightened but not pulled out of the retractor.



7. To tighten the belt, push down on the child restraint, pull the shoulder portion of the belt to tighten the lap portion of the belt, and feed the shoulder belt back into the retractor.

When installing a forward-facing child restraint, it may be helpful to use your knee to push down on the child restraint as you tighten the belt.

There must not be direct contact of the child restraint to the buckle release pushbutton. If there is contact, move the seat upward and repeat prior installation steps. If there is still contact, reposition the child restraint using the instructions that came with the child restraint. If there is still contact, use another seating position or child restraint.

Try to pull the belt out of the retractor to make sure the retractor is locked. If the retractor is not locked, repeat Steps 6 and 7.

8. Before placing a child in the child restraint, make sure it is securely held in place. To check, firmly grip the child restraint at the seat belt path and attempt to move it side to side and back and forth. When the child restraint is properly installed, there should be no more than 2.5 cm (1 in) of movement.

If the airbag is off, the OFF indicator in the passenger airbag status indicator will come on and stay on when the vehicle is started.

If a child restraint has been installed and the ON indicator is lit, see “If the On Indicator Is Lit for a Child Restraint” under *Passenger Sensing System* ⇨ 59.

To remove the child restraint, unbuckle the vehicle seat belt and let it return to the stowed position.

Storage

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Storage Compartments



Warning

Do not store heavy or sharp objects in storage compartments. In a crash, these objects may cause the cover to open and could result in injury.

Glove Box



Press the button to open. Lift to close.

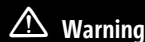
The glove box locks when the car alarm is armed. See *Vehicle Alarm System* ⇨ 23.

The glove box locks when Valet Mode is enabled. See *Vehicle > Valet Mode* under *Settings* ⇨ 148.

Cupholders

There are two cupholders located in front of the center console.

Underhood Storage



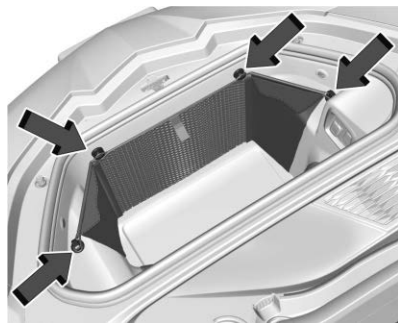
Warning

The emergency hood release button inside the underhood compartment will not function when the battery is disconnected or depleted. To avoid personal injury or death, always keep the hood fully closed and latched when storing the vehicle. If the hood is not latched, a person could climb into the underhood compartment and inadvertently close the hood. People should never climb inside the underhood compartment. Never shut the hood when a person is inside.

Caution

When cleaning underhood storage, do not get the exposed electrical components wet. This may damage the vehicle.

If equipped, there is storage in the front underhood compartment. To access the front storage, open the hood. See *Hood* ⇨ 18.



If equipped, the vehicle has a convenience net to be used for small loads. Attach the net to the hooks of the storage area. The net should not be used to store heavy loads.

Rear Storage**Caution**

Do not store sharp objects in the corners of the rear storage compartments in the trunk/hatch area. Trunk carpet and components behind the carpet could be damaged.



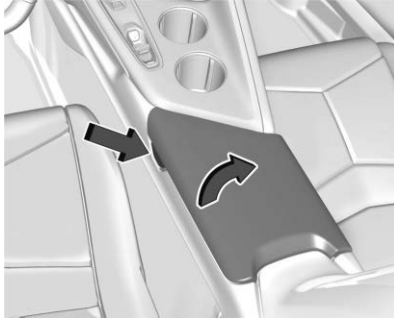
If equipped, the vehicle has a convenience net to be used for small loads. Attach the net to the hooks of the storage area. The net should not be used to store heavy loads.

Rear Center Storage

There is storage in the center behind the two front seats.

If equipped, there is a wireless smartphone charger in the pocket.

Center Console Storage



Press the button and lift the lid to access the center console storage.

There are two USB ports inside.

The center console locks when the car alarm is armed. See *Vehicle Alarm System* ⇨ 23.

The center console locks when Valet Mode is enabled. See *Vehicle > Valet Mode* under *Settings* ⇨ 148.

Additional Storage Features

Cargo Tie-Downs

The cargo tie-downs can be used to secure small loads under the convenience net inside the trunk.

Convenience Net

If equipped, the vehicle has two convenience nets to be used for small loads. One in the rear trunk area and one in the front storage area. See *Underhood Storage* ⇨ 75.

Attach the net to the hooks in the storage area. The net should not be used to store heavy loads.

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Controls

Steering Wheel Adjustment



Press the control to move the tilt and telescoping steering wheel up and down or forward and rearward.

Both the tilt and telescoping steering column positions can be stored with your memory settings, if equipped. See *Memory Seats* ➔ 43. Do not adjust the steering wheel while driving.

Heated Steering Wheel



 : If equipped, press to turn the heated steering wheel on or off. A light next to the button displays when the feature is turned on. The steering wheel takes about three minutes to be fully heated.

If equipped with remote start heated seat, the heated steering wheel will follow heated seats in remote start.

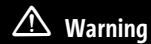
Horn

Press  on the steering wheel pad to sound the horn.

Pedestrian Safety Signal (Grand Sport X and ZR1X Only)

The vehicle is equipped with automatic sound generation. The automatic sound is generated to indicate the vehicle presence to pedestrians. The sound changes if the vehicle is speeding up or slowing down. It is activated when the vehicle in an electric only mode such as Stealth mode or Shuttle mode and is shifted into a forward gear, N (Neutral), or R (Reverse), up to 25 km/h (15 mph) or 35 km/h (22 mph), depending on region of sale.

Windshield Wiper/Washer



In freezing weather, do not use the washer until the windshield is warmed. Otherwise the washer fluid can form ice on the windshield, blocking your vision.

**Warning**

Before driving the vehicle, always clear snow and ice from the hood, windshield, washer nozzles, roof, and rear of the vehicle, including all lights and windows. Reduced visibility from snow and ice buildup could lead to a crash.



The windshield wiper/washer lever is on the right side of the steering column.

With the ignition on or in accessory mode, move the windshield wiper lever to select the wiper speed.

HI: Use for fast wipes.

LO: Use for slow wipes.



INT: Move the lever up to INT for intermittent wipes, then turn the  band up for more frequent wipes or down for less frequent wipes.

OFF: Use to turn the wipers off.

1X: For a single wipe, briefly move the wiper lever down. For several wipes, hold the wiper lever down.

 : Pull the windshield wiper lever toward you to spray washer fluid and activate the wipers. The wipers will continue until the lever is released or the maximum wash time is reached. When the lever is released, additional wipes may occur depending on how long the windshield washer had been activated. See *Washer Fluid* ⇨ 300 for information on filling the windshield washer fluid reservoir.

Clear snow and ice from the entire windshield and wiper blades before using them. If frozen to the windshield, carefully loosen or thaw them. Damaged blades should be replaced. See *Wiper Blade Replacement* ⇨ 308.

Heavy snow or ice may restrict wiper operation and can overload the wiper motor.

Wiper Parking

If the ignition is turned off while the wipers are on LO, HI, or INT, they will immediately stop.

If the windshield wiper lever is then moved to OFF before the driver door is opened or within 10 minutes, the wipers will restart and move to the base of the windshield.

If the ignition is turned off while the wipers are performing wipes due to windshield washing, the wipers continue to run until they reach the base of the windshield.

Compass

The vehicle may have a compass display on the Instrument Cluster. The compass receives its heading and other information from the Global Positioning System (GPS) antenna, Electronic Stability Control, and vehicle speed information.

The compass system is designed to operate for a certain number of miles or degrees of turn before needing a signal from the GPS satellites. When the compass display shows CAL, drive the vehicle for a short distance in an open

area where it can receive a GPS signal. The compass system will automatically determine when a GPS signal is restored and provide a heading again.

Clock

Set the time and date using the infotainment system. See "Date/Time" under *Settings* ⇨ 148.

Power Outlets

Warning

Power is always supplied to the underhood power outlet. Do not leave electrical equipment plugged in when the vehicle is not in use because the vehicle could catch fire and cause injury or death.

Caution

Leaving electrical equipment plugged in for an extended period of time while the vehicle is off will drain the battery. Always unplug electrical equipment when not in use and do not plug in equipment that exceeds the maximum 20 amp rating.

Caution

Hanging heavy equipment from the power outlet can cause damage not covered by the vehicle warranty. The power outlets are designed for accessory power plugs only, such as cell phone charge cords.

If equipped, there are two accessory power outlets:



Interior Power Outlet



Underhood Power Outlet

Use the accessory outlet under the glove box to plug in electrical equipment.

Lift the cover to access and replace when not in use.

The power outlet under the glove box is powered when the ignition is on or in accessory mode, or until the driver door is opened within 10 minutes of turning off the vehicle. See *Retained Accessory Power (RAP)* ⇨ 193.

If equipped with a front storage compartment, the underhood outlet is powered at all times. The vehicle battery may run down if the power

outlet is used while the ignition is off. Use this power outlet for plugging in a GM Approved battery maintainer, if equipped.

Certain electrical accessories may not be compatible with the accessory power outlet and could overload vehicle or adapter fuses. If a problem is experienced, see your dealer.

When adding electrical equipment, be sure to follow the proper installation instructions included with the equipment. See *Add-On Electrical Equipment* ⇨ 253.

See your dealer or a qualified technician for proper installation of your equipment.

Wireless Charging



Warning

Wireless charging may affect the operation of an implanted pacemaker or other medical devices. If you have one, it is recommended to consult with your doctor before using the wireless charging system.



Warning

Always keep the wireless charging surface and the back of the phone case clear of coins, keys, rings, paper clips, cards and other objects. The system may not detect the presence of these objects, which could become very hot and cause burns. Remove the phone and allow to cool completely before handling..

Caution

Vehicle key cards, credit cards, hotel key cards, and other Near Field Communication (NFC) cards may be damaged if placed on the charging surface.

If equipped and enabled, the vehicle has a wireless charging pocket below the infotainment screen, and may also have one between the driver and passenger seatbacks. The system operates at 127.7 kHz and can charge one Qi 1.x compatible smartphone per charger at a rate of up to 3 amp (15 W).

To begin charging, the vehicle must be on or Retained Accessory Power must be active. The wireless charging feature may not correctly indicate charging when the vehicle is in Retained Accessory Power, during a Bluetooth phone call, or when phone projection is active. See *Retained Accessory Power (RAP)* ⇨ 193.

The operating temperature is -40°C (-40°F) to 85°C (185°F) for the charging system and 0°C (32°F) to 35°C (95°F) for the phone. An alert will display on the infotainment screen if the wireless charger or smartphone are outside of normal operating temperature. Charging will automatically resume when a normal operating temperature is reached.

Console Charger



Seatback Charger



To charge a compatible smartphone:

1. Remove all objects from the charging pocket. The system may not charge if there are any objects between the smartphone and charger.
2. Push the smartphone forward facing up under the spring loaded lid until the phone is fully seated. For best performance, align the phone parallel to the raised surface of the charging pad. For the charger between the seatbacks, place the phone in the pocket face up until it is fully seated.

A smartphone case may prevent the charger from working, or reduce the charging performance. Be sure the smartphone case is compatible with wireless charging and the back side of the phone is clear of cards and metal objects.

3. A green  appears on the infotainment display next to the phone icon when the smartphone is detected.

The smartphone may become warm during charging. This is normal. In warmer temperatures, your phone may take longer to charge.

Troubleshooting Wireless Charging

If a smartphone is placed on the charger and  appears, remove the smartphone and any objects from the pocket. Turn the smartphone 180 degrees and wait a few seconds before placing/aligning it on the pocket again.

If a smartphone is placed on the charger and  appears, the charger and/or the smartphone is overheated. Remove the smartphone and any objects from the charger to cool the system.

For vehicles with wireless phone projection, the smartphone may overheat during wireless charging. The smartphone may slow down, stop charging, or shut down to protect the battery. The phone may need to be removed from its case to prevent overheating. The  may flash while the phone is cooling down enough for wireless charging to automatically resume. This is normal. Individual phone performance may vary.

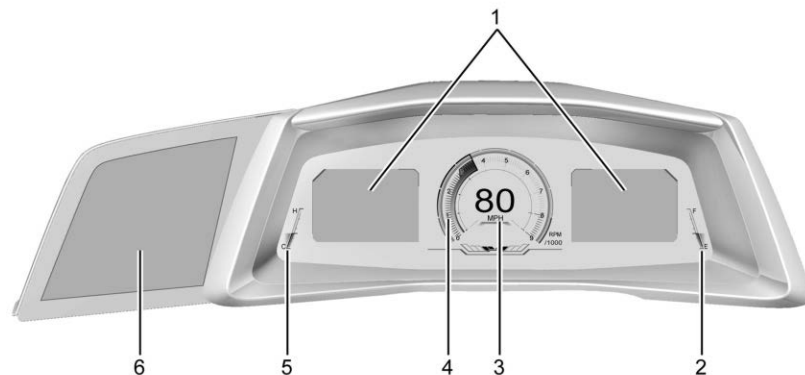
Certain vehicle and smartphone accessories may not be compatible with the wireless charging system. See your dealer for additional information.

Warning Lights, Gauges, and Indicators

Warning lights, gauges, and indicators can alert you to an issue with your vehicle. Some warning lights display briefly to show that they are working when you start the vehicle. However, if a warning light persists while driving, or if a gauge shows there may be a problem, be sure to refer to the sections under “Warning Lights, Gauges, and Indicators.”

Paying attention to your vehicle’s warning lights, gauges, and indicators and promptly addressing any issues may help you to prevent an expensive repair or personal injury. Postponing repairs can be costly and even dangerous.

Instrument Cluster



English Tour Mode Gauge View Shown, Others and Metric Similar

1. Driver Information Center. See *Driver Information Center (DIC)* ⇨ 103.
2. Fuel Gauge. See *Fuel Gauge* ⇨ 89.
3. Speedometer. See *Speedometer* ⇨ 87.
4. Tachometer. See *Tachometer* ⇨ 87.
5. Engine Coolant Temperature Gauge. See *Engine Coolant Temperature Gauge* ⇨ 91.
6. Control Panel. See “Control Panel” later in this section.

Reconfigurable Instrument Cluster

The instrument cluster display layout can be changed. To change the cluster layout, touch LAYOUT on the control panel to the left of the instrument cluster. Select the desired option from the list.

When LINK TO DRIVE MODE is selected, the view shown in the cluster is based on the driver mode selected. To see how to change the Driver Mode, see “Mode Activation” under *Driver Mode Control* ⇨ 213.

The following are possible views:

Tour/Sport: Displays the speedometer and tachometer in the center of the display. There are two Driver Information Center areas on the left and right of the speedometer. The fuel gauge is located on the right of the display and the engine coolant temperature gauge is on the left of it.

Track: Displays the tachometer on the top of the display. The fuel gauge is on the right, and all other gauges are on the left. The speedometer is near the gauges, and a Driver Information Center area is on the right side of the display. If equipped, the Hybrid Battery level and Engine Boost are near the speedometer.

Stealth: If equipped, to select, see “Grand Sport X or ZR1X – EV Drive Mode Activation” under *Driver Mode Control* ⇨ 213. Displays the speedometer on the top of the display. The Stealth mode information is shown in the center of the display, and the battery gauge is located on the bottom of it. See “Stealth Mode” in *Driver Mode Control* ⇨ 213.

Shuttle: If equipped, to select, see “Grand Sport X or ZR1X – EV Drive Mode Activation” under *Driver Mode Control* ⇨ 213. Displays the speedometer on the top of the display. The Shuttle mode information is shown in the center of the display. See “Shuttle Mode” in *Driver Mode Control* ⇨ 213.

Selecting a different view or layout could hide the vehicle status displayed in the information zones on the cluster. Once a view with information zones is selected, the last selected vehicle status will be displayed. See *Driver Information Center (DIC)* ⇨ 103 and *Vehicle Status* ⇨ 107.

Control Panel

There is a touchscreen to the left of the instrument cluster. Use it for the following:

Instrument Cluster Layout

Touch LAYOUT to view and select the available instrument cluster options.

Performance

Touch PERFORMANCE to view available performance options. View other performance options by swiping left or right on the touchscreen. See “Control Panel” under *Driver Information Center (DIC)* ⇨ 103.

Trip Information

Touch TRIP to view distance and average fuel economy for the available trip options. View other trip information by swiping right or left on the touchscreen. See “Control Panel” under *Driver Information Center (DIC)* ⇨ 103.

Touch and hold to reset the trip.

Head-Up Display (HUD)

If equipped, touch HEADS-UP DISPLAY to select the height, rotation, and brightness of the head-up display. See *Head-Up Display (HUD)* ⇨ 109.

Traction (TCS) and Stability (ESC)

If equipped, touch TRACTION & ESC to view and select the available Traction Control System (TCS) and StabiliTrak/Electronic Stability Control (ESC) options. See *Traction Control/Electronic Stability Control* ⇨ 211.

List Page

Touch  to view and select the available list options. View options by swiping up or down and right or left on the touchscreen. See “Control Panel” under *Driver Information Center (DIC)* ⇨ 103.

Lane Keep Assist

If equipped, touch  to turn Lane Keep Assist on or off. See *Lane Keep Assist (LKA)* ⇨ 248.

Auto Stop/Start

If equipped, touch  to turn Auto Stop/Start on or off. See *Stop/Start System* ⇨ 192.

Motion Sensor

If equipped, touch  to turn Motion Sensor on or off. See *Vehicle Alarm System* ⇨ 23.

Performance Traction Management (PTM)

If equipped, displays the available Performance Traction Management (PTM) information. To turn on or off, see "Performance Traction Management (PTM)" under *Performance Driving* ⇨ 223.

Launch Control

If equipped, displays the status of the Launch Control system. View and select other information and options by using the touchscreen. To turn the Launch Control on or off, see "Launch Control (Sport and Track Mode Only)" under *Performance Driving* ⇨ 223. See *Track Events and Competitive Driving* ⇨ 167.

Display Settings

Turn the following options on or off using the infotainment display. Some may not be available for your vehicle. See *Settings* ⇨ 148.

Speed Sign

Shows sign information from a roadway database in the onboard navigation. The sign will show "—" when there is no detected speed limit or the system is unavailable.

Turn-by-Turn Graphics

Provides Turn-by-Turn navigation graphics during an active route in your driver display.

Speedometer

The speedometer shows the vehicle speed in either kilometers per hour (km/h) or miles per hour (mph).

Odometer

The odometer displays the distance the vehicle has been driven, in either kilometers or miles.

Trip Odometer

The trip odometer displays the distance the vehicle was driven since the trip odometer was last reset.

Access and reset the trip odometer through the control panel near the instrument cluster. See *Instrument Cluster* ⇨ 85.

Tachometer

Caution

If the engine is operated with the rpm in the warning area at the high end of the tachometer, the vehicle could be damaged, and the damage would not be covered by the vehicle warranty. Do not operate the engine with the rpm in the warning area.

The tachometer displays the engine speed in revolutions per minute (rpm) when the engine is on.

During Auto Stop mode, the tachometer may vary by several hundred rpm when the engine is shutting off and restarting.

While In Sport and Track views, shift lights display when manually shifting.

Battery Gauge (High Voltage)



This displays the high voltage battery state of charge, and is shown in the Shuttle and Stealth mode. The value at the left is an estimate of how much high voltage battery state of charge remains.

The fill bars shown inside of the gauge indicate the percentage of state of charge value shown at the left.

When the high voltage battery state of charge level is depleted, the gauge will change color to red. Additional alerts may display at low state of charge.

Stealth Drive Mode Capability Gauge

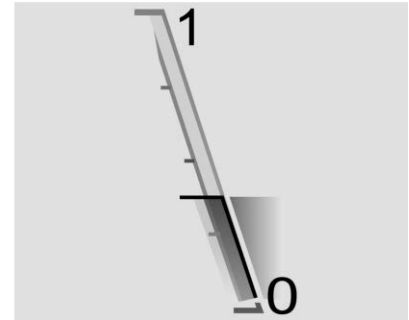


The electric power indicator gauge is in the middle of the display to the left and the right of the speedometer, and is shown in the Stealth mode. To activate Stealth mode, see “Grand Sport X or ZR1X – EV Drive Mode Activation” in *Driver Mode Control* ⇨ 213.

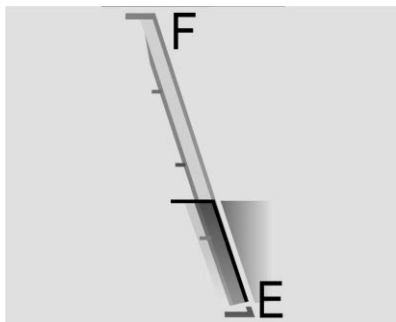
This gauge displays the propulsion capability of the high voltage battery and electric motor. The bars on the gauge move toward the middle of the gauge as the accelerator pedal

is pressed and the vehicle speed increases. The engine will automatically start when the electric capability is exceeded or when the vehicle exceeds 72 km/h (45 mph). When the engine starts, a series of red, yellow, and green messages will appear under the speedometer displaying the progress. The Driver Information Center also displays a message. See “Stealth Mode” in *Driver Mode Control* ⇨ 213.

Fuel Gauge



**Metric Tour Mode Gauge View Shown,
Others Similar**



**English Tour Mode Gauge View Shown,
Others Similar**

When the ignition is on, the fuel gauge displays the remaining fuel in the tank.

There is an arrow near the fuel gauge pointing to the side of the vehicle the fuel door is on.

When the gas tank nears empty, the low fuel light indicates you should refuel the vehicle soon.

The fuel gauge may exhibit the following normal conditions, none of which indicate a problem with the gauge:

- Show an approximate measurement. For example, the gauge may show half a tank, but it could actually take a little more or less than half the tank's capacity to fill the tank.
- Move a little while driving on a hill, turning a corner, speeding up, or braking.
- Take time to stabilize after the ignition is turned on and return to empty when the ignition is turned off.

Fuel Range

The estimated fuel range displays near the fuel gauge. The fuel range shows the approximate distance the vehicle can be driven without refueling. This estimate uses the vehicle's average fuel economy from recent driving history and the amount of fuel remaining in the tank.

When the estimated fuel range is low, the range shows LOW and a message may also display in the Driver Information Center.

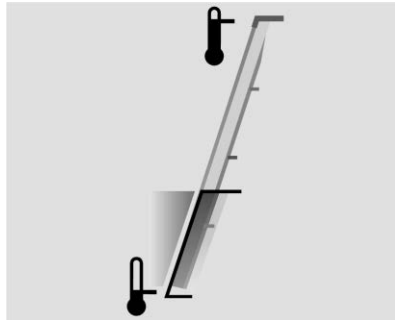
Hybrid Battery Charging Light



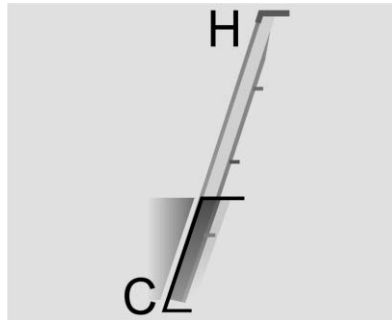
If equipped, this light displays when you press the Charge+ Switch and indicates the increased rate of high voltage battery charging.

See *Driver Mode Control* ⇨ 213.

Engine Coolant Temperature Gauge



**Metric Tour Mode Gauge View Shown,
Others Similar**



**English Tour Mode Gauge View Shown,
Others Similar**

This gauge displays the engine coolant temperature.

If the gauge pointer moves into the high end, the engine has overheated.

Under normal driving conditions, pull off the road, stop the vehicle, and turn off the engine as soon as possible. See *Engine Overheating* ⇨ 299.

Seat Belt Reminders

Driver Seat Belt Reminder Light

There is a driver seat belt reminder light on the instrument cluster.



When the vehicle is started, or if the driver remains or becomes unbuckled while the vehicle is moving, this light flashes and an audible alert sounds to alert the driver to fasten their seat belt. The light may then display solid until the driver seat belt is buckled. This cycle may continue several times or continuously until the driver seat belt is buckled. If the driver seat belt is buckled, the light will not display and audible alert will not sound.

Front Passenger Seat Belt Reminder Light

This vehicle may have a front passenger seat belt reminder light near the passenger airbag status indicator. See *Passenger Sensing System* ⇨ 59.



When the vehicle is started, or if the front passenger remains or becomes unbuckled while the vehicle is moving, this light flashes and an audible alert may sound to alert the front passenger to fasten their seat belt. The light may then display solid until the front passenger seat belt is buckled. This cycle may continue several times or continuously until the front passenger seat belt is buckled. If the front passenger seat belt is buckled, the light will not display and the audible alert will not sound.

Alerts may occur if an object, such as a briefcase, handbag, grocery bag, laptop, or other electronic device, is on the front passenger seat. To turn off the reminder light and/or audible alert, remove the object from the seat or buckle the seat belt.

Airbag Readiness Light



Warning

If the airbag readiness light stays on after the vehicle is started or comes on while driving, it means the airbag system might

(Continued)

Warning (Continued)

not be working properly. The airbags in the vehicle might not inflate in a crash, or they could even inflate without a crash. To help avoid injury, have the vehicle serviced right away.

This light shows if there is an electrical problem with the airbag system. It is located in the instrument cluster. The system check includes the airbag sensor(s), the passenger sensing system, the pretensioners, the airbag modules, the wiring, and the crash sensing and diagnostic module. For more information on the airbag system, see *Airbag System* ⇨ 55.



The airbag readiness light comes on for several seconds when the vehicle is started. If the light does not come on then, have it fixed immediately.

If there is a problem with the airbag system, a Driver Information Center (DIC) message may also come on.

Passenger Airbag Status Indicator



Warning

If the airbag readiness light ever comes on and stays on, it means that something may be wrong with the airbag system. To help avoid injury to yourself or others, have the vehicle serviced right away. See *Airbag Readiness Light* ⇨ 92 for more information, including important safety information.

The vehicle has a passenger sensing system. See *Passenger Sensing System* ⇨ 59 for important safety information. The overhead console has a passenger airbag status indicator.

PASSENGER AIR BAG

ON

OFF

United States



Canada and Mexico

The passenger airbag status indicator may include text and/or symbols to indicate the passenger frontal airbag is either On or Off.

When the vehicle is started, the passenger airbag status indicator will light both the On and Off indicators for on and off for several seconds as a system check.

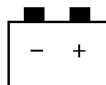
Then, after several more seconds, the passenger airbag status indicator for either On or Off will be lit to let you know the status of the front outboard passenger frontal airbag.

If the status indicator for On is lit on the passenger airbag status indicator, it means that the front outboard passenger frontal airbag is allowed to inflate.

If the status indicator for Off is lit on the airbag status indicator, it means that the passenger sensing system has turned off the front outboard passenger frontal airbag.

If, after several seconds, both status indicator lights remain on, if there are no lights at all, or if the airbag readiness light is on, there may be a problem with the lights or the passenger sensing system. See your dealer for service right away.

Charging System Light (12-Volt Battery)



This light displays briefly when you start your vehicle. This is a normal test your vehicle runs on start up.

If the light stays on or displays while driving, there could be a problem with the electrical charging system. Have it checked by your dealer. Driving while this light is on could drain the 12-volt battery.

If you must drive a short distance with the light on, turn off all accessories, such as the radio, to save battery power. Find a safe place to stop the vehicle.

Malfunction Indicator Light (Check Engine Light)



Caution

If the vehicle is driven continually with this light on, the emission control system may not work as well, the fuel economy may be lower, and the vehicle may not run smoothly. This could lead to costly repairs that might not be covered by the vehicle warranty.

Caution

Modifications to the engine, transmission, exhaust, intake, or fuel system, or the use of replacement tires that do not meet the original tire specifications, can

(Continued)

Caution (Continued)

cause this light to come on. This could lead to costly repairs not covered by the vehicle warranty. This could also affect the vehicle's ability to pass an Emissions Inspection/Maintenance test. See *Accessories and Modifications* ⇨ 255.

This light displays briefly when you start your vehicle. This is a normal test your vehicle runs on start up. If it does not display, see your dealer for service.

The light is part of emission control on-board diagnostic system of the vehicle. If this light stays on or displays while driving, a malfunction is present, and the vehicle may require service. See *Ignition Positions* ⇨ 190.

The system often shows malfunctions before any problem is noticeable. Being aware of the light and seeking service promptly when it displays may prevent damage.

If the light is flashing: A malfunction has been detected that could damage the emission control system and increase vehicle emissions. Diagnosis and service may be required. See your dealer.

To help prevent damage, reduce vehicle speed, and avoid hard accelerations and uphill grades. If towing a trailer, reduce the amount of cargo being hauled as soon as possible.

If the light continues to flash, find a safe place to park. Turn the vehicle off and wait at least 10 seconds before restarting the engine. If the light is still flashing, follow the previous guidelines under "If the light is flashing," and see your dealer for service as soon as possible.

If the light is on steady: A malfunction has been detected. Diagnosis and service may be required. See your dealer.

Check the following:

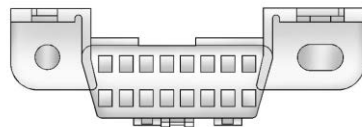
- If fuel has been added to the vehicle using the capless funnel adapter, make sure that it has been removed. See "Filling the Tank with a Portable Gas Can" under *Filling the Tank* ⇨ 251. The diagnostic system can detect if the adapter has been left installed in the vehicle, allowing fuel to evaporate into the atmosphere. A few driving trips with the adapter removed may turn off the light.
- Poor fuel quality can cause inefficient engine operation and poor drivability, which may go away once the engine is

warmed up. If this occurs, change the fuel brand. It may require at least one full tank of the proper fuel to turn the light off. See *Recommended Fuel* ⇨ 250.

If the light remains on, see your dealer.

Emissions Inspection and Maintenance Programs

If the vehicle requires an Emissions Inspection/Maintenance test, the test equipment can be used to connect to the vehicle's Data Link Connector.



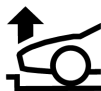
The Data Link Connector is under the instrument panel to the left of the steering wheel. Connecting devices that are not used to perform an Emissions Inspection/Maintenance test or to service the vehicle may affect vehicle operation. See *Add-On Electrical Equipment* ⇨ 253. See your dealer if assistance is needed.

The vehicle may not pass inspection if:

- The Malfunction Indicator Light displays when the engine is running
- The light does not display when the ignition is on while the engine is off.
- Critical emission control systems have not been completely diagnosed. If this happens, the vehicle would not be ready for inspection and might require several days of routine driving before the system is ready for inspection. This can happen if the 12-volt battery has recently been replaced or run down, or if the vehicle has been recently serviced.

See your dealer if the vehicle will not pass or cannot be made ready for the test.

Front Lift System Light



If equipped, this light will flash to indicate when the front of the vehicle is being raised or lowered. An up or down arrow in the light

will display, depending on the direction of movement. The light will stay lit while the front is fully raised.

Brake System Warning Light



Metric

BRAKE

English



Warning

The brake system might not be working properly if the brake system warning light is on. Driving with the brake system warning light on can lead to a crash. If the light is still on after the vehicle has been pulled off the road and carefully stopped, have the vehicle towed for service.

This light displays briefly when you start your vehicle. This is a normal test your vehicle runs on startup. If it does not display, see your dealer for service.

If the light stays on, have the brake system inspected immediately. This light may display if the brake fluid is low. See *Brake Fluid* ⇨ 304.

If the light displays while driving, pull off the road and stop carefully. If equipped with electric brake boost, vehicle speed may be limited when the brake system warning light displays. The brake pedal might be harder to push, or the brake pedal may go closer to the floor. It could take longer to stop. If the light is still on, have the vehicle towed for service. See *Transporting a Disabled Vehicle* ⇨ 344.

Electric Parking Brake Light



Metric

PARK

English

This light displays when the Electric Parking Brake is applied. If the light flashes after the Electric Parking Brake is released, or while driving, there is a problem with the Electric Parking Brake system. A message may also display in the Driver Information Center.

If the light does not display, or remains flashing, see your dealer.

Service Electric Parking Brake Light



This light may display briefly when you start your vehicle. This is a normal test your vehicle runs on start up. If it does not display, see your dealer for service.

If this light stays on or displays while driving, there is a problem with the electric parking brake. Take the vehicle to a dealer as soon as possible. In addition to the parking brake, other safety functions that use the electric parking brake may also be affected. A message may also display in the Driver Information Center. See *Electric Parking Brake* ⇨ 209.

Antilock Brake System (ABS) Warning Light



This light displays briefly when you start your vehicle. This is a normal test your vehicle runs on start up. If it does not display, see your dealer for service.

When the Antilock Brake System (ABS) detects a problem, the warning light displays and stays on, and you may hear an audible alert. Your vehicle brakes will still function, but your Antilock Brake System (ABS) is not functioning as expected. See your dealer for service.

If this warning light and the brake system warning light are displayed, your Antilock Brake System (ABS) and your regular brakes are not functioning as expected. See your dealer for service.

See *Brake System Warning Light* ⇨ 95.

Service All-Wheel Drive Light



If equipped, this light displays amber when the electric All-Wheel Drive System is limited, and will turn off when the system is working normally.

If this light displays red, there may be a malfunction. See your dealer.

See *All-Wheel Drive (ZRX and Grand Sport X Models Only)* ⇨ 208.

Performance Transmission Active



This light turns green when:

- The vehicle is being driven in a spirited manner and transmission shift points have been altered to enhance the vehicle behavior. See “Transmission Shift Operation” under *Driver Mode Control* ⇨ 213.
 - For track driving events that require standing starts, if equipped, Performance Transmission behavior can be activated near a standstill by selecting Track Mode > Performance Traction Management (PTM) > Race 1 or Race 2. You can also engage PTM using Z-Mode, if PTM has been configured to Race 1 or Race 2. See “Performance Traction Management (PTM)” under *Driver Mode Control* ⇨ 213.
- Manual Launch has been enabled. See “Manual Launch” under *Manual Mode* ⇨ 198.

Lane Keep Assist (LKA) Light



If equipped, the Lane Keep Assist Light may display the following colors:

- White: Displays when the vehicle starts. A steady white light indicates that Lane Keep Assist is unable to assist.
- Green: Displays when Lane Keep Assist is turned on and ready to assist. Lane Keep Assist will gently turn the steering wheel if the vehicle approaches a detected lane marking.
- Amber: Displays when Lane Keep Assist is active. The light flashes amber as a Lane Departure Warning alert indicating that a lane marking has been unintentionally crossed. If the system detects you are steering intentionally (to pass or change lanes), the Lane Departure Warning alert may not display.

Lane Keep Assist will not assist or alert if the turn signal is active in the direction of lane departure, or if Lane Keep Assist detects that you are accelerating, braking, or actively steering. See *Lane Keep Assist (LKA)* ⇨ 248.

Automatic Emergency Braking (AEB) Disabled Light



This indicator displays when you turn off Automatic Emergency Braking or Front Pedestrian Braking.

This indicator also displays if Automatic Emergency Braking or Front Pedestrian Braking are unavailable due to malfunction, weather conditions, or a dirty windshield.

See *Automatic Emergency Braking (AEB)* ⇨ 241.

See *Front Pedestrian Braking (FPB) System* ⇨ 245.

Vehicle Ahead Indicator



If equipped, this indicator displays green when a vehicle is detected ahead and amber if you are following a vehicle too closely.

See *Forward Collision Alert (FCA) System* ⇨ 239.

Pedestrian Ahead Indicator



If equipped, this indicator displays amber when a pedestrian is detected in front of the vehicle.

See *Front Pedestrian Braking (FPB) System* ⇨ 245.

Traction Off Light



This light displays briefly when you start your vehicle. This is a normal test your vehicle runs on start up. If it does not display, see your dealer for service.

The traction off light displays when the Traction Control System has been turned off. When StabiliTrak/Electronic Stability Control is turned off, the Traction Control System is also turned off. To turn the Traction Control System and StabiliTrak/Electronic Stability Control off and on, see *Traction Control/Electronic Stability Control* ⇨ 271.

If the Traction Control System is off, wheel slip does not limit acceleration unless necessary to help protect the driveline from damage. Adjust your driving accordingly.

Traction Control System (TCS)/ Electronic Stability Control Light



This light displays briefly when you start your vehicle. This is a normal test your vehicle runs on start up. If it does not display, see your dealer for service.

The light flashes when the Traction Control System and/or the StabiliTrak/Electronic Stability Control System is actively working.

If the light is on and not flashing, the Traction Control System and StabiliTrak/Electronic Stability Control System may not be fully operational or able to assist maintaining control. Adjust your driving accordingly. If the condition persists, see your dealer as soon as possible. A message may display in the Driver Information Center.

See *Traction Control/Electronic Stability Control* ⇨ 271.

Electronic Stability Control (ESC) Off Light



This light displays briefly when you start your vehicle. This is a normal test your vehicle runs on startup. If it does not display, see your dealer for service.

This light displays when the StabiliTrak/Electronic Stability Control system is turned off. When StabiliTrak/Electronic Stability Control is off, the Traction Control System is also off. To turn StabiliTrak/Electronic Stability Control off and on, see *Traction Control/Electronic Stability Control* ⇨ 211.

If StabiliTrak/Electronic Stability Control and the Traction Control System are off, the systems do not assist in controlling the vehicle. Adjust your driving accordingly.

Engine Coolant Temperature Warning Light



Caution

The engine coolant temperature warning light indicates that the vehicle has overheated. Driving with this light on can damage the engine and it may not be covered by the vehicle warranty. See *Engine Overheating* ⇨ 299.

This light briefly displays during vehicle startup as a normal test. If it does not display on startup, or if it stays lit, see your dealer for service.

If the light displays while driving, pull over and turn off the engine as soon as possible.

Driver Mode Control Light



This light displays when you select Tour mode.



This light displays when you select Sport mode.



This light displays when you select Track mode.



This light displays when you select Weather mode.



If equipped, this light displays when you select Z-Mode.



This light displays when you select My Mode.
See *Driver Mode Control* ⇨ 213.

Performance Traction Management Light

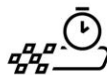
If equipped, when you activate Performance Traction Management (PTM), one of the following lights will display to show the current mode. See “Competitive Driving Mode” under *Performance Driving* ⇨ 223.



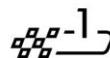
This light displays when you select Wet mode.



This light displays when you select Dry mode.



This light displays when you select Sport mode.



This light displays when you select Race 1 mode.



This light displays when you select Race 2 mode.



This light displays when you select Pro mode.

Tire Pressure Light



If equipped with the Tire Pressure Monitor System, this light displays briefly when you start your vehicle. This is a normal test your vehicle runs on start up.

The light displays to indicate information about tire pressures and the Tire Pressure Monitor System.

If the Light Stays On

This indicates that one or more of the tires are significantly underinflated.

A Driver Information Center tire pressure message may also display. Stop as soon as possible and inflate the tires to the pressure value shown on the Tire and Loading Information label. See *Tire Pressure* ⇨ 325.

If the Light Flashes and Then Remains On

If the light flashes for about a minute and then stays on, there may be a problem with the Tire Pressure Monitor System. If the problem is not corrected, the light will display every time the vehicle is started. See *Tire Pressure Monitor Operation* ⇨ 329.

Engine Oil Pressure Light

Caution

Driving the vehicle with low engine oil pressure can damage the engine and the repairs would not be covered by the vehicle warranty.

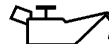
If the engine oil pressure light comes on while driving:

1. Stop in a safe location and turn off the engine.
2. Check the oil level. See *Engine Oil (5.5L LT6/LT7 Engine)* ⇨ 283 *Engine Oil (6.7L LS6 Engine)* ⇨ 286.
3. Add oil if the oil level is below the normal operating range.

(Continued)

Caution (Continued)

4. Restart the vehicle. If the engine oil pressure light stays on for more than 10 seconds, turn the vehicle back off. Do not restart the vehicle. See your dealer for service.



This light should display briefly when the engine starts. When the engine is off and the vehicle is on, the light should remain illuminated. If it does not display under either condition, contact your dealer.

If the light displays and stays on when the engine is running, it may not have adequate oil pressure. The oil level may be low or there may be some other oil system problem. Turn the engine off when it is safe to do so and contact your dealer.

Low Fuel Warning Light



This light displays briefly when you start your vehicle. This is a normal test your vehicle runs on start up.

The light displays when the fuel tank is running low and it turns off when fuel is added. If it does not, see your dealer for service.

Auto Stop Indicator



If equipped, this light displays when Auto Stop is enabled.

See *Stop/Start System* ⇨ 192.

Security Light



This light displays briefly when you start your vehicle. This is a normal test your vehicle runs on start up. If it does not display, see your dealer for service.

If the light stays on and the vehicle does not start, there could be a problem with the theft-deterrent system. See *Immobilizer Operation* ⇨ 24.

High-Beam On Light



This light displays when the high-beam headlights are in use. See *High-Beam Systems* ⇨ 115.

Automatic High-Beam Light



If equipped, this light displays when the IntelliBeam system is enabled. See *High-Beam Systems* ⇨ 115.

Lights On Reminder



This light displays when the exterior lights are in use. The light will not display when only the Daytime Running Lights are active. See *Headlight Controls* ⇨ 115.

Cruise Control Light



If equipped, this light displays white when cruise control is on and ready, and turns green when set and active.

The light turns off when cruise control is turned off. See *Cruise Control* ⇨ 232.

Door Ajar Light



This light displays when a door is open or not securely latched. Before driving, check that all doors are properly closed.

Information Displays

Driver Information Center (DIC)

Driver information is displayed in the instrument cluster. It shows the status of many vehicle systems.

Information is broken down into three main zones:

Control Panel: A touchscreen display to left of the instrument cluster.

Left Zone: Displays on the instrument cluster to the left of the speedometer.

Right Zone: Displays on the instrument cluster to the right of the speedometer.



^ or v : Use the thumbwheel to scroll to the previous or next selection.

✓ : Press the thumbwheel to open a menu or select a menu item. Press and hold to reset certain displays.

Information Display Options

Select which info display to view by selecting Add to Driver Display in the Vehicle Status on the infotainment display. See *Vehicle Status* ⇨ 107.

Information Displays

The following is the list of all information displays and their locations. Some information displays may not be available for your vehicle.

Control Panel

Trip 1 or Trip 2 and Average Fuel

Economy: The Trip display shows the current distance traveled, in either kilometers (km) or miles (mi), since the trip odometer was last reset. To reset the current trip, touch and hold the touchscreen display when trip odometer is displayed.

The Average Fuel Economy display shows the approximate average liters per 100 kilometers (L/100 km), kilometers per liter (km/L), or miles per gallon (mpg). This number is calculated based on the number of L/100 km (mpg) or km/L recorded since the last time this menu item was reset. This number reflects only the approximate average fuel economy that the vehicle has right now, and will change as driving conditions change. The Average Fuel Economy can be reset along with the trip odometer by touching and holding the touchscreen display when trip odometer is displayed.

Off: Displays no information in the cluster information display areas.

Launch Control: If equipped, the Launch Control display allows the driver to adjust the parameters of the Launch Control System. See *Track Events and Competitive Driving* ⇨ 167.

Drive Summary: If equipped, displays information in relation to the current drive cycle including Distance Traveled, Average Fuel Economy, Top Speed, and Lateral G-Force. They will reset after the drive cycle is completed.

Engine Boost: If equipped, displays engine manifold pressure relative to ambient air pressure. It will display boost pressure generated by the turbocharging or supercharging system.

Temperatures and Pressure: Displays Oil Temperature, Oil Pressure, Coolant Temperature, and Transmission Fluid Temperature.

Oil Pressure displays the engine oil pressure in kPa (kilopascals) or psi (pounds per square inch).

Oil Temperature displays the current oil temperature in either degrees Celsius (°C) or degrees Fahrenheit (°F).

Coolant Temperature displays the temperature of the coolant in either degrees Celsius (°C) or degrees Fahrenheit (°F).

Transmission Fluid Temperature displays the temperature of the automatic transmission fluid in either degrees Celsius (°C) or degrees Fahrenheit (°F).

Hybrid Battery: If equipped, displays the hybrid battery level and temperature. The hybrid battery powers the electric all-wheel

drive and assists with straight line power. Take caution in corners when electric all-wheel drive is disabled.

Hybrid Battery level displays the charge status of the vehicle. The colored zones indicate the following conditions: Red – electric all-wheel drive is disabled and only rear-wheel drive is available, Amber – Straight line power is reduced but electric all-wheel drive operates normally, White – electric all-wheel drive operates normally, Blue – electric all-wheel drive operates normally and full straight line boost is available.

Hybrid Battery temperature displays in either degrees Celsius (°C) or degrees Fahrenheit (°F). Extreme temperatures can affect the battery's performance.

Output: Shows current engine power and torque, or electric motor power and torque. The current gear is also displayed on vehicles equipped with an automatic transmission.

eLSD Coupling: If equipped, displays Electronic Limited-Slip Differential (eLSD) information.

Electronic Limited-Slip Differential (eLSD) shows Displays the amount of rear differential coupling when the Electronic Limited-Slip Differential (eLSD) is active and functioning during vehicle operation. A reading of 1% is

an open differential and 100% is locked. It is normal for the value to make small or large changes due to driving conditions and driver inputs. See *Limited-Slip Differential* ⇨ 231.

Tires: If equipped, displays the approximate pressures of all four tires. Tire pressure is displayed in either kilopascal (kPa) or in pounds per square inch (psi). If the pressure is low, the value for that tire is shown in amber. See *Tire Pressure Monitor System* ⇨ 328 and *Tire Pressure Monitor Operation* ⇨ 329.

If equipped, Tire Temperature is located above the tire pressure graphic. Tire Temperature shows overall temperature as either Cold, Cool, Normal, Warm, or Hot. Normal is typical for normal driving while Warm is typical for spirited driving. Unknown displays when tire temperature information is unavailable.

If equipped, Brake Temperature is located below the tire pressure graphic. Brake Temperature shows overall temperature as either Normal, Warm, Hot, or Overheated. Normal is typical for normal driving while Warm is typical for spirited driving. Unknown may be displayed if tire temperature information is unavailable.

G-Force: Displays inertial forces being exerted on the vehicle in the lateral (side to side) and vertical (acceleration and braking) direction as numerical values and graphical depictions.

Energy Usage: If equipped, displays information on charge gained, charge used, and fuel saved.

Left Zone

Time/Date: Displays current date, time, and temperature information

Tire Pressure: Shows the approximate pressures of all four tires. Tire pressure is displayed in either kilopascal (kPa) or in pounds per square inch (psi). If the pressure is low, the value for that tire is shown in amber. See *Tire Pressure Monitor System* ⇨ 328 and *Tire Pressure Monitor Operation* ⇨ 329.

Engine Boost: If equipped, displays engine manifold pressure relative to ambient air pressure. It will display boost pressure generated by the turbocharging or supercharging system.

Temperatures and Pressure: Displays Oil Temperature, Oil Pressure, Coolant Temperature, and Transmission Fluid Temperature.

Oil Pressure displays the engine oil pressure in kPa (kilopascals) or psi (pounds per square inch).

Oil Temperature displays the current oil temperature in either degrees Celsius (°C) or degrees Fahrenheit (°F).

Coolant Temperature displays the temperature of the coolant in either degrees Celsius (°C) or degrees Fahrenheit (°F).

Transmission Fluid Temperature displays the temperature of the automatic transmission fluid in either degrees Celsius (°C) or degrees Fahrenheit (°F).

G-Force: Displays inertial forces being exerted on the vehicle in the lateral (side to side) and vertical (acceleration and braking) direction as numerical values and graphical depictions.

eLSD Coupling: If equipped, displays Electronic Limited-Slip Differential (eLSD) information.

Electronic Limited-Slip Differential (eLSD) shows Displays the amount of rear differential coupling when the Electronic Limited-Slip Differential (eLSD) is active and functioning during vehicle operation. A reading of 1% is an open differential and 100% is locked. It is

normal for the value to make small or large changes due to driving conditions and driver inputs. See *Limited-Slip Differential* ⇨ 231.

Tires: If equipped, displays the approximate pressures of all four tires. Tire pressure is displayed in either kilopascal (kPa) or in pounds per square inch (psi). If the pressure is low, the value for that tire is shown in amber. See *Tire Pressure Monitor System* ⇨ 328 and *Tire Pressure Monitor Operation* ⇨ 329.

If equipped, Tire Temperature is located above the tire pressure graphic. Tire Temperature shows overall temperature as either Cold, Cool, Normal, Warm, or Hot. Normal is typical for normal driving while Warm is typical for spirited driving. Unknown displays when tire temperature information is unavailable.

If equipped, Brake Temperature is located below the tire pressure graphic. Brake Temperature shows overall temperature as either Normal, Warm, Hot, or Overheated. Normal is typical for normal driving while Warm is typical for spirited driving. Unknown may be displayed if tire temperature information is unavailable.

Hybrid Battery: If equipped, displays the hybrid battery level and temperature. The hybrid battery powers the electric all-wheel drive and assists with straight line power. Take caution in corners when electric all-wheel drive is disabled.

Hybrid Battery level displays the charge status of the vehicle. The colored zones indicate the following conditions: Red – electric all-wheel drive is disabled and only rear-wheel drive is available, Amber – Straight line power is reduced but electric all-wheel drive operates normally, White – electric all-wheel drive operates normally, Blue – electric all-wheel drive operates normally and full straight line boost is available.

Hybrid Battery temperature displays in either degrees Celsius (°C) or degrees Fahrenheit (°F). Extreme temperatures can affect the battery's performance.

Energy Usage: If equipped, displays information on charge gained, charge used, and fuel saved.

Output: Shows current engine power and torque, or electric motor power and torque. The current gear is also displayed on vehicles equipped with an automatic transmission.

Battery Voltage: Displays the current battery voltage.

Oil Life: Shows an estimate of the oil's remaining useful life. If REMAINING OIL LIFE 99% is displayed, that means 99% of the current oil life remains.

When the remaining oil life is low, the CHANGE ENGINE OIL SOON message will appear on the display. The oil should be changed as soon as possible. See *Engine Oil (5.5L LT6/LT7 Engine)* ⇨ 283 *Engine Oil (6.7L LS6 Engine)* ⇨ 286. In addition to the engine oil life system monitoring the oil life, additional maintenance is recommended. See *Maintenance Schedule* ⇨ 357.

The Oil Life display must be reset after each oil change. It will not reset itself. Do not reset the Oil Life display accidentally at any time other than when the oil has just been changed. It cannot be reset accurately until the next oil change. To reset, see *Engine Oil Life System* ⇨ 289.

Engine Air Filter Life: Displays an estimate of the remaining engine air filter life and the state of the system. Engine Air Filter Life 95% means 95% of the current air filter life remains. Follow any messages that display based on engine air

filter life and the state of the system. The Air Filter Life display must be reset after the engine air filter replacement.

See *Engine Air Filter Life System* ⇨ 291.

Transmission Fluid Life: Displays an estimate of the remaining transmission fluid life. If REMAINING FLUID LIFE 99% is displayed, that means 99% of the current fluid life remains.

Follow any messages that display based on transmission fluid life. See *Dual Clutch Transmission Fluid Life System* ⇨ 290.

In addition to the Transmission Fluid Life system monitoring the fluid life, additional maintenance is recommended in the Maintenance Schedule. See *Maintenance Schedule* ⇨ 357.

The Fluid Life display must be reset after each fluid change. It will not reset itself. Do not reset the Fluid Life display at any time other than when the fluid has just been changed. It cannot be reset accurately until the next fluid change. To reset, see *Dual Clutch Transmission Fluid Life System* ⇨ 290.

Transmission Filter Life: Displays an estimate of the remaining transmission filter life. Displays an estimate of the filter's remaining

useful life. If REMAINING FILTER LIFE 99% is displayed, that means 99% of the current filter life remains.

Follow any messages that display based on transmission filter life. See *Dual Clutch Transmission Fluid Life System* ⇨ 290.

In addition to the Transmission Filter Life system monitoring the filter life, additional maintenance is recommended in the Maintenance Schedule. See *Maintenance Schedule* ⇨ 357.

The Transmission Filter Life display must be reset after each filter replacement. It will not reset itself. Do not reset the Transmission Filter Life display at any time other than when the filter has just been replaced. It cannot be reset accurately until the next filter change. To reset, see *Dual Clutch Transmission Fluid Life System* ⇨ 290.

Fuel Economy: Displays information about current and average fuel economy.

Engine Hours: Displays the total number of hours the engine has run. This display also shows the engine idle hours.

Launch Coach: If equipped, displays instructional messages and dynamic gauges reflecting brake and throttle pedal positions. See *Track Events and Competitive Driving* ⇨ 167.

Right Zone

Audio Now Playing: Displays the actively playing audio.

Navigation: Displays a variety of navigation information.

Phone: Displays a variety of call information.

Performance Timer: If equipped, displays the current and best times achieved during acceleration.

To reset the best time or set a custom timer, highlight the selection on the performance timer menu and press the thumbwheel.

Vehicle Status

To access the menu select the Vehicle Status icon from the infotainment home screen. Vehicle status content is grouped together and shown on the infotainment display.

Follow any message or alerts that display. Some options may be unavailable while driving.

Select Add to Driver Display to send the desired content to the Driver Information Center. Select Remove from Display to remove the selected content from the Driver Information Center. See *Driver Information Center (DIC)* ⇨ 103.

Options

The following is the list of vehicle status content and location. Not all content and options may be available for your vehicle.

Overview

Displays an interactive image of your vehicle's performance and health information.

Maintenance

Tire Pressure: Displays the approximate pressures of each tire. Tire pressure displays in either kilopascal (kPa) or in pounds per square inch (psi). If the pressure is low, the value for that tire is shown in amber. See *Tire Pressure Monitor System* ⇨ 328 and *Tire Pressure Monitor Operation* ⇨ 329.

Choose from the following options: Relearn Sensors and Add to Driver Display.

If equipped, Tire Temperature is located below the tire pressure graphic. Tire Temperature displays overall temperature as either Cold,

Cool, Normal, Warm, or Hot. Normal is typical for normal driving while Warm is typical for spirited driving. Unknown displays when tire temperature information is unavailable.

Oil Life: Displays an estimate of the remaining oil life. If REMAINING OIL LIFE 99% is displayed, that means 99% of the current oil life remains. Follow any messages that display based on the oil life and the state of the system.

See *Engine Oil (5.5L LT6/LT7 Engine)* ⇨ 283 *Engine Oil (6.7L LS6 Engine)* ⇨ 286.

In addition to the engine oil life system monitoring the oil life, additional maintenance is recommended. See *Maintenance Schedule* ⇨ 357.

Choose from the following options: Reset and Add to Driver Display.

The Oil Life must be reset after each oil change. It will not reset itself. Do not reset the Oil Life display at any time other than when the oil has just been changed. It cannot be reset accurately until the next oil change. To reset, see *Engine Oil Life System* ⇨ 289.

Engine Air Filter Life: Displays an estimate of the remaining engine air filter life and the state of the system. Engine Air Filter Life 95% means 95% of the current air filter life remains. Follow

any messages that display based on engine air filter life and the state of the system. The Air Filter Life display must be reset after the engine air filter replacement. See *Engine Air Filter Life System* ⇨ 291.

Choose from the following options: Turn Off/On, Reset, and Add to Driver Display.

Transmission Fluid Life: Displays an estimate of the remaining transmission fluid life. If REMAINING FLUID LIFE 99% is displayed, that means 99% of the current fluid life remains.

Follow any messages that display based on transmission fluid life. See *Dual Clutch Transmission Fluid Life System* ⇨ 290.

In addition to the Transmission Fluid Life system monitoring the fluid life, additional maintenance is recommended in the Maintenance Schedule. See *Maintenance Schedule* ⇨ 357.

Choose from the following options: Reset and Add to Driver Display. The Fluid Life display must be reset after each fluid change. It will not reset itself. Do not reset the Fluid Life display at any time other than when the fluid has just been changed. It cannot be reset accurately until the next fluid change. See *Dual Clutch Transmission Fluid Life System* ⇨ 290.

Transmission Filter Life: Displays an estimate of the remaining transmission filter life. Displays an estimate of the filter's remaining useful life. If REMAINING FILTER LIFE 99% is displayed, that means 99% of the current filter life remains.

Follow any messages that display based on transmission filter life. See *Dual Clutch Transmission Fluid Life System* ⇨ 290. In addition to the Transmission Filter Life system monitoring the filter life, additional maintenance is recommended in the Maintenance Schedule. See *Maintenance Schedule* ⇨ 357.

Choose from the following options: Reset and Add to Driver Display. The Transmission Filter Life display must be reset after each filter replacement. It will not reset itself. Do not reset the Transmission Filter Life display at any time other than when the filter has just been replaced. It cannot be reset accurately until the next filter change. See *Dual Clutch Transmission Fluid Life System* ⇨ 290.

Engine and Battery

Battery Voltage: Displays the current battery voltage.

Select Add to Driver Display if desired.

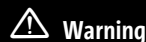
Engine Hours: Displays the total number of hours the engine has run. This display also shows the engine idle hours.

Select Add to Driver Display if desired.

Fuel Economy: Displays average fuel economy, the best fuel economy over the selected distance, and a bar graph showing instantaneous fuel economy. Values are displayed in liters per 100 kilometers (L/100 km) or miles per gallon (mpg). This number reflects only the approximate fuel economy and changes frequently as driving conditions change. Only the best score can be reset.

Choose from the following options: Change Distance, Reset Best Score, and Add to Driver Display. The distance for average fuel economy and the best fuel economy can be changed to: 40 km (25 mi), 80 km (50 mi), and 725 km (300 mi).

Head-Up Display (HUD)



Warning

If the HUD image is too bright or too high in your field of view, it may take you more time to see things you need to see when it is dark outside. Be sure to keep the HUD image dim and placed low in your field of view.

Caution

If you try to use the HUD image as a parking aid, you may misjudge the distance and damage your vehicle. Do not use the HUD image as a parking aid.

Caution

The Head-Up Display projects information using polarized light. Wearing polarized sunglasses can block this light, making the image invisible, dim, or difficult to read. Do not use polarized sunglasses when using the Head-Up Display feature.

If equipped, the Head-Up Display (HUD) projects vehicle information onto the windshield through a lens on top of the instrument panel.

You can change the language and the units of measurement to English or metric through the infotainment screen. See “System” under *Settings* ⇨ 148.

If equipped, the Head-Up Display (HUD) may display the following vehicle information, messages, or alerts:

- Speed
- Incoming Phone Calls
- Navigation
- Driver Assistance Indicators
- Performance Information, if equipped
- Vehicle Messages

Controls

Select HUD on the touchscreen to the left of the steering wheel to access the controls. See *Instrument Panel Overview* ⇨ 5. There are two screens to select from. Swipe to alternate. The power on/off button is next to the brightness controls.

Image

To adjust the Head-Up Display (HUD) image:

1. Adjust the driver seat to your optimal driving position.
2. Start the vehicle.
3. Select HUD on the touchscreen to the left of the steering wheel.
4. Swipe to the control page and press the rotation and height icons to adjust the image to a position level with the ground that is fully visible and clear.
5. The image will automatically dim and brighten to compensate for outside lighting. Use the brightness icons to adjust as needed.

The image can temporarily light up depending on the angle and position of sunlight on the image. This is normal.

The Head-Up Display (HUD) settings are stored and recalled with memory seats, if equipped. See *Memory Seats* ⇨ 43.

Options

To turn the posted speed sign in the Head-Up Display (HUD) on or off, on the infotainment home screen, select *Settings* ⇨ 148 > Display > Driver Display.

To turn the Turn-by-Turn Navigation content in the Head-Up Display (HUD) on or off, on the infotainment home screen, select *Settings* ⇨ 148 > Display > Head-Up Display.

Views

There are three views in the Head-Up Display (HUD). Select the view on the touchscreen to the left of the instrument cluster.

Tour: Displays the speed and navigation content when in active route.

Sport: Displays the speed content, tachometer, gear position, and G-Force meter.

Track: Displays the speed content, gear position, shift lights, and lap time information, if equipped.

Troubleshooting

To ensure optimal visibility of the Head-Up Display (HUD) image, make sure that:

- The windshield is clean. See *Interior Care* ⇨ 351. The windshield is part of the Head-Up Display (HUD) system. See *Windshield Replacement* ⇨ 309.
- The lens is clean and clear of any obstructions. See *Interior Care* ⇨ 351.
- The brightness setting is appropriately adjusted.
- The Head-Up Display (HUD) is adjusted to the proper height and rotation.

If you continue to experience problems, contact your dealer.

Vehicle Messages

Messages displayed on the Driver Information Center indicate the vehicle status or needed action to correct a condition. Multiple messages may appear together.

Vehicle status notifications are also sent to the infotainment display. Touch  on the infotainment home screen to display vehicle messages. A red dot on the notification icon

indicates an active issue. Depending on the message, you can schedule a service or find the nearest dealer.

Press the thumbwheel to acknowledge and clear the messages that do not require immediate action. You cannot clear messages that require immediate action until that action is performed.

Address and follow all message instructions promptly; clearing a message does not correct the issue.

If a SERVICE message appears, see your dealer.

The system may display messages concerning:

- Service Messages
- Fluid Levels
- Vehicle Security
- Brakes
- Steering
- Ride Control Systems
- Advanced Driver Assistance Systems
- Cruise Control
- Front Lift System
- Lighting and Bulb Replacement

- Wiper/Washer Systems
- Doors and Windows
- Seat Belts
- Airbag Systems
- Propulsion
- Tire Pressure
- Battery

Engine Power Messages

REDUCED ACCELERATION DRIVE WITH CARE

This message indicates reduced propulsion power, which will affect maximum acceleration. Drive with caution. Try restarting after the ignition has been off for two minutes. If acceleration decreases significantly, propulsion may be disabled while the vehicle is in motion.

If this message stays on or appears repeatedly, take the vehicle to your dealer for service as soon as possible.

Vehicle Speed Messages

SPEED LIMITED TO XXX KM/H (MPH)

This message indicates that the vehicle has limited its speed to protect vehicle systems, such as lubrication, thermal, brakes, suspension, tires, or Teen Driver, if equipped.

Universal Remote System

Universal Remote System Programming (Garage Door Opener)



If equipped, these buttons are in the sunshade.

This system can replace up to three remote control transmitters used to activate devices such as garage door openers, security systems, and home automation devices. These instructions refer to a garage door opener, but can be used for other devices.

Do not use the Universal Remote system with any garage door opener that does not have the stop and reverse feature. This includes any garage door opener model manufactured before April 1, 1982.

Keep the original hand-held transmitter for use in other vehicles as well as for future programming. Erase the programming when vehicle ownership is terminated. See “Erasing Universal Remote System Buttons” later in this section.

To program a garage door opener, park outside directly in line with and facing the garage door opener receiver. Clear all people and objects near the garage door.

Make sure the hand-held transmitter has a new battery for quick and accurate transmission of the radio-frequency signal.

Programming the Universal Remote System

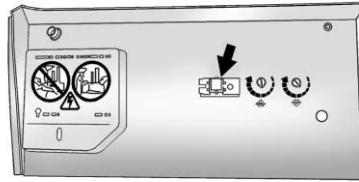
Programming involves time-sensitive actions and may time out, requiring the procedure to be repeated. Read these instructions completely before programming the Universal Remote system. It may help to have another person assist with the programming process.

1. Hold the end of the hand-held transmitter about 3 to 8 cm (1 to 3 in) away from the Universal Remote system buttons with the indicator light in view. The hand-held transmitter was supplied by the manufacturer of the garage door opener receiver.
2. At the same time, press and hold both the hand-held transmitter button and one of the three Universal Remote system buttons to be used to operate the garage door. Do not release either button until the indicator light changes from a slow to a rapid flash or continuous light. Then release both buttons.

Some garage door openers may require substitution of Step 2 with the procedure under “Radio Signals for Some Gate Operators” later in this section.

3. Press and hold the newly programmed Universal Remote system button for five seconds while watching the indicator light and garage door activation.

- If the indicator light stays on continuously or the garage door moves when the button is pressed, then programming is complete. There is no need to complete Steps 4–6.
- If the indicator light does not come on or the garage door does not move, a second button press may be required. For a second time, press and hold the newly programmed button for five seconds. If the indicator light stays on continuously or the garage door moves when the button is pressed, then programming is complete. There is no need to complete Steps 4–6.
- If the garage door does not move, continue with programming Steps 4–6.



Learn or Smart Button

4. After completing Steps 1–3, locate the Learn or Smart button inside garage on the garage door opener receiver. The name and color of the button may vary by manufacturer.
5. Press and release the Learn or Smart button. Step 6 must be completed within 30 seconds of pressing this button.
6. Return to the vehicle and firmly press and hold the trained Universal Remote system button for two seconds and release. Repeat the “press/hold/release” sequence up to three times to complete the training process.

The Universal Remote system should now activate the garage door. Repeat the process for programming the remaining two buttons.

For questions or programming help, visit www.homelink.com/gm or call 1-800-355-3515. For calls placed outside the U.S., Canada, or Puerto Rico, international rates will apply and may differ based on landline or mobile phone.

Radio Signals for Some Gate Operators

Some gate operators and radio-frequency laws require transmitter signals to time out or quit after several seconds of transmission. This may not be long enough for the Universal Remote system to pick up the signal during programming.

If the programming did not work, replace Step 2 under “Programming the Universal Remote System” with the following:

Press and hold the Universal Remote system button while pressing and releasing the hand-held transmitter button every two seconds until the signal has been successfully accepted by the Universal Remote system. The Universal Remote system indicator light will flash slowly at first and then change to a rapid flash or continuous solid-light. Proceed with Step 3 under “Programming the Universal Remote System” to complete.

Universal Remote System Operation (Garage Door Opener)

Using the Universal Remote System

Press and hold the appropriate Universal Remote system button for at least one-half second. The indicator light will come on while the signal is being transmitted.

Erasing Universal Remote System Buttons

Erase all programmed buttons when vehicle ownership is terminated.

To erase:

1. Press and hold the two outside buttons until the indicator light begins to flash. This should take about 10 seconds.
2. Release both buttons.

Reprogramming a Single Universal Remote System Button

To reprogram any of the system buttons:

1. Press and hold any one of the buttons. Do not release the button.

2. The indicator light will begin to flash after 20 seconds. Without releasing the button, proceed with Step 1 under "Programming the Universal Remote System."

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Exterior Lighting Headlight Controls



The headlight control is on the turn signal lever.

There are four positions:

: Turns off the exterior lights and deactivates the AUTO mode.

AUTO: Enables the Automatic Headlight System, which controls the exterior lights and instrument panel lights depending on outside lighting. See *Automatic Headlight System* ⇨ 117.

: Turns on the exterior lights, such as parking lights, taillights, and license plate lights.

: Turns on the headlights, instrument panel lights, and all the lights listed in .

Lights On in Canada

For vehicles first sold in Canada: When not in P (Park), either the Daytime Running Lights or headlights must always be on, due to Canadian safety regulations. Regardless of the headlight control setting, when you shift out of P (Park), the Automatic Headlight System will activate and turn on either the Daytime Running Lights or headlights.

High-Beam Systems

Manual High-Beam Controls

High/Low-Beam Changer

To manually turn the high beams on, push the turn signal lever away from you. To return to low beams, push the lever again or pull it toward you and release.

The high-beam indicator light  appears in the instrument cluster when the high-beam headlights are on.

Flash-to-Pass

To flash the high beams, briefly pull the turn signal lever toward you and release.

Automatic High-Beam System — IntelliBeam

IntelliBeam turns the high-beam headlights on and off automatically when it is dark enough and no other traffic is present.

There is a sensor near the top center of the windshield that automatically detects the lights of oncoming and preceding vehicles. Keep this area of the windshield clear of obstructions to allow for best system performance.

Turning IntelliBeam On and Off



Warning

Using high beams in dense exhaust, smoke, fog, snow, road spray, mist, or other airborne obstructions can cause a glare, obstructing your vision. This reduction in visibility can result in a crash. Never use high beams in dense exhaust, smoke, fog, snow, road spray, mist, or other airborne obstructions.

To enable IntelliBeam, turn the headlight control to either AUTO or , then activate the high/low-beam changer two times within two seconds.

This light  appears in the instrument cluster when IntelliBeam is enabled.

To disable IntelliBeam when high beams are on, turn on the manual high beams using either the high/low-beam changer or flash-to-pass.

To disable IntelliBeam when high beams are off, activate the high/low-beam changer two times within two seconds

Driving with IntelliBeam

The system only activates the high beams when driving over 40 km/h (25 mph).

The blue High-Beam On light  appears in the instrument cluster when the high beams are on.

The high-beam headlights remain on, under automatic control, until one of the following situations occurs:

- The vehicle speed drops below 20 km/h (12 mph).
- The outside light is bright enough that high-beam headlights are not required.

- The system detects an approaching vehicle's headlights.
- The system detects a preceding vehicle's taillights.
- IntelliBeam is manually disabled.

The high-beam headlights may not turn off automatically and must be manually disabled if the system cannot detect another vehicle's lights because of any of the following conditions:

- The other vehicle's lights are missing, damaged, or otherwise undetected.
- The other vehicle's lights are covered or obstructed from view by dense exhaust, smoke, fog, snow, road spray, dirt, mist, or other obstructions.
- The windshield is dirty, cracked, or the light sensor is obstructed.
- A heavy vehicle load raises the front end such that the sensor aim is too high to detect lights.
- You are driving on winding or hilly roads.

Headlights Off Reminder

An audible alert sounds upon opening the driver door if the vehicle is off and the headlights or parking lights are still on.

Daytime Running Lights

Daytime Running Lights make it easier for others to see the front of your vehicle during the day.

The Automatic Headlight System turns the Daytime Running Lights on and off.

When Daytime Running Lights Turn On

The Daytime Running Lights turn on when all the following conditions are met:

- The vehicle is on
- The headlight control is set to Auto
- The light sensor determines it is daytime

The instrument panel lights, taillights, and other exterior lights do not turn on when the Daytime Running Lights are on.

For vehicles first sold in Canada: When not in P (Park), either the Daytime Running Lights or headlights are always on, regardless of the headlight control setting, due to Canadian safety regulations.

When Daytime Running Lights Turn Off

When it begins to get dark, the automatic headlight system turns off the Daytime Running Lights and turns on the headlights.

The Daytime Running Lights turn off when you either turn on the headlights or turn off the vehicle.

For vehicles first sold in Canada, the Daytime Running Lights turn off only when the vehicle is shifted to P (Park) and the headlight control is set to off or .

Automatic Headlight System

The Automatic Headlight System controls the headlights, other exterior lights, and instrument panel lights depending on the outside light level.

To enable the system, set the headlight control to Auto.

- If it is dark enough outside, the system turns on the interior instrument panel lights and the exterior lights, such as headlights, taillights, parking lights, and license plate lights.
- If it is bright enough outside, the system turns off the exterior lights and instrument panel lights and may turn on the Daytime Running Lights.

To turn off the Automatic Headlight System, either turn the headlight control or the vehicle off.

Low Light Conditions During Daylight Hours

When driving through a parking garage, tunnel, or heavy overcast weather, the automatic headlight system may sense a low light level and turn on the headlights. This is normal.

If you start the vehicle in a dark garage, the headlights turn on immediately. If it is light outside when the vehicle leaves the garage, there is a slight delay before the Automatic Headlight System switches over to Daytime Running Lights. During that delay, the instrument cluster may not be as bright as usual. Make sure the instrument panel

brightness control is in the full bright position. See *Instrument Panel Illumination Control* ⇨ 119.

Location of Light Sensor

A light sensor on top of the instrument panel measures the outside light level. See *Instrument Panel Overview* ⇨ 5.

Do not cover the sensor, otherwise the exterior lights will turn on when not needed.

Lights On with Wipers

If you activate the windshield wipers in the daylight with the vehicle on and the headlight control set to Auto, the headlights, parking lights, and other exterior lights turn on. The transition time for the lights turning on varies based on wiper speed. When the wipers are not operating, these lights turn off.

Set the headlight control to off or Parking  to disable this feature.

Headlight Leveling Control

Automatic Headlight Leveling

If equipped, headlight leveling automatically adjusts based on vehicle load to reduce the glare to other drivers.

Hazard Warning Flashers



Hazard warning flashers help alert others that you are having trouble. Press  button to turn the front and rear turn signal flashers on. Press again to turn them off.

When the hazard warning flashers are on, the turn signal lights do not respond to the turn signal lever.

The hazard warning flashers turn on automatically if the airbags deploy.

Turn and Lane-Change Signals

Raise or lower the turn signal lever until the arrow on the instrument cluster starts to flash in the corresponding direction. See *Instrument Panel Overview* ⇨ 5.

Changing Lanes: Hold the lever in place until you complete the lane change. Let go of the lever and it returns to its starting position.

If you raise or lower the lever quickly then release it, the turn signal flashes three times.

If you change lanes without using the turn signal, the Lane Keep Assist system, if equipped, may respond. See *Lane Keep Assist (LKA)* ⇨ 248.

Turning Corners: Move the lever all the way up or down so that it stays in place when you let go. When you complete the turn, bringing the steering wheel back to center will automatically turn off the turn signal.

If the steering wheel did not turn far enough, the turn signal will remain flashing until you move the lever back to its starting position.

Turn Signal On Alert

If you leave the turn signal on for more than 1.2 km (0.75 mi), an audible alert sounds at each flash of the turn signal. The message TURN SIGNAL ON also appears in the Driver Information Center. To turn off both the audible alert and message, move the turn signal lever back to its starting position.

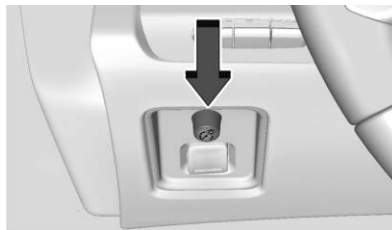
Turn Signal Not Working Normally

If the indicator arrow flashes rapidly when using the turn signal, an exterior LED may have burned out. See your dealer for service.

If the exterior LED is not burned out, check the fuse. See *Instrument Panel Fuse Block* ⇨ 311.

Interior Lighting

Instrument Panel Illumination Control



This feature adjusts the brightness of all illuminated controls. The knob for this feature is to the side of the steering wheel closer to the driver door.

Turn the knob clockwise or counterclockwise to brighten or dim the lights.

The brightness adjustment is functional at night, or when either the headlights or parking lights are on.

Night Mode

This mode is only available at night. To enable Night mode, turn the thumbwheel to the off position.

In Night mode, all graphics will not be visible on the instrument cluster except coolant temperature, energy usage, digital speed, and any active telltales or alerts.

Courtesy Lights

The interior lights come on when any door is opened, when  on the remote key is pressed, or when the vehicle is turned off.

The hatch/trunk lights only come on when the rear compartment is opened.

Reading Lights



Reading lights are located in the overhead console.

To turn a reading light on or off, press the light lens.

The reading lights are also used as courtesy lights, and may come on with entry and exit lighting when any door is opened, when  on the remote key is pressed, or when the vehicle is turned off.

Engine Compartment Light

If equipped, the engine compartment light comes on when:

- Doors are unlocked by pressing  on the remote key.
- Doors are unlocked using Keyless Access.
- Any door is opened.
- The engine compartment hatch is opened.
- The vehicle is started using remote start.

The engine compartment light turns off when:

- All doors and the engine compartment hatch are closed.
- The vehicle is locked by pressing  on the remote key.
- The vehicle is locked by the Passive Locking feature.

As a battery saving feature, the engine compartment light turns off automatically after several minutes if any door or the engine compartment hatch is left open.

Lighting Features

Entry Lighting

The entry lighting feature automatically turns on various interior and exterior lights for increased visibility in and around a vehicle.

Interior: The interior lights will turn on when you open any doors or press  on the remote key.

Exterior: Some exterior lights will turn on when you press  on the remote key.

Low-beam headlights will only turn on briefly at night, or in areas with limited lighting.

All interior and exterior lights turn off when you press  on the remote key or start the vehicle. If you take no action, eventually they will turn off automatically.

To change this feature, on the infotainment home screen, select Settings > Vehicle > Lighting.

Approach Detection

If equipped, entry lighting activates when the vehicle detects the remote key within approximately 2 m (6 ft).

If you do not use the remote key or keyless access for an extended period while the vehicle is parked, approach detection deactivates. To reactivate approach detection, press any button on the remote key or open and close all doors.

Exit Lighting

After the vehicle is off and the driver door opens, some exterior and interior lights turn on.

The exterior and interior lights remain on for a set amount of time, then automatically turn off.

The exterior lights turn off immediately when the headlight control is set to Off.

From the app screen on the infotainment display, select Settings > Vehicle > Lighting to change this feature.

Battery Power Protection

This feature helps prevent the battery from being drained if you leave the interior dome lights or reading lights on. These lights automatically turn off 10 minutes after you turn the vehicle off. The lights will not turn back on again until one of the following actions occurs:

- You start the vehicle.
- You close the doors, then re-open them.

Exterior Lighting Battery Saver

If you leave the parking lights or headlights on manually, they turn off about 10 minutes after you turn the vehicle off. This protects against draining the battery. To restart the 10-minute timer, turn the headlight control off and then select  or .

To keep the lights on for more than 10 minutes, restart the vehicle or put it in accessory mode.

Infotainment System

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Introduction

Read the following pages to become familiar with the features.



Warning

Taking your eyes off the road for too long or too often while using any infotainment feature can cause a crash. You or others could be injured or killed. Do not give extended attention to infotainment tasks while driving. Limit your glances at the vehicle displays and focus your attention on driving. Use voice commands whenever possible.

The infotainment system has built-in features intended to help avoid distraction by disabling some features when driving. These features may become disabled on the infotainment apps screen when they are unavailable. Many infotainment features are also available through the instrument cluster and steering wheel controls.

Before driving:

- Become familiar with the operation, center stack controls, steering wheel controls, and infotainment display.
- Set up the audio by presetting favorite stations, setting the tone, and adjusting the speakers.
- Set up phone numbers in advance so they can be called easily by pressing a single control or by using a single voice command.

See *Distracted Driving* ⇨ 163.

Active Noise Cancellation

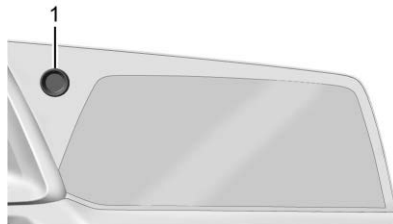
If equipped, Active Noise Cancellation reduces engine noise in the vehicle's interior.

Active Noise Cancellation requires the factory-installed audio system, radio, speakers, amplifier (if equipped), induction system, and exhaust system to work properly. Deactivation may be required by your dealer if related aftermarket equipment is installed.

Overview

Infotainment System

You can control the infotainment system by using the infotainment display, center stack controls, steering wheel buttons, and voice recognition.



1. Power/Volume

- When off, press to turn the system on.
- When on, press to mute the system. Press again to unmute the system.
- Press and hold to display the power off screen or the option to display the power off screen.
- Turn to increase or decrease the volume.

Infotainment Home Screen

The vehicle application icons are accessed from the infotainment home screen. Some applications are disabled when the vehicle is moving.

Swipe left or right across the display to access the pages of icons.

The card view icon  is located on the left side of the screen. Scroll right or left through the different cards. The right hand view can be changed by touching the edit icon.

Managing Infotainment Home Screen Icons

1. Touch and hold any of the infotainment home screen icons to enter edit mode.
2. Continue holding the icon and drag it to the desired position.
3. Release your finger to drop the icon in the desired position.

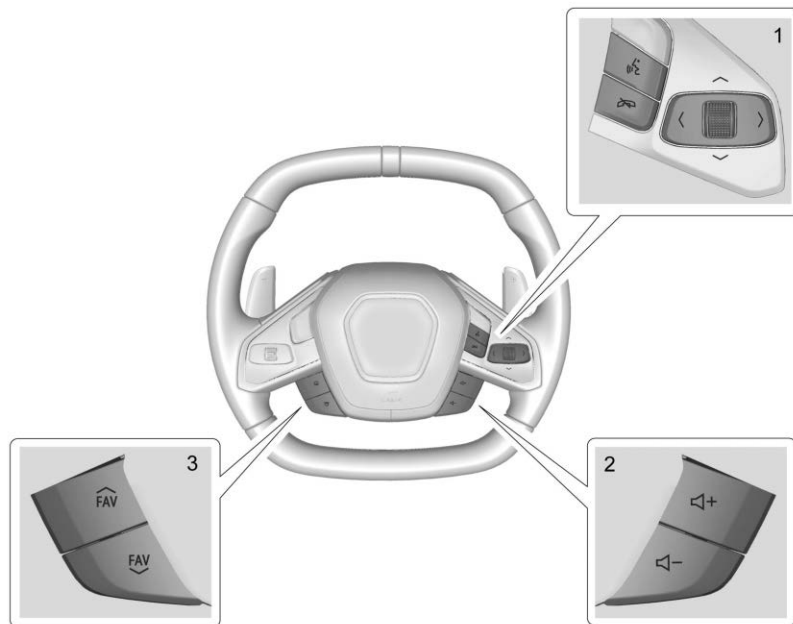
Move an Icon to Another Page

1. Drag the icon to the edge of the display toward the desired page.
2. Continue dragging and dropping application icons as desired.

Move an Icon to the Application Tray

To move an icon to the application tray on the left side of the screen, drag the icon to the applications tray.

Steering Wheel Controls



If equipped, some audio controls can be adjusted at the steering wheel.

(1): Press to start voice recognition. See *Voice Recognition* ⇨ 134.

(1): Press to decline an incoming call or end a current call. Press to mute or unmute the infotainment system when not on a call. See *Bluetooth (Pairing and Using a Phone)* ⇨ 142 *Bluetooth (Overview)* ⇨ 141.

< (1): Press to open the audio source list in the cluster.

> (1): Press to open the recent calls list in the cluster.

^ or v (1): Use the thumbwheel to seek when listening to the radio or scroll up or down when in a list. SiriusXM scroll function does not cycle stations like the other radio options. Press the thumbwheel to select.

⏮ + or ⏭ - (2): Pull to increase or decrease volume.

⏮ FAV or FAV ⏭ (3): Pull to select the next or previous favorite when listening to the radio.

Using the System

Audio

Touch the Audio icon to display the active audio source page. Examples of available sources may include AM, FM, SiriusXM (if equipped), USB, and Bluetooth.

Phone

Touch the Phone icon to display the Phone main page. See *Bluetooth (Pairing and Using a Phone)* ⇨ 142 *Bluetooth (Overview)* ⇨ 141.

Maps

If equipped, touch the Maps icon to display the navigation map. See *Using the Navigation System* ⇨ 130.

Google Assistant

If equipped, touch the Google Assistant icon to open the Google Assistant app. See *Voice Recognition* ⇨ 134.

Google Play

If equipped, touch to download some of your favorite apps in your vehicle. Downloading apps on Google Play requires you to sign into a Google Account and have internet connectivity in your vehicle. Some third-party apps require a separate account and, in some cases, a paid subscription for in-vehicle access.

Settings

Touch the Settings icon to display the Settings menu. See *Settings* ⇨ 148.

Apple CarPlay

If equipped, touch the Apple CarPlay icon to activate Apple CarPlay after a supported device is connected. See *Apple CarPlay and Android Auto* ⇨ 147.

Android Auto

If equipped, touch the Android Auto icon to activate Android Auto after a supported device is connected. See *Apple CarPlay and Android Auto* ⇨ 147.

Application Tray

The application tray is left of the display. It shows up to five applications.

Infotainment Display Features

Infotainment display features show on the display when available. When a feature becomes unavailable, the system grays it out and disables it. When you touch a feature, the system highlights it.

Infotainment Gestures

Use the following finger gestures to control the infotainment system.

Touch/Tap

Touch/tap is used to select an icon or option, activate an application, or change the location inside a map.

Touch and Hold

Touch and hold can be used to move or delete an application.

Drag

Drag is used to move applications on the infotainment home screen, or to pan the map. To drag the item, it must be held and moved along the display to the new location. This can be done up, down, right, or left. This feature is only available when vehicle is parked and not in motion.

Nudge

Nudge is used to move items a short distance on a list or a map. To nudge, hold and move the selected item up or down to a new location.

Fling or Swipe

Fling or swipe is used to scroll through a list, pan the map, or change page views. Do this by placing a finger on the display then moving it rapidly up and down or right and left.

Spread

Spread is used to zoom in on a map, certain images, or a web page. Place finger and thumb together on the display, then move them apart.

Pinch

Pinch is used to zoom out on a map, certain images, or a web page. Place finger and thumb apart on the display, then move them together.

Cleaning High Gloss Surfaces, Vehicle Information, and Radio Displays

See *Interior Care* ⇨ 351.

Radio

AM-FM Radio

Playing the Radio

From the infotainment home screen, touch the Audio icon to display the active audio source page. Touch the source icon from the top of the page to choose from AM, FM, SiriusXM, or Bluetooth .

Finding a Station

Seeking a Station

From the FM, AM, or SiriusXM (if equipped) screen, touch ◀◀ or ▶▶ on the infotainment display to search for the previous or next strong station.

Tune

Touch  on the infotainment display to enter the Tune screen. Enter a station using the keypad.

The keypad will gray out entries that do not contribute to a valid frequency and will automatically place a decimal point within the frequency number.

Touch  to delete one number at a time.

Touch and hold  to delete all numbers.

A valid AM or FM station will automatically tune to the new frequency and display the now playing screen.

The list of all available stations are on the right side of the Tune display to browse. Touch to go to that station or touch  to save the station as a favorite.

Storing Radio Station Favorites

Saved favorite stations will show at the left side of the now playing screen.

AM, FM, or SiriusXM : Favorites can be stored by touching Hold to Set on the left side of the screen.

The number of favorites is displayed automatically.

Audio Settings

From the now playing screen, touch  and the following may display.

Equalizer

Fade/Balance

Sound Mode

Bose AudioPilot

If equipped, adjusts the volume based on the noise inside the vehicle and vehicle speed.

Manage Radio Favorites

Displays a list of audio favorites that can be moved or deleted.

Radio Text (RDS)

When on, radio station name and messages from radio stations will be shown.

Radio Text Categories

When on, category information about current radio content will be shown.

Radio Data System (RDS)

RDS relies on receiving specific RDS information from radio stations and only works when the information is available. It is possible that a radio station could broadcast information that causes the radio to work improperly.

In addition, RDS features are region and country of sale specific. This means specific RDS content may not be available in your listening area or in the country you operate the vehicle.

To turn RDS features on or off, see "Audio Settings" previously.

The following RDS features may be supported by radio broadcasters in your listening area:

RDS Features

- Display radio station name
- Display messages from radio stations

- Provide radio station category information (when available)

Satellite Radio

SiriusXM Radio Service

If equipped, vehicles with a SiriusXM radio subscription can receive SiriusXM programming.

SiriusXM radio has a wide variety of programming and commercial-free music, coast to coast, in digital-quality sound.

In the U.S., see www.siriusxm.com or call 1-888-601-6296. In Canada, see www.siriusxm.ca or call 1-888-539-7474.

When SiriusXM is active, the channel name, number, song title, and artist appear on the display.

SiriusXM with 360L

SiriusXM with 360L interface has enhanced in-vehicle listening experience for subscribers. The experience now offers more categories and system-learned recommendations toward discovering more personalized content.

To use the full SiriusXM 360L program, including streaming content and listening recommendations, OnStar Connected Access

is required and Terms and Conditions must be accepted. No paid data subscription is required. Connected vehicle services vary by model and require a complete working electrical system, cell reception, and GPS signal.

Reference the SiriusXM user guide for use and subscription information.

Playing SiriusXM Content

Touch , , or  on the audio now playing screen to rewind, pause, play, or fast forward content.

Finding a Channel

From the SiriusXM now playing screen, touch  CH or CH  to open the SiriusXM tuner channel list.

To directly tune to a channel, touch the Tune icon to enter a channel number using the keypad.

Browsing Content

Touch  to view different browsing content, including:

Channels, Music, On Demand shows and episodes, Sports and News content.

SiriusXM Settings

From the SiriusXM now playing screen, touch the user settings icon to display the SiriusXM settings.

The settings include subscription information, help and support, and listener preferences.

Radio Reception

Unplug any electronic devices from the accessory power outlets if there is static interference.

FM

FM signals only reach about 16 to 65 km (10 to 40 mi). Although the radio has a built-in electronic circuit that automatically works to reduce interference, some static can occur, especially around tall buildings or hills, causing the sound to fade in and out.

AM

The range for most AM stations is greater than FM, especially at night. The longer range may also cause station frequencies to interfere with each other. Storms and power lines may also interfere with radio reception. Try reducing the treble on the radio if static interference occurs.

SiriusXM Satellite Radio Service

If equipped, SiriusXM Satellite Radio Service provides digital radio reception. Tall buildings or hills can interfere with satellite radio signals, causing the sound to fade in and out. In addition, traveling or parking under heavy foliage, bridges, garages, or tunnels may cause loss of the SiriusXM signal for a period of time. Some cellular services may interfere with SiriusXM reception causing signal loss.

Mobile Devices

Making or receiving calls, charging, or just having a mobile device on may cause static interference. Unplug or turn off any mobile devices if this happens.

Multi-Band Antenna

The multi-band antenna may be used for radio, navigation, and other communication systems, depending on the equipped options. To ensure clear reception, keep the antenna clear of obstructions like snow and ice. An open sunroof or roof-mounted cargo can also affect reception.

Audio Players

Avoiding Untrusted Media Devices

Avoid using untrusted mobile and USB media devices that may negatively affect system operation or performance.

USB Port

The vehicle may be equipped with multiple USB ports including one in the passenger grab handle and in the console storage compartment. You can play music from a connected USB device, and you can also use the ports to charge devices.

Caution

To avoid vehicle damage, unplug all accessories and disconnect all accessory cables from the vehicle when not in use. Accessory cables left plugged into the vehicle, unconnected to a device, could be damaged or cause an electrical short if the unconnected end comes in contact with liquids or another power source such as the accessory power outlet.

USB Audio

To play music via USB:

1. On the audio now playing screen, touch source and select USB.
2. If there is no device connected, follow the screen prompts to connect the device.
3. Supported media content will appear on the display.

Bluetooth Audio

A connected Bluetooth mobile device can play music.

Use the infotainment controls to adjust volume and select songs. Check the volume setting on the infotainment system or the connected mobile device if Bluetooth is selected and no volume is present.

To play music via Bluetooth:

1. On the audio now playing page, touch source and select the desired Bluetooth mobile device.
2. If there is no mobile device connected, follow the screen prompts to pair the device.

3. Supported media content will appear on the display.

Manage Bluetooth Devices

Managing Bluetooth devices allows you to add, delete, or select another paired mobile device.

Only one Bluetooth mobile device can be active at a time.

Some mobile devices support sending Bluetooth music information to display on the radio. For more information about supported Bluetooth features, visit your brand website. See *Online Account and Customer Support* ⇨ 375 for details.

Navigation

Using the Navigation System

Google Maps provides the navigation software in this vehicle. This section provides a general overview and is subject to change. For the most current functional information, visit g.co/mapsincar.

To begin using the system, you must accept the Terms and Conditions.

Internet Connectivity

Google Maps requires an active subscription data plan to deliver full functionality, including offline map availability.

With an applicable connected services plan, Google Maps can automatically download offline maps before losing connectivity, allowing you to continue navigating without internet connectivity.

Profiles

Sign in to your Google Account to receive personalized services such as saved locations, custom maps, and real-time recommendations. Google Account information appears as available.

To log into a profile, see Accounts under *Settings* ⇨ 148.

Voice Assistant

If equipped, you can control Google Maps using voice commands. See Google Assistant under *Voice Recognition* ⇨ 134.

Language and Units

To change the language and units, see *Settings* ⇨ 148.

Mute Settings

During active route guidance, Google Maps provides audible voice directions and traffic alerts. These can be muted as needed. In the Google Maps app, select Settings > Mute settings to access the guidance audio options. Alternatively, mute audible voice directions and traffic alerts by tapping the sound icon on the navigation map screen during active navigation.

Compass

You can adjust Google Maps orientation by selecting the compass icon. Select to change between the direction currently traveling, north, and route overview.

To recenter the map to the current location, select the location icon.

Maps

Auto-Downloaded Maps

Google Maps downloads maps automatically for use when not connected to the Internet. Offline maps make map data available to vehicle features regardless of connectivity.

To turn on auto-download:

1. Open Google Maps.
2. Touch the Settings icon.
3. Touch Privacy center, then select Offline maps.
4. Select Auto-download offline maps.
5. Check the Internet connection and wait for the download to finish.

Downloading Offline Maps

1. Open Google Maps.
2. Touch Settings, then Offline maps.
3. Touch the Select your own map square icon.
4. Adjust the map to cover the desired area to download.
5. Touch Download.

Navigation Symbols

The following are the most common symbols that may appear in Google Maps.



This indicates the vehicle's current location and direction on the map.



The destination pin marks the location of the final destination. Touch the pin to view the destination address or to add it or remove it from the Favorites list. Hide the information by touching the pin one more time. It will automatically time out if no action is taken.

A second pin in the menu is the route overview. Touch this pin to show more details of the destination or to remove the destination.

Destination

Searching for a Destination

A destination can be searched using Google Assistant.

To search for a destination without Google Assistant:

1. Open Google Maps.
2. Touch the Search field.

3. Enter the destination.
4. Touch the Navigation icon.

Alternate Routes

Alternate routes are displayed as separate lines. While in either Turn-by-Turn navigation or on the route overview, touch the suggested alternate route.

Adding a Stop on Route by Voice

1. While in Turn-by-Turn navigation, touch the Search icon at the bottom.
2. Touch the Google Assistant mic icon and say the destination to search by voice.
3. Select the desired search result from the list.
4. Touch the Add stop icon.

Adding a Stop on Route by Category

1. While in Turn-by-Turn navigation, touch the Search icon at the bottom.
2. Select a category.
3. Select the desired search result from the list.
4. Touch the Add stop icon.

Adding a Home or Work Address

To edit a home or work address, an account must be logged in. See Profiles and Accounts under *Settings* ⇨ 148.

1. Open Google Maps.
2. Touch Settings, then touch Edit home or work.
3. Enter the address.

Search by Category

Destinations can be searched by category, such as restaurant or grocery store.

1. Open Google Maps.
2. Touch the search bar.
3. Touch Categories, then select a category.
4. Touch the desired location, then touch the Navigation icon.

Avoid Tolls, Highways, or Ferries

1. Open Google Maps.
2. Touch the Settings icon.
3. Select Route options.
4. Select the desired options and then touch X to close.

An Alternative Way for General Route Options

1. During active route guidance, touch Route Overview.
2. Select Route options.
3. Select the desired option and then touch X to close.

Traffic Layers

1. Open Google Maps.
2. Touch the Settings icon.
3. Touch Traffic to turn on or off.

Global Positioning System (GPS)

GPS uses satellite and various vehicle signals to determine the current vehicle position for the navigation system.

Interference from the satellite condition, road configuration, condition of the vehicle, and/or other circumstances can affect the navigation system's ability to determine the accurate position of the vehicle.

This system might not be available or interference can occur if any of the following are true:

- Signals are obstructed by tall buildings, trees, large trucks, or a tunnel.
- Satellites are being repaired or improved.

For more information if GPS is not functioning properly, see *Problems with Route Guidance* ➔ 133.

Vehicle Positioning

At times, the position of the vehicle on the map could be inaccurate due to one or more of the following reasons:

- The road system changes.
- You are driving on slippery road surfaces such as sand, gravel, or snow.
- You are traveling on winding roads or long, straight roads.
- The vehicle is approaching a tall building or a large vehicle.
- The vehicle is running parallel to a freeway on surface streets.
- A vehicle carrier or ferry is transferring the vehicle.

- The current position calibration is set incorrectly.
- You are traveling at high speed.
- You are changing directions often, or the vehicle is on a turntable in a parking lot.
- You are driving into or exiting out of a parking lot, garage, or a lot with a roof.
- The vehicle is unable to receive a GPS signal.
- The vehicle has a roof carrier.
- The vehicle has tire traction devices.
- The vehicle has newly replaced or worn tires.
- The tire pressure is incorrect.
- The navigation system is using map data for the first time after an update.
- The 12-volt battery has been disconnected for several days.
- You are driving in heavy traffic at low speeds and the vehicle is stopping and starting repeatedly.

Problems with Route Guidance

Incorrect route guidance can occur under one or more of the following conditions:

- Missing a turn on the indicated road.
- Turning at an intersection.
- Recent changes to roads, or roads not listed in Maps.

Additionally, route guidance may be unavailable if:

- Using automatic rerouting for the next right or left turn.
- Regulations (time, season, construction zone, etc.) prohibit vehicle entry.
- The route is not found.

When navigating to a destination that does not pass through the set waypoint, the system may automatically recalculate the route to return to the waypoint.

To recalibrate the map position, park in a safe, open area free from large obstructions, with the vehicle on for two to five minutes until the position updates.

Voice Recognition

If equipped, the vehicle's built-in Assistant allows for hands-free use of media and messaging, navigation and climate control functionality in the vehicle. To activate, quickly press and release  on the steering wheel, touch Google Assistant on the infotainment apps screen, or use the wake up words "Hey Google" or "OK Google." Google Assistant must be set as the default assistant for steering wheel and wake word activation to work.

However, not all features within these areas are supported by voice commands and requires the user to have a valid data subscription plan or connected to Wi-Fi in order to use some of the Google Assistant features.

Using Voice Recognition

Voice recognition becomes available once the system is initialized. This begins when the vehicle is turned on. Initialization may take a few moments.

1. Quickly press and release  on the steering wheel controls, touch Google Assistant on the infotainment apps screen, or use the wake up words "Hey Google" or "OK Google" to activate voice recognition. Google Assistant must be set as the Default Assistant for the  and the wake word options to work.
2. Clearly speak one of the commands described later in this section.

Canceling Google Assistant

- Press  on the steering wheel controls to cancel the Google Assistant request.

Helpful Hints for Speaking Commands

Voice recognition identifies commands that are naturally stated in sentence form, or direct commands that state the application and the task.

For best results:

- Speak the command naturally, not too fast, not too slow.

- Use direct commands without a lot of extra words. For example, "Call <name> at work," "Play" followed by the artist or song name, or "Play" followed by the radio station number.

Direct commands are more clearly understood by the system. An example of a direct command is "Dial <number>."

If a cell phone number was saved with a name and a place, the direct command should include both. For example "Call <name> at work."

Voice Recognition for the Radio

When voice is started, the voice recognition commands for AM, FM, SiriusXM (if equipped), and media apps (if supported) are available.

"Play <AM frequency> AM": Tune to the radio station frequency identified in the command (like "nine fifty").

"Play <FM frequency> FM": Tune to the radio station frequency identified in the command (like "one oh one point one").

"Play channel <SiriusXM channel number> on SiriusXM": Tune to the SiriusXM radio station channel number identified in the command. This command may require an online connection.

“Play <SiriusXM channel name> on SiriusXM”:

Tune to the SiriusXM radio station channel name identified in the command. This command may require an online connection.

“Play <Media> on <Audio Source>”: Play media like a song or channel using a specified audio source such as Pandora or Spotify. This command may require an online connection.

Voice Recognition for the Phone

Make sure the phone is paired using Bluetooth to use the phone related voice commands.

“Call <contact name>”: Initiate a call to a stored contact. The command may include location if the contact has location numbers stored. You must accept Personal Results permission during set up for access to the contacts.

“Call < phone number>”: Initiate a call to a phone number of seven digits or 10 digits.

“Send a message to <contact name>”: Send a message to a stored contact.

Voice Recognition for Navigation

Navigation commands can be used to start, cancel route, or add waypoints/points of interest (POI).

“Navigate to <destination address>”: Initiate navigation to the address in the command.

“Find a <Place of Interest>”: Find and initiate navigation to a POI in the command.

“Add <destination> on my way”: Adds a waypoint to the current route.

“Take me home”: Starts navigation to Home location set in Google maps.

Onboard Vehicle Commands

These commands can be used to adjust vehicle temperature, control window defrosters and obtain fuel information.

“Turn on the A/C”: Turns on the air conditioning.

“How much gas do I have left”: Find out how much fuel your vehicle has left.

“Set temperature to <desired number> degrees”: Set to a specific temperature inside your vehicle.

Phone Assistant Voice Recognition

While a mobile phone is connected via Bluetooth, Android Auto, or Apple CarPlay, press and hold  on the steering wheel controls until you hear a response from the

phone's voice assistant to pass through and launch the Voice Assistant on the connected mobile phone (e.g., Google Assistant, Siri, etc.).

Performance Data Recorder (PDR)

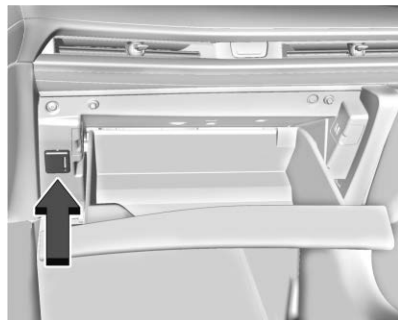
If equipped, the PDR icon displays on the infotainment screen.

Important Information

Use of the Performance Data Recorder may be prohibited or legally restricted in certain countries and situations. Ensure compliance with applicable laws and regulations, including, but not limited to: privacy laws, laws related to camera surveillance and recordings, road traffic and security laws, and laws on the protection of publicity and personality rights.

- Do not use the Performance Data Recorder if it causes distraction.
- Do not rely on camera footage to steer the vehicle.
- Comply with any notice and consent requirements before capturing and/or recording the voices or images of other persons or before collecting other personal data.

- Notify other drivers of your vehicle of the above rules and require them to comply.
- General Motors does not accept any responsibility or liability in connection with use that is not permitted.
- Law enforcement authorities may have the right to seize video recordings and use them as evidence of criminal/driving offenses against you or third parties.



The Performance Data Recorder records video, audio, and performance data. This data is stored on a removable SD card located in the glove box.

The recorded data is not stored anywhere else and is only accessible from the SD card.

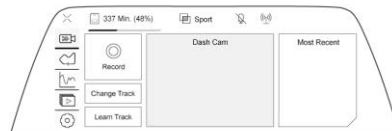
Format the SD card regularly to optimize Performance Data Recorder performance. Back up all recordings on the SD card before formatting, as formatting will delete all saved recordings.

Check the health of the SD card if the display shows a system error code like "System Error Code ####." You may need to reformat or replace the SD card. If the issue continues, please see your dealer.

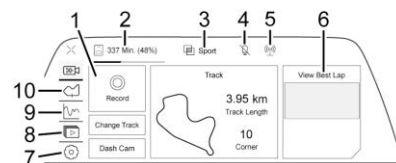
To begin, insert an exFAT formatted SD card, Class 10 required, 16 GB or larger recommended, into the SD card reader located in the glove box.

If an SD card is not detected, a No Storage Device Detected message will display.

Select the PDR icon to access the Performance Data Recorder home screen.



Home Screen – Dash Cam



Home Screen – Track Selected

1. Record
2. SD Card Information
3. Video Overlay: Sport, Track, Timers, None
4. Audio Recording
5. GPS Signal
6. Best Lap
7. Settings
8. Saved Recordings
9. Analysis
10. Tracks: Circuit and Autocross

The dash cam menu is shown on first time use and/or until a track is learned or selected. Selecting Dash Cam deselects the track and returns to the dash cam menu.

Record

The system grays out the Record button if it is unable to begin recording. See SD Card Information later in this section.

Select Record to begin recording. After recording begins, this button changes to Stop Recording. Select to stop the recording session. While recording, other menu selections may be unavailable or grayed out. To access these menus, stop the recording.

The recording must be stopped and the file closed before removing the SD card, or the recording cannot be reviewed.

The elapsed time will show when recording.

SD Card Information

This displays the SD card storage information. When the storage is low, full, or undetected, the display changes to an alert.

The following errors or warnings may be displayed while recording:

- No Storage Device Detected
- Storage Device is Full
- System Error
- Unable to Use This Storage Device

- SD Card Write Protected- Remove the SD card and slide the protection switch if this message displays.

Video Overlay

Select the Video Overlay icon to display the menu screen.

You can change or configure the overlay after creating the video by selecting an overlay during playback

Selecting preview provides a live preview of the overlay selected.

Select one:

- Sport
- Track
- Timers
- None

Sport

Displays these vehicle metrics:

- Vehicle Speed: Up to three digits are displayed in km/h or MPH depending on vehicle settings.
- Engine Revolutions Per Minute (rpm): The horizontal bar shows current rpm. As the rpm increases, the backfill follows.

- Transmission State (Current Gear): Transmissions display 1, 2, etc.
- Lateral G-Force Graphic: Left and Right G-Forces are displayed. The graphic fills to the left or the right depending on the measure value. The measured G-Force displays as a number at the top of the graphic.
- Event Odometer: This displays the distance driven since the recording began.

Track

Displays these vehicle metrics:

- Vehicle Speed: Same as Sport.
- GPS Tracking Map: Shows the vehicle's current position relative to a known route.
- Engine Revolutions Per Minute (rpm): Same as Sport.
- Transmission State (Current Gear): Same as Sport.
- Friction Bubble Graphic: Lateral and longitudinal G-Forces are displayed as a dot within a bubble. A red dot displays when the vehicle starts braking and turns green when the vehicle accelerates. The dot is white when the vehicle is not moving. A white dot is the default.

- **Brake and Throttle Graphic:** Displays the percentage value of brake and throttle pedal position from 0–100%.
- **Steering Angle Graphic:** The graphic fills from the center to the left or right depending on the direction of steering. The numerical steering angle displays below the graphic.
- **Active Handling Active Indicator:** The graphic only displays if the active handling systems are activated.
- **Performance Traction Management (PTM) Mode:** Displays the current PTM mode. The options are OFF, Wet, Dry, Sport, Race 1, Race 2 or Race Pro.
- **Current Lap Time:** Displays the elapsed lap time if the finish line is defined and the vehicle has crossed the defined finish line at least once.
- **Event Odometer:** Displays the distance driven since the recording began.
- **Drive Mode:** Displays the vehicle's current drive mode.

Timers

Displays these vehicle metrics:

- **Vehicle Speed:** Same as Sport.

- **Engine Revolutions Per Minute (rpm):** Same as Sport.
- **Transmission State (Current Gear):** Same as Sport.
- **0–96 km/h (0–60 mph), 0–160 km/h (0–100 mph), 0–160–0 km/h (0–100–0 mph) and 0–402 m (0–1/4 mi):** The timer starts recording as soon as the vehicle accelerates. As the vehicle passes each speed and distance milestone, it is displayed on the overlay.
- **Set Speeds:** Select to choose the speeds to start and end the timer.
- **Throttle Position:** Displays the percentage of throttle applied from 0–100%.
- **Active Handling Active Indicator:** The graphic only displays if the active handling systems are activated.

None

No vehicle data displays on top of the recorded video. Vehicle data is still available with the video when accessed in the toolbox software. See www.chevrolet.com/performance/corvette-experience to download Toolbox Software.

Audio Recording

Select to turn the audio recording on/off.

GPS Signal

Indicates GPS signal strength.

Best Lap

Select to view the best lap video.

Settings

Select the Settings icon to view the Settings menu.

- **Audio Recording-** Select on or off to record audio with the recorded video.
- **Automatic Recording-** When on, the Performance Data Recorder will automatically begin recording whenever the vehicle is in the Run Power Mode. Configurations include:
 - Automatic Recording Video Quality
 - While in Valet Mode only
 - Whether to allow recording overwrite when the storage is full
- **Video Recording Quality-** Low (480p), Medium (720p) or High (1080p). Higher quality will result in larger recording files.

- **Storage Information- Removable and Performance Data Recorder Application Storage**
- **Default Video Overlay- Select the default overlay: Sport, Track, Timers, None**
- **Software Information- Displays Performance Data Recorder Software Information and Version numbers.**

Saved Recordings



Select the Recordings icon. If a Track, Autocross or Dash Cam outing was recorded, it can be selected to view. The most recent recording is displayed in the card next to the list. The next most recent recordings are shown in the list in chronological order.

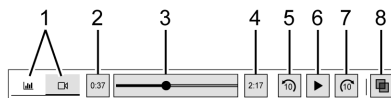
To save a recording as a favorite, select the star next to the recording.

Select the recording to start playback.

Recordings may be deleted by selecting the trash can. Touch Delete to confirm delete or Close to cancel. Touch Select All to delete all saved recordings.

The system prevents video playback while the vehicle is moving.

Tap on the screen while the video is playing to display the video playback controls.



Video Playback

1. Analysis/Video
2. Elapsed time
3. Slide bar
4. Time remaining
5. Skip Back
6. Play/Pause
7. Skip Ahead
8. Video overlay

Analysis/Video

On touch: Displays single lap analysis screen. Touch to navigate back to the dual video analysis screen.

Elapsed Time

Shows the elapsed time for the recording.

Slide Bar

On touch or slide: Navigate to any section of the video.

Time Remaining

Shows the remaining time for the recording.

Skip Back

On touch: Skip back (10 sec.). If at the beginning of video playback, this icon is inactive.

Play/Pause

On touch: Play/Pause the video playback. When paused, the icon changes to 'Pause' icon.

Skip Ahead

On touch: Skip ahead (10 sec.). If at the end of the playback time, this icon is inactive.

Video Overlay

Available on Dash Cam Playback

On touch: Cycle through four different overlays to customize the view.

Analysis

Touch the Analysis icon on the screen for Coaching and Analysis.

Coaching: Select an outing from the track list to display speed tips. Select a Speed Tip to view tips for improvement.

Swipe the screen to see the additional tips.

Analysis: Touch the card to select a lap for analysis. After first lap has been selected, touch the card to add an additional lap.

Select Show Analysis: View analysis for Speed, Throttle, and Brake.

Speed

On touch: Shows Speed information for selected laps within selected session.

Throttle

On touch: Shows Acceleration information for selected laps within selected session.

Brake

On touch: Shows Braking information for selected laps within selected session.

View the graph to see the Time Slip data of each selection.

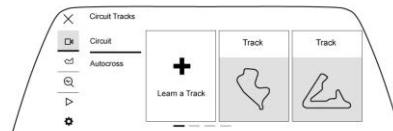
Dual Video

In Track Dual Video View, touch the edit icon to open the target lap screen and select a different lap from the current session or from a different session within the selected track.

Use the video playback controls to sync playbacks from both videos.

Tracks

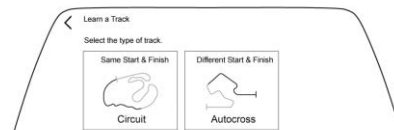
Touch the Track icon to view the track browser.



Track Browser

- Select Learn Track to create a new custom track.

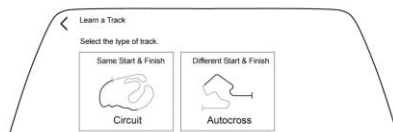
- Only one track can be learned during each recording session. To learn a new track, end the current recording and start a new one. If a track learning is unsuccessful, a message will display to Retry.
- Once a track is learned, touch the pencil icon to customize the track name.



Custom Track Learning – Circuit

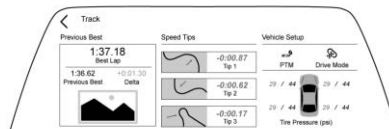
- Select Circuit as the track type. Select Set Start when you reach the starting line.
- The system automatically completes circuit track learning after one lap of the course.
- After the Learning Process is complete, touch the arrow in the top left to go back to the home screen or touch Relearn Track to attempt to learn again.
- Saved tracks will be named by the Performance Data Recorder as custom.gpx.

- Select the saved track and rename by selecting the pencil icon. Do not change or delete the file extension (.gpx).
- Select Cancel to stop track learning.



Custom Track Learning – Autocross

- Select Autocross as the track type. Select Set Start when you reach the starting line.
- Drive along the course and touch Set Finish when the vehicle has reached the finish line.
- After the Learning Process is complete, touch the arrow in the top left to go back to the home screen or touch Relearn Track to attempt to learn again.
- Saved tracks will be named by the PDR as custom.gpx.
- Saved tracks can be renamed by selecting the pencil icon. Do not change or delete the file extension (.gpx).
- Select Cancel to stop track learning.



Post-Race Summary

- Post-Race Summary Card
- Speed Tips
- Vehicle Setup

Select a learned track or press Stop during a track recording to view the post-race summary.

Post-Race Summary Card

Select the summary card to view the best lap information and the lap video preview.

Speed Tips

Select to view the total lap time reduction based on the selected outing. For additional information, see Analysis earlier in this section.

Vehicle Setup

View Tire Pressure information from the best lap.

Performance Data Recorder Tools

Use analysis tools to view data and footage captured by the Performance Data Recorder to get a more-in depth understanding of on-track performance and lap time improvements. See www.cosworth.com/motorsport/support/pdr-data-analysis-tools/ to download analysis tools.

Phone

Bluetooth (Overview)

The vehicle's Bluetooth system can interact with a mobile device to:

- Place and receive calls in a hands-free mode.
- Share the device's address book or contact list with the vehicle.
- Stream audio (music, podcasts).
- Notify receipt and reply to text messages depending on phone type.

To minimize driver distraction, before driving, and with the vehicle parked:

- Become familiar with the features of the mobile device. Organize the phone book and contact lists clearly and delete duplicate or unused entries.

- Review the controls and operation of the infotainment system.
- Pair mobile device(s) to the vehicle. The system may not work with all mobile devices. See “Pairing” later in this section.

Vehicles with a Bluetooth system can use a Bluetooth-capable mobile device with a Hands-Free Profile to make and receive phone calls. The infotainment system and voice recognition are used to control the system. The system can be used while the vehicle is on. The range of the Bluetooth system can be up to 9.1 m (30 ft). Not all mobile devices support all functions and not all mobile devices work with the Bluetooth system. See *Online Account and Customer Support* ⇨ 375 for more information about compatible mobile devices.

Controls

Use the controls on the infotainment display and the steering wheel to operate the Bluetooth system.

Steering Wheel Controls

 : Press and hold until you hear a response from the phone's voice assistant to start voice recognition on your mobile phone that is

connected through Bluetooth. If there is an incoming call, then a press and release will answer the call.

 : Press to end a call, decline a call, or cancel an operation. Press to mute or unmute the infotainment system when not on a call.

Infotainment System Controls

For information about how to navigate the menu system using the infotainment controls, see *Using the System* ⇨ 125.

Audio System

When using the Bluetooth system, sound comes through the vehicle's front audio system speakers and overrides the audio system. The volume level while on a mobile device phone call can be adjusted by pressing the steering wheel volume controls or the volume controls for the infotainment system. The adjusted volume level remains the same for later calls. The volume cannot be lowered beyond a certain level.

Bluetooth (Pairing and Using a Phone)

Pairing

A Bluetooth-enabled mobile device must be paired to the Bluetooth system and then connected to the vehicle before it can be used. See the mobile device manufacturer's user guide for Bluetooth functions before pairing the device.

Pairing Information

- Select the Phone icon on the infotainment app screen.
- If no mobile device has been paired, a message on the infotainment display will show the Manage Phones option. Select this option and the Phones screen will display. See “Pairing a Phone” later in this section.
- A mobile device with music capability can be paired to the vehicle as a phone and a music player at the same time.
- Up to 10 devices can be paired to the Bluetooth system.
- The pairing process is disabled when the vehicle is moving.

- Pairing only needs to be completed once, unless the pairing information on the mobile device changes or the phone is deleted from the system.
- If a previously paired mobile device is not connecting to the Bluetooth system, try forgetting the mobile device on the vehicle's infotainment system and also forgetting the vehicle in the Bluetooth settings of the mobile device. Then repeat the pairing process.
- If multiple paired mobile devices are within range of the system, the system connects to the paired mobile device that is set to First to Connect. If there is no mobile device set to First to Connect, it will connect to the mobile device which was used last. To connect to a different paired mobile device, see "Connecting to a Different Phone" later in this section.

Pairing a Phone

1. Make sure Bluetooth has been enabled on the mobile device before starting the pairing process.
2. Select the Phone icon on the infotainment app screen.
3. If a mobile device has been previously added, select Settings > Connections > Phones to reach the device manager. From the device manager, select "Add Phone." If a phone has been previously added, the "Add Phone" card will just be a "+" button.
4. Select Manage Phones to display the Phones screen.
5. Select Add Phone.
If a mobile device has been previously added or disconnected, the "Add Phone" card will just be a "+" card.
6. Select the phone name on the infotainment screen of the vehicle name on the phone.
7. The code on both the mobile device and infotainment display need to be acknowledged for pairing to be successful.
8. Follow the instructions on the mobile device to confirm the six-digit code showing on the infotainment display and select Pair. The codes on the mobile device and infotainment display need to be acknowledged for pairing to be successful.
9. If a previously paired mobile device is not connecting to the Bluetooth system, try forgetting the mobile device on the vehicle's infotainment system and also forgetting the vehicle in the Bluetooth settings of the mobile device.
10. If the vehicle name does not appear on your mobile device under the "other devices" or "available devices" menu, there are a few ways to start the pairing process over:
 - Turn Bluetooth off then back on, on your mobile device.
 - Go back to the beginning of the Phone menus on the infotainment display and restart the pairing process.
 - Turn the mobile device off and then back on.
 - Reset the mobile device, but this step should be done as a last effort.
11. If the mobile device prompts to accept connection or allow phone book download, select Always Accept and Allow. The phone book may not be available if not accepted.
12. To pair additional mobile devices, select Settings > Connections > Phones.

First to Connect Paired Phones

If multiple paired mobile devices are within range of the system, the system connects to the paired phone that is set as First to Connect. To enable a paired mobile device as the First to Connect phone:

1. Make sure the mobile device is turned on.
2. Select the Settings icon on the infotainment app screen.
3. Select Connections.
4. Select Phone.
5. Select Options under the connected phone.
6. Select First to Connect from the phone's settings menu and set First to Connect to On.

Phones and mobile devices can be added, removed, connected, and disconnected. A sub-menu will display whenever a request is made to add or manage phones and mobile devices.

Accessing the Device List Screen

There are two ways to access the device list screen:

Using the Settings Icon

1. Select the Settings icon on the infotainment app screen or the Settings icon on the application tray near the left of the display.
2. Select Connections.
3. Select Phones.

Using the Phone Icon

1. Select the Phone icon on the infotainment app screen or the Phone icon on the application tray near the left of the display.
2. Select  on the Phones screen.
3. Select Connected Phone.

Disconnecting a Connected Phone

To disconnect a phone:

1. Open the Device List Screen. See "Accessing the Device List Screen" previously in this section.
2. Select Option on the phone card to show the phone's or mobile device's settings.
3. Select the prompt to disconnect the phone.

Deleting a Paired Phone

To delete a paired phone:

1. Open the Device List Screen. See "Accessing the Device List Screen" previously in this section.
2. Select Option on the phone card to show the phone's or mobile device's settings.
3. Select Forget Phone.

Connecting to a Different Phone

To connect to a different phone, the new phone must be in the vehicle and paired to the Bluetooth system.

To connect to a different phone:

1. Open the Device List Screen. See "Accessing the Device List Screen" previously in this section.
2. Select the new phone you want to connect to from the list of available phones. See "First to Connect Paired Phones" previously in this section.

Switching to Handset or Hands-Free Mode

To switch between handset or hands-free mode:

- While the active call is hands-free, select the Audio Output option, then select Phone to switch to the handset mode.

The mute icon will not be available or functional while Handset mode is active.

- While the active call is on the handset, select the Audio Output option, then select Car Speakers to switch to the hands-free mode.

Making a Call Using Contacts

Calls can be made through the Bluetooth system using personal phone contact information for all phones that support the Phone Book feature. Become familiar with the phone settings and operation and that the phone is set to allow the sharing of contacts over Bluetooth with the vehicle. Verify the phone supports this feature and that the phone is set to allow the sharing of contacts over Bluetooth with the vehicle.

The Contacts menu accesses the phone book stored in the phone.

To make a call using the Contacts menu:

1. Select the Phone icon on the infotainment app screen or on the application tray near the left of the display.

2. Select Contacts.

If a contact has more than one assigned number, a window will appear with the option to choose a phone number from a list. Select the preferred number to call and then confirm if the selection is “Just once” or “Always.” By choosing “Always” the selection made will remain the default number assigned to this contact for as long as the phone is connected to the vehicle.

3. There are two methods to search for contacts:

- Search bar – Select the search icon on the top right of the Phones window and type the name or number of the contact on the keyboard. Search results will be displayed corresponding to the user input. Select the name to call.
- Scroll – Select the list and scroll, or use the scrollbar on the left side of the Phones window. Select the name to call.

Making a Call Using the Recents Menu

The Recents menu accesses the recents call list from your phone.

To make a call using the Recents menu:

1. Select the Phone icon on the infotainment app screen or on the application tray near the left of the display.
2. Select Recents.
3. There are two methods for placing a call:
 - Select the name or phone number to call.
 - Select the contact card to the right of the name or phone number. Within the contact card select the phone number to call.

Making a Call Using the Keypad

To make a call by dialing the numbers:

1. Select the Phone icon on the infotainment app screen or on the application tray near the left of the display.
2. Select Keypad and enter a phone number.
3. There are two methods for placing a call:
 - Select the phone icon in the keypad.

- Select the contact name to the right of the keypad. If the phone number is stored with a contact, the contact will appear as the number is typed into the keypad.

Searching Contacts Using the Keypad

To search for contacts using the keypad:

1. Select the Phone icon on the infotainment app screen.
2. Select Keypad and enter partial phone numbers or contact names using the digits on the keypad to search.

Results appear on the right side of the display. Select one to place a call.

Accepting or Declining a Call

When an incoming call is received, the infotainment system mutes and a ring tone is heard in the vehicle.

Accepting a Call

To Accept a call, select Answer on the infotainment display.

Declining a Call

To decline a call, press  on the steering wheel controls or Decline on the infotainment display.

Call Waiting, Merging, and Conferencing

Call waiting, merging, and conferencing must be supported on the Bluetooth mobile device and enabled by the wireless service carrier to work.

When an incoming call is received during an active call, press  on the steering wheel controls or “Answer” from the infotainment display. This will answer the incoming call and place the active call on hold.

To switch between the calls, select the Switch icon on the infotainment display.

To merge the calls, select “Merge” within the Active Call Screen on the infotainment display. This creates a three-way conference. If another call is received during a three-way conference, it can be answered, but it will place the conference on hold.

Making a Call Using Favorites

1. Select the Phone icon on the infotainment app screen or on the application tray near the left of the display.
2. Select Favorites.
 - The vehicle can sync up to five favorites from the phone.
 - The vehicle can also store up to five additional contacts as vehicle favorites. These will be stored for as long as the phone is paired and connected. If the phone is unpaired/forgotten by the vehicle, the vehicle favorites will be deleted.

To add a favorite for the vehicle:

1. Select “Add Favorite.”
2. Select a contact from the Phone Book.
3. Select the star icon next to the phone number to add as a favorite.

Ending a Call

- Press  on the steering wheel controls.
- Select  on the infotainment display, next to a call, to end only that call.

Dual Tone Multi-Frequency Tones

The in-vehicle Bluetooth system can send numbers during a call. This is used when calling a menu-driven phone system. Use the Keypad to enter the number.

Apple CarPlay and Android Auto

If equipped, Apple CarPlay and/or Android Auto capability may be available through a compatible smartphone. If the phone is paired and projections are available, Apple CarPlay and/or Android Auto icons will become illuminated on the infotainment apps screen.

To use Apple CarPlay and/or Android Auto:

For Wired Phone Projection

1. For Android 9 smartphones and older, download the Android Auto app to your phone from the Google Play Store. There is no app required for Apple CarPlay.
2. Connect your Android phone or Apple iPhone by using the factory-provided phone USB cable and plugging into a USB data port. For best performance, it is highly recommended to use the device's factory-provided USB cable, which should be

replaced after significant wear to maintain connection quality. Aftermarket or third-party cables may not work.

3. When the phone is first connected, to activate Apple CarPlay or Android Auto, accept the terms and conditions on both the infotainment system and the phone.
4. Follow the instructions on the phone.

The Android Auto and Apple CarPlay icons on the infotainment apps screen will illuminate. Android Auto and/or Apple CarPlay may automatically launch the next time the USB is connected. If not, select the Android Auto or Apple CarPlay icon on the infotainment apps screen to launch.

Press the home button on the center stack to return to the infotainment home screen.

For Wireless Phone Projection

Verify your phone is wireless compatible by visiting the Android Auto or Apple CarPlay support page.

1. For Android 9 smartphones and older, download the Android Auto app to your phone from the phones Google Play Store. There is no app required for Apple CarPlay.

2. For first time connection, make sure Bluetooth and Wi-Fi are turned on in phone settings. To connect the phone over Bluetooth, see *Bluetooth (Pairing and Using a Phone)* ⇨ 142 *Bluetooth (Overview)* ⇨ 141.
3. When the phone is first connected, to activate Apple CarPlay or Android Auto, agree to the terms and conditions on both the infotainment system and the phone.
4. Follow the instructions on the phone.

The Android Auto and Apple CarPlay icons on the infotainment apps screen will illuminate. Android Auto and/or Apple CarPlay may automatically launch upon wireless connection. If not, select the Android Auto or Apple CarPlay icon on the infotainment apps screen to launch.

Wireless CarPlay and/or Wireless Android Auto may experience occasional service disruption due to outside Wi-Fi interference.

To disconnect the phones wireless projection for that paired device:

1. Select the Settings from the infotainment apps screen.
2. Select Connections.
3. Select Phones or Devices.

4. Select the Bluetooth icon or Options on the phone card.
5. Select Connection Type from the list and choose Bluetooth Calling and Media.

Press the home button on the center stack to return to the infotainment home screen.

Features are subject to change. For further information on how to set up Android Auto or Apple CarPlay in the vehicle, visit your brand website. See *Online Account and Customer Support* ⇨ 375 for details.

CarPlay will not support Fast Connect on iPhones with iOS version 13 or older.

Android Auto is provided by Google and is subject to Google's terms and privacy policy. Apple CarPlay is provided by Apple and is subject to Apple's terms and privacy policy. Data plan rates apply. For Android Auto support and to see if your phone is compatible, see www.android.com/auto/ compatibility. For Apple CarPlay support and to see if your phone is compatible, see www.apple.com/ios/carplay/. Apple or Google may change or suspend availability at any time. Google, Android, Android Auto,

Google Maps, and other marks are trademarks of Google LLC. Apple CarPlay is a trademark of Apple Inc.

Press the home button on the center stack to exit Android Auto or Apple CarPlay. To enter back into Android Auto or Apple CarPlay, press and hold the home button on the center stack.

If applicable, Android Auto and/or Apple CarPlay may be disabled from the infotainment system. To do this, from the apps screen select Settings > Connections. Scroll down the list to find Android Auto or Apple CarPlay. Use the On/Off toggle to turn Android Auto or Apple CarPlay on or off for the entire system.

Settings

To access the Settings menus:

1. Touch Settings on the infotainment home screen.
2. Touch the desired feature setting.
3. Touch the options on the infotainment display to change a setting.
4. Touch < to go back.

The Settings menu may contain the following:

Connections

The menu may contain the following:

Devices

Allows connecting to a different cell phone or mobile device source, disconnecting a cell phone or media device, or deleting a cell phone or media device.

Apple CarPlay

Allows connecting Apple CarPlay in your vehicle when a compatible phone is connected.

Android Auto

Allows connecting Android Auto in your vehicle when a compatible phone is connected.

Wi-Fi Networks

Shows connected and available Wi-Fi networks.

Wi-Fi Hotspot

Allows adjustment of different Wi-Fi features.

Wireless Phone Charging

Allows wireless phone charging to be turned on or off.

Vehicle-to-Phone Sharing

Allows GM apps to use vehicle data on the listed phones shown.

Trusted Device

Allows for setting a phone as your trusted device to establish a secure communication channel between your phone and vehicle that enables convenient features like instant profile unlocking and account sign in. When your trusted device is nearby, the system automatically recognizes it through a unique Bluetooth connection.

Vehicle

The menu may contain the following:

Audio Settings

Allows adjustment of different audio settings.

Drive Mode Customization

See *Driver Mode Control* ⇨ 213.

Valet Mode

Allows adjustment of the valet mode settings.

Teen Driver

See *Teen Driver* ⇨ 150.

Buckle to Drive

See *Buckle To Drive* ⇨ 47.

Climate and Air Quality

Allows adjustment of different climate settings.

Collision/Detection Systems

Allows adjustment of different driver assistance system settings.

Comfort and Convenience

Allows adjustment of different comfort and convenience settings.

Driver Attention Assist

Allows adjustment of different sensitivity levels for drowsiness attention settings.

Lighting

Allows adjustment of different lighting settings.

Power Door Locks

Allows adjustment of different door lock settings.

Remote Lock, Unlock, and Start

Allows adjustment of different remote lock settings.

Ride Height

Allows adjustment of different ride height settings.

Seating Position

Allows adjustment of different seating position settings.

Suspension

Allows adjustment of different suspension settings.

Transport Mode

Allows adjustment of transport mode settings.

Notifications

Shows a list of installed apps and the permissions used.

Apps

Shows app settings and information.

Date/Time

Allows setting of the clock.

Display

Allows adjustment of the infotainment display.

Sounds

Allows adjustment of the infotainment system sounds.

Profiles and Accounts

Modifies the infotainment system's profiles and provides access to the accounts assigned to the currently active profile. Profiles can be setup and/or modified as Admin profiles or Guest profiles.

Privacy

Allows adjustment of the infotainment privacy settings.

Accessibility

Shows the accessibility information on the infotainment system.

Assistant & Voice

Shows the assistant and voice settings.

Security

Allows adjustment of the infotainment security settings.

System

The menu may contain the following:

Language

This will set the display language used on the infotainment display.

Keyboard and Speech

Touch to change keyboard and speech settings.

Units

Touch to change units settings.

Reset Options

Touch to change reset settings. The submenu "Erase Infotainment Data" is only accessible if the profile logged into the vehicle is configured as an "Admin."

TTY Mode

Touch to turn off or on.

Storage

Touch to view storage settings.

About

Touch to view the infotainment system software information.

Legal Information

Touch to view legal and license information.

Updates

See *How Your Vehicle is Updated* ⇨ 391.

Google

Allows adjustment of the Google settings.

Teen Driver

If equipped, this allows multiple keys to be registered for beginner drivers to encourage safe driving habits. When the vehicle is started with a Teen Driver key, it will automatically activate certain safety systems, allow setting of some features, and limit the use of others. The Report Card will record vehicle data about driving behavior that can be viewed later. When the vehicle is started with a registered key, the Driver Information Center displays a message that Teen Driver is active.

To access:

1. From the infotainment apps screen, select Settings > Vehicle > Teen Driver.
2. Create a PIN by choosing a four-digit PIN. Re-enter the PIN to confirm. To change the PIN, touch Change PIN.

The PIN is required to:

- Set up/add or remove keys.
- Change Teen Driver settings.
- Change or clear the Teen Driver PIN.
- Access or delete Report Card data.

Set up/add keys to activate Teen Driver and assign restrictions to the key:

Any vehicle key can be registered, up to a maximum of eight keys. Label the key to tell it apart from the other keys.

For a pushbutton start system:

1. Start the vehicle.
2. For automatic transmissions, the vehicle must be in P (Park). For manual transmissions, the vehicle must be stopped with the parking brake set.

3. From the infotainment apps screen, select Settings > Vehicle > Teen Driver.
4. Enter the PIN.
5. Place the remote key you wish to register in the transmitter pocket. The key does not need to be the one that started the vehicle.
6. From the Teen Driver menu, touch Setup Keys or Add/Remove Teen Driver Keys.
 - If the remote key has not previously been registered, the option to add the key displays. Touch Add and a confirmation message displays. Teen Driver restrictions will be applied whenever this remote key is used to operate the vehicle.
 - If the remote key has already been registered, the option to remove the key displays. If Remove is touched, the remote key is no longer registered. A confirmation message displays, and Teen Driver restrictions will not be applied if this remote key is used to operate the vehicle.

In vehicles with a pushbutton start system, if a Teen Driver and a non-Teen Driver key are both present at start up, the vehicle will

recognize the non-Teen Driver key to start the vehicle. The Teen Driver settings will not be active.

For a keyed ignition system:

1. Start the vehicle.
2. For automatic transmissions, the vehicle must be in P (Park). For manual transmissions, the vehicle must be stopped with the parking brake set.
3. From the infotainment apps screen, select Settings > Vehicle > Teen Driver.
4. Enter the PIN.
5. Touch Setup Keys or Add/Remove Teen Driver Keys. The system displays instructions for registering or unregistering a key. A confirmation message displays.

Manage Settings or Teen Driver Settings

Depending on the options of your vehicle, the following menu items may be displayed:

Buckle to Drive : When turned on, Buckle to Drive prevents the driver from shifting out of P (Park) for a period of time after the brake pedal is pressed if the driver, or on some vehicles the detected passenger, has

not buckled their seat belt. On some vehicles, Buckle to Drive is always on when Teen Driver is active and is not configurable.

Audio Volume Limit : Allows a maximum audio volume to be set. Turn the audio volume limit on or off. Use the arrows to choose the maximum allowable level for the audio volume. On some infotainment systems, touch Set Audio Volume Limit to choose the maximum allowable audio volume level.

Set Audio Volume Limit : Use the arrows to choose the maximum allowable level for the audio volume.

Teen Driver Speed Limiter : Limits the maximum speed of the vehicle. When the speed limiter is turned on and the vehicle is started with a Teen Driver key, the Driver Information Center displays a message that the top speed is limited.

On certain vehicles, when the Speed Limiter is turned on, the vehicle's maximum acceleration will be limited. The Driver Information Center will display a message that the acceleration is limited.

Teen Driver Speed Warning : Displays a warning in the Driver Information Center when exceeding a selectable speed. Turn the speed warning on or off and choose the desired

speed warning level. The speed warning does not limit the speed of the vehicle. On some infotainment systems, touch Set Teen Driver Speed Warning to set the warning speed.

Set Teen Driver Speed Warning : Choose the desired speed warning level. The speed warning does not limit the speed of the vehicle.

When Teen Driver is Active:

- If equipped, the radio will mute when the driver seat belt, and in some vehicles the front passenger seat belt, is not buckled. The audio from any device paired to the vehicle will also be muted.
- An object placed on the front passenger seat, such as a briefcase, handbag, grocery bag, laptop, or other electronic device, could cause the passenger sensing system to falsely sense an unbuckled front passenger and mute the radio. If this happens, remove the object from the seat.
- Some safety systems, such as Automatic Emergency Braking, if equipped, cannot be turned off.
- The gap setting for Adaptive Cruise Control and alert timing for Forward Collision Alert, if equipped, cannot be changed.

- When trying to change a safety feature that is not configurable in Teen Driver, the feature may be grayed out or removed from the infotainment menu, or the Driver Information Center will display a message indicating that Teen Driver is active and the action is not available.

- Super Cruise, if equipped, is not available.
- Enhanced Low Fuel Warning (if equipped) – When the vehicle is low on fuel, the low fuel light on the instrument cluster flashes and the Driver Information Center low fuel warning cannot be dismissed.
- Do not tow a trailer if equipped with Automatic Emergency Braking.
- Daytime Running Lights or headlights are always on when the vehicle is shifted out of P (Park). Even if the headlight control is set to off or , the Automatic Headlight System is engaged and ensures that either the Daytime Running Lights or headlights come on based on outside light level.

Report Card

The vehicle owner must secure the driver's consent to record certain vehicle data when the vehicle is driven with a registered Teen Driver

key. There is one Report Card per vehicle. Data is only recorded when a registered Teen Driver key is used to operate the vehicle.

The Report Card data is collected from the time Teen Driver is activated or the last time the Report Card was reset. The following items may be recorded:

- Distance Driven – the total distance driven.
- Maximum Speed – the maximum vehicle speed detected.
- Overspeed Warnings – the number of times the speed warning setting was exceeded.
- Wide Open Throttle – the number of times the accelerator pedal was pressed nearly all the way down.
- Forward Collision Alerts (if equipped) – the number of times the driver was notified when approaching a vehicle ahead too quickly and at potential risk for a crash.
- Forward Automatic Braking, also called Automatic Emergency Braking (if equipped) – the number of times the vehicle detected that a forward collision was imminent and applied the brakes.

- Reverse Automatic Braking (if equipped) – the number of times the vehicle detected that a rearward collision was imminent and applied the brakes.
- Traction Control – the number of times the Traction Control System activated to reduce wheel spin or loss of traction.
- Stability Control – the number of events which required the use of electronic stability control.
- Antilock Braking System Active – the number of Antilock Brake System (ABS) activations.
- Tailgating Alerts (if equipped) – the number of times the driver was alerted for following a vehicle ahead too closely.

Report Card Data

Cumulative Data is saved for all trips until the Report Card is reset or until the maximum count is exceeded. If the maximum count is exceeded for a Report Card line item, that item will no longer be updated in the Report Card until it is reset. Each item will report a maximum of 1,000 counts. The distance driven will report a maximum of 64,374 km (40,000 mi).

To delete Report Card data, do one of the following:

- From the Report Card display, touch Reset.
- Touch Clear PIN and All Teen Driver Keys from the Teen Driver menu. This will also unregister any Teen Driver keys and delete the PIN.

Forgotten PIN

See your dealer to reset the PIN.

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Climate Control Systems

Dual Automatic Climate Control System

The heating, cooling, and ventilation in the vehicle can be controlled with this system.



1. Driver and Passenger Temperature Controls

2. Driver and Passenger Heated and Ventilated Seats (If Equipped)

3. A/C (Air Conditioning)

4. Fan and Air Distribution Launch Button

5. Recirculation

6. Driver and Passenger Temperature Controls

7.  Rear Window Defogger/Heated Mirror

8.  Defrost

9. Fan Control

10. AUTO (Automatic Operation)

11.  ON/OFF

Sync (Synchronized Temperature) can be accessed by selecting the driver temperature controls (1).

The fan, air delivery mode, air conditioning, driver and passenger temperatures, and Sync settings can be controlled by selecting CLIMATE on the infotainment home screen or the climate

button in the climate control display application tray. A selection can then be made on the front climate control screen displayed.

Automatic Operation

The system automatically controls the fan speed, air delivery, air conditioning, and recirculation to heat or cool the vehicle to the desired temperature.

When AUTO is pressed, all four functions operate automatically. Each function can also be manually set. The current setting is displayed. Functions not manually set will continue to be automatically controlled, even if the AUTO indicator is not lit.

For automatic operation:

1. Press AUTO.
2. Set the temperature. Allow the system time to stabilize. Adjust the temperature as needed for best comfort.

Manual Operation

 : Press to turn the fan off or on.

 or  : Press to increase or decrease the fan speed.

Driver and Passenger Temperature Controls: The temperature can be adjusted separately for the driver and passenger.

SYNC: Press to link the passenger temperature setting to the driver setting. The SYNC indicator light will turn on. When the passenger setting is adjusted, the SYNC indicator light will turn off.

Air Delivery Mode Control: Press , , or  to change the direction of the airflow. Any combination of the three controls can be selected. An indicator light comes on in the selected mode button.

Changing the mode cancels the automatic operation and the system goes into manual mode. Press AUTO to return to automatic operation.

To change the current mode, select one or more of the following:

 : Air is directed to the A/C outlets.

 : Air is directed to the floor outlets, with some air directed to the windshield, and side window outlets.

 : Air is directed to the windshield and side window outlets.

 : Air is directed to the windshield and the fan runs at a higher speed if not already above a medium fan speed. This mode overrides the previous mode selected and clears fog or frost from the windshield more quickly. When the control is pressed again, the system returns to the previous mode setting and fan speed.

For best results, clear all snow and ice from the windshield before defrosting.

 : Press to turn on recirculation. An indicator light comes on. Air is recirculated to quickly cool the inside of the vehicle. It can also be used to help reduce outside air and odors that enter the vehicle.

Avoid using recirculation for long periods of time in cold or damp conditions. Using recirculation in cold or damp conditions can result in window fogging.

A/C: Press to turn the air conditioning on or off. An indicator light comes on to show that the air conditioning is enabled. If the fan is turned off, the air conditioner will not run. The A/C light will stay on even if the outside temperatures are below freezing. If the A/C is turned off, the air temperature coming through the climate control system may be

warmer than the ambient temperature. It is recommended to use auto climate control to maintain comfort.

Rear Window Defogger

Caution

Using a razor blade or sharp object to clear the inside rear window can damage the rear window defogger. Repairs would not be covered by the vehicle warranty. Do not clear the inside rear window with sharp objects.

 : If equipped, press to turn the rear window defogger on or off. An indicator light on the button comes on to show that the rear window defogger is on.

The rear window defogger only works when the engine is running. The defogger can be turned off by turning the vehicle off or to accessory mode.

If equipped with heated outside mirrors, press  to turn them on or off. See *Heated Mirrors* ➤ 27.

Remote Start Climate Control Operation: If equipped with remote start, the climate control system may run when the vehicle is started remotely. If equipped with heated or ventilated seats or a heated steering wheel, these features may come on during a remote start. See *Remote Start* ➤ 13, *Heated and Ventilating Front Seats* ➤ 46, and *Heated Steering Wheel* ➤ 79.

Afterblow Feature

If equipped, under certain conditions, the fan may stay on or may turn on and off several times after you turn off and lock the vehicle. This is normal.

Grand Sport X Stealth and Shuttle Modes Climate Control Operation

Climate controls, including defrost, are not functional while in Stealth and Shuttle modes. Heated seats and steering wheel and ventilated seats will remain functional.

If the A/C or defrost controls are pressed while in Stealth mode, the engine will automatically start and the climate controls will be active. See *Driver Mode Control* ➤ 213.

Air Vents

Use the tab on the air outlets to change the direction of the airflow or close the outlet.

Use only GM approved hood deflectors.

Operation Tips

- Clear away any ice, snow, or leaves from the air inlets at the base of the windshield that may block the flow of air into the vehicle.
- Clear any snow off the hood to improve visibility and help decrease moisture drawn into the vehicle.
- Keep the areas around the base of the infotainment display and under the seats clear to optimize air circulation.

Maintenance

Passenger Compartment Air Filter

The passenger compartment air filter reduces dust, pollen, and other airborne irritants from outside air that are pulled into the vehicle. Reductions in airflow, which may occur more often in dusty areas, indicate that the filter may need to be replaced. See *Maintenance Schedule* ➤ 357.

Caution

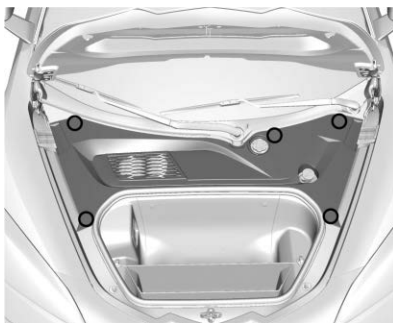
Driving without a passenger compartment air filter in place can cause water and small particles, like paper and leaves, to be pulled into your climate control system which may cause damage to it. Make sure you always replace the old filter with a new one.

The passenger compartment air filter is located under the hood between the battery and windshield. See *Underhood Compartment Overview* ⇨ 257.

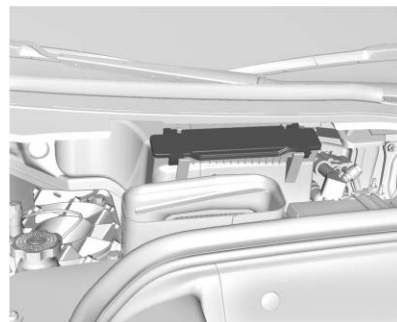
To check or replace the air filter:



1. Release the four clips for the left and right outer covers.



2. Release the five clips and remove the outer cover.



3. Press two push tabs on the top and on the bottom of the cabin air filter cover and remove the cover.
4. Remove the air filter.
5. Install the new air filter and cover.
6. Install the outer cover.
7. Install the right and left outer covers.

Service

All vehicles have a label underhood that identifies the refrigerant used in the vehicle. The refrigerant system should only be serviced by trained and certified technicians. The air conditioning evaporator should never be

repaired or replaced by one from a salvage vehicle. It should only be replaced by a new evaporator to ensure proper and safe operation.

During service, all refrigerants should be reclaimed with proper equipment. Venting refrigerants directly to the atmosphere is harmful to the environment and may also create unsafe conditions based on inhalation, combustion, frostbite, or other health-based concerns.

The air conditioning system requires periodic maintenance. See *Maintenance Schedule* ⇨ 357.

Driving and Operating

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Driving Information**Driving for Better Fuel Economy**

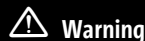
Driving habits can affect fuel mileage. Here are some driving tips to get the best fuel economy possible:

- Set the climate controls to the desired temperature after the engine is started, or turn them off when not required.
- Avoid fast starts and accelerate smoothly.
- Brake gradually and avoid abrupt stops.
- Avoid idling the engine for long periods of time.
- When road and weather conditions are appropriate, use cruise control.
- Always follow posted speed limits or drive more slowly when conditions require.
- Keep vehicle tires properly inflated.
- Combine several trips into a single trip.
- Replace the vehicle's tires with the same TPC Spec number molded into the tire's sidewall near the size.
- Follow recommended scheduled maintenance.

- Using Tour mode rather than Sport or Track modes, will result in better Active Fuel Management operation. See *Active Fuel Management* ⇨ 193.
- For recommended shift speeds, see *Dual Clutch Transmission* ⇨ 195.

Premium Fuel

Use the recommended fuel. See *Recommended Fuel* ⇨ 250.

Distracted Driving

Taking your eyes off the road too long or too often could cause a crash resulting in injury or death. Focus your attention on driving.

Distraction comes in many forms and can take your focus from driving. Exercise good judgment when engaging with vehicle functions. Limit activities that may divert attention away from the road. Many local governments have enacted laws regarding driver distraction. Become familiar with the local laws in your area.

To avoid distracted driving, keep your eyes on the road, keep your hands on the steering wheel, and focus your attention on driving.

- Do not use a phone in demanding driving situations. Use a hands-free method to place or receive necessary phone calls.
- Watch the road. Do not read, take notes, or look up information on phones or other electronic devices.
- Designate a front seat passenger, if possible, to handle potential distractions.
- Become familiar with vehicle features before driving, such as programming favorite radio stations and adjusting climate control and seat settings.
- Program all trip information into any navigation device prior to driving.
- Wait until parked to retrieve items that have fallen to the floor.
- Stop or park the vehicle to tend to children.
- Keep pets in an appropriate carrier or restraint.
- Avoid stressful conversations while driving, whether with a passenger or on a cell phone.

Refer to the infotainment section for more information on using that system and the navigation system, if equipped, including pairing and using a cell phone.

Defensive Driving

Defensive driving means to always expect the unexpected. The first step in driving defensively is to wear a seat belt. See *Seat Belts* ⇨ 46.

- Assume that other road users (pedestrians, bicyclists, and other drivers) are going to be careless and make mistakes. Anticipate what they may do and be ready.
- Allow enough following distance between your vehicle and the vehicle in front of you.
- Focus on the task of driving.

Impaired Driving



Warning

Drinking alcohol or taking drugs and then driving is very dangerous. Your reflexes, perceptions, attentiveness, and judgment

(Continued)

Warning (Continued)

can be affected by even a small amount of alcohol or drugs. You can have a serious — or even fatal — collision if you drive after drinking or taking drugs.

Do not drive while under the influence of alcohol or drugs, or ride with a driver who has been drinking or is impaired by drugs. Find alternate transportation home; or if you are with a group, designate a driver who will remain sober.

Death and injury associated with impaired driving is a global tragedy.

Control of a Vehicle

Braking, steering, and accelerating are important factors in helping to control a vehicle while driving.

Braking

Braking action involves perception time and reaction time. Deciding to push the brake pedal is perception time. Actually doing it is reaction time.

Average driver reaction time is about three-quarters of a second. In that time, a vehicle moving at 100 km/h (60 mph) travels 20 m (66 ft) and may not have enough time to stop in an emergency.

Tips for stopping safely include:

- Keep a safe following distance from the vehicle in front of you.
- Avoid needless heavy braking.
- Keep pace with traffic.

If a brake fault occurs, the brakes may lose power assist. Without power assist, the brake pedal will be harder to push, and it can take longer to stop the vehicle.

If the engine were to stall or stop while driving, the electric brake boost system maintains power assist for as long as the battery has sufficient voltage. Steer the vehicle out of the roadway and stop as soon as it is safe to do so. See *Electric Brake Boost* ⇨ 208.

Steering

Caution

To avoid damage to the steering system, do not drive over curbs, parking barriers, or similar objects at speeds greater than 3 km/h (1 mph). Use care when driving over other objects such as lane dividers and speed bumps. Damage caused by misuse of the vehicle is not covered by the vehicle warranty.

Electric Power Steering

The vehicle has an electric power steering system, which reduces the effort needed to steer. It does not have power steering fluid. The system does not require regular maintenance. If the vehicle experiences a system malfunction and loses power steering, it may require greater steering effort. Turning the steering wheel as far as it can go and holding it there with force for an extended period may also reduce power steering assist.

See your dealer if there is a problem with the electric power steering system.

Dynamic Rack Travel

Dynamic Rack Travel (DRT) is a steering system feature of Magnetic Ride Control. If equipped, this feature provides additional maximum steering wheel rotation to allow for tighter turns when driving at low speeds. As the vehicle speed increases or if the suspension encounters significant wheel travel, such as a driveway, while at maximum steering rotation, DRT may gently push the steering back a small amount to prevent the front tires from contacting the vehicle. This is normal operation. There is no customer interface or display for this feature. DRT is not available when in Track Mode.

Curve Tips

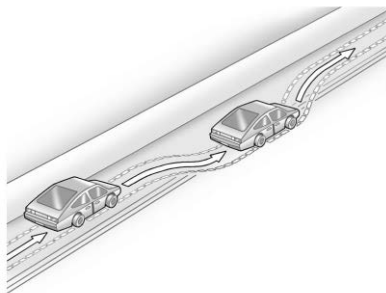
- Reduce your speed before entering a curve.
- Take and maintain a safe and controlled speed through curves.
- Wait until the vehicle is out of the curve before gently accelerating into the straightaway.

Steering in Emergencies

- In some situations, steering around a problem may be more effective than braking.

- You can hold both sides of the steering wheel to turn 180 degrees without removing a hand.
- The Antilock Brake System (ABS) allows steering while braking.

Off-Road Recovery



The vehicle's right wheels can drop off the edge of a road onto the shoulder while driving. Follow these tips:

1. Ease off the accelerator and then, if there is nothing in the way, steer the vehicle so that it straddles the edge of the pavement.

2. Turn the steering wheel about one-eighth of a turn, until the right front tire contacts the pavement edge.
3. Turn the steering wheel to go straight down the roadway.

Loss of Control

Skidding

There are three types of skids that correspond to the vehicle's three control systems:

Braking Skid: Wheels are not rolling.

Steering or Cornering Skid : Too much speed or steering in a curve causes tires to slip and lose cornering force.

Acceleration Skid : Too much throttle causes the driving wheels to spin.

Antilock brakes help to avoid only the braking skid.

Defensive drivers avoid most skids by taking reasonable care suited to existing conditions, and by not exceeding those conditions. But skids are always possible.

If the vehicle starts to skid, follow these suggestions:

- Ease your foot off the accelerator pedal and steer the way you want the vehicle to go. The vehicle may straighten out, but if it skids again from oversteer, be ready to correct another skid if it occurs.
- Slow down and adjust your driving according to weather conditions. Stopping distance may be longer and vehicle control may be affected when traction is reduced by water, snow, ice, gravel, or other material on the road. Learn to recognize warning clues — such as enough water, ice, or packed snow on the road to make a mirrored surface — and slow down when you have any doubt.
- Try to avoid sudden steering, acceleration, or braking, including reducing vehicle speed by shifting to a lower gear. Any sudden changes could cause the tires to slide.

Track Events and Competitive Driving

All ZR1 models, ZR1X models, Z06 models, and Grand Sport X models equipped with the ZER performance package, and Stingray models equipped with Z51 or Grand Sport models equipped with Z52 performance packages can be used for track events and competitive driving. For additional details on vehicle track preparation, see Chevrolet.com > Corvette Experience > Guides > Track Prep Guide.

Danger

High-performance features are intended for use only on closed tracks by experienced and qualified drivers and should not be used on public roads. High-speed driving, aggressive cornering, hard braking, and other high-performance driving can be dangerous. Improper driver inputs for the conditions may result in loss of control of the vehicle, which could injure or kill you or others. Always drive safely.

Warning

Some of the adjustments and procedures specified in this section may require specialized skill, training, and equipment. Failure to perform these procedures properly could cause malfunction, potentially resulting in death, personal injury, or damage to the vehicle or property. Do not attempt to perform these adjustments or procedures unless properly qualified.

Warning

Prior to each track event and again before returning to public roads, tighten the wheel nuts with a torque wrench to the proper torque specification. Wheel nuts that are improperly or incorrectly tightened can cause the wheels to become loose or come off, resulting in a crash. See *Capacities and Specifications* ⇨ 365 for wheel nut torque specifications.

Warning

Operating the vehicle at high speeds can be dangerous. Improper tire inflation pressure can put additional strain on the tires and can cause a sudden failure. Make sure the tires are in excellent condition, and use the correct cold tire inflation pressure for the vehicle load and track/course.

Warning

Tracks/courses put high loads on tires operating at high speed, which can lead to tire failure if not inflated properly. Always limit vehicle cargo to the driver plus one passenger with no additional cargo.

Participating in track events or other competitive driving without following the instructions provided may affect the vehicle warranty. See the warranty manual before using the vehicle for racing or other competitive driving. See *Performance Driving* ⇨ 223.

Be sure to follow all service procedures before driving the vehicle at track events or competitively. See *New Vehicle Break-In* ⇨ 188.

Engine Sound Management Setting

Caution

Do not place the vehicle in Engine Sound Management – Stealth mode. Damage could result to exhaust valve actuators.

Engine Oil

Caution

If the vehicle is used for track events and competitive driving, the engine may use more oil than it would with normal use. Low oil levels can damage the engine. Check the oil level often and maintain the proper level. See *Engine Oil (5.5L LT6/LT7 Engine)* ⇨ 283 *Engine Oil (6.7L LS6 Engine)* ⇨ 286.

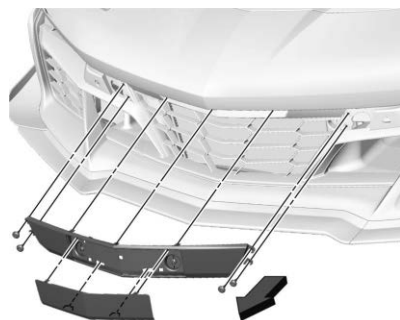
Engine Cooling

Turning off the A/C will help to improve engine performance.

Maintain a mixture of 40% DEX-COOL coolant and 60% clean, drinkable water to optimize engine performance.

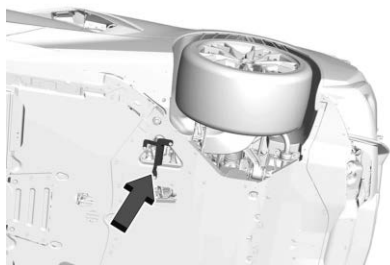


For vehicles with the optional Grille Screen Guards (VWE), remove them for track events when the ambient temperature reaches 32° C (90° F) or higher. See your dealer for complete procedure.



If equipped and installed, remove the front license plate and bracket and remove the front aero covers before track use. See your dealer for complete procedure.

6.7L LS6 Engine



Left Side Front Shown, Right Side Front Similar

To ensure adequate engine compartment cooling, underbody air deflectors should always be installed and damage free. If not, replace with service parts.

ZR1/ZR1X

Turbocharger turbine housings retain heat long after race track, autocross, and very aggressive driving at warmer temperatures. While the engine is running, coolant flows through cooling passages that keep the turbocharger center section cool. If the coolant

flow stops while the turbine is still hot, localized boiling can occur, causing coolant loss through the pressurized coolant cap.

If the engine oil or coolant is above 105 °C (220 °F) at idle after use, allow engine to idle for at least five minutes before turning the vehicle off.

Fuel

Caution

Some high octane fuels contain additives and compounds that may damage the vehicle and void the vehicle warranty. See *Prohibited Fuels* ➤ 250.

Unleaded gasoline, rated at 93 octane or higher, is required.

Dual Clutch Transmission (DCT) Fluid

The transmission fluid and external canister filter should be changed after every 24 hours of track use. Change the fluid and external canister filter as soon as possible if prompted by the transmission fluid life monitor that remaining fluid life is low.

With the transmission at factory fluid fill, there is no additional fluid needed for track usage. Any transmission level set or change should be performed at your dealer.

Front Hybrid Drive Unit Fluid (Grand Sport X)

If equipped, the front hybrid drive unit fluid should be changed after every 15 hours of track use. This procedure can be complex. See your dealer.

Brakes

Battery Disconnect

Warning

To avoid personal injury and/or vehicle damage, always disconnect the battery before performing service work on the hydraulic brake system. Bleeding the brake system with the battery connected can lead to the system diagnosing a leak or air in the braking system. A Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) may set and vehicle speed may be limited.

Disconnect the battery before servicing the hydraulic brake system. It is critical to disconnect the battery before bleeding the system, replacing the pads, or any other work. The battery must be disconnected to prevent the brake master cylinder from pressurizing the hydraulic system during its automated self diagnostic tests that can occur when a door is opened or the remote key is present.

Brake Fluid

Replace existing brake fluid with a qualified high performance DOT 4 brake fluid from a sealed container. Brake fluid with a dry boiling point >310 °C (590 °F) is qualified. If high performance brake fluid is used, replace it with GM approved brake fluid before driving on public roads. If high performance brake fluid is in the vehicle and the age of the brake fluid is over a year old or unknown, replace the brake fluid before track events and competitive driving. Do not use silicone or DOT-5 brake fluids.

Check the fluid level before each competitive driving event.

Brake System Flushing and Bleeding

The J55, J56, J57, J58, and J59 brake system requires specific processes for bleeding and fluid flushing. These can be found in the service manual.

Properly bleeding the brake system is required for proper operation of the hydraulic brake system.

Brake Leak Detection

The hydraulic braking system has advanced diagnostic capability to help detect hydraulic leaks, trapped air, and other performance issues. These diagnostics are active when the hydraulic system is powered. To avoid inadvertently setting a leak DTC, disconnect the battery before servicing the brake system.

If the vehicle sets a DTC related to a brake system leak, the Brake System Warning Light will come on and vehicle speed may be limited to 100 kph (62 mph). Any time a leak DTC is set, the vehicle should be inspected carefully for evidence of a leak and should be repaired immediately. See your dealer.

Brake Fade Warning Assist

The Brake Fade Warning Assist system monitors brake system performance. If the system detects brake fade, or if the brake fluid is near the boiling point, the driver will be alerted.

The Brake Fade Warning Assist system is designed for use with the factory-installed brake pads or GM approved replacement pads. If the brake pads on the vehicle need to be replaced, use GM approved brake pads. If this is not done, the brake fade warning system may not function properly.

Stage 1: The Driver Information Center displays a “Reduce Braking to Avoid Overheating” message, an audible alert sounds and brake pedal effort and travel is increased. When the message displays, the driver should back up braking points and reduce brake usage to reduce brake temperature. This will allow for continued lapping with no speed limitations.

Stage 2: The Driver Information Center displays a “Brakes Overheated Service Now” message, an audible alert sounds, and brake pedal effort and travel is further increased. This code indicates that the brake fluid temperature is excessive and is about to boil. The system limits vehicle speed to 100KPH/62MPH. The driver

should immediately start a cool down lap if on the track. If this message displays, the vehicle needs to be serviced. The brake system needs to cool down, and the brake fluid must be immediately flushed with DOT4 for street use, or to a qualified DOT4 race fluid for track use. Boiled brake fluid is compromised and must be replaced.

Brake Burnishing

Caution

Performing the brake burnish procedure on a base brake system can result in brake damage.

Caution

The new vehicle break-in period should be completed before performing the brake burnish procedure, otherwise damage may occur to the powertrain/engine. See *New Vehicle Break-In* ⇨ 188.

Caution

Brake pedal fade will occur during any track burnish procedure and can cause brake pedal travel and force to increase. This could extend stopping distance until the brakes are fully burnished.

New brake pads must be burnished before racing or other competitive driving.

When this procedure is performed as instructed, it will not damage the brakes. The brake pads will smoke and produce an odor. The braking force and pedal travel may increase. After the procedure, the brake pads may appear white at the rotor contact.

Perform this procedure only on dry pavement, in a safe manner, and in compliance with all local and state ordinances/laws regarding motor vehicle operation.

Brake Burnishing Procedure for J55 (Stingray with Z51) and J56 (Grand Sport with Z52 and Z06 Standard) Brakes

This brake burnish procedure should only be performed on vehicles with J55 (Stingray with Z51) and J56 (Grand Sport with Z52 and Z06 Standard) factory-equipped brake systems.

1. Using the friction bubble in the Cluster Performance menu, apply the brakes 25 times starting at 100 km/h (60 mph) to 50 km/h (30 mph) while decelerating at 0.4 g. See *Instrument Cluster* ⇨ 85. This is a medium brake application. Drive for at least 1 km (0.6 mi) between applying the brakes. This first step may be skipped if there are more than 320 km (200 mi) on the brake pads.
2. Apply the brakes 25 times starting at 100 km/h (60 mph) to 25 km/h (15 mph) while decelerating at 0.8 g. This is a hard brake application without activating the Antilock Brake System (ABS). Drive for at least 1 km (0.6 mi) between applications. Depending on conditions, some increase in brake pedal travel and brake pedal force may be experienced.
3. Cool down: Drive at 100 km/h (60 mph) for approximately 15 km (10 mi) without using the brakes.
4. Apply the brakes 25 times from 100 km/h (60 mph) to 50 km/h (30 mph) while decelerating at 0.4 g. This is a medium brake application. Drive for at least 1 km (0.6 mi) between applications.

As with all high performance brake systems, some amount of brake squeal is normal.

Brake Burnishing Procedure for Grand Sport X, Z06, or Grand Sport with J57 and ZR1/ZRX with J58 or J59 Carbon Ceramic Brakes

This brake burnish procedure should only be run on Grand Sport X (J57 factory-equipped brake), Z06/Grand Sport (J57 factory-equipped brake), and ZR1/ZR1X vehicles (J58 or J59 factory-equipped brake).

Perform this procedure only on dry pavement, in a safe manner, and in compliance with all local and state ordinances regarding motor vehicle operation.

1. Using the friction bubble in the Cluster Performance menu, apply the brakes 25 times starting at 100 km/h (60 mph) to 50 km/h (30 mph) while decelerating at 0.4 g. This is a medium brake application. Drive for at least 1.6 km (1.0 mi) between applications. This first step may be skipped if there are more than 320 km (200 mi) on the brake pads.

2. Apply the brakes 20 times starting at 100 km/h (60 mph) to 25 km/h (15 mph) while decelerating at 0.8 g. This is a hard brake application. Drive for at least 1.6 km (1.0 mi) between applications.
3. Apply the brakes 12 times starting at 100 km/h (60 mph) to 8 km/h (5 mph) while decelerating at 0.8 g. This is a hard brake application. Accelerate as rapidly as possible without activating traction control between applications.
4. Cool down: Drive at 100 km/h (60 mph) for approximately 15 km (10 mi) without using the brakes.

As with all high performance brake systems, some amount of brake squeal is normal.

Alternative Closed Course Brake Burnishing Procedure for Stingray with Z51, Grand Sport X, Z06, or Grand Sport with Z52 and ZR1/ZR1X Brakes

This brake burnish procedure should only be run on Stingray with Z51, Grand Sport X, Z06, or Grand Sport with Z52 and ZR1/ZR1X factory-equipped brake systems.

This procedure should only be run on a track and only on dry pavement. Brake pedal fade will occur during this track burnish procedure and can cause brake pedal travel and force to increase. This could extend stopping distance until the brakes are fully burnished.

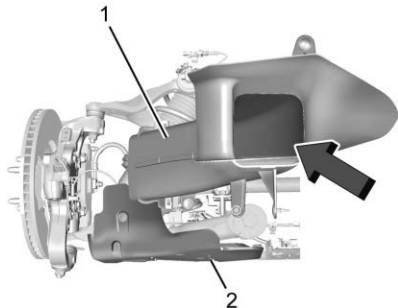
1. Start track lapping at lower speeds and lower braking efforts for three minutes of driving. Allow for increased braking distances due to reduced brake output.
2. After Step 1, increase speed and braking effort for the next six minutes of lapping for Stingray with Z51, Grand Sport with Z52, and Z06/Z07, seven minutes of lapping for Grand Sport X, and nine minutes of lapping for ZR1/ZR1X, gradually ending up at 90% effort.
3. Cool the brakes by lapping with minimal light braking for six minutes.

Brake Cooling Kit

Before any track event, high speed driving event, or competitive driving, the following should be completed:

- Ensure all brake cooling parts are correctly and securely installed.

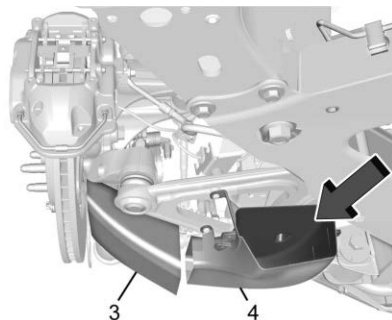
- Install the rear lower control arm cooling ducts per the instructions included with the kit. After any track event or competitive driving, remove the rear lower control arm cooling ducts. These parts are for track use only. Removing the ducts helps prevent debris from being channeled into the rear brakes during regular use of the vehicle.
- Inspect for and remove any blockage in the ducts.
- Inspect and replace any duct that has damage.



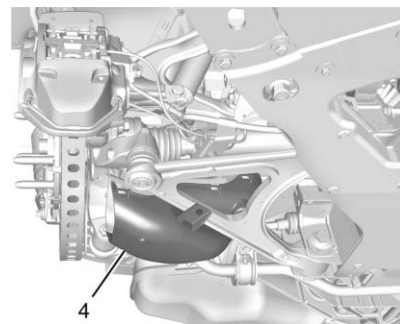
Right Side Front Shown, Left Side Front Similar

1. Front Brake Cooling Duct

2. Front Lower Control Arm Deflector



Z51, Z52, Z06, and Grand Sport X - Right Side Rear Shown, Left Side Rear Similar

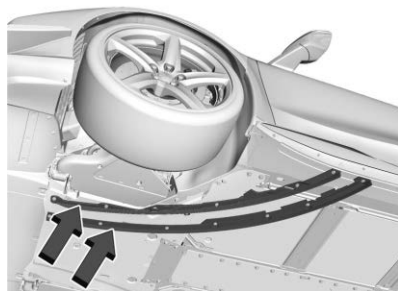


ZR1/ZR1X - Right Side Rear Shown, Left Side Rear Similar

3. Rear Knuckle Mounted Cooling Duct (Z51, Z52, Z06, and Grand Sport X only)
4. Rear Lower Control Arm Cooling Duct

Aerodynamics

Underbody Strake Inspection (For Grand Sport or Z06 Vehicles With Carbon Aero Package RPO TOF/TOG and ZR1/ZR1X Carbon Aero Packages with TOM)



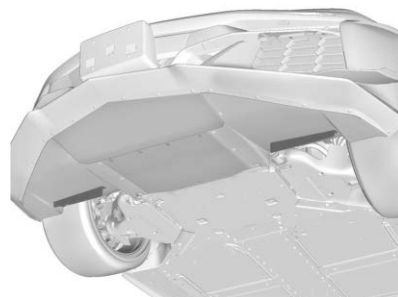
Left Side Shown, Right Side Similar

For optimal aero performance, ensure the front strakes are solidly attached to the underbody and damage free. If not, replace with service parts.

Corvette ZR1/ZR1X, Grand Sport, Z06, and Grand Sport X Recommended Aerodynamic Configurations



Rear Spoiler With Tall Wickers Shown, Short Wickers Similar



Front Underwing Stall Gurney Flaps

Refer to the following table for setting up the ZR1/ZR1X, Grand Sport, Z06, and Grand Sport X for optimized aerodynamic performance. Street Driving targets the lowest aerodynamic drag, whereas Track Driving targets optimal downforce and balance. Setup will vary based on the vehicle's front splitter, front underwing, and rear spoiler/wing configuration.

RPO Code	Street Driving – Recommended Aerodynamic Configuration		Track Driving – Recommended Aerodynamic Configuration	
	Front	Rear	Front	Rear
Grand Sport X without CFV/CFZ or CFL splitter	Front underwing stall Gurney flaps installed.	Short rear spoiler wickers (from factory) installed. No rear lower control arm brake duct.	Front underwing stall Gurney flaps installed.	Short rear spoiler wickers (from factory) installed. Install rear lower control arm brake duct.
Grand Sport without CFV/CFZ or CFL splitter and Grand Sport X with CFV/CFZ (Carbon Fiber Ground Effects) or CFL splitter	Front underwing stall Gurney flaps installed.	Short rear spoiler wickers (from factory) installed. No rear lower control arm brake duct.	Remove front underwing stall Gurney flaps.	Install tall rear spoiler wickers. Install rear lower control arm brake duct.
Grand Sport with CFV/CFZ or CFL splitter	Front underwing stall Gurney flaps installed.	Short rear spoiler wickers (from factory) installed. No rear lower control arm brake duct.	Front underwing stall Gurney flaps installed.	Install tall rear spoiler wickers. Install rear lower control arm brake duct.
Grand Sport with Carbon Aero Package (TOF/TOG)	No front underwing stall Gurney flaps.	No rear lower control arm brake duct.	No underwing stall Gurney flaps. Install four underbody strakes	Install rear lower control arm brake duct.

RPO Code	Street Driving – Recommended Aerodynamic Configuration		Track Driving – Recommended Aerodynamic Configuration	
	Front	Rear	Front	Rear
Grand Sport and Grand Sport X with 5V5 or 5ZV spoiler	Front underwing stall Gurney flaps installed.	No rear lower control arm brake duct.	Front underwing stall Gurney flaps installed.	Install rear lower control arm brake duct.
Z06 without CFV/CFZ or CFL splitter	Front underwing stall Gurney flaps installed. Front fascia aero cover installed.	Short rear spoiler wickers (from factory) installed. No rear lower control arm brake duct.	Remove front underwing stall Gurney flaps. Remove front fascia aero cover.	Install tall rear spoiler wickers. Install rear lower control arm brake duct.
Z06 and CFV/CFZ (Carbon Fiber Ground Effects) or CFL splitter	Front underwing stall Gurney flaps installed. Front fascia aero cover installed.	Short rear spoiler wickers (from factory) installed. No rear lower control arm brake duct.	Front underwing stall Gurney flaps installed.	Install tall rear spoiler wickers. Install rear lower control arm brake duct.
Z06 with Carbon Aero Package (TOF/TOG)	No front underwing stall Gurney flaps. Front fascia aero cover installed.	No rear lower control arm brake duct.	No underwing stall Gurney flaps. Remove front fascia aero cover. Install four underbody strakes	Install rear lower control arm brake duct.
Z06 with 5V5 or 5ZV spoiler	Front underwing stall Gurney flaps installed. Front fascia aero cover installed.	No rear lower control arm brake duct.	Front underwing stall Gurney flaps installed. Remove front fascia aero cover.	Install rear lower control arm brake duct.

RPO Code	Street Driving – Recommended Aerodynamic Configuration		Track Driving – Recommended Aerodynamic Configuration	
	Front	Rear	Front	Rear
ZR1/ZR1X Standard	Front underwing stall Gurney flaps installed. Front fascia aero cover installed.	Short rear spoiler wickers installed. No rear brake knuckle/lower control arm duct.	Front underwing stall Gurney flaps installed. Front fascia aero cover removed.	Tall rear spoiler wickers installed. Install rear brake knuckle/lower control arm duct.
ZR1/ZR1X with Carbon Aero Package (TOM)	No front underwing stall Gurney flaps. Front fascia aero cover installed.	No rear brake knuckle/lower control arm duct.	No underwing stall Gurney flaps. Remove front fascia aero cover. Install four underbody strakes.	Install rear brake knuckle/lower control arm duct.

Shock Spring Seat Adjustment

The front shocks, on vehicles without hydraulic front lift and rear shocks, have threaded spring seats that allow adjustment of the preload on the coil springs. The vehicle corner weights can be adjusted for track use. If the vehicle trim height is modified, it should be returned to normal trim height before street use.

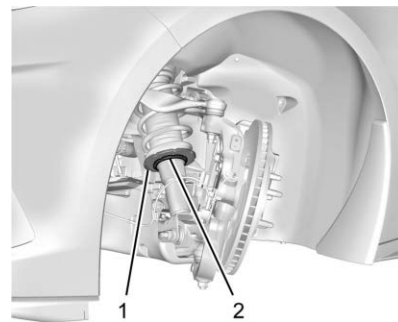
The spring seat can be adjusted approximately 20 mm (0.8 in) up or down from the nominal position. Each complete turn of the spring seat will change the vehicle height approximately 1.5 mm (0.06 in). When adjusting the seat to

the upper limit, lift the dust boot and ensure the seat does not thread off the center support tube (stop adjustment when threads no longer visible). When adjusting the seat to the lower limit, leave approximately 10 mm (0.4 in) of thread visible for the lower lock nut to have full thread engagement.

The following procedure can be complex and should only be performed by trained personnel. See your dealer.

To adjust the lower spring seat:

1. Raise the vehicle so the tires are completely off the ground.



Front Shown, Rear Similar

2. Loosen the lower spring seat lock nut (2).
3. Thread the lower spring seat lock nut (2) downward off the threads to its resting location on the shoulder of the center support tube.
4. While holding the center support tube holes, turn the spring seat (1) upward to increase spring preload, or downward to decrease spring preload.
5. Thread the lower lock nut (2) back on to the center support tube and torque it against the spring seat (1) to 25 N•m (18.4 lb ft).

Load Limit and Tire Pressure



Warning

Operating the vehicle at high speeds can be dangerous. Improper tire inflation pressure can put additional strain on the tires and can cause a sudden failure. Make sure the tires are in excellent condition, and use the correct cold tire inflation pressure for the vehicle load and track/course.



Warning

Tracks/courses put high loads on tires operating at high speed, which can lead to tire failure if not inflated properly. Always limit vehicle cargo to the driver plus one passenger with no additional cargo.

Load Limit and Tire Pressure (Stingray Z51)



Warning

Track/course loads wear tires both on the tread and internal to the tire. When driven in track/course conditions, even if the tread is not worn down to the treadwear indicator, tires must be replaced after the equivalent of two tanks of fuel or approximately 160 km (100 mi).

Limit the vehicle to the driver and one passenger, with no additional cargo.

Cold Tire Pressure Requirement: Inflate tires to no less than 165 kPa (24 psi) front, cold, and 165 kPa (24 psi) rear.

Hot Tire Pressure Target Range: 220–240 kPa (32–35 psi).

Drive at a maximum speed of 296 km/h (184 mph).

After track driving has ended, return the tires to the recommended cold tire inflation pressure shown on the tire placard.

See *Tire Pressure for High-Speed Operation*
⇒ 326 for high speed non-track use.

Load Limit and Tire Pressure (Grand Sport, Z06, and Grand Sport X)



Warning

Track/course loads wear tires both on the tread and internal to the tire. When driven in track/course conditions, even if the tread is not worn down to the treadwear indicator, tires must be replaced after the equivalent of two tanks of fuel or approximately 160 km (100 mi).

Tracks with Combined High-Speed and High-Load Corners

(e.g., Nurburgring Nordschliefe, Spa Francorchamps, or similar)

Limit the vehicle to the driver and one passenger, with no additional cargo.

Grand Sport/Z06 – Cold Tire Pressure
Requirement: Inflate tires to no less than 210 kPa (30 psi) front and rear, cold.

Grand Sport X – Cold Tire Pressure
Requirement: Inflate tires to no less than 180 kPa (26 psi) front and rear, cold.

Hot Tire Pressure Target Range: 220–240 kPa (32–35 psi).

After track driving has ended, return the tires to the recommended cold tire inflation pressure shown on the tire placard.

See *Tire Pressure for High-Speed Operation*
⇒ 326 for high speed non-track use.

Road/Street Courses

(e.g., Virginia International Raceway, Road Atlanta, or similar)

Limit the vehicle to the driver and one passenger, with no additional cargo.

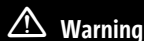
Cold Tire Pressure Requirement: Inflate tires to no less than 165 kPa (24 psi) front and rear, cold.

Hot Tire Pressure Target Range: 220–240 kPa (32–35 psi).

After track driving has ended, return the tires to the recommended cold tire inflation pressure shown on the tire placard.

See *Tire Pressure for High-Speed Operation*
⇒ 326 for high speed non-track use.

Load Limit and Tire Pressure (ZR1/ZR1X)



Track/course loads wear tires both on the tread and internal to the tire. When driven in track/course conditions, even if the tread is not worn down to the treadwear indicator, tires must be replaced after the equivalent of one tank of fuel or approximately 80 km (50 mi).

Tracks with Combined High-Speed and High-Load Corners

(e.g., Nurburgring Nordschliefe, Spa Francorchamps, or similar)

Limit the vehicle to the driver and one passenger, with no additional cargo.

Cold Tire Pressure Requirement: Inflate tires to no less than 220 kPa (32 psi) front and rear, cold.

Hot Tire Pressure Target Range: 235–255 kPa (34–37 psi).

After track driving has ended, return the tires to the recommended cold tire inflation pressure shown on the tire placard.

See *Tire Pressure for High-Speed Operation*
⇒ 326 for high speed non-track use.

Road/Street Courses

(e.g., Virginia International Raceway, Road Atlanta, or similar)

Limit the vehicle to the driver and one passenger, with no additional cargo.

Cold Tire Pressure Requirement: Inflate tires to no less than 190 kPa (28 psi) front and rear, cold.

Hot Tire Pressure Target Range: 240–260 kPa (35–38 psi).

After track driving has ended, return the tires to the recommended cold tire inflation pressure shown on the tire placard.

See *Tire Pressure for High-Speed Operation*
⇒ 326 for high speed non-track use.

Wheel Alignment**Caution**

Using these wheel alignment settings may cause excessive tire wear. Only use these wheel alignment settings for racing or competitive driving. Excessive tire wear is not covered under the vehicle warranty.

Caution

Do not use power tools when removing or installing the fasteners. Damage to the threads may occur. Use hand tools only, and do not overtighten. Hand start the fasteners to ensure that the threads do not bind or cross thread.

The racing and competitive driving wheel alignment settings should be set as described here.

Stingray Z51

To achieve the track alignment specified settings:

1. The upper control arm to body washers on all four corners must be moved from between the body and the control arm and relocated between the head of the bolt and the control arm.
2. Adjust the lower control arm cam bolt position to achieve the following specifications:

Front (per corner)

- Caster: +8.0 degrees
- Camber: -3.0 degrees
- Toe (total): 0.1 degrees toe in

Rear (per corner)

- Caster: 0 degrees
- Camber: -3.0 degrees
- Toe (total): 0.1 degrees toe in
- Thrust Angle: 0 degrees

After track use, reinstall washers between the body and the control arms. Reset to factory alignment settings. See your dealer.

Grand Sport Z52

1. The upper control arm washers do not need to be removed for Grand Sport.
2. Adjust the lower control arm cam bolt position to achieve the following specifications:

Front (per corner)

- Caster: +8.0 degrees
- Camber: -2.25 degrees
- Toe (total): 0.1 degrees toe in

Rear (per corner)

- Caster: 0 degrees
- Camber: -2.25 degrees
- Toe (total): 0.1 degrees toe in
- Thrust Angle: 0 degrees

Z06

1. The upper control arm washers do not need to be removed for Z06.
2. Adjust the lower control arm cam bolt position to achieve the following specifications:

Front (per corner)

- Caster: +8.0 degrees
- Camber: -2.0 degrees
- Toe (total): 0.1 degrees toe in

Rear (per corner)

- Caster: 0 degrees
- Camber: -2.0 degrees
- Toe (total): 0.1 degrees toe in
- Thrust Angle: 0 degrees

Grand Sport X with ZER and Performance Tire

1. The front suspension upper control arm washers should not need to be moved except in rare cases, such as the inability of the camber to be fully achieved with the cam bolt positions.
2. Adjust the lower control arm cam bolt position to achieve the following specifications:

Front (per corner)

- Caster: +8.0 degrees
- Camber: -2.75 degrees
- Toe (total): +0.10 degrees toe in

Rear (per corner)

- Caster: 0 degrees
- Camber: -2.0 degrees
- Toe (total): +0.10 degrees toe in
- Thrust Angle: 0.0 degrees

ZR1

1. The upper control arm washers should not be removed for ZR1.
2. Adjust the lower control arm cam bolt position to achieve the following specifications:

Front (per corner)

- Caster: +8.0 degrees
- Camber: -1.75 degrees
- Toe (total): +0.10 degrees toe in

Rear (per corner)

- Caster: 0 degrees
- Camber: -1.5 degrees
- Toe (total): +0.10 degrees toe in
- Thrust Angle: 0.0 degrees

ZR1X

1. The upper control arm washers should not be removed for ZR1X.
2. Adjust the lower control arm cam bolt position to achieve the following specifications:

Front (per corner)

- Caster: +8.0 degrees
- Camber: -2.0 degrees
- Toe (total): -0.10 degrees toe out

Rear (per corner)

- Caster: 0 degrees
- Camber: -1.5 degrees
- Toe (total): +0.10 degrees toe in
- Thrust Angle: 0.0 degrees

Grand Sport, Z06, or Grand Sport X with Carbon Fiber Wheels (RPOs ROY, ROZ, and STZ) and ZR1/ZR1X (RPO SU1)

When participating in Track Events or Competitive Driving with these wheels, a proper cool down without hot soaking the wheels is critical.

- On a typical road course 3.2–6.5 km (2–4 miles) long per lap, one cool down lap without using the brakes will suffice. If the track being driven is shorter than 3.2 km (2 mi), perform two cool down laps without using the brakes.
- If adequate cool down without using the brakes cannot be achieved (i.e., red flag on track, must stop unexpectedly, etc.), the key is to not have one area of the wheels exposed to the "chimney effect" of the heat that rises off of a stationary hot brake rotor. This can be prevented by very low speed driving of the car such that the entire circumference of the wheel is exposed to the heat. Rolling the car back and forth in a small space is better than sitting still with hot brakes.

Driving on Wet Roads



Warning

Carbon ceramic brakes may present reduced braking force after being wet, such as when driving in the rain, through

(Continued)

Warning (Continued)

water, or after a car wash. Additionally, low temperature, ice, and snow exposure can temporarily reduce braking force. These conditions can lead to reduced stopping power and longer stopping distances, which may increase the risk of accidents. Adjust driving accordingly and allow greater stopping distance.

Rain and wet roads can reduce traction and affect your ability to stop and accelerate. Always drive slower in these driving conditions and avoid driving through large puddles and deep-standing or flowing water.

Driving Through Standing Water

Caution

Driving through deep puddles or standing water can cause water to come in through the engine air intake and damage the engine. If deep puddles or standing water cannot be avoided, proceed with caution

(Continued)

Caution (Continued)

and do not exceed 8 km/h (5 mph). Do not drive through water that may come close to or cover the vehicle's underbody.

Avoid driving through large puddles and deep-standing or flowing water.

Hydroplaning



Warning

Hydroplaning can cause a loss of steering ability, leading to a crash. Slow down and follow these other instructions to help avoid hydroplaning on wet roads.

Hydroplaning can occur on wet roads if water builds up under the tires, causing them to have little to no contact with the road.

Rainy Weather Tips

Warning

Wet brakes can cause crashes. They might not work as well in a quick stop and could cause pulling to one side. You could lose control of the vehicle.

After driving through a large puddle of water or a car/vehicle wash, lightly apply the brake pedal until the brakes work normally.

Flowing or rushing water creates strong forces. Driving through flowing water could cause the vehicle to be carried away. If this happens, you and other vehicle occupants could drown. Do not ignore police warnings and be very cautious about trying to drive through flowing water.

Besides slowing down, other wet weather driving tips include:

- Allow extra following distance.
- Pass with caution.
- Keep windshield wiper equipment in good condition.
- Fill the windshield washer fluid reservoir.

- Maintain proper tire pressure and tread depth. See *Tires* ⇨ 318.
- Turn off cruise control.
- Turn on the Traction Control System and StabiliTrak/Electronic Stability Control system. See *Traction Control/Electronic Stability Control* ⇨ 211.
- Turn on Weather mode. See *Driver Mode Control* ⇨ 213.

Hill and Mountain Roads

Driving on steep hills or through mountains is different than driving on flat or rolling terrain. Tips include:

- When driving downhill in D (Drive), the vehicle may automatically downshift to assist with speed control.
- A lower gear may also be selected to provide further speed control.

Warning

Using the brakes to slow the vehicle on a long downhill slope can cause brake overheating, can reduce brake performance, and could result in a loss of braking. Shift the transmission to a lower gear to let the engine assist the brakes on a steep downhill slope.

Warning

Coasting downhill in N (Neutral) or with the ignition off is dangerous. This can cause overheating of the brakes and loss of steering assist. Always have the engine running and the vehicle in gear.

- Drive at speeds that keep the vehicle in its own lane. Do not swing wide or cross the center line.
- Be alert on top of hills; something could be in your lane (e.g., stalled car, crash).
- Pay attention to special road signs (e.g., falling rocks area, winding roads, long grades, passing or no-passing zones) and take appropriate action.

Winter Driving

Driving on Snow or Ice

Caution

To avoid damage to the wheels and brake components, always clear snow and ice from inside the wheels and underneath the vehicle before driving.

Snow or ice between the tires and the road causes less traction or grip, so drive carefully. Wet ice can occur at about 0 °C (32 °F) when freezing rain begins to fall. Avoid driving on wet ice or in freezing rain until roads can be treated.

For Slippery Road Driving:

- Accelerate gently. Accelerating too quickly causes the wheels to spin and makes the surface under the tires slick.
- Allow greater following distance and watch for slippery spots. Icy patches can occur on otherwise clear roads in shaded areas. The surface of a curve or an overpass can remain icy when the surrounding roads are clear. Avoid sudden steering maneuvers and braking while on ice.

- The Antilock Brake System (ABS) improves vehicle stability during hard stops, but the brakes should be applied sooner than when on dry pavement. See *Antilock Brake System (ABS)* ⇨ 208.
- Turn off cruise control.
- Turn on Traction Control. On Grand Sport X, the electric all-wheel drive system (eAWD) automatically engages when wheel slip is detected. See *Traction Control/Electronic Stability Control* ⇨ 211 and *All-Wheel Drive (ZR1X and Grand Sport X Models Only)* ⇨ 208.
- Turn on Weather Mode. See *Driver Mode Control* ⇨ 213.

Cold Weather Mode

In very low temperatures, a cold weather message may display on the Driver Information Center (DIC). The engine speed, transmission shift patterns, and cabin fan speed may operate differently to enable the vehicle to warm up quicker. You can manually override the cabin fan speed in cold weather mode.

Blizzard Conditions



Warning

Snow can trap engine exhaust under the vehicle. This may cause exhaust gases to get inside. Engine exhaust contains carbon monoxide (CO), which cannot be seen or smelled. It can cause unconsciousness and even death.

If the vehicle is stuck in snow:

- Clear snow from the base of the vehicle, especially any blocking the exhaust pipe.
- Open a window about 5 cm (2 in) on the vehicle side that is away from the wind, to bring in fresh air.
- Fully open the air outlets on or under the instrument panel.
- Adjust the climate control system to circulate the air inside the vehicle and set the fan speed to the highest setting. See “Climate Control Systems.”

For more information about CO, see *Engine Exhaust* ⇨ 194.

Stop the vehicle in a safe place and signal for help. Stay with the vehicle unless there is help nearby. If possible, use Roadside Assistance. See *Roadside Assistance Program* ⇨ 376. To get help and keep everyone in the vehicle safe:

- Turn on the hazard warning flashers.
- Tie a red cloth to an outside mirror.

To save fuel, run the engine for short periods to warm the vehicle and then shut the engine off. Moving about to keep warm also helps.

If it takes time for help to arrive, when running the engine, push the accelerator pedal slightly so the engine runs faster than the idle speed. This keeps the battery charged to restart the vehicle and to signal for help with the headlights. Do this as little as possible to save fuel.

Leave a window slightly open to vent moisture, which can reduce fogging on the inside surfaces of the windows.

If the Vehicle Is Stuck

Slowly and cautiously spin the wheels to free the vehicle when stuck in sand, mud, ice, or snow.

If stuck too severely for the traction system to free the vehicle, turn the traction system off and use the rocking method. See *Traction Control/Electronic Stability Control* ⇨ 211.



Warning

If the vehicle's tires spin at high speed, they can explode, and you or others could be injured. The vehicle can overheat, causing an engine compartment fire or other damage. Spin the wheels as little as possible and avoid going above 56 km/h (35 mph).

Rocking the Vehicle to Get it Out

Turn the steering wheel left and right to clear the area around the front wheels. Turn off any traction system. Shift back and forth between R (Reverse) and a low forward gear, spinning the wheels as little as possible. To prevent transmission wear, wait until the wheels stop spinning before shifting gears. Release the accelerator pedal while shifting, and press lightly on the accelerator pedal when the transmission is in gear. Slowly spinning the wheels in the forward and reverse directions causes a rocking motion that could free the

vehicle. If that does not get the vehicle out after a few tries, it may need to be towed out. If the vehicle does need to be towed out, see *Transporting a Disabled Vehicle* ⇨ 344.

Vehicle Load Limits

It is very important to know how much weight the vehicle can carry. This weight is called the vehicle capacity weight and includes the weight of all occupants, cargo, and all non-factory-installed options. Two labels on the vehicle may show how much weight it may properly carry: the Tire and Loading Information label and the Certification label.



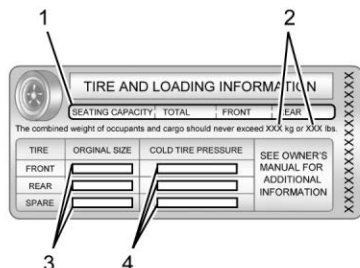
Warning

Do not load the vehicle any heavier than the Gross Vehicle Weight Rating (GVWR), or either the maximum front or rear Gross Axle Weight Rating (GAWR). This can cause systems to break and change the way the vehicle handles. This could cause loss of control

(Continued)

Warning (Continued)

and a crash. Overloading can also reduce stopping performance, damage the tires, and shorten the life of the vehicle.

Tire and Loading Information Label**Label Example**

A vehicle-specific Tire and Loading Information label is attached to the center pillar (B-pillar). This label shows the

number of occupant seating positions (1), and the maximum vehicle capacity weight (2) in kilograms and pounds.

The Tire and Loading Information label also shows the size of the original equipment tires (3) and the recommended cold tire inflation pressures (4). For more information on tires and inflation see *Tires* ⇨ 318 and *Tire Pressure* ⇨ 325.

There is also important loading information on the vehicle Certification label. It may show the Gross Vehicle Weight Rating (GVWR) and the Gross Axle Weight Rating (GAWR) for the front and rear axle. See "Certification Label" later in this section.

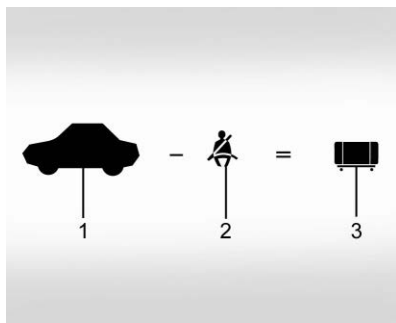
Steps for Determining Correct Load Limit

1. Locate the statement "The combined weight of occupants and cargo should never exceed XXX kg or XXX lbs." on your vehicle's placard.
2. Determine the combined weight of the driver and passengers that will be riding in your vehicle.

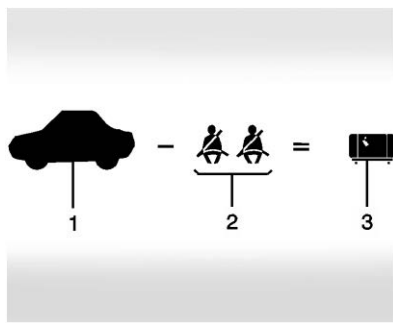
3. Subtract the combined weight of the driver and passengers from XXX kg or XXX lbs.
4. The resulting figure equals the available amount of cargo and luggage load capacity. For example, if the "XXX" amount equals 1400 lbs. and there will be five 150 lb passengers in your vehicle, the amount of available cargo and luggage load capacity is 650 lbs. (1400-750 (5 x 150) = 650 lbs.)
5. Determine the combined weight of luggage and cargo being loaded on the vehicle. That weight may not safely exceed the available cargo and luggage load capacity calculated in Step 4.

This vehicle is neither designed nor intended to tow a trailer.

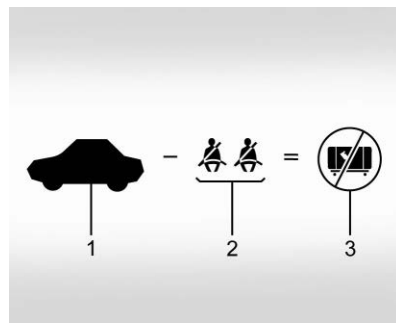
If aftermarket accessories are installed on the vehicle, be sure to add the weight of all installed accessories to the combined weight of luggage and cargo.

**Example 1**

1. Vehicle Capacity Weight for Example 1 = 181 kg (400 lbs)
Then subtract Accessory Weight = 15.8 kg (35 lb)
2. Subtract Occupant Weight @ 68 kg (150 lbs) $\times 1 = 68$ kg (150 lbs)
3. Remaining available capacity for Cargo Weight = 97.2 kg (215 lbs)

**Example 2**

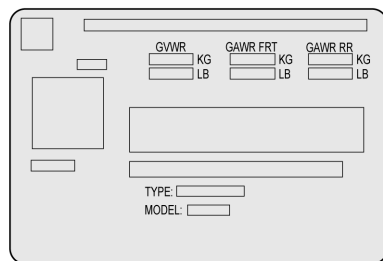
1. Vehicle Capacity Weight for Example 2 = 181 kg (400 lbs)
Then subtract Accessory Weight = 18.1 kg (40 lb)
2. Subtract Occupant Weight @ 68 kg (150 lbs) $\times 2 = 136$ kg (300 lbs)
3. Remaining available capacity for Cargo Weight = 26.9 kg (60 lbs)

**Example 3**

1. Vehicle Capacity Weight for Example 3 = 181 kg (400 lbs)
2. Subtract Occupant Weight @ 91 kg (200 lbs) $\times 2 = 181$ kg (400 lbs)
3. Available Cargo Weight = 0 kg (0 lbs)

Refer to the vehicle's Tire and Loading Information label for specific information about the vehicle's capacity weight and seating positions. The combined weight of the driver, passengers, accessories, and cargo should never exceed the vehicle's capacity weight.

Certification Label



Label Example

A vehicle-specific Certification label is attached to either the rear edge of the left-hand door or the B-pillar. It may show the gross weight capacity of the vehicle, called the Gross Vehicle Weight Rating (GVWR). The GVWR includes the weight of the vehicle, all occupants, fuel and cargo.

Caution

Overloading the vehicle may cause damage. Repairs would not be covered by the vehicle warranty. Do not overload the vehicle.



Warning

Things you put inside your vehicle can strike and injure people in a sudden stop or turn, or in a crash.

- Put things in the rear area of your vehicle. Try to spread the weight evenly.
- Never stack heavier things, like suitcases, inside the vehicle so that some of them are above the tops of the seats.
- Do not leave an unsecured child restraint in your vehicle.
- When you carry something inside the vehicle, secure it whenever you can.

Starting and Operating

New Vehicle Break-In

Follow these recommended guidelines during the first 2 414 km (1,500 mi) of driving this vehicle. Parts have a break-in period and performance will be better in the long run.

If equipped, the high voltage battery will have limited capacity for the first 161 km (100 mi).

For the first 322 km (200 mi):

- To break in new tires, drive at moderate speeds and avoid hard cornering.
- New brake linings also need a break-in period. Avoid making hard stops. This is recommended every time brake linings are replaced.

For the first 800 km (500 mi):

- Avoid full throttle starts and abrupt stops.
- Do not exceed 4000 rpm.
- Avoid driving at any one constant speed, fast or slow, including the use of cruise control.
- Avoid downshifting to brake or slow the vehicle when the engine speed will exceed 4000 rpm.

- Do not let the engine labor. Never lug the engine.
- Engine torque will be limited in low gears.

To remove the engine torque limitation after the initial 800 km (500 mi) break-in period, turn the vehicle off, and open and close the driver door. Ensure all doors are closed for 15 minutes.

For the first 2 414 km (1,500 mi):

- Do not participate in track events, sport driving schools, or similar activities.
- Check engine oil with every refueling and add if necessary. Oil and fuel consumption may be higher than normal.

Grand Sport X/ZR1X Brake Burnishing

Brake burnishing for Grand Sport X/ZR1X models may take an extended amount of driving due to the regenerative braking system. The following procedure may be performed to shorten the brake burnishing period for street driving. See *Track Events and Competitive Driving* ⇨ 167 for non-street brake burnishing.

Perform this procedure only on dry pavement, in a safe manner, and in compliance with all local and state ordinances/laws regarding motor vehicle operation.

1. Press the Charge+ switch. Drive until the battery level display on the Driver Information Center indicates that the hybrid battery is at full charge, which minimizes regenerative braking.
2. Using the friction bubble gauge, apply the brakes 15 times starting at 100 km/h (60 mph) to 16 km/h (10 mph). Decelerate at 0.5g. This is a medium brake application. Drive for at least 0.3 km (0.2 mi) between brake applications

If further burnishing is desired for improved brake feel, repeat this procedure. As with all high-performance brake systems, some amount of brake squeal is normal.

Front Air Dam (and Splitter)

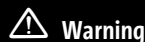
If equipped, the front air dam and splitter have minimal ground clearance.

Under normal operation, the components will occasionally contact some road surfaces (speed bumps, driveway ramps, etc.). This can be heard inside the vehicle as a scraping noise. This is normal and does not indicate a problem.

Use care when approaching bumps or objects on road surfaces and avoid them when possible.

If equipped, the Front Lift System may be used to increase front air dam or splitter clearance. See *Front Lift System* ⇨ 222.

Composite Materials



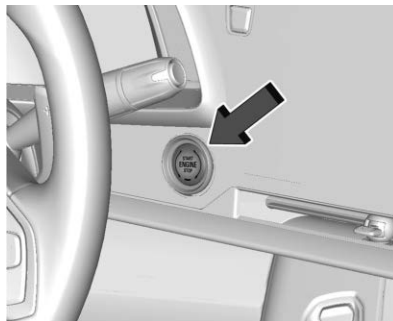
Exposed edges of parts containing carbon fiber and other composite materials can be sharp. Contact with these parts could result in injury. Use caution to avoid contacting these parts, including when washing the vehicle. If the parts are damaged, replace the parts promptly with replacements from your dealer.

**Warning**

Rocker extensions may break under pressure, resulting in property damage or injury. Do not stand on the rocker extension or use it as a step.

This vehicle may be equipped with parts containing carbon fiber, sheet-molding compound, or other composite materials. Dealer-installed accessories may also contain composite materials. These parts and accessories may include the splitter or rocker extensions.

Ignition Positions



The vehicle has an electronic keyless ignition with pushbutton start.

The remote key must be in the vehicle for the system to operate. If the pushbutton start is not working, the vehicle may be near a strong radio antenna signal causing interference to the Keyless Access system. See *Remote Key Operation* ⇨ 9.

To shift out of P (Park), the vehicle must be turned on and the brake pedal must be applied.

Stopping the Engine/OFF (No Indicator Lights):

When the vehicle is stopped, press ENGINE START/STOP once to turn the engine off.

If the vehicle is in P (Park), the ignition will turn off, and Retained Accessory Power will remain active. See *Retained Accessory Power (RAP)* ⇨ 193.

If the vehicle is in R (Reverse), D (Drive), or M (Manual Mode), the vehicle will shift to P (Park), the ignition will turn off, and Retained Accessory Power will remain active.

If the vehicle is in N (Neutral), the ignition will return to accessory and display the message SHIFT TO PARK in the Driver Information Center. When the vehicle is shifted into P (Park), the ignition will turn off.

Do not turn the engine off when the vehicle is moving unless there is an emergency. This may cause a loss of power assist in the brake and steering systems and may disable the airbags.

If the vehicle must be turned off in an emergency:

1. Brake using a firm and steady pressure. Do not pump the brakes repeatedly. This may deplete power assist, requiring increased brake pedal force.
2. Shift into N (Neutral). This can be done while the vehicle is moving. After shifting into N (Neutral), firmly apply the brakes and steer the vehicle to a safe location.

3. Come to a complete stop. Shift into P (Park).
4. Set the electric parking brake. See *Electric Parking Brake* ⇨ 209. Press ENGINE START/STOP to turn the vehicle off.

**Warning**

Turning off the vehicle while moving may cause loss of power assist in the brake and steering systems and disable the airbags. While driving, only shut the vehicle off in an emergency.

If the vehicle cannot be pulled over and must be turned off while driving, press and hold ENGINE START/STOP for more than two seconds, or press twice within five seconds.

Accessory (Amber Indicator Light): This mode allows the use of some electrical accessories when the engine is off.

With the ignition off, pressing the button one time without the brake pedal applied will place the ignition system in accessory.

The ignition will switch from accessory to OFF after five minutes to prevent battery rundown.

ON/RUN/START (Green Indicator Light): This mode is for driving and starting. With the ignition off and the brake pedal applied, pressing the button once will place the ignition in ON/RUN/START. Once engine cranking begins, release the button. Engine cranking will continue until the engine starts. See *Starting the Engine* ⇨ 191. The ignition will then remain in ON/RUN.

Service Mode

This power mode is available for service and diagnostics, and to verify the proper operation of the malfunction indicator light as may be required for emission inspection purposes. With the vehicle off and the brake pedal not applied, pressing and holding ENGINE START/STOP for more than five seconds will place the vehicle in Service Mode. The instruments and audio systems will operate as they do in ON/RUN, but the vehicle will not be able to be driven. The engine will not start in Service Mode. Press ENGINE START/STOP again to turn the vehicle off.

Starting the Engine**Caution**

If you add electrical parts or accessories, you could change the way the engine operates. Any resulting damage would not be covered by the vehicle warranty. See *Add-On Electrical Equipment* ⇨ 253.

Caution

Do not try to shift to P (Park) if the vehicle is moving. If you do, you could damage the transmission. Shift to P (Park) only when the vehicle is stopped.

Place the transmission in P (Park) or N (Neutral). To restart the vehicle when it is already moving, use N (Neutral) only.

Starting the Vehicle

The remote key must be inside the vehicle for the ignition to work.

Cell phone chargers can interfere with the operation of the Keyless Access system. Battery chargers should not be plugged in when starting or turning off the engine.

Caution

Cranking the engine for long periods of time, by pressing ENGINE START/STOP immediately after cranking has ended, can overheat and damage the cranking motor, and drain the battery. Wait at least 15 seconds between each try, to let the cranking motor cool down.

1. Press the brake pedal, then press ENGINE START/STOP on the instrument panel.

If there is no remote key in the vehicle or if there is something causing interference with it, the Driver Information Center will display a message.

2. When the engine begins cranking, let go of the button and the engine cranks automatically until it starts.

If the battery in the remote key is weak, the Driver Information Center will display a message. The vehicle can still be driven.

See “Starting the Vehicle with a Low Remote Key Battery” under *Remote Key Operation* ⇨ 9. If the remote key battery is dead, insert it into the cupholder remote key pocket to enable engine starting.

3. Do not race the engine immediately after starting it. Operate the engine and transmission gently until the oil warms up and lubricates all moving parts.
4. If the engine does not start and no Driver Information Center message is displayed, wait 15 seconds before trying again to let the cranking motor cool down.

If the engine does not start after 5 to 10 seconds, especially in very cold weather (below -18°C or 0°F), it could be flooded with too much gasoline. Try pushing the accelerator pedal all the way to the floor while cranking for up to 15 seconds maximum. Wait at least 15 seconds between each try, to allow the cranking motor to cool down. When the engine starts, let go of the accelerator. If the vehicle starts briefly but then stops again, repeat these steps. This clears the extra gasoline from the engine.

Stopping the Engine

Shift to P (Park) and press and hold ENGINE START/STOP on the instrument panel, until the engine shuts off. If the vehicle is stopped and the transmission is not in P (Park), the engine shuts off and the vehicle goes into run mode. The Driver Information Center displays SHIFT TO PARK. When shifted to P (Park) the vehicle turns off.

If the remote key is not detected inside the vehicle when it is turned off, the Driver Information Center displays a message.

Stop/Start System

If equipped and enabled, the Auto Stop/Start feature shuts off the engine when the vehicle is at a stop to help conserve fuel.



Warning

The automatic engine Stop/Start feature causes the engine to shut off while the vehicle is still on. Do not exit the vehicle before shifting to P (Park). The vehicle may restart and move unexpectedly. Always shift to P (Park), and then turn the ignition off before exiting the vehicle.

When the brakes are applied and the vehicle is at a complete stop, the engine may turn off. When stopped, the tachometer displays AUTO STOP. When the brake pedal is released or the accelerator pedal is pressed, the engine will restart.

Auto Stop/Start Deactivation

The Auto Stop/Start feature can be disabled and enabled by selecting  on the control panel. See *Driver Information Center (DIC)* ➔ 103.

When the  icon is illuminated in the instrument cluster, the system is enabled.

Auto Stop/Start Availability

Auto Stop/Start may or may not occur if:

- The climate control settings require the engine to be running to cool or heat the vehicle interior.
- The vehicle battery needs to charge.
- The vehicle battery was recently disconnected.
- Minimum vehicle speed has not been reached since the last Auto Stop.
- The accelerator pedal is pressed.

- The engine or transmission is not at the required operating temperature.
- The outside temperature is not in the required operating range.
- The vehicle is shifted out of D (Drive) to any gear other than P (Park).
- Certain driver modes have been selected. See *Driver Mode Control* ➔ 213.
- The vehicle is on a steep hill or grade.
- The driver door is open or the driver seat belt is unbuckled.
- The hood is open.
- The Auto Stop has reached the maximum allowed time.

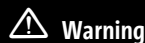
Retained Accessory Power (RAP)

When you turn off the vehicle, the following features (if equipped) will continue to function for up to 10 minutes, or until the driver door is opened. These features will also work when the vehicle is on or in accessory mode:

- Infotainment System
- Power Windows (during Retained Accessory Power this functionality will be lost when any door is opened)

- Sunroof (during Retained Accessory Power this functionality will be lost when any door is opened)
- Auxiliary Power Outlet (during Retained Accessory Power this functionality will be lost when any door is opened)
- Audio System
- OnStar System

Parking over Things That Burn



Warning

Things that can burn could touch hot exhaust parts under the vehicle and ignite. Do not park over papers, leaves, dry grass, or other things that can burn.

Active Fuel Management

If equipped with Active Fuel Management, the engine may operate on either all or half of its cylinders, depending on driving conditions.

When less power is required, such as cruising at a constant vehicle speed, the system will operate in the half cylinder mode, allowing the vehicle to achieve better fuel economy. When

greater power demands are required, such as accelerating from a stop, passing, or merging onto a highway, the system will maintain full-cylinder operation.

Grand Sport X models will use electric power to supplement engine power to extend Active Fuel Management operation and improve fuel economy.

If the vehicle has an Active Fuel Management indicator, see *Instrument Cluster* ⇨ 85 for more information on using this display.

Extended Parking

It is best not to park with the vehicle running. If the vehicle is left running, be sure it will not move and there is adequate ventilation.

See *Dual Clutch Transmission* ⇨ 195 and *Engine Exhaust* ⇨ 194.

If the vehicle is left parked and running with the remote key outside the vehicle, it will continue to run for up to 15 minutes.

If the vehicle is left parked and running with the remote key inside the vehicle, it will continue to run for up to 30 minutes.

The vehicle could turn off sooner if it is parked on a hill, due to lack of available fuel.

The timer will reset if the vehicle is taken out of P (Park) while it is running.

Engine Exhaust

Warning

Engine exhaust contains carbon monoxide (CO), which cannot be seen or smelled. Exposure to CO can cause unconsciousness and even death.

Exhaust may enter the vehicle if:

- The vehicle idles in areas with poor ventilation (parking garages, tunnels, deep snow that may block underbody airflow or tail pipes).
- The exhaust smells or sounds strange or different.
- The exhaust system leaks due to corrosion or damage.
- The vehicle exhaust system has been modified, damaged, or improperly repaired.

(Continued)

Warning (Continued)

- There are holes or openings in the vehicle body from damage or aftermarket modifications that are not completely sealed.

If unusual fumes are detected or if it is suspected that exhaust is coming into the vehicle:

- Drive it only with the windows completely down.
- Have the vehicle repaired immediately.

Never park the vehicle with the engine running in an enclosed area such as a garage or a building that has no fresh air ventilation.

Warning

To prevent exhaust gases from entering the vehicle and heat from damaging the vehicle, the engine cover and all fluid fill plugs must be secured before closing the tonneau cover (convertible only) and operating the vehicle. Make sure all bolts are torqued to GM specifications.

Running the Vehicle While Parked

It is better not to park with the engine running. If you need to leave the vehicle with the engine running, follow the proper steps to be sure the vehicle will not move. See *Dual Clutch Transmission* ⇨ 195 and *Engine Exhaust* ⇨ 194.

Dual Clutch Transmission



This vehicle is equipped with a dual clutch transmission that contains an integrated rear differential. The dual clutch transmission provides an extremely connected feel due to the direct connection between the engine and gear box. This arrangement provides very

fast shift times for maximum performance. Automatic driving mode is selected by pulling D on the transmission range selection panel and provides fully automatic shifting operation which can be further refined using driver mode control. Upshifts may be delayed regardless of mode selection or ambient temperature until the engine is warmed up. Manual operation can also be selected. See Manual Mode later in this section.

This transmission is electronically controlled. The shift switches are on the center console. The selected gear position will illuminate red on the shift switch, while all others will display in white. The indicator on the shift switch may flash if the shift is not immediate or if the gear is not fully engaged. This may occur in very cold conditions or when Double Paddle Declutch is used.

The transmission does not operate when the vehicle is off. If the vehicle has a battery with low voltage, try charging or jump starting the battery. See *Jump Starting - North America* ⇨ 340.

If the vehicle is in accessory mode, the transmission can be shifted into P (Park).

If ENGINE START/STOP is pressed twice while at a relatively high speed, the engine will turn off and the transmission will automatically shift into N (Neutral). Once the vehicle is stopped, P (Park) can be selected.

P: This position locks the drive wheels. Use P (Park) when starting the vehicle to ensure the vehicle does not move.

Warning

It is dangerous to get out of the vehicle if the vehicle is not in P (Park) with the parking brake set. The vehicle can roll.

Do not leave the vehicle when the engine is running. If you have left the engine running, the vehicle can move suddenly. You or others could be injured. To be sure the vehicle will not move, even when you are on fairly level ground, always set the parking brake and shift to P (Park).

Shifting out of Park

1. Ensure the engine is running.
2. Apply the brake pedal.

3. Press or pull the desired switch on the center console. For N (Neutral) press and hold the N (Neutral) switch until the N indicator illuminates red.

The P indicator will turn white and the gear indicator on the shift switch will turn red when the vehicle is no longer in P (Park).

If the vehicle cannot shift from P (Park), a Driver Information Center message will display. See your dealer for service.

Shifting Into Park

When the vehicle is stopped, press ENGINE START/STOP to turn off the vehicle.

The transmission will shift into P (Park) automatically unless N (Neutral) is selected.

The vehicle will not shift into P (Park) if it is moving too fast. Stop the vehicle and shift into P (Park).

1. Hold the brake pedal down and set the parking brake. See *Electric Parking Brake* ⇨ 209.
2. Press the P (Park) switch on the center console. The P indicator will turn red when the vehicle is in P (Park).
3. Press ENGINE START/STOP to turn the engine off.

If the vehicle is shifted into P (Park) on a hill, the electric parking brake may apply automatically. The electric parking brake may not release when the electric parking brake switch is used. The electric parking brake should automatically release when the vehicle is shifted out of P (Park).

Leaving the Vehicle with the Engine Running



Warning

It can be dangerous to leave the vehicle with the engine running. It could overheat and catch fire.

It is dangerous to get out of the vehicle if the vehicle is not in P (Park) with the parking brake firmly set. The vehicle can roll.

Do not leave the vehicle when the engine is running. If you have left the engine running, the vehicle can move suddenly. You or others could be injured. To be sure the vehicle will not move, even when you are on fairly level ground, always set the parking brake and shift to P (Park).

If you have to leave the vehicle with the engine running, be sure the vehicle is in P (Park) and the parking brake is set before you leave it.

R: Use this gear to back up.

If the vehicle is shifted into R (Reverse) while the speed is too high, the vehicle will shift into N (Neutral). Reduce vehicle speed and try the shift again.

To shift into R (Reverse):

1. Bring the vehicle to a complete stop.
2. Pull the R (Reverse) switch on the center console.

To shift out of R (Reverse):

1. Bring the vehicle to a complete stop.
2. Shift into the desired gear.

At low vehicle speeds, R (Reverse) can be used to rock the vehicle back and forth to get out of snow, ice, or sand without damaging the transmission. See *If the Vehicle Is Stuck* ⇨ 185.

N: In this position, the engine does not connect with the wheels. To restart the engine when the vehicle is already moving, use N (Neutral) only.

 Warning

Shifting into a drive gear while the engine is running at high speed is dangerous. Unless your foot is firmly on the brake pedal, the vehicle could move very rapidly. You could lose control and hit people or objects. Do not shift into a drive gear while the engine is running at high speed.

Caution

Shifting out of P (Park) or N (Neutral) with the engine running at high speed may damage the transmission. The repairs would not be covered by the vehicle warranty. Be sure the engine is not running at high speed when shifting the vehicle.

Caution

The vehicle is not designed to stay in N (Neutral) for extended periods of time. It will automatically shift into P (Park).

To shift into N (Neutral), press and hold the N (Neutral) switch until the N indicator is red.

To shift out of N (Neutral):

1. Bring the vehicle to a complete stop.
2. Shift into the desired gear.

Maintaining N (Neutral) with Engine Off

This vehicle includes a method of keeping the vehicle in N (Neutral) while the engine is off.

This method is not to be used for vehicle towing. If the vehicle needs to be towed, see *Transporting a Disabled Vehicle* ⇨ 344.

Driver Remains in Vehicle: To place the vehicle in N (Neutral) with the engine off and the vehicle occupied:

1. Ensure the vehicle is on level ground, the engine is running and the vehicle is in P (Park).
2. Press and hold the brake pedal.
3. Shift to N (Neutral).
4. Turn off the engine and release the brake pedal.
5. The indicator should continue to show N. If it does not, start the engine and repeat Steps 2–4.
6. The vehicle will now remain in N (Neutral).

Driver Leaves Vehicle: To place the vehicle in N (Neutral) with the engine off and the vehicle unoccupied:

1. Ensure the vehicle is on level ground, the engine is running and the vehicle is in P (Park).
2. Press and hold the brake pedal.
3. Open the door.
4. Shift to N (Neutral).
5. Turn off the engine and release the brake pedal.
6. The indicator should continue to show N. If it does not, start the engine and repeat Steps 2–5.
7. Exit the vehicle and close the door.
8. The vehicle may automatically shift to P (Park) upon re-entry.

D: This position is for normal driving. If more power is needed for passing, press the accelerator pedal.

Caution

A transmission hot message may display if the transmission fluid is too hot. Driving under this condition can damage the vehicle. Stop and idle the engine to cool the transmission fluid. This message clears when the transmission fluid has cooled sufficiently.

Caution

Spinning the tires or holding the vehicle in one place on a hill using only the accelerator pedal may damage the transmission. The repair will not be covered by the vehicle warranty. If the vehicle is stuck, do not spin the tires. When stopping on a hill, use the brakes to hold the vehicle in place.

If the vehicle is shifted into D (Drive) while the speed is too high, the transmission will get ready to engage D (Drive). Reduce the vehicle speed, then the transmission will engage D (Drive).

To shift into D (Drive):

1. Bring the vehicle to a complete stop.

2. Pull the D (Drive) switch on the center console.

To shift out of D (Drive):

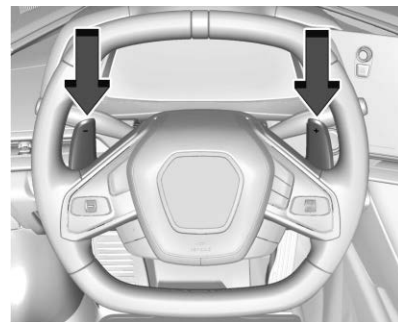
1. Bring the vehicle to a complete stop.
2. Shift to the desired gear.

Downshifting the transmission in slippery road conditions could result in skidding. See “Skidding” under *Loss of Control* ⇨ 166.

The transmission can be shifted like a manual transmission using the paddle shift controls while in D (Drive). See *Manual Mode* ⇨ 198.

Manual Mode

Manual Paddle Shift



With the transmission in D (Drive), press the M (Manual mode) switch on the center console to enter Manual mode. Use the paddles on the steering wheel to manually upshift or downshift the transmission. The right + (plus) paddle upshifts, and the left - (minus) paddle downshifts.

When using the Manual Paddle Shift system, the current gear will be displayed in the instrument cluster or the Head-Up Display (HUD), if equipped. See *Head-Up Display (HUD)* ⇨ 109.

When accelerating the vehicle from a stop in snowy and icy conditions, shifting to 2 (Second) gear, when available, will allow the vehicle to gain more traction.

The Manual Paddle Shift system can be deactivated by pulling the D (Drive) switch on the center console.

With the transmission in D (Drive), pull the right + paddle or the left – paddle to place the transmission in Temporary Manual Paddle Shift mode.

To exit Temporary Manual Paddle Shift mode do one of the following:

- Hold the + paddle for more than one second.
- Drive at a steady speed without manual shifts or aggressive cornering for several seconds.
- Lower vehicle speed to 6 km/h (4 mph) or less.

While the Manual Paddle Shift system is active, the transmission will automatically downshift through the gears as the vehicle slows. The

transmission will select 1 (First) gear as the vehicle stops. From a stop, the vehicle will start from and hold 1 (First) gear unless Manual Paddle Shifts are used to shift into a different gear, or D (Drive) is selected.

To cause the transmission to downshift to the lowest gear possible for the vehicle speed, in Manual Paddle Shift or Temporary Manual Paddle Shift mode:

Pull and briefly hold the – paddle. If the paddle continues to be held as the vehicle slows, downshifts will continue as vehicle speed allows.

The Manual Paddle Shift system will not upshift or downshift if vehicle speed is too fast or too slow, and will not start from any gear other than 1 (First) gear.

If upshifting does not occur when necessary in Manual Paddle Shift mode, vehicle speed is limited to protect the engine. When in Temporary Manual Paddle Shift mode, the

transmission will automatically upshift if the accelerator pedal is pressed all the way to the floor.

Manual Paddle Shift can be used with cruise control. See *Cruise Control* ⇨ 232.

At maximum engine speed (rpm), auto-shifts will occur after a specified time period to protect the engine.

The vehicle speeds required for Manual Paddle Shift upshifts depend on several vehicle inputs, which will vary the allowed upshift speed by a few km/h (mph).

To prevent damage to the powertrain, Manual Paddle downshifts cannot be performed above certain speeds.

The vehicle speeds for allowed Manual Paddle shifts can vary by vehicle model or optional equipment; such as the Stingray Z51 with Electronic Limited-Slip Differential differs from non-Z51 with Mechanical Limited-Slip Differential.

Stingray (LS6) with an Electronic Limited-Slip Differential (Z51/Z52) and Grand Sport X		
Upshift Allowed (into gear)	At Approximately	
	km/h	mph
2nd	9	6
3rd	22	14
4th	30	19
5th	41	26
6th	52	32
7th	67	42
8th	81	50
Maximum Downshift Inhibit Speed (into gear)	At Approximately	
	km/h	mph
1st	50	31
2nd	85	53
3rd	124	77
4th	173	107

5th	233	145
6th	Aero Limited	Aero Limited
7th	Aero Limited	Aero Limited

Stingray (LS6) with a Mechanical Limited-Slip Differential (Without Z51/Z52)		
Upshift Allowed (into gear)	At Approximately	
	km/h	mph
2nd	16	10
3rd	26	16
4th	37	23
5th	49	30
6th	63	39
7th	80	50
8th	97	60

Stingray (LS6) with a Mechanical Limited-Slip Differential (Without Z51/Z52)		
Maximum Downshift Inhibit Speed (into gear)	At Approximately	
	km/h	mph
1st	30	19
2nd	63	39
3rd	113	70
4th	174	108

5th	245	152
6th	Aero Limited	Aero Limited
7th	Aero Limited	Aero Limited

Z06 (LT6)		
Upshift Allowed (into gear)	At Approximately	
	km/h	mph
2nd	14	9
3rd	24	15
4th	39	24
5th	52	32
6th	60	37
7th	77	48
8th	93	58

Z06 (LT6)		
Maximum Downshift Inhibit Speed (into gear)	At Approximately	
	km/h	mph
1st	66	41
2nd	113	69
3rd	162	101
4th	225	140

5th	303	188
6th	Aero Limited	Aero Limited
7th	Aero Limited	Aero Limited

ZR1/ZR1X		
Upshift Allowed (into gear)	At Approximately	
	km/h	mph
2nd	13	8
3rd	24	15
4th	33	21
5th	45	28
6th	58	36
7th	77	48
8th	96	60

ZR1/ZR1X		
Maximum Downshift Inhibit Speed (into gear)	At Approximately	
	km/h	mph
1st	64	40
2nd	105	65
3rd	152	94
4th	211	131

5th	283	176
6th	Aero Limited	Aero Limited
7th	Aero Limited	Aero Limited

Double Paddle Declutch



Warning

When exiting Double Paddle Declutch, the vehicle may move rapidly. You could lose control and cause a crash with nearby people or objects. Be ready to release the accelerator pedal or apply the brakes immediately if the vehicle moves too quickly. Do not use the Double Paddle Declutch when people or objects are near.

Use of Double Paddle Declutch on public roads could result in exhaust noise in excess of local laws.

Double Paddle Declutch allows the vehicle to temporarily disconnect the engine from the wheels, similar to N (Neutral). This feature is activated by pulling and holding both the + paddle and – paddle at the same time while

the vehicle is in R (Reverse), D (Drive), or M (Manual mode). The vehicle will remain in this condition until both the + paddle and – paddle are released. The R, D, or M indicator on the center shift console will flash red to indicate that the vehicle is in Double Paddle Declutch. In addition, the current gear state indicator in the Driver Information Center will change to flashing blue to indicate that the vehicle is in Double Paddle Declutch. To exit Double Paddle Declutch, release both the + paddle and – paddle. The engine will reconnect to the wheels and the shift indicator will stop flashing. There are two Double Paddle Declutch exit styles:

Standard Exit: Engine power is reapplied to the wheels gently to support normal vehicle operation on public roads. This occurs when paddles are released under any of these conditions:

- Accelerator pedal is fully released

- Vehicle speed is above 10 km/h (6 mph)
- Vehicle is in R (Reverse)
- Paddles are released separately

If the vehicle was in Temporary Manual Paddle Shift mode before entering Double Paddle Declutch, the vehicle will return to D (Drive) with automatic shifting upon exiting Double Paddle Declutch.

Rapid Exit: This is intended for use at a closed course race track and not on public roads. Engine power is reapplied to the wheels quickly to support spirited driving. The rate of launch is dependent on how much the accelerator pedal is pressed when the paddles are released. The further the accelerator pedal is pressed, the greater the rate of launch. Tire spin may occur if the Traction Control System is turned off while performing a Rapid Exit. Rapid Exit launch occurs when all of the following conditions are met:

- Vehicle speed is below 10 km/h (6 mph)
- Vehicle is in D (Drive) or M (Manual mode)
- Both paddles are released at the same time

With the accelerator fully pressed and the engine at the rev limiter, peak performance only occurs if the paddles are released within a short period of time after reaching the rev limit (i.e., a few seconds).

Manual Launch : While the vehicle is in Double Paddle Declutch, Manual Launch can be activated to gain more precise control over the engine speed to prepare for a Standard or Rapid Exit. To activate this feature, first enter Double Paddle Declutch, then release and repull either the + paddle or – paddle while keeping the opposite paddle held. The Performance Transmission Active Light will illuminate in the gauge cluster to indicate that Manual Launch has been activated.

See *Performance Transmission Active* ⇨ 96. When Manual Launch is active, the engine will respond differently when the accelerator pedal is pressed compared to normal Double Paddle Declutch. The accelerator pedal must be pressed further to increase the engine rpm and a lower engine rpm limit will be applied. This feature also provides faster engine response during a Rapid Exit if any of the Performance Traction Management modes or StabiliTrak/Electronic Stability Control Off has been selected. To exit Manual Launch, release both the + paddle and – paddle. The vehicle

will also exit Double Paddle Declutch and the engine will reconnect to the wheels. A Standard Exit or Rapid Exit will be performed based on the same conditions listed previously.

Drive Systems

All-Wheel Drive (ZR1X and Grand Sport X Models Only)

Your vehicle is equipped with electric All-Wheel Drive. Vehicles with this feature automatically send power through the front wheels as needed. It is fully automatic and adjusts itself as needed for road conditions.

Brakes

Electric Brake Boost

Vehicles equipped with electric brake boost have hydraulic brake circuits that are electronically controlled when the brake pedal is applied during normal operation. The system performs routine tests and turns off within a few minutes after the vehicle is turned off. Noise may be heard during this time. If the brake pedal is pressed during the tests or

when the electric brake boost system is off, a noticeable change in pedal force and travel may be felt. This is normal.

Antilock Brake System (ABS)

The Antilock Brake System helps to prevent skidding and maintain steering control during hard braking.



If there is a problem, the Antilock Brake System warning light stays on. See *Brake System Warning Light* ⇨ 95.

Using Antilock Brakes

Do not pump the brakes. Just hold the brake pedal down firmly. It is normal to hear and feel the Antilock Brake System operating.

Braking in Emergencies

The Antilock Brake System does not always decrease stopping distance. If a vehicle suddenly slows or stops, there may not be

enough time to apply the brakes. Always allow enough following distance between your vehicle and the vehicle ahead.

The Antilock Brake System allows you to steer and brake at the same time. In many emergencies, steering to make an evasive maneuver can be more effective than braking.

Electric Parking Brake



The Electric Parking Brake (EPB) can always be applied, even if the vehicle is off. In case of insufficient electrical power, the EPB cannot be applied or released. To prevent draining the battery, avoid unnecessary repeated cycles of the EPB.

The system has a red parking brake status light and an amber service parking brake warning light. See *Electric Parking Brake Light* ⇨ 95 and *Service Electric Parking Brake Light* ⇨ 96. There are also parking brake-related Driver Information Center (DIC) messages.

Before leaving the vehicle, check the red parking brake status light to ensure that the parking brake is applied.

EPB Apply

Caution

Driving with the parking brake on can overheat the brake system and cause premature wear or damage to brake system parts. Make sure that the parking brake is fully released and the brake warning light is off before driving.

To apply the EPB:

1. Be sure the vehicle is at a complete stop.
2. Press the EPB switch momentarily.

The red parking brake status light will flash and then stay on once the EPB is fully applied. If the red parking brake status light flashes

continuously, then the EPB is only partially applied or there is a problem with the EPB. A DIC message will display. Release the EPB and try to apply it again. If the light does not come on, or keeps flashing, have the vehicle serviced. Do not drive the vehicle if the red parking brake status light is flashing, see your dealer.

If the amber service parking brake warning light is on, press the EPB switch. Continue to hold the switch until the red parking brake status light remains on. If the amber service parking brake warning light is on, see your dealer.

If the EPB is applied while the vehicle is moving, the vehicle will decelerate as long as the switch is pressed. If the switch is pressed until the vehicle comes to a stop, the EPB will remain applied.

The vehicle may automatically apply the EPB in some situations when the vehicle is not moving. This is normal, and is done to periodically check the correct operation of the EPB system, or at the request of other safety functions that utilize the EPB.

If the EPB fails to apply, block the rear wheels to prevent vehicle movement.

EPB Release

To release the EPB:

1. Turn the vehicle on.
2. Apply and hold the brake pedal.
3. Press the EPB switch momentarily.

The EPB is released when the red parking brake status light is off.

If the amber service parking brake warning light is on, release the EPB by pressing and holding the EPB switch. Continue to hold the switch until the red parking brake status light is off. If either light stays on after release is attempted, see your dealer.

Automatic EPB Release

The EPB will automatically release if the vehicle is running, placed into gear, and an attempt is made to drive away. Avoid rapid acceleration when the EPB is applied, to preserve parking brake lining life.

Brake Assist

Brake Assist detects rapid brake pedal applications due to emergency braking situations. It also provides additional braking to activate the Antilock Brake System if the brake

pedal is not applied hard enough to activate it normally. Minor noise, brake pedal pulsation, and/or pedal movement during this time may occur. Continue to apply the brake pedal as the driving situation dictates. Brake Assist disengages when the brake pedal is released.

Post-Collision Braking (Secondary Collision Mitigation Braking)

This vehicle has a post-collision braking feature that may automatically engage to help slow your vehicle down after a crash. The feature may be disengaged by fully pressing the brake or accelerator pedal.

Hill Start Assist (HSA)



Warning

Do not rely on the HSA feature. HSA does not replace the need to pay attention and drive safely. You may not hear or feel alerts or warnings provided by this system. Failure to use proper care when driving may result in injury, death, or vehicle damage. See *Defensive Driving* ⇨ 164.

When the vehicle is stopped on a grade, Hill Start Assist prevents the vehicle from rolling in an unintended direction during the transition from brake pedal release to accelerator pedal apply. The brakes release when the accelerator pedal is applied. If the accelerator pedal is not applied within a few minutes, the Electric Parking Brake will apply. The brakes may also release under other conditions. Do not rely on Hill Start Assist to hold the vehicle.

Hill Start Assist is available when the vehicle is facing uphill in a forward gear, or when facing downhill in R (Reverse). The vehicle must come to a complete stop on a grade for Hill Start Assist to activate.

Regenerative Braking

Grand Sport X and ZRIX models have a regenerative braking system that activates when applying the brake pedal.

Regenerative braking captures some of the energy from the moving vehicle and turns it back into electrical energy. This energy is then stored back into the high voltage battery system, contributing to increased energy efficiency.

The brake system uses regenerative braking, conventional hydraulic braking, or a combination of both as appropriate.

When applying the brake pedal, you may hear a slight sound. This is normal.

Ride Control Systems

Traction Control/Electronic Stability Control

The vehicle has a Traction Control System and a StabiliTrak/Electronic Stability Control system. These systems help limit wheel spin and assist the driver in maintaining control, especially on slippery road conditions. Both systems turn on automatically when the vehicle is started and begins to move.

The Traction Control System activates if it senses that the rear wheels are spinning too much or are beginning to lose traction. If this happens, the traction system reduces power and applies the brakes to limit wheel spin.

The StabiliTrak/Electronic Stability Control system activates when the vehicle senses a difference between the intended path and the direction the vehicle is actually traveling. The stability control system selectively applies

braking pressure to any one of the vehicle wheel brakes to assist the driver in keeping the vehicle on the intended path.

The systems may be heard or felt while they are operating or while performing diagnostic checks. This is normal and does not mean there is a problem with the vehicle.

It is recommended to leave both systems on for normal driving conditions, but it may be necessary to turn the Traction Control System off if the vehicle gets stuck in sand, mud, ice, or snow. See *If the Vehicle Is Stuck* ⇨ 185 and “Turning the Systems Off and On” later in this section.

Cruise control will disengage if the traction or stability control system begins to limit wheel spin. Cruise control may be turned back on when road conditions allow. See *Cruise Control* ⇨ 232.

If the driver disables the systems or selects Performance Traction Management, cruise control will disengage.



The indicator light for both systems is in the instrument cluster. This light will:

- Flash when the Traction Control System is limiting wheel spin
- Flash when the StabiliTrak/Electronic Stability Control system is activated
- Flash when ABS is active
- Turn on and stay on when either system is not working

See *Traction Control System (TCS)/Electronic Stability Control Light* ⇨ 98.

If either system fails to turn on or to activate, a message displays in the Driver Information Center. The vehicle is safe to drive, but driving should be adjusted accordingly.

If  comes on and stays on:

1. Stop the vehicle.
2. Turn the engine off and wait 15 seconds.
3. Start the engine.

4. Drive the vehicle.

If  stays on, the vehicle may need more time to diagnose the problem. If the condition persists, see your dealer.

Turning the Systems Off and On

Caution

Do not repeatedly brake or accelerate heavily when the Traction Control System is off. The vehicle driveline could be damaged.



The Traction Control System/StabiliTrak/Electronic Stability Control system switch is to the left of the steering wheel.

To turn off only the Traction Control System, press and release . The Traction Off light  displays in the instrument cluster. To turn the Traction Control System on again, press and release . See *Traction Off Light* ⇨ 98.

If the traction system is limiting wheel spin when  is pressed, the system will not turn off until the wheels stop spinning.

To turn off the Traction Control System and StabiliTrak/Electronic Stability Control system, press and hold  until the Traction Off light  and the StabiliTrak/Electronic Stability Control Off light  turn on and stay on in the instrument cluster, then release. See *Electronic Stability Control (ESC) Off Light* ⇨ 99.

To turn the systems on again, press and release . The Traction Off light  and the StabiliTrak/Electronic Stability Control Off light  in the instrument cluster turn off.

You can also turn the Traction Control System and StabiliTrak/Electronic Stability Control system off and on from the control panel to the left of the steering wheel. See *Instrument Cluster* ⇨ 85.

On the control panel, select Traction & ESC. The following options appear:

- On
- Traction Off
- Off

To turn off only the Traction Control System, select Traction Off.

The Traction Off light  displays in the instrument cluster. See *Traction Off Light* ⇨ 98. To turn the Traction Control System on again, select On.

If the traction system is actively limiting wheel spin when disabled, the system will not turn off until the wheels stop spinning.

To turn off both systems, select Off. The Traction Off light  and StabiliTrak/Electronic Stability Control Off light  will display in the instrument cluster. To turn the systems on again, select On.

The Traction Off light  and StabiliTrak/Electronic Stability Control Off light  in the instrument cluster turn off.

The Traction Control System cannot be engaged when the StabiliTrak/Electronic Stability Control system is off.

If the Tire Pressure Monitor System is malfunctioning and the Driver Information Center displays SERVICE TIRE MONITOR SYSTEM, the stability control system will be affected as follows:

- The StabiliTrak/Electronic Stability Control system cannot be turned off by the driver.
- If the StabiliTrak/Electronic Stability Control system is off, it will be turned on automatically.
- Competitive Driving mode or Performance Traction Management is unavailable.
- The StabiliTrak/Electronic Stability Control system will feel different in aiding and maintaining directional control.

Entering Teen Driver will automatically enable both the Traction Control System and StabiliTrak/Electronic Stability Control system and prevent these safety features from being turned off. See *Teen Driver* ⇨ 150.

Adding accessories can affect the vehicle performance. See *Accessories and Modifications* ⇨ 255.

For Z06, ZR1, ZR1X, Grand Sport, and Grand Sport X Models Only

The StabiliTrak/Electronic Stability Control system will automatically enable when the vehicle reaches 160 km/h (100 mph) and the convertible top is down or the removable hard top has been removed while the vehicle is in Competitive mode or Performance Traction Management mode.

Hill Rollback Control

If the vehicle is in gear and rolls in an unintended direction, Hill Rollback Control engages to slow the rollback speed. A Driver Information Center message displays when the feature is active, and you may hear a noise. This is normal.

Driver Mode Control

Driver Mode Control allows the driver to adjust the overall driving experience to better suit preference by selecting different modes.

Drive mode availability and affected driver systems are dependent upon vehicle trim level, region, and optional features. Driver modes

may include: Weather, Tour, Sport, and Track, along with two customizable modes: My Mode and Z-Mode.

If equipped with Grand Sport X or ZR1X, there are two additional EV drive modes and a Hybrid Battery Charging (Charge+) feature. The two EV drive modes, Shuttle and Stealth mode, can be used without turning on the engine. The Charge+ feature affects how each drive mode operates.

Climate controls are disabled when in EV drive modes, since the engine needs to be running to generate heat or operate the air conditioning system. The engine autostarts when climate controls are turned on. If equipped, the heated and cooled seats, and the heated steering wheel are enabled in EV drive modes.

When each mode is selected, a unique layout appears in the instrument cluster.

Mode Activation



To activate My Mode, Weather, Tour, Sport and Track mode, press the mode switch on the center console to make a mode selection. When a mode is selected, an indicator will come on in the instrument cluster and stay on. To view the indicator lights, see *Driver Mode Control Light* ⇨ 99. For details on activating EV drive modes, see “Grand Sport X or ZR1X – EV Drive Mode Activation” later on in this section.



To activate Z-Mode, press the Z-Mode button on the steering wheel. To deactivate, select a different mode through the mode switch, or press the Z-Mode button on the steering wheel.

Grand Sport X or ZR1X – EV Drive Mode Activation

To activate Stealth or Shuttle mode:

1. Press and hold your foot on the brake pedal.
2. Press the mode switch on the center console. The selection menu displays on the instrument cluster with the available EV drive modes. The availability of an EV mode depends on various factors. See “EV Drive Mode Attributes” later in this section.
3. To select the driver mode, press the mode switch to highlight the desired start up mode.
4. Push the start button to enter selected EV drive mode.

Mode Description

Tour: Use for normal city and highway driving to provide a smooth, soft ride. This setting provides a balanced setting between comfort and handling. This is the standard mode. See “Driver Mode Attributes” later in this section.

Weather: Used for slippery surfaces to help control wheel speed. This can compromise the acceleration on dry asphalt.

This feature is not intended for use when the vehicle is stuck in sand, mud, ice, snow, or gravel. If the vehicle becomes stuck, see *If the Vehicle Is Stuck* ⇨ 185. See “Driver Mode Attributes” later in this section.

Sport: Use when road conditions or personal preference require a more controlled response. When this mode is selected, the vehicle immediately downshifts. The steering changes to provide more precise control. If the vehicle has Magnetic Ride Control, the suspension changes to provide better cornering performance.

Competitive mode can be accessed through this mode. See *Performance Driving* ⇨ 223.

Track: Use for closed race tracks. Use when maximum vehicle handling is desired. When in Track mode, the dual clutch transmission and steering adjusts to track settings. In this mode the vehicle monitors driving behaviors and automatically enables Performance Shift features when spirited driving is detected. These features maintain lower transmission gears to increase available engine braking and improve acceleration response. The vehicle

exits this feature and returns to normal operation after a short time when spirited driving is no longer detected. If equipped, this mode also modifies real time damping, exhaust valve tuning, engine sound, brake pedal feel, StabiliTrak/Electronic Stability Control performance and Traction Control System performance.

Performance Traction Management can be accessed through this mode. See “Performance Traction Management” later in this section.

My Mode: Use to personalize everyday driving. This mode allows the driver to configure the driver systems to their driving preferences. This mode modifies the suspension, steering, brake feel, and engine sound. My Mode will remain active across ignition cycles.

Through the center display, the following vehicle subsystems may be available for customization in this mode:

Engine Sound: Stealth, Tour, Sport, Track

Steering: Tour, Sport, Track

Suspension: Tour, Sport, Track

Brake Feel: Tour, Sport, Track

For a more detailed description on how each driver system is changed, see “Drive Mode Customization” later in this section. Additionally the cluster theme can be set up using the display menu in the cluster.

Z-Mode: Use to personalize dynamic driving. This mode allows the driver to configure the driver systems to their own preference for maximum handling. Z-Mode further enhances the experience by adding powertrain customization. This mode modifies engine/shift, brake feel, steering, suspension, engine sound, and, Performance Traction Management, if equipped.

Through the center display, the driver can customize multiple settings. The following vehicle subsystems may be available for customization in this mode:

Engine Sound: Stealth, Tour, Sport, Track

Steering: Tour, Sport, Track

Suspension: Tour, Sport, Track

Engine/Shift: Weather, Tour, Sport, Track

Brake Feel: Tour, Sport, Track

PTM: Off, Wet, Dry, Sport, Race 1, Race 2, Pro

For a more detailed description on how each driver system is changed, see “Drive Mode Customization” later in this section. For more information on Performance Traction Management, see “Performance Traction Management” later in this section. Additionally, the cluster theme can be set up using the display menu in the cluster.

Grand Sport X or ZR1X Only

Hybrid Battery Charging (Charge+)

The Charge+ feature is used to quickly charge the high voltage battery to near maximum State of Charge. This feature is useful to prepare for maximum effort at a racetrack or Stealth mode use. By activating the Charge+ feature, it rapidly increases the hybrid battery State of Charge. When the Charge+ feature is enabled, the battery State of Charge may still deplete during aggressive driving.

The Charge+ feature can be used in conjunction with any drive mode, except for Weather and EV Drive modes: Stealth and Shuttle mode.

On a racetrack, using the Charge+ feature optimizes the high voltage battery discharge rate for sustaining continuous laps or to set your fastest lap. When the Charge+ feature is enabled, a strategic discharge rate is activated,

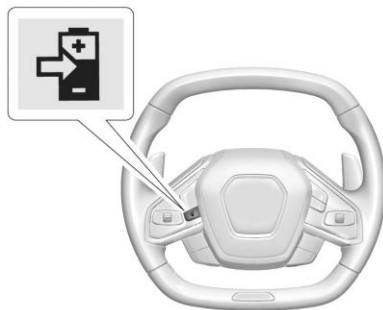
which is the best for continuous laps on the racetrack. When the Charge+ feature is off, a maximum discharge rate occurs, which is best for setting the fastest lap time. For additional details on vehicle track preparation, see Chevrolet.com > Corvette Experience > Guides > Track Prep Guide.

Do not leave the Charge+ feature on longer than needed since extra fuel may be consumed due to aggressive charging. Charge+ draws on engine power to help recharge the battery quickly, rather than charging efficiently through brake or coast regeneration. When the high voltage battery is full, no additional regeneration energy of any type can be captured.

When the Charge+ feature is turned off, the high voltage propulsion system efficiently uses battery energy to improve fuel economy or performance. This allows room in the high voltage battery for the next regeneration charging opportunity. The high voltage battery automatically seeks its normal State of Charge in the blue zone of the Hybrid Battery Gauge, between 50-80%. The State of Charge status is displayed in the HYBRID BATTERY information display. See “Information Displays” in *Driver Information Center (DIC)* ⇨ 103.

The Charge+ feature is only effective when the car is being driven. Optimal high voltage battery charging occurs when the vehicle speed exceeds 56 km/h (35 mph).

Turning On or Off Charge+



Press the Charge+ button on the steering wheel. When the Charge+ feature is active, the hybrid battery charging light displays on the Driver Information Center. See *Hybrid Battery Charging Light* ⇨ 90.

EV Drive Mode Attributes

Stealth Mode: Use to silently exit your residence before the engine turns on for maximum performance capability. To activate

Stealth mode, the ambient temperature must be above 4.5°C (40°F). The typical range in Stealth mode is about three to four miles depending on the starting State of Charge, vehicle speed, weather, and other driving conditions. The Stealth Drive Mode Capability Gauge on the instrument cluster informs the driver of when the engine will start, see *Stealth Drive Mode Capability Gauge* ⇨ 89.

Stealth mode automatically deactivates if the following occurs:

- The vehicle speed exceeds 80 km/h (50 mph) for Grand Sport X or 72 km/h (45 mph) for ZR1X.
- The high voltage battery State of Charge is lower than 18%.
- The 12 volt battery is less than 65% state of charge.
- The 12 volt battery is too hot.
- The grade exceeds 12%.
- The fuel level reads less than 8%.
- You quickly depress the accelerator pedal.
- You depress the accelerator pedal beyond one-third of the way.

- You turn on the climate controls. See *Dual Automatic Climate Control System* ⇨ 157.
- You press the drive mode control switch.
- You open either door.
- You unbuckle the driver's seat belt.
- The control system detects certain internal faults.

Depending on the deactivation condition, an indicator on the Driver Information Center displays explaining Stealth mode was automatically deactivated.

When Stealth mode is deactivated, the vehicle will transition into the default driver mode.

Stealth mode can only be activated one time per ON/OFF cycle. Once the engine auto-starts while in Stealth mode, the only way to re-enter Stealth mode is to put the vehicle in P (Park), turn the vehicle off and repeat the steps above in the "Grand Sport X or ZR1X – EV Drive Mode Activation" section.

Once the engine starts, the propulsion system transitions from EV propulsion to engine power. A message will display on the EV selection menu to indicate how long the engine

power transition will take. This transition may take two to four seconds depending on the engine temperature.

The electric power indicator gauge will indicate a transition from EV propulsion to engine propulsion. The instrument cluster will show two or three phases of the transition (red, yellow, green) and then display the engine tachometer when the transition is complete.

If Stealth mode was used in the beginning of a drive cycle, the Stop/Start System will be disabled. The vehicle must be turned off and restarted normally to enable the Stop/Start System. See *Stop/Start System* ⇨ 192.

Warning

When exiting Stealth mode, allow sufficient time for the vehicle to automatically start the engine and develop full system propulsion power before merging into traffic. Attempting to merge into traffic before the engine has reached full power could cause a crash resulting in vehicle damage, personal injury, or death. It is best to exit Stealth mode first and allow the engine to reach full capacity before engaging in traffic.

Shuttle Mode: Use to propel the vehicle using only electric power in a location such as a garage, parking lot, or paddock. Shuttle mode is not intended for public roads. While the vehicle is in Shuttle Mode, the vehicle speed is limited to 37 km/h (23 mph). The instrument cluster only displays the vehicle speed, battery state of charge, an electric power gauge, the odometer, and compass heading.

If equipped, the HUD system will not be functional.

Shuttle mode will not activate with the following conditions:

- The outside temperature is lower than –10°C (14°F).
- The high voltage battery State of Charge is very low.

To deactivate Shuttle mode, put the vehicle in P (Park) and turn off the vehicle. Then, start the vehicle normally.

Shuttle mode will automatically start to reduce propulsion power as the State of Charge reaches 0%. The message Start Engine to Charge Battery will display on the instrument cluster when the State of Charge reaches 5%.

At 5%, the vehicles will no longer have propulsion and the engine does not automatically start.

The only way to charge your battery is to start and run the vehicle from Normal mode. See “Normal” later on in this section.

Do not store the hybrid battery with a low State of Charge for an extended period of time.

Normal: Use to have a normal engine start when going through the EV drive mode selection process.

Starting and running the vehicle from Normal mode allows the engine and front electric motor to regenerate power to charge the hybrid battery.

Driver Mode Attributes

Modes:	MY MODE	WEATHER	TOUR	SPORT	TRACK	Z-MODE
Cluster Display	Tour (Default), Sport, Track	Tour	Tour	Sport	Track	Tour, Sport, Track
Throttle Progression	Tour	Weather	Tour	Sport	Track	Tour, Sport, Track, Weather
Trans Shift Mode (if equipped)	Tour	Weather	Tour	Sport	Track	Tour, Sport, Track, Weather
Active Fuel Management	Enabled (In 3rd–8th gear for LS6 equipped vehicles)	Enabled (In 3rd–8th gear for LS6 equipped vehicles)	Enabled (In 3rd–8th gear for LS6 equipped vehicles)	Disable	Disable	Tour, Weather
Performance Traction or Competitive Driving Mode Availability	PTM (via switch only)	PTM (via switch only)	PTM (via switch only)	Comp Mode (available) and PTM (via switch only)	Comp Mode (Non-PTM vehicles) PTM (available)	PTM (available)
Engine Sound	Stealth, Tour, Sport, Track	Stealth	Tour	Sport	Track	Stealth, Tour, Sport, Track
Steering	Tour, Sport, Track	Tour, Sport (ZR1)	Tour	Sport	Track	Tour, Sport, Track

Suspension (if equipped with Magnetic Ride)	Tour, Sport, Track	Tour	Tour	Sport	Track	Tour, Sport, Track
Brake Response	Tour, Sport, Track	Sport (Carbon Ceramic Brakes), Tour (Non-carbon Ceramic Brakes)	Tour	Sport	Track	Tour, Sport, Track

Cluster Display

For more information on the display themes of the Drive modes on the instrument cluster, see *Instrument Cluster* ⇨ 85 > Options > Display themes.

Throttle Progression

Adjusts throttle sensitivity by selecting how quickly or slowly the throttle reacts to input.

Throttle Progression is a preset of Powertrain and cannot be modified or changed independently.

Transmission Shift Operation

Basic:

- Transmission upshifts and downshifts are selected based on vehicle speed and accelerator position to optimize comfort and fuel economy during mild driving conditions.

Driver Influenced Gear Selection:

- Aggressive driving will influence both the upshift and downshift points in all modes. When engaged, the Performance Transmission Active light displays. See *Performance Transmission Active* ⇨ 96. When Performance Transmission is activated from a standstill, by selecting PTM Race 1 or Race 2, the transmission shift map is in the most aggressive state where upshifts are only achieved at high revolutions per minute (rpm), downshifts happen early, and the lowest gear is selected for cornering. Transmission behavior will transition to a level appropriate to the current driving behavior after a short period of time. If PTM Race 1 or Race 2 are not selected, the Performance

Transmission Active behavior still activates automatically after a sustained period of performance driving is detected. See “Performance Traction Management (PTM)” later on in this section.

- Criteria which have influence are: driving mode, accelerator, brakes, lateral, and longitudinal loading.
- Changes in gear selection behavior due to aggressive driving can include:
 - Downshifting early with higher rpm’s during aggressive braking (i.e. entering a corner)
 - Altering upshifts while experiencing lateral acceleration
 - Not upshifting when the accelerator is released to avoid unnecessary shifts if the accelerator is re-applied
 - Recognizing sporty driving and anticipating upcoming corners with the appropriate gear selection entering and exiting
- Driver Modes

- Driver influenced changes are effective in all driving modes, however the aggressiveness of the transmission response will increase between Tour, Sport, and Track modes respectively.

Active Fuel Management (Engine Cylinder Shuts Off)

If equipped with Active Fuel Management (AFM), the engine uses driver demand to deactivate cylinders to improve fuel performance. When accelerating, V8 mode is prevalent. For lighter throttle applications, the system may disable cylinders to run in 4-cylinder mode to save fuel.

Active Fuel Management is a preset of Powertrain and cannot be modified or changed independently.

Engine Sound

Caution

Stealth engine sound selection restricts exhaust flow and as a result acceleration can be delayed for spirited driving. This
(Continued)

Caution (Continued)

is particularly true for heavy acceleration maneuvers in Engine/Shift selections of Sport or Track.

Using a stealth engine sound setting during spirited driving will cause the exhaust system to overheat and damage the variable exhaust valves. Do not use this setting when auto-crossing or driving on high speed tracks.

If available, engine sound settings change when the variable exhaust valves open.

Steering (Assist Effort)

Adjusts from a lighter steering feel to reduced assist for more steering feel.

Magnetic Ride Control

If equipped, this feature adjusts the shock dampening firmness based on driving conditions to improve comfort and performance.

Drive Mode Customization

The vehicle is equipped to modify the following vehicle settings base on vehicle content. Through the infotainment home screen, select Settings > Vehicle > “Drive Mode Customization” to customize and personalize My Mode and/or Z-Mode.

Engine Sound

Engine Sound adjusts the volume of engine noise. Setting range from quietest to loudest volume as you move from Stealth through Track.

- Stealth, Tour, Sport, Track

Steering

This setting adjusts the effort required to turn the steering wheel. The steering wheel offers better feedback but requires more effort as you move from Tour to Track.

- Tour, Sport, Track

Suspension

This setting adjusts the firmness of the suspension in the vehicle. Suspension adjust stiffness of the shocks and/or springs. The ride is more comfortable at lower settings and is stiffer at higher settings for better control.

- Tour, Sport, Track

Engine/Shift

This setting adjusts the throttle response, gear shifting and engine performance. An increased throttle response enhances the acceleration feel as you move toward Track, but with a comfort trade-off due to more aggressive gear shifting.

- Weather, Tour, Sport, Track

Brake Feel

This setting adjusts the brake pedal response. Settings range from a slower response for more comfortable driving to the quickest response for quicker deceleration. Track allows for improved pedal precision at higher decelerations for high performance driving.

- Tour, Sport, Track

Performance Traction Management (PTM)

To activate Performance Traction Management through Z-Mode, configure Z-Mode to the desired state from the infotainment home screen > Settings > Vehicle > Drive Mode Customization > Z-Mode. Press the Z-Mode button once to activate Z-Mode. When Performance Traction Management is

configured on, a message will appear in the Driver Information Center “Z-Mode Active — Press Again for PTM On — ESC May be Disabled.” See *Performance Driving* ⇨ 223.

To confirm, and enter Performance Traction Management, press the Z-Mode button again. The state can now be modified using the mode switch or changing the Z-Mode setting in the center stack. Both the Z-Mode and Performance Traction Management indicators will be displayed.

To cancel, press the center dismiss button on the steering wheel (Z-Mode remains active). Selecting Performance Traction Management states may modify other Z-Mode customization options.

- Off, Wet, Dry, Sport, Race 1, Race 2, Pro

Front Lift System

A two-position lift actuator (one per damper) with 35 mm (1.5 in) of stroke will hydraulically raise the front of the vehicle to provide approximately 50 mm (2 in) of increased clearance in approximately three seconds (height and time will vary by vehicle). The Front

Lift System raises the front of the vehicle to help navigate driveways, curbs, speed bumps, ramps or trailers.



To use the Front Lift System, press the button on the center console to raise or lower the vehicle. This feature can be operated at speeds up to 38 km/h (24 mph) when the engine is running. The system functions based on the vehicle's state or operating mode:

- The system will not raise up when the doors or underhood storage compartment is open.
- The system can be raised or lowered by the pushbutton when the vehicle is in RUN or in accessory mode.

- If the vehicle is in the raised position and is driven at speeds above 38 km/h (24 mph), it will automatically lower.
- If the vehicle is turned off, it will automatically lower.
- If a vehicle door is opened during lowering, the movement will pause for 15 seconds then continue to lower, but at a slower rate.

If equipped, the front height can be raised automatically using GPS navigation in the vehicle. The vehicle will automatically lift in up to 1,000 programmable locations. After you push the button, a prompt to "Remember" the location will appear on the Driver Information Center. Use the steering wheel controls to select this function. See *Steering Wheel Controls* ⇨ 125.

You can also delete stored locations for the automatic lift.

If the vehicle is raised automatically using GPS, it will automatically lower once the vehicle is located about 60 meters (197 feet) from the programmed location. To disable this function, turn off the GPS location via the vehicle Customization Settings. The Front Lift System will now only operate using the

pushbutton command, and the "Auto Lift Location Remembered" confirmation message will not display.

The Front Lift System can also be used in accessory mode. Put the vehicle in accessory mode, and press and hold the button on the center console for 10 seconds to automatically raise the vehicle.

The Driver Information Center may display the message "Lift System Unavailable" if:

- any doors are ajar
- the hood is open
- the vehicle is moving over 38 km/h (24 mph)
- too many lift requests within a short period

The Front Lift System should not be used to service the vehicle. Do not place objects or body parts under the vehicle while lifted. See *Recommended Fluids and Lubricants* ⇨ 361.

Performance Driving

If equipped, Competitive Driving mode, Performance Traction Management, and Launch Control are systems designed to allow increased performance while accelerating and/or cornering. This is accomplished by

regulating and optimizing the engine, brakes, and suspension performance. These modes are for use at a closed course race track and are not intended for use on public roads. They will not compensate for driver inexperience or lack of familiarity with a race track.

Drivers who prefer to allow the system to have more control of the engine, brakes, and suspension are advised to turn on the normal Traction Control System and StabiliTrak/Electronic Stability Control.

If equipped, there is a Performance app  on the infotainment screen that shows the vehicle electric and engine power/torque. See “Performance App” later in this section for more information.

Performance App

To access the Performance app, select  on the infotainment home screen. The landing screen of the Performance app is the gauges page.

Gauges

For Grand Sport X and ZR1X models, the Gauges page shows the electric power/torque on the left gauge and the engine power/torque on the right gauge. The center of the page

is a wire frame view of the vehicle that illuminates the front and/or rear axle as each propulsion system is being used. The brighter the wireframe display the more power/torque is being provided.

For ZR1 and ZR1X models, the Gauges page shows boost.

For all models, the Gauges page shows engine power and torque.

Dyno

While Driving

For Grand Sport X and ZR1X models, the Dyno page shows a live graph of electric All-Wheel Drive (eAWD) and engine power/torque.

For all other models, the Dyno page shows a live graph of engine power/torque.

For all models, the timeframe of the graphs can be changed to show the past 15 seconds, 30 seconds, one minute, or two minutes.

While in P (Park)

To stop and inspect the current graph, select pause, then shift the vehicle into P (Park). A slider will appear overlaying the graph. Drag

the slider to the left or right to view data at a specific time. The “Resume” button is disabled when the vehicle is in P (Park).

If the vehicle is shifted into D (Drive), the slider disappears and the “Resume” button is re-enabled. Select “Resume” to see the current data.

For Grand Sport X and ZR1X models, the Gauges and Dyno pages include the Hybrid battery gauge indicating how much battery charge is present.

Electric power/torque can be either positive or negative. When electric power is being provided, the gauge shows positive values and lights up orange. When electric power is being stored, the gauge shows negative values and lights up green.

Engine power is only positive and lights up white.

Custom

The Custom page allows you to select one gauge to display in the Driver Information Center.

To add a gauge to the Driver Information Center:

1. Swipe up and down on the gauge box in the infotainment display to see the gauge options.
2. Press the desired gauge.
3. A dialog box will open. Follow any message or alerts that display. Some options may be unavailable while driving.
4. Touch Add to Driver Display to send the desired content to the Driver Information Center. See *Driver Information Center (DIC)* ⇨ 103.

To remove a gauge from the Driver Information Center:

1. Select the gauge you want to remove from the Driver Information Center in the infotainment display.
2. Touch Remove from Display.

Options

The following is the list of performance app content. Some content and options may not be available for your vehicle.

Engine Boost: If equipped, displays engine manifold pressure relative to ambient air pressure. It will display boost pressure generated by the turbocharging system.

Temperatures & Pressure: Displays Oil Pressure, Coolant Temperature, Transmission Fluid Temperature, and Oil Temperature.

Oil Pressure is shown in either kPa (kilopascals) or psi (pounds per square inch). Coolant Temperature, Transmission Fluid Temperature, and Oil Temperature are shown in either degrees Celsius (°C) or degrees Fahrenheit (°F).

G-Force: Displays inertial forces being exerted on the vehicle in the lateral (side to side) and longitudinal (acceleration and braking) direction as numerical values and graphical depictions.

As the vehicle is driven, this displays a real-time shape showing peak force values across 360 degrees to help you visualize handling and driving performance. To reset, select the G-Force gauge and press Reset.

eLSD Coupling: If equipped, displays electronic Limited-Slip Differential (eLSD) information.

Electronic Limited-Slip Differential (eLSD) shows the amount of rear differential coupling when the eLSD is active and functioning during vehicle operation. A reading of 1% is an open differential and 100% is locked. It is normal for the value to make small or large changes due to driving conditions and driver inputs. See *Limited-Slip Differential* ⇨ 231.

Tires: Displays the approximate pressures of all four tires. Tire pressure is displayed in either kilopascal (kPa) or in pounds per square inch (psi). If the pressure is low, the value for that tire is shown in amber. See *Tire Pressure Monitor System* ⇨ 328 and *Tire Pressure Monitor Operation* ⇨ 329.

If equipped, Tire Temperature is located above the tire pressure graphic. Tire Temperature shows overall temperature as either Cold, Cool, Normal, Warm, or Hot. Normal is typical for normal driving while Warm is typical for spirited driving. Peak tire grip is at warm. Unknown displays when tire temperature information is unavailable.

Electric Output: If equipped with Grand Sport X or ZR1X, displays the electric output in terms of horsepower (HP) and torque (TQ)

Engine Output: Displays the engine's output in terms of horsepower (HP) and torque (TQ). The current gear is also displayed on vehicles equipped with an automatic transmission.

Energy Usage: If equipped, displays the charge gained, charge used, and fuel saved.

Hybrid Battery: If equipped, shows the battery state of charge and battery temperature.

Hybrid Battery Temperature displays the temperature of the high voltage battery which assists performance of the vehicle in either degrees Celsius (°C) or degrees Fahrenheit (°F). Extreme temperatures can affect the battery's performance.

Hybrid Battery displays the high voltage battery charge status of the vehicle. The Hybrid Battery zones are: Red – No eAWD, Amber – Power reduced, White – Normal operation, Blue – Full straight line boost available.

Performance Timers

The Performance Timers page allows you to record acceleration time and save the best times. The page tracks time in seconds for acceleration from 0-100 km/h (0-60 mph), 0-200 km/h (0-100 mph), and 400 m (1/4 mile).

The top of the page shows the timer's state: Ready, Recording, or Standby.

To create a custom timer, touch the Settings icon. Select the start and end speeds.

Touch the Settings icon to reset best times.

Settings

The Settings menu allows the display to be shown in preferred unit of metric or English units.

To access the Settings menu, touch the Settings icon in top right corner of the Performance Timers page.

Top Speed Mode (ZR1 and ZR1X Models Only)

Use Top Speed mode when driving on closed race tracks. This mode allows the vehicle to reach maximum speed. When activated, the StabiliTrak/Electronic Stability Control System and the Traction Control System are turned off, and pressing and holding the Traction Control System/StabiliTrak/Electronic Stability Control button will not change the mode. The Antilock Brake System fully functions in Top Speed mode.

Before entering Top Speed mode, adjust the tire pressures. See *Tire Pressure for High-Speed Operation* ⇨ 326.

To enter Top Speed mode, perform the following actions within twelve seconds:

1. Shift into P (Park) and firmly hold the brake pedal.
2. If equipped, close the convertible top or replace the removable roof panel. Top Speed mode will not operate with the top down.
3. Activate Tour mode. See *Driver Mode Control* ⇨ 213.
4. Press the Electronic Parking Brake switch. See *Electric Parking Brake* ⇨ 209.
5. Press the Traction Control System/StabiliTrak/Electronic Stability Control button twice. See *Traction Control/Electronic Stability Control* ⇨ 211.
6. Press the Electronic Parking Brake switch again.
7. Press the Traction Control System/StabiliTrak/Electronic Stability Control button once, then press and hold for one second. The Traction Off light  and StabiliTrak/Electronic Stability Control Off light  will flash six times, then remain on in the instrument cluster to indicate Top Speed mode is active.

8. Activate the desired drive mode. See *Driver Mode Control* ⇨ 213.

To exit Top Speed mode:

1. Bring the vehicle to a standstill, and keep your foot on the brake pedal.
2. Press and hold the Traction Control System/StabiliTrak/Electronic Stability Control button for three seconds. The Traction Off and StabiliTrak/Electronic Stability Control Off lights will turn off in the instrument cluster.

Performance Traction Management (PTM)

If equipped, Performance Traction Management integrates the Traction Control System, StabiliTrak/Electronic Stability Control, and Magnetic Ride Control systems to provide improved and consistent performance when cornering. The amount of available engine power is based on the mode selected, track conditions, driver skill, and the radius of each corner.



The Performance Traction Management switch is to the left of the steering wheel.

When the vehicle is in the Performance Traction Management mode, the traction off light and Electronic Stability Control (ESC) Off Light displays on the Driver Information Center. See *Traction Off Light* ⇨ 98 and *Electronic Stability Control (ESC) Off Light* ⇨ 99.

To enable Performance Traction Management mode, press the switch up or down. “PTM Off” displays in the Driver Information Center. The system contains six modes. Press the switch up or down to highlight and select the desired mode.

For more information on how to activate Performance Traction Management through Z Mode, see *Driver Mode Control* ⇨ 213.

To experience the performance benefit of this system, after entering a curve and at the point where normal acceleration occurs, fully press the accelerator pedal. The Performance Traction Management system modifies the level of engine power for a smooth and consistent corner exit.

The following is a Driver Information Center display description and the recommended usage of each mode:

Performance Traction – Wet

- Intended for all driver skill levels
- Wet or damp conditions only — not intended for use in heavy rain or standing water
- StabiliTrak/Electronic Stability Control is on and engine power is reduced based on conditions

Performance Traction – Dry

- For use by less experienced drivers or while learning a new track

- Dry conditions only
- StabiliTrak/Electronic Stability Control is on and engine power is slightly reduced

Performance Traction – Sport

- For use by drivers who are familiar with the track
- Dry conditions only
- Requires more driving skill than Performance Traction – Dry
- StabiliTrak/Electronic Stability Control is on and more engine power is available than in Performance Traction – Dry

Performance Traction – Race 1

- For use by drivers who are familiar with the track
- Dry conditions only
- Requires more driving skill than Performance Traction – Dry or Performance Traction – Sport
- StabiliTrak/Electronic Stability Control is off and available engine power is the same as Performance Traction – Sport

Performance Traction – Race 2

- For use by experienced drivers who are familiar with the track
- Dry conditions only
- Requires more driving skill than in other modes
- StabiliTrak/Electronic Stability Control is off and engine power is available for maximum cornering speed

Performance Traction – Pro

- For use by experienced drivers who are familiar with the track
- Dry conditions only
- Traction Control and StabiliTrak/Electronic Stability Control are off in this mode

To turn Performance Traction Management mode off, press the switch to select “PTM Off” or press . A confirmation screen will display in the Driver Information Center. Press  again and “TCS On” will display in the Driver Information Center. The Traction Off light  and StabiliTrak/Electronic Stability Control off light  will go out.

Competitive Driving Mode

Competitive Driving Mode allows full engine power while StabiliTrak/Electronic Stability Control—though reduced—continues to assist with directional control through selective brake application. In this mode, the Traction Control System is off and Launch Control is available.

Adjust your driving style to account for the available engine power. See “Launch Control” later in this section.

When the vehicle is in the Competitive Driving mode, the traction off light and Electronic Stability Control (ESC) Off Light displays on the Driver Information Center. See *Traction Off Light* ⇨ 98 and *Electronic Stability Control (ESC) Off Light* ⇨ 99.

To activate this mode, the vehicle mode must be Sport or Track (if equipped with Performance Traction Management, then Competitive Driving mode is only available in Sport).



To activate, press this button twice to the left of the steering wheel. ESC COMPETITIVE MODE displays in the Driver Information Center.

When  is pressed again, the traction off light and StabiliTrak/ESC OFF light will go out. See *Traction Control/Electronic Stability Control* ⇨ 211.

If your vehicle is not equipped with Performance Traction Management (PTM), you can also activate Competitive Driving mode by pressing the Performance Traction Management button twice, as shown in the Performance Traction Management section above.

Launch Control (Sport and Track Mode Only)

A Launch Control feature is available, within Competitive Driving mode or Performance Traction Management, on all vehicles to allow the driver to achieve high levels of vehicle acceleration in a straight line. Launch Control is a form of the Traction Control System that manages tire spin, and transmissions clutch, while launching the vehicle. This feature is intended for use during closed course race events where consistent zero to 60 and quarter mile times are desirable.

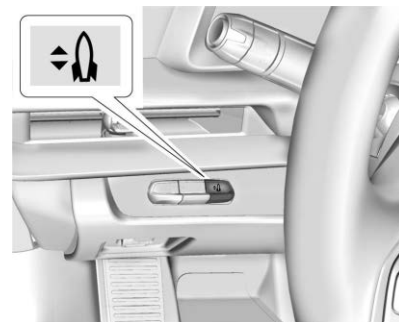
Caution

The new vehicle break-in period should be completed before using the launch control feature, otherwise performance will be limited and damage may occur to the powertrain/engine. See *New Vehicle Break-In* ⇨ 188.

Launch Control is only available when the following criteria are met:

- Competitive Driving mode or any of the Performance Traction Management modes are selected (if equipped). See *Driver Mode Control* ⇨ 213.
- The steering wheel must be straight.
- The driver door must be closed.
- The vehicle must be in D (Drive) or M (Manual mode).
- The parking brake must not be engaged.

Launching the Vehicle



- Press the Launch Control switch to activate launch control. Toggle to Auto.
- The brake pedal must be firmly pressed to the floor, equivalent to a panic brake event.
- While maintaining the brake pedal, the accelerator pedal is rapidly applied to wide open throttle. If the vehicle rolls due to wide open throttle or engine speed does not exceed 3,000 Revolutions Per Minute (RPM), release the throttle, press the brake pedal more firmly, and reapply the accelerator to wide open throttle.
 - If the engine is cold, the vehicle may be limited to 3000 RPM until conditions are suitable for acceleration.

The Launch Control feature initially limits engine speed as the driver rapidly applies the accelerator pedal to wide open throttle. Allow the engine RPMs to stabilize. A smooth, quick release of the brake pedal, while maintaining the fully pressed accelerator pedal, will manage tire slip and transmissions clutch. After the vehicle is launched, the system continues in Competitive Driving mode or Performance Traction Management.

Custom Launch Control

If equipped, Custom Launch Control allows the following parameters for Launch Control to be modified:

- Launch RPM
- Slip Target (5%–15%)

Adjusting the Launch RPM will also change the behavior of the transmission during the start of the launch. The higher the Launch RPM, the faster the clutch will be applied resulting in greater acceleration. This parameter can be used to match the launch behavior to the available tire traction. If the driving wheels spin excessively during the launch, reduce the Launch RPM.

To adjust the Launch RPM, all of these conditions must be met:

- Competitive Driving mode or any of the Performance Traction Management modes are selected (if equipped). See *Driver Mode Control* ⇨ 213.
- The steering wheel must be straight.
- The driver door must be closed.
- The vehicle must be in D (Drive) or M (Manual mode).

- The parking brake must not be engaged.

To customize and launch the vehicle:

1. Press the launch control switch to the left of the steering wheel.
2. Toggle the switch to select Custom.
3. Scroll down to Launch RPM.
4. Adjust the Launch RPM to the desired RPM.
5. Set Slip Target to custom desired setting.
6. Return to the landing page of Launch Control. Firmly press and hold the brake pedal to activate Launch Control.
7. Fully press the accelerator. Release the brake pedal to launch the vehicle.

Burnout Assist



Warning

When utilizing Burnout Assist, the vehicle may move rapidly. You could lose control and cause a crash with nearby people or objects. Be ready to release the accelerator pedal or apply the brakes immediately if the vehicle moves too quickly. Do not use

(Continued)

Warning (Continued)

the Burnout Assist feature when people or objects are nearby. This feature is intended for use on closed course tracks and not on public roads.

When Launch Control is active, the Burnout Assist feature is available. It aids in spinning the vehicle's rear wheels while remaining as stationary as possible.

To activate Burnout Assist:

1. Ensure these conditions are met: the steering wheel is straight, the ground is level, the doors are closed, the driver's seat belt is fastened, and the vehicle is in forward gear.
2. Enable Launch Control (Auto or Custom). See "Launch Control" earlier in this section.
3. Engage Double Paddle Declutch or Manual Launch. Manual Launch will yield the best results. See *Manual Mode* ⇨ 198.
4. Apply light pressure to the brake pedal with your left foot. Maintain this pressure.
5. Fully apply the throttle pedal with your right foot.

6. Release the steering wheel paddles.

When you release the paddles, the rear wheels will begin to spin. At this point, you can modulate brake pressure as needed.

Limited-Slip Differential

The standard mechanical limited-slip differential provides more traction on snow, mud, ice, sand, or gravel. It works like a standard axle most of the time, but when traction is low, this feature allows the drive wheel with the most traction to move the vehicle. See *Performance Driving* ⇨ 223 and *Maintenance Schedule* ⇨ 357.

Stingray, Grand Sport X, Z06, ZR1, and ZR1X Models Only

The electrical limited-slip differential located on the rear axle is a hydraulically actuated clutch system. It can infinitely vary the clutch engagement between 0 and 2250 N*m (1659 lb-ft) of breakaway torque between the rear wheels. When necessary it responds from open to full engagement in fractions of a second. Smaller clutch adjustments happen even faster.

The electrical limited-slip differential:

- Uses the vehicle sensors and driver inputs to determine the optimum amount of clutch engagement for the conditions.
- Improves traction while cornering by changing the engagement to achieve a balance between directional control and acceleration.
- Provides optimal engagement for high-speed control and stability without affecting precise steering and turn-in.
- Improves vehicle stability during spirited driving and evasive maneuvers. It is fully integrated with the Active Handling and Performance Traction Management systems, if equipped.

There are unique calibrations based on the Traction Control System setting. Electrical limited-slip differential modes change automatically when the traction control button is pressed. No unique input from the driver is required.

- Mode 1 is the standard mode when the vehicle is started. It provides a touring calibration with an emphasis on vehicle stability. Mode 1 is also used in Performance Traction Management Wet mode.

- Mode 2 is engaged when both the Traction Control System and StabiliTrak/Electronic Stability Control are turned off. This calibration provides more nimble corner turn-in, and is biased for better traction out of corners.
- Mode 3 is engaged when Performance Traction Management is engaged in Dry, Sport, Race 1, and Race 2 modes. This is a nimble calibration with similar functionality as electrical limited-slip differential Mode 2; however, it is integrated to work with Performance Traction Management.
- Mode 4 is engaged when the Traction Control System is selected off, but StabiliTrak/Electronic Stability Control remains on. Vehicle stability is still the priority, while allowing for optimized traction out of corners.

Cruise Control

Cruise control allows the vehicle to maintain a constant speed without keeping your foot on the accelerator pedal at speeds of about

40 km/h (25 mph) or above. Cruise control does not work at speeds below about 40 km/h (25 mph).

Warning

Cruise control can be dangerous where you cannot drive safely at a steady speed. Do not use cruise control on winding roads or in heavy traffic.

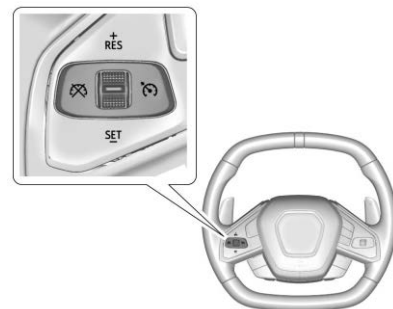
Cruise control can be dangerous on slippery roads. On such roads, fast changes in tire traction can cause excessive wheel slip, and you could lose control. Do not use cruise control on slippery roads.

Cruise control will disengage if:

- The Traction Control System (TCS) or StabiliTrak/Electronic Stability Control (ESC) system activates to limit wheel spin. See *Traction Control/Electronic Stability Control* ⇨ 211.
- TCS or StabiliTrak/Electronic Stability Control (ESC) is turned off.
- A collision alert occurs. See *Forward Collision Alert (FCA) System* ⇨ 239.
- The brakes are applied.

When road conditions allow you to safely use it again, cruise control can be turned back on.

For Grand Sport X and ZR1X models, cruise control is not available in Shuttle Mode or Stealth Mode. See *Driver Mode Control* ⇨ 213.



 : Press to turn cruise control on or off. A white cruise control indicator light comes on in the instrument cluster when cruise is turned on.

+RES: If there is a set speed in memory, press the thumbwheel up briefly to resume to that speed or press up and hold to accelerate. If cruise control is already engaged, use to increase the vehicle speed.

SET- : If cruise control is already on, press the thumbwheel down briefly to choose the set speed and engage cruise control. If cruise control is already engaged, use to decrease the vehicle speed.

 : Press to disengage cruise control without erasing the set speed from memory.

Setting Cruise Control

If cruise control is on but is not engaged, the thumbwheel could be pressed to SET- or +RES engage cruise control when desired. Turn cruise control off when it is not in use. Press  to turn off cruise control.

To set the cruise speed:

1. Press .
2. Accelerate to the desired cruise speed.
3. Press and release the thumbwheel down to SET-.
4. Remove your foot from the accelerator pedal.

When cruise control is engaged, the cruise control indicator light on the instrument cluster turns green. See *Instrument Cluster*
➤ 85.

Resuming a Set Speed

If cruise control is engaged at a set speed and then the brakes are applied or  is pressed, cruise control is disengaged without erasing the set speed from memory.

Once the vehicle reaches a speed of 40 km/h (25 mph) or more, briefly press the thumbwheel up to +RES and release it to engage cruise control at the previous set speed.

Increasing Speed While Using Cruise Control

If cruise control is already engaged:

- Accelerate to the desired cruise speed using the accelerator pedal. When the desired higher cruise speed is reached, briefly press the thumbwheel down to SET- and release it, and then remove your foot from the accelerator pedal. The vehicle will now cruise at the higher set speed.
- Press and hold the thumbwheel up to +RES until the desired speed is reached, then release it.
- To increase the vehicle speed in small increments, briefly press the thumbwheel up to +RES and release it. For each press, the vehicle speed increases by about 1 km/h (1 mph).

The speedometer reading can be displayed in either English or metric units. See *Settings*
➤ 148. The increment value used depends on the units displayed.

Reducing Speed While Using Cruise Control

If cruise control is already engaged:

- Press and hold the thumbwheel down to SET- until the desired lower speed is reached, then release it.
- To decrease the vehicle speed in small increments, briefly press the thumbwheel down to SET- and release it. For each press, the vehicle speed decreases by about 1 km/h (1 mph).

Passing Another Vehicle While Using Cruise Control

To pass another vehicle while cruise control is engaged, use the accelerator pedal to increase the vehicle speed. When you remove your foot from the accelerator pedal, the vehicle will slow down to the previously set speed. While pressing the accelerator pedal or shortly following the release to override cruise control, briefly pressing and releasing the

thumbwheel down to SET— will result in the cruise speed being set to the current vehicle speed.

Using Cruise Control on Hills

How well cruise control works on a hill depends on the vehicle speed, load, and the steepness of the hill. When going up a steep hill, you may need to apply the accelerator pedal to maintain the cruise speed. When going downhill, you may need to brake or shift to a lower gear to keep the vehicle speed down. If the brake pedal is applied, cruise control will disengage.

Cruise Control in Manual Paddle Shift Gear Selection

When the vehicle is in M (Manual Mode) and the manual paddle shift controls are not being used, cruise control operates in the same manner as D (Drive).

When the vehicle is in M (Manual Mode) and the manual paddle shift controls are being used, cruise control operates as follows:

- If cruise control is engaged and a gear is selected with the manual paddle shift controls, the vehicle speed is maintained in the driver selected gear and will not automatically upshift or downshift the transmission while the driver gear selection is active.
- If driving in hilly terrain, cruise control may not be able to maintain vehicle speed if an upshift or downshift is not selected by the driver. While driving on hilly terrain and cruise control is engaged with a manual paddle shift gear selection, the driver must select the proper gear for the terrain or shift into D (Drive) for fully automatic transmission operation. See *Manual Mode* ⇨ 198.

Ending Cruise Control

There are four ways to end cruise control:

- Lightly apply the brake pedal.
- Press .
- Press .
- Shift the transmission to N (Neutral).

Erasing Speed Memory

The cruise control set speed is erased from memory if  is pressed or when the vehicle is turned off.

Advanced Driver Assistance Systems



Warning

Do not rely on the Driver Assistance Systems. These systems do not replace the need for paying attention and driving safely. You may not hear or see alerts or warnings provided by these systems. Failure to use proper care when driving may result in injury, death, or vehicle damage. See *Defensive Driving* ⇨ 164.

Under many conditions, these systems will not:

- Detect children, pedestrians, bicyclists, or animals.
- Detect vehicles or objects outside the area monitored by the system.

(Continued)

Warning (Continued)

- Work at all driving speeds.
- Warn you or provide you with enough time to avoid a crash.
- Work under poor visibility or bad weather conditions.
- Work if the detection sensor is not cleaned or is covered by ice, snow, mud, or dirt.
- Work if the detection sensor is covered up, such as with a sticker, magnet, or metal plate.
- Work if the area surrounding the detection sensor is damaged or not properly repaired.

Complete attention is always required while driving, and you should be ready to take action and apply the brakes and/or steer the vehicle to avoid crashes.

This vehicle may have features that work together to help avoid crashes or reduce crash damage while driving, backing, and parking. Read this entire section before using these systems.

Audible Alert

Some driver assistance features alert the driver of obstacles by sounding an audible alert. To view available settings from the infotainment screen, touch Settings > Vehicle > Comfort and Convenience.

Cleaning

Depending on vehicle options, keep these areas of the vehicle clean to ensure the best driver assistance feature performance. Driver Information Center messages may display when the systems are unavailable or blocked.



- Front and rear bumpers and the area below the bumpers
- Front grille and headlights
- Front camera lenses in the front grille or near the front emblem
- Front side and rear side panels
- Outside of the windshield in front of the rearview mirror
- Rear side corner bumpers
- Rear Vision Camera above the license plate

Assistance Systems for Parking or Backing

If equipped, the Rear Vision Camera, Rear Park Assist, and Curb View Camera may help the driver park or avoid objects. Always check around the vehicle when parking or backing.

Rear Vision Camera (RVC)

Warning

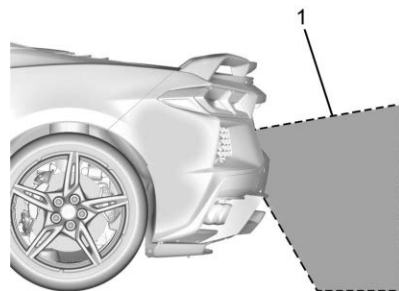
The camera(s) do not display children, pedestrians, bicyclists, crossing traffic, animals, or any other object outside of the cameras' field of view, below the bumper, or under the vehicle. Shown distances may be different from actual distances. Do not drive or park the vehicle using only these camera(s). Always check behind and around the vehicle before driving. Failure to use proper care may result in injury, death, or vehicle damage.

When the vehicle is shifted into R (Reverse), the Rear Vision Camera displays an image of the area behind the vehicle in the infotainment display. To return to the previous

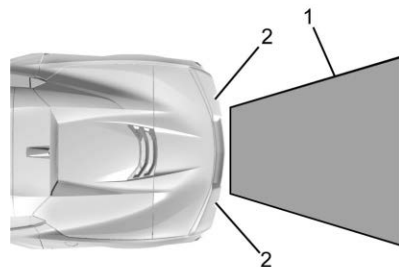
screen sooner, press Home or Back on the infotainment system, shift into P (Park), or reach a vehicle speed of approximately 12 km/h (8 mph) while in D (Drive).



The camera is above the license plate.



1. View displayed by the camera.



1. View displayed by the camera.

2. Corner of the rear bumper.

Displayed images may be farther or closer than they appear. The area displayed is limited and objects that are close to either corner of the bumper or under the bumper do not display.

Turning the Features On or Off

To turn off the guidance lines:

1. On the infotainment system, touch **SETTINGS**.
2. Select **Rear Camera**.
3. Select **Guidance Lines** and then select **Off** or **On**.

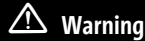
When the System Does Not Seem to Work Properly

The Rear Vision Camera system may not work properly or display a clear image if:

- It is dark.
- The sun or the beam of headlights is shining directly into the camera lens.
- Ice, snow, mud, or anything else builds up on the camera lens. Clean the lens, rinse it with water, and wipe it with a soft cloth.

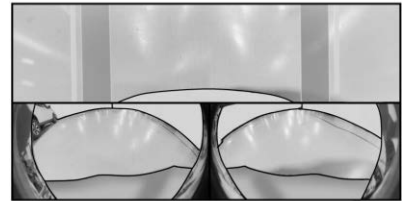
- The back of the vehicle is damaged. The position and mounting angle of the camera can change or the camera can be affected. Be sure to have the camera and its position and mounting angle checked at your dealer.

Curb View Camera



Warning

The camera(s) do not display children, pedestrians, bicyclists, crossing traffic, animals, or any other object outside of the cameras' field of view, below the bumper, or under the vehicle. Shown distances may be different from actual distances. Do not drive or park the vehicle using only these camera(s). Always check behind and around the vehicle before driving. Failure to use proper care may result in injury, death, or vehicle damage.



If equipped, a view of the area in front of the vehicle displays in the infotainment display. The display shows a top down view of the front of the vehicle on the top half of the screen. The bottom half of the display shows left and right side views.

The front view shows after shifting from **R (Reverse)** to a forward gear or by pressing the camera button on the center console when the vehicle is moving forward.

The front cameras are on both sides of the front fascia.

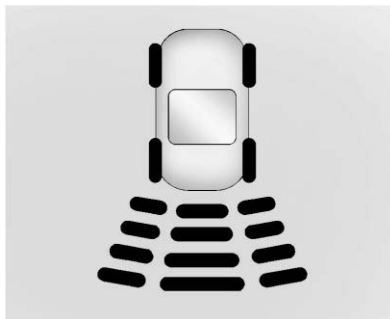
Park Assist

Warning

The Park Assist System is no substitute for careful and attentive driving. The Park Assist system does not detect children, pedestrians, bicyclists, animals, or objects located below the bumper or that are too close or too far from the vehicle. It is not available at speeds greater than 9 km/h (6 mph). To prevent injury, death, or vehicle damage, even with Park Assist, always check the area around the vehicle and check all mirrors before moving forward or backing.

With Rear Park Assist, as the vehicle backs up at speeds of less than 9 km/h (6 mph), the sensors on the rear bumper may detect objects up to 2.5 m (8 ft) behind the vehicle within a zone 25 cm (10 in) high off the ground and below bumper level. These detection distances may be shorter during warmer or humid weather.

Blocked sensors will not detect objects and can also cause false detections. Keep the sensors clean of mud, dirt, snow, ice, and slush; and clean sensors after a car wash in freezing temperatures.



The instrument cluster may have a Park Assist display with bars that show “distance to object” and object location information for Rear Park Assist. As the object gets closer, more bars light up and the bars change color from yellow to amber to red.

When an object is first detected in the rear, an audible alert will be heard from the rear. When an object is very close (<0.6 m (2 ft) in the vehicle rear), multiple audible alerts will sound from the rear.

Turning the Features On or Off

To view available settings from the infotainment home screen, touch Settings > Vehicle > Collision/Detection Systems.

Rear Cross Traffic Alert (RCTA) System

Warning

The Rear Cross Traffic Alert System only operates at speeds greater than 8 km/h (5 mph). It does not detect children, pedestrians, bicyclists, animals, or objects below the bumper or that are too close or too far from the vehicle.

It may not alert to many types of backing crashes. This system only works in R (Reverse) when an object is detected directly behind the vehicle. It may not alert to objects when the vehicle is moving at very low speeds. The system will not work correctly under poor visibility or bad weather conditions, such as rain or snow.

To prevent injury, death, or vehicle damage, always check the area around the vehicle and check all mirrors before backing.

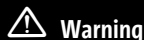
If equipped, Rear Cross Traffic Alert displays a red warning triangle with a pointing arrow on the Rear Vision Camera screen to warn of traffic coming from the left or right. This system detects objects coming from up to 20 m (65 ft) from either side of the rear of the vehicle. When an object is detected, three audible alerts sound from the direction of the detected vehicle.

Rear Cross Traffic Alert can be turned on or off through vehicle settings. To view available settings from the infotainment screen, touch Settings > Vehicle > Collision/Detection Systems.

Assistance Systems for Driving

If equipped, when driving the vehicle in a forward gear, Forward Collision Alert, Lane Keep Assist, Side Blind Zone Alert, Automatic Emergency Braking, and/or the Front Pedestrian Braking System can help to avoid a crash or reduce crash damage.

Forward Collision Alert (FCA) System



Warning

FCA is a warning system and does not apply the brakes. When approaching a slower-moving or stopped vehicle ahead too rapidly, or when following a vehicle too closely, FCA may not provide a warning with enough time to help avoid a crash. It also may not provide any warning at all. FCA does not warn of pedestrians, animals, signs, guardrails, bridges, construction barrels, or other objects. Be ready to take action and apply the brakes. See *Defensive Driving* ➔ 164.

The Forward Collision Alert system may help to avoid or reduce the harm caused by front-end crashes. When approaching a vehicle ahead too quickly, Forward Collision Alert provides a red flashing alert on the windshield and rapidly provides audible alerts. Forward Collision Alert also lights an amber visual alert if following another vehicle much too closely.

Forward Collision Alert detects vehicles within a distance of approximately 60 m (197 ft) and operates at speeds above 8 km/h (5 mph).

Forward Collision Alert can be disabled through vehicle settings. To view available settings from the infotainment screen, touch Settings > Vehicle > Collision/Detection Systems.

Detecting the Vehicle Ahead



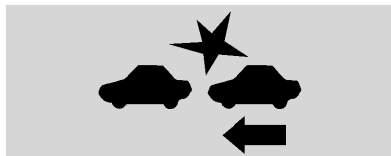
Warning

FCA does not provide a warning to help avoid a crash, unless it detects a vehicle. FCA may not detect a vehicle ahead if the FCA sensor is blocked by dirt, snow, or ice, or if the windshield is damaged. It may also not detect a vehicle on winding or hilly roads, or in conditions that can limit visibility such as fog, rain, or snow, or if the headlights or windshield are not cleaned or in proper condition. Keep the windshield, headlights, and FCA sensors clean and in good repair.

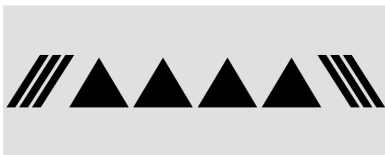


Forward Collision Alert warnings will not occur unless the system detects a vehicle ahead. When a vehicle is detected, the vehicle ahead indicator will display green. Vehicles may not be detected on curves, highway exit ramps, or hills, due to poor visibility; or if a vehicle ahead is partially blocked by pedestrians or other objects. Forward Collision Alert will not detect another vehicle ahead until it is completely in the driving lane.

Collision Alert



With Head-Up Display (HUD)



Without Head-Up Display (HUD)

When your vehicle approaches another detected vehicle too rapidly, the red Forward Collision Alert display will flash on the windshield. Also, eight rapid high-pitched audible alerts will sound from the front. When this collision alert occurs, the brake system may prepare for driver braking to occur more rapidly which can cause a brief, mild deceleration. Continue to apply the brake pedal as needed.

Tailgating Alert



The vehicle ahead indicator will display amber when you are following a vehicle ahead much too closely.

Selecting the Alert Timing



On some vehicles, the Collision Alert control is on the steering wheel. If equipped, press  to set the Forward Collision Alert timing to Far, Medium, or Near. The first button press shows the current setting on the Driver Information Center. Additional button presses will change this setting.

Selecting the Alert Timing (Grand Sport X and ZR1X)

To set the Forward Collision Alert timing, select the Settings app from the infotainment home screen and select Vehicle > Collision/Detection Systems > Forward Collision Avoidance > Alert Sensitivity.

The chosen setting will remain until it is changed and will affect the timing of both the Collision Alert and the Tailgating Alert features. The timing of both alerts will vary based on vehicle speed. The faster the vehicle speed, the farther away the alert will occur. Consider traffic and weather conditions when selecting the alert timing. The range of selectable alert timings may not be appropriate for all drivers and driving conditions.

Unnecessary Alerts

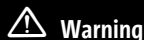
Forward Collision Alert may provide unnecessary alerts for turning vehicles, vehicles in other lanes, objects that are not vehicles, or shadows. These alerts are normal operation and the vehicle does not need service.

Cleaning the System

If the Forward Collision Alert system does not seem to operate properly, this may correct the issue:

- Clean the outside of the windshield in front of the rearview mirror.
- Clean the entire front of the vehicle.
- Clean the headlights.

Automatic Emergency Braking (AEB)



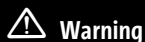
Warning

AEB is an emergency crash preparation feature and is not designed to avoid crashes. Do not rely on AEB to brake the vehicle. AEB will not brake outside of its operating speed range and only responds to detected vehicles.

AEB may not:

- Detect a vehicle ahead on winding or hilly roads.
- Detect all vehicles, especially vehicles with a trailer, tractors, muddy vehicles, etc.
- Detect a vehicle when weather limits visibility, such as in fog, rain, or snow.
- Detect a vehicle ahead if it is partially blocked by pedestrians or other objects.

Complete attention is always required while driving, and you should be ready to take action and apply the brakes and/or steer the vehicle to avoid crashes.



Warning

AEB may automatically brake the vehicle suddenly in situations where it is unexpected and undesired. It could respond to a turning vehicle ahead, guardrails, signs, and other non-moving objects. To override AEB, firmly press the accelerator pedal, if it is safe to do so.

Automatic Emergency Braking may slow the vehicle to a complete stop to try to avoid a potential crash. If this happens, Automatic Emergency Braking may engage the electric parking brake to hold the vehicle at a stop. Release the electric parking brake or firmly press the accelerator pedal.

The system may help avoid or reduce the harm caused by front-end crashes. Automatic Emergency Braking also includes Intelligent Brake Assist. When the system detects a vehicle ahead in your path that is traveling in the same direction that you may be about to crash into, it can provide a boost to braking or automatically brake the vehicle. This can help avoid or lessen the severity of crashes when driving in a forward gear. Depending on the situation, the vehicle may automatically brake

moderately or hard. Always wear a seat belt and ensure that all passengers are properly restrained. This automatic emergency braking can only occur if a vehicle is detected. This is shown by the Forward Collision Alert vehicle ahead indicator being lit. See *Forward Collision Alert (FCA) System* ⇨ 239.

The system works when driving in a forward gear above 4km/h (2 mph). It can detect vehicles up to approximately 60 m (197 ft).

Intelligent Brake Assist

Warning

IBA may increase vehicle braking in situations when it may not be necessary. You could block the flow of traffic. If this occurs, take your foot off the brake pedal and then apply the brakes as needed.

Warning

Using AEB or IBA while towing a trailer could cause you to lose control of the vehicle and crash. Turn the system to Alert or Off when towing a trailer.

Intelligent Brake Assist may activate when the brake pedal is applied quickly by providing a boost to braking based on the speed of approach and distance to a vehicle ahead.

Minor brake pedal pulsations or pedal movement during this time is normal and the brake pedal should continue to be applied as needed. Intelligent Brake Assist will automatically disengage only when the brake pedal is released.

Automatic Emergency Braking and Intelligent Brake Assist can be disabled through vehicle settings. To view available settings from the infotainment app screen, touch Settings > Vehicle > Collision/Detection Systems.

A system unavailable message may display if:

- The front of the vehicle or windshield is not clean.
- Heavy rain or snow is interfering with object detection.
- There is a problem with the StabiliTrak/Electronic Stability Control system.

The Automatic Emergency Braking system does not need service.

Intersection Automatic Emergency Braking System

Warning

I-AEB is an emergency crash preparation feature. Do not rely on I-AEB to brake or avoid crashes. I-AEB will not brake outside of its operating speed range and only responds to detected intersecting vehicles. I-AEB may not:

- detect a crossing or oncoming vehicle on winding or hilly roads.
- detect all vehicles, especially vehicles with a trailer, tractors, muddy vehicles, etc.
- detect a vehicle when weather limits visibility, such as in fog, rain, or snow.
- detect a vehicle ahead if it is partially blocked by pedestrians or other objects.

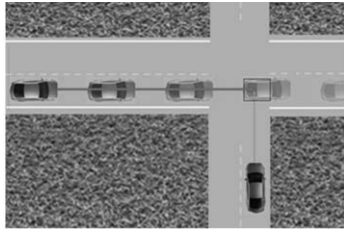
Complete attention is always required while driving, and you should be ready to take action and apply the brakes and/or steer the vehicle to avoid crashes.

If equipped, the Intersection Automatic Emergency Braking system may help avoid or reduce the harm caused by front-end crashes with crossing vehicles.

The system works when driving in a forward gear above 15 km/h (9 mph) and less than 80 km/h (50 mph). It can detect oncoming vehicles up to approximately 60 m (197 ft).

Vehicle Crossing the Path Ahead

When there is a crossing vehicle detected approaching from the right or the left side that may lead to a collision, Intersection Automatic Emergency Braking provides a red flashing alert on the windshield and rapidly provides audible alerts or pulses the Safety Alert Seat. See *Advanced Driver Assistance Systems* ⇨ 234. Intersection Automatic Emergency Braking can provide a boost to braking or automatically brake the vehicle.



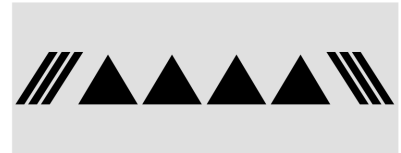
Intersection Automatic Emergency Braking can be set to Off, Alert, or Alert and Brake. To view available settings from the infotainment app screen, touch Settings > Vehicle > Collision/Detection Systems.

Crossing Traffic Alert

When your vehicle approaches an intersecting vehicle too rapidly and there is risk of a collision, a red warning graphic will flash on the windshield. Also, eight rapid high-pitched audible alerts will sound, or the driver seat will pulse five times. The side of the seat that is pulsed and the location of the audible alerts will depend on the direction that the intersecting vehicle is detected from. When this collision alert occurs, the brake system may prepare for driver braking to occur more rapidly which can cause a brief, mild deceleration. Continue to apply the brake pedal as needed.



With Head-Up Display (HUD)



Without Head-Up Display (HUD)

Turning Across Oncoming Traffic Alert

When your vehicle approaches another detected vehicle too rapidly, a red graphic will flash on the windshield. Also, eight rapid high-pitched audible alerts will sound from the front, or both sides of the Safety Alert Seat will pulse five times. When this Collision Alert occurs, the brake system may prepare for driver braking to occur more rapidly which can cause a brief, mild deceleration. Continue to apply the brake pedal as needed.

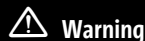


With Head-Up Display (HUD)



Without Head-Up Display (HUD)

Automatic Braking



Warning

I-AEB may automatically brake or increase vehicle braking in situations when it may not be necessary or desired. Your vehicle could block the flow of traffic. I-AEB may respond to stationary or parked vehicles, signs, and other non-moving objects. To override AEB, firmly press the accelerator pedal, if it is safe to do so.



Warning

Using I-AEB while towing a trailer could cause you to lose control of the vehicle and crash. Turn the system to Alert or Off when towing a trailer.

If Intersection Automatic Emergency Braking detects it is about to crash into an intersecting vehicle, and the brakes have not been applied, Intersection Automatic Emergency Braking may automatically brake moderately or hard. This can help to avoid some crashes or lessen impact by reducing the speed of the vehicle. Always wear a seat belt and check that all passengers are properly restrained. Intersection Automatic Emergency Braking can automatically brake between 15 km/h (9 mph) and 80 km/h (50 mph). Automatic braking levels may be reduced under certain conditions, such as higher speeds.

Intersection Automatic Emergency Braking may slow the vehicle to a complete stop to try to avoid a potential crash. If this happens, Intersection Automatic Emergency Braking may engage the electric parking brake to

hold the vehicle at a stop. Release the electric parking brake or firmly press the accelerator pedal to continue driving.

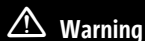
Intersection Automatic Emergency Braking may also apply the brakes automatically when there is an intersecting vehicle at risk of collision and the system determines that the driver is not braking with sufficient force.

Minor brake pedal pulsations or pedal movement during this time is normal and the brake pedal should continue to be applied as needed.

Cleaning the System

If Intersection Automatic Emergency Braking does not seem to operate properly, cleaning the outside of the windshield in front of the rearview mirror may correct the issue.

Front Pedestrian Braking (FPB) System



Warning

FPB does not provide an alert or automatically brake the vehicle, unless it detects a pedestrian or bicyclist. FPB may not detect pedestrians, including children, or bicyclists:

- When the pedestrian or bicyclist is not directly ahead, fully visible, or standing upright, or when part of a group.
- Due to poor visibility, including nighttime conditions, fog, rain, or snow.
- If the FPB sensor is blocked by dirt, snow, or ice.
- If the headlights or windshield are not cleaned or in proper condition.

Be ready to take action and apply the brakes. For more information, see *Defensive Driving* ⇨ 164. Keep the windshield, headlights, and FPB sensor clean and in good repair.

If equipped, the Front Pedestrian Braking system may help avoid or reduce the harm caused by front-end crashes with pedestrians and bicyclists near the forward path of the vehicle when driving in a forward gear. Front Pedestrian Braking displays an amber

indicator, , when a nearby pedestrian or bicyclist is detected ahead. When approaching a detected pedestrian too quickly, Front Pedestrian Braking provides a red flashing alert on the windshield and rapidly provides audible alerts. Front Pedestrian Braking can provide a boost to braking or automatically brake the vehicle. This system includes Intelligent Brake Assist, and the Automatic Emergency Braking system may also respond to pedestrians or bicyclists. Always wear a seat belt and ensure that all passengers are properly restrained. See *Automatic Emergency Braking (AEB)* ⇨ 241.

The Front Pedestrian Braking system can detect and alert to pedestrians or bicyclists in a forward gear at speeds between 8 km/h (5 mph) and 80 km/h (50 mph). During daytime driving, the system detects pedestrians or bicyclists up to a distance of approximately 40 m (131 ft). During nighttime driving, system performance is very limited.

Front Pedestrian Braking can be set to Off, Alert, or Alert and Brake through vehicle settings. To view available settings from the infotainment screen, touch Settings > Vehicle > Collision/Detection Systems.

Detecting the Pedestrian or Bicyclist Ahead

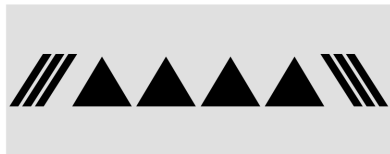


Front Pedestrian Braking alerts and automatic braking will not occur unless the system detects a pedestrian or bicyclist. When a pedestrian or bicyclist that may enter the vehicle's forward path is detected, the pedestrian ahead indicator will display amber.

Front Pedestrian Alert



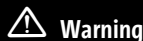
With Head-Up Display (HUD)



Without Head-Up Display (HUD)

When the vehicle approaches a pedestrian ahead too rapidly, the red Front Pedestrian Braking alert display will flash on the windshield. Eight rapid high-pitched audible alerts will sound from the front. When this Pedestrian Alert occurs, the brake system may prepare for driver braking to occur more rapidly which can cause a brief, mild deceleration. Continue to apply the brake pedal as needed. Cruise control may be disengaged when the Front Pedestrian Alert occurs.

Automatic Braking



Warning

FPB may alert or automatically brake the vehicle suddenly in situations where it is unexpected and undesired. It could falsely alert or brake for objects similar in shape or size to pedestrians or bicyclists, including shadows. This is normal operation and the vehicle does not need service. To override Automatic Braking, firmly press the accelerator pedal, if it is safe to do so.

If Front Pedestrian Braking detects it is about to crash into a pedestrian or bicyclist directly ahead, and the brakes have not been applied, Front Pedestrian Braking may automatically brake moderately or brake hard. This can help to avoid some very low speed pedestrian and bicyclist crashes or reduce pedestrian injury. Front Pedestrian Braking can automatically brake to detected pedestrians or bicyclists between 8 km/h (5 mph) and 80 km/h (50 mph). Automatic braking levels may be reduced under certain conditions, such as higher speeds.

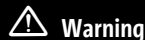
Front Pedestrian Braking may slow the vehicle to a complete stop to try and avoid a potential collision with a pedestrian. If this happens, automatic braking may hold the vehicle at a stop momentarily or engage the electric parking brake, if equipped. Firmly press the accelerator pedal or release the electric parking brake to continue driving.

Automatic Braking can be disabled through vehicle settings. To view available settings from the infotainment screen, touch Settings > Vehicle > Collision/Detection Systems.

Cleaning the System

If Front Pedestrian Braking does not seem to operate properly, cleaning the outside of the windshield in front of the rearview mirror may correct the issue.

Side Blind Zone Alert (SBZA)



Warning

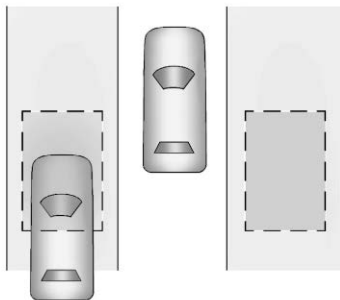
SBZA does not alert the driver to vehicles rapidly approaching outside of the side blind zones, pedestrians, bicyclists, or

(Continued)

Warning (Continued)

animals. It may not provide alerts when changing lanes under all driving conditions. Failure to use proper care when changing lanes may result in injury, death, or vehicle damage. Before making a lane change, always check mirrors, glance over your shoulder, and use the turn signals.

If equipped, the Side Blind Zone Alert system is a lane-changing aid that assists drivers with avoiding crashes that occur with moving vehicles in the side blind zone, or blind spot areas. The Side Blind Zone Alert warning display will light up in the corresponding outside side mirror and will flash if the turn signal in corresponding side is on.

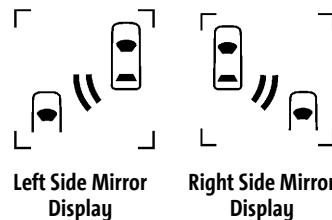
Side Blind Zone Alert Detection Zones

The Side Blind Zone Alert sensor covers a zone approximately one lane over from both sides of the vehicle, or approximately 3.5 m (11 ft). The height of the zone is approximately between 0.5 m (1.5 ft) and 2 m (6 ft) off the ground. This zone starts at approximately the middle of the vehicle and goes back 5 m (16 ft).

How the System Works

The Side Blind Zone Alert symbol lights up in the side mirrors when the system detects a moving vehicle in the next lane over that is in the side blind zone. This indicates it may be unsafe to change lanes. Before making a lane change,

check the Side Blind Zone Alert display, check mirrors, glance over your shoulder, and use the turn signals.



When the vehicle is started, both outside mirror Side Blind Zone Alert displays will briefly come on to indicate the system is operating. When the vehicle is in a forward gear, the left- or right-side mirror display will light up if a moving vehicle is detected in that blind zone. If the turn signal is activated in the same direction as a detected vehicle, this display will flash as an extra warning not to change lanes.

Side Blind Zone Alert can be disabled through vehicle personalization. To view available settings from the infotainment screen, touch Settings > Vehicle > Collision/Detection Systems. If Side Blind Zone Alert is disabled by the driver, the Side Blind Zone Alert mirror displays will not light up.

When the System Does Not Seem to Work Properly

Side Blind Zone Alert displays may not come on when passing a vehicle quickly, for a stopped vehicle. Side Blind Zone Alert may alert to objects attached to the vehicle, such as a bicycle, or object extending out to either side of the vehicle. This is normal system operation; the vehicle does not need service.

Side Blind Zone Alert may not always alert the driver to vehicles in the side blind zone, especially in wet conditions. The system does not need to be serviced. The system may light up due to guardrails, signs, trees, shrubs, and other non-moving objects. This is normal system operation; the vehicle does not need service.

Side Blind Zone Alert may not operate when the Side Blind Zone Alert sensors in the left or right corners of the rear bumper are covered with mud, dirt, snow, ice, or slush, or in heavy rainstorms. For cleaning instructions, see "Washing the Vehicle" under *Exterior Care* ➞ 346. If the Driver Information Center still displays the system unavailable message after cleaning both sides of the vehicle toward the rear corners of the vehicle, see your dealer.

If the Side Blind Zone Alert displays do not light up when vehicles are in the blind zone and the system is clean, the system may need service. Take the vehicle to your dealer.

When Side Blind Zone Alert is disabled for any reason other than the driver turning it off, the Side Blind Zone Alert On option will not be available on the personalization menu.

Lane Keep Assist (LKA)



Warning

The LKA system does not continuously steer the vehicle. It may not keep the vehicle in the lane or give a Lane Departure Warning (LDW) alert, even if a lane marking is detected.

The LKA and LDW systems may not:

- Provide an alert or enough steering assist to avoid a lane departure or crash.
- Detect lane markings under poor weather or visibility conditions. This can occur if the windshield or headlights are

(Continued)

Warning (Continued)

blocked by dirt, snow, or ice, if they are not in proper condition, or if the sun shines directly into the camera.

- Detect road edges.
- Detect lanes on winding or hilly roads.

If LKA only detects lane markings on one side of the road, it will only assist or provide an LDW alert when approaching the lane on the side where it has detected a lane marking. Even with LKA and LDW, you must steer the vehicle. Always keep your attention on the road and maintain proper vehicle position within the lane, or vehicle damage, injury, or death could occur. Always keep the windshield, headlights, and camera sensors clean and in good repair. Do not use LKA in bad weather conditions.



Warning

Using LKA while towing a trailer or on slippery roads could cause loss of control of the vehicle and a crash. Turn the system off.

If equipped, Lane Keep Assist may help avoid crashes due to unintentional lane departures. This system uses a camera to detect lane markings. The Lane Keep Assist system can be ready to assist above approximately 50 km/h (31 mph). Lane Keep Assist may assist by gently turning the steering wheel if the vehicle approaches a detected lane marking. It may also provide a Lane Departure Warning alert if the vehicle unintentionally crosses a detected lane marking. Lane Keep Assist will not assist or alert if the turn signal is active in the direction of the lane departure, or if it detects that you are accelerating, braking, or actively steering. Lane Keep Assist can be overridden by turning the steering wheel. If the system detects you are steering intentionally across a lane marker, the Lane Departure Warning may not be given. Do not expect the Lane Departure Warning to occur when you are intentionally crossing a lane marker.

How the System Works

The Lane Keep Assist camera sensor is on the windshield ahead of the rearview mirror.

To turn Lane Keep Assist on and off, press  on the infotainment screen.

Lane Keep Assist may not be available in extremely cold temperatures of less than approximately -30°f (-34°c).

When on,  is white and changes green if Lane Keep Assist is available to assist and provide Lane Departure Warning alerts. It may assist by gently turning the steering wheel and display  as amber if the vehicle approaches a detected lane marking without using a turn signal in that direction. It may also provide an Lane Departure Warning alert by flashing  amber as the lane marking is crossed. Additionally, there may be three audible alerts on the right or left, depending on the lane departure direction.

Take Steering

The Lane Keep Assist system does not continuously steer the vehicle. If Lane Keep Assist does not detect active driver steering, an alert, chime, or Driver Information Center message may be provided. Move the steering wheel to dismiss.

When the System Does Not Seem to Work Properly

The system performance may be affected by:

- Close vehicles ahead.
- Sudden lighting changes, such as when driving through tunnels.
- Banked roads.
- Roads with poor lane markings, such as two-lane roads.

If the Lane Keep Assist system is not functioning properly when lane markings are clearly visible, cleaning the windshield may help.

A system unavailable message may display if the camera is blocked. The Lane Keep Assist system does not need service.

Lane Keep Assist assistance and/or Lane Departure Warning alerts may occur due to tar marks, shadows, cracks in the road, temporary or construction lane markings, or other road imperfections. This is normal system operation; the vehicle does not need service. Turn Lane Keep Assist off if these conditions continue.

Fuel

Top Tier Fuel

GM recommends the use of TOP TIER Approved Gasoline to keep the engine clean, reduce engine deposits, and maintain optimal vehicle performance. Look for the TOP TIER Logo or see www.toptiergas.com for a list of TOP TIER Approved Gasoline marketers and applicable countries.



Recommended Fuel



Premium unleaded gasoline meeting ASTM specification D4814 with a posted octane rating $(R+M)/2$ of 91 or greater is required. The use of the correct fuel is an important part of the proper maintenance of the vehicle and a condition of the vehicle warranty. If heavy knocking is heard when using gasoline rated at 91 or greater, the engine needs service.

Do not use any fuel labeled E85 or FlexFuel. Do not use gasoline with ethanol levels greater than 15% by volume.

Prohibited Fuels

Caution

Do not use fuels with any of the following conditions; doing so may damage the vehicle and void its warranty:

(Continued)

Caution (Continued)

- For vehicles that are not FlexFuel, fuel labeled greater than 15% ethanol by volume, such as mid-level ethanol blends (16–50% ethanol), E85, or FlexFuel.
- Fuel with any amount of methanol, methylal, ferrocene, and aniline. These fuels can corrode metal fuel system parts or damage plastic and rubber parts.
- Fuel containing metals such as methylcyclopentadienyl manganese tricarbonyl (MMT), which can damage the emissions control system and spark plugs.
- Fuel with a posted octane rating of less than the recommended fuel. Using this fuel will lower fuel economy and performance, and may decrease the life of the emissions catalyst.

Fuels in Foreign Countries

The U.S., Canada, and Mexico post fuel octane ratings in Anti-Knock Index (AKI). For fuel not to use in a foreign country, see *Prohibited Fuels* ➞ 250.

Fuel Additives

TOP TIER Approved Gasoline is highly recommended for use with your vehicle. If your country does not have TOP TIER Approved Gasoline, add ACDelco Fuel System Cleaner to the vehicle's gasoline fuel tank at every oil change or 12 000 km (7,500 mi), whichever occurs first. TOP TIER Approved Gasoline and ACDelco Fuel System Cleaner will help keep your vehicle's engine fuel deposit free and performing optimally.

Filling the Tank

An arrow on the fuel gauge indicates which side of the vehicle the fuel door is on. See *Fuel Gauge* ➞ 89.

Warning

Fuel vapors and fuel fires burn violently and can cause injury or death.

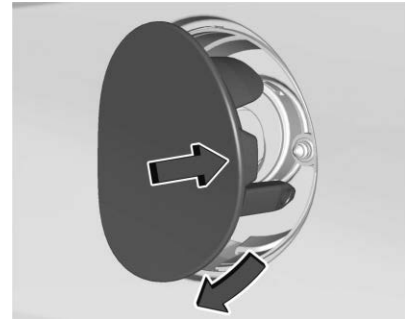
Follow these guidelines to help avoid injuries to you and others:

- Read and follow all the instructions on the fuel pump island.
- Turn off the engine when refueling.
- Keep sparks, flames, and smoking materials away from fuel.
- Do not leave the fuel pump unattended.
- Avoid using electronic devices while refueling.
- Do not re-enter the vehicle while pumping fuel.
- Keep children away from the fuel pump and never let children pump fuel.
- Before touching the fill nozzle, touch a metallic object to discharge static electricity from your body.

(Continued)

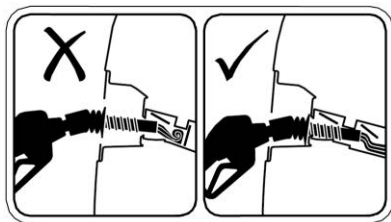
Warning (Continued)

- Fuel can spray out if the fill nozzle is inserted too quickly. This spray can happen if the tank is nearly full, and is more likely in hot weather. Insert the fill nozzle slowly and wait for any hiss noise to stop before beginning to flow fuel.



To open the fuel door, push and release the rearward center edge of the door.

The capless refueling system does not have a fuel cap.



The capless system has two internal flapper doors. To prevent fuel spray, insert the nozzle fully to ensure both doors are open before refueling.

Warning

Overfilling the fuel tank by more than three clicks of a standard fill nozzle may cause:

- Vehicle performance issues, including engine stalling and damage to the fuel system.
- Fuel spills.
- Under certain conditions, fuel fires.

Be careful not to spill fuel. Wait five seconds after you have finished pumping before removing the fill nozzle. Clean fuel from

painted surfaces as soon as possible. See *Exterior Care* ⇨ 346. Push the fuel door closed until it latches.

Warning

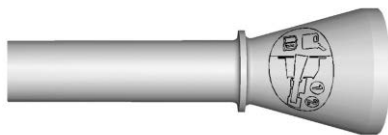
If a fire starts while you are refueling, do not remove the fill nozzle. Shut off the flow of fuel by shutting off the pump or by notifying the station attendant. Leave the area immediately.

Filling the Tank with a Portable Fuel Container

Warning

Attempting to refuel from a portable fuel container without using the funnel adapter may cause fuel spillage and damage the capless fuel system. This could cause a fire. You or others could be badly burned and the vehicle could be damaged.

If the vehicle runs out of fuel and must be filled from a portable fuel container:



1. Locate the capless funnel adapter.
2. Insert and latch the funnel into the capless fuel system.
3. Remove and clean the funnel adapter and return it to the storage location.

Filling a Portable Fuel Container

Warning

Never fill a portable fuel container while it is in the vehicle. Static electricity discharge from the container can ignite the fuel vapor. You or others could be badly burned and the vehicle could be damaged. To help avoid injury to you and others:

(Continued)

Warning (Continued)

- Dispense fuel only into approved containers.
- Do not fill a container while it is inside a vehicle, in a vehicle's trunk, in a pickup bed, or on any surface other than the ground.
- Bring the fill nozzle in contact with the inside of the fill opening before operating the nozzle. Maintain contact until filling is complete.
- Keep sparks, flames, and smoking materials away from fuel.
- Avoid using electronic devices while pumping fuel.

Trailer Towing**General Towing Information****Warning**

Never tow a trailer with your vehicle. It was not designed or intended to tow a trailer.

Conversions and Add-Ons**Add-On Electrical Equipment****Warning**

The Data Link Connector is used for vehicle service and Emission Inspection/Maintenance testing. See *Malfunction Indicator Light (Check Engine Light)* ⇨ 93. A device connected to the Data Link Connector — such as an aftermarket fleet or driver-behavior tracking device — may interfere with vehicle systems. This could affect vehicle operation and cause a crash. Such devices may also access information stored in the vehicle's systems.

Caution

Some electrical equipment can damage the vehicle or cause components to not work and would not be covered by the vehicle warranty. Always check with your dealer before adding electrical equipment.

Add-on equipment can drain the vehicle's 12-volt battery, even if the vehicle is not operating.

The vehicle has an airbag system. Before attempting to add anything electrical to the vehicle, see *Servicing the Airbag-Equipped Vehicle* ⇨ 63 and *Adding Equipment to the Airbag-Equipped Vehicle* ⇨ 63.

Vehicle Care

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General Information

For service and parts needs, visit your dealer. You will receive genuine GM parts and GM-trained and supported service people.

Genuine GM parts have one of these marks:



California Perchlorate Materials Requirements

Certain types of automotive applications, such as airbag initiators, seat belt pretensioners, and lithium batteries contained in electronic keys, may contain perchlorate

materials. Perchlorate Material – special handling may apply. See www.dtsc.ca.gov/hazardouswaste/perchlorate.

Accessories and Modifications

Caution

When adding accessories or other equipment after the purchase of your vehicle, ensure you are not exceeding the vehicle axle weight ratings or overall weight ratings. Overloading the vehicle may cause damage. Repairs would not be covered by the vehicle warranty. Do not overload the vehicle. See *Vehicle Load Limits* ⇨ 185 for specific weight ratings.

Adding non-GM approved accessories or making vehicle modifications can affect performance and safety with airbags, braking, stability, ride and handling, emissions systems, aerodynamics, durability, Advanced Driver Assistance Systems, and electronic systems like antilock brakes, traction control, and stability control. These accessories or modifications could cause malfunction or damage not covered by the vehicle warranty.

Damage to suspension components caused by modifying vehicle height outside of factory settings will not be covered by the vehicle warranty.

Damage to vehicle components resulting from modifications or the installation or use of non-GM certified parts, including control module or software modifications, is not covered under the terms of the vehicle warranty and may affect remaining warranty coverage for affected parts.

Also, see *Adding Equipment to the Airbag-Equipped Vehicle* ⇨ 63.

Lifting the Vehicle

Warning

Lifting a vehicle can cause an injury. The vehicle can slip off the jack and roll over you or other people. You and they could be badly injured. Find a level place to lift your vehicle. To help prevent the vehicle from moving:

1. Set the parking brake firmly.

(Continued)

Warning (Continued)

2. Put the transmission in P (Park).
3. Turn off the engine.

To be even more certain the vehicle will not move, put blocks in front of and behind the wheels.

**Warning**

Getting under a vehicle when it is lifted on a jack is dangerous. If the vehicle slips off the jack, you could be badly injured or killed. Never get under a vehicle when it is supported only by a jack.

**Warning**

Raising the vehicle with the jack improperly positioned can damage the vehicle or the vehicle may fall and cause injury to you or others.

If a jack is used to lift the vehicle, follow the instructions that came with the jack, and be sure to use the correct lifting points to avoid damaging the vehicle.

Caution

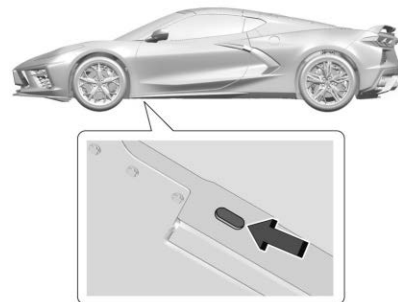
Lifting the vehicle improperly can damage it and result in costly repairs not covered by the vehicle warranty. To lift the vehicle properly and prevent vehicle damage:

- Be sure to place a block or pad between the jack and the vehicle.
- Lift only in the areas shown in the following illustrations.

For additional information, see your dealer and the service manual.

Caution

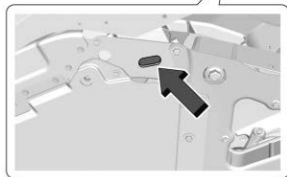
The front jack pads must not contact the rocker panels, the front fenders, or the floor pan. If they do, damage may occur.

Lifting from the Front – Frame

Use only a service jack with a lifting pad diameter of 64 mm (2.5 in) or smaller, and thick enough to make sure the jack does not contact the vehicle body.

Position the service jack and lifting pad under the frame rail shipping slot reinforcement.

Lifting from the Rear – Frame



Use only a service jack with a lifting pad diameter of 64 mm (2.5 in) or smaller, and thick enough to make sure the jack does not contact the vehicle body.

Position the service jack and lifting pad under the frame rail shipping slot reinforcement.

For more information, see *Doing Your Own Service Work* ⇨ 257.

Vehicle Storage

Be sure to inspect the engine air cleaner before storing the Z06 and Grand Sport X models for any length of time. Clear any leaves, dirt, or

debris from the air filter housing to maximize engine performance and air filter life. See *Maintenance Schedule* ⇨ 357 and *Engine Air Cleaner/Filter* ⇨ 291.

Vehicle Checks

Doing Your Own Service Work



Warning

It can be dangerous to work on your vehicle if you do not have the proper knowledge, service manual, tools, or parts. Always follow owner's manual procedures and consult the service manual for your vehicle before doing any service work.

Caution

Even small amounts of contamination can cause damage to vehicle systems. Do not allow contaminants to contact the fluids, reservoir caps, or dipsticks.

If doing some of your own service work, use the proper service manual. It tells you much more about how to service the vehicle than this manual can. To order the proper service manual, see *Publication Ordering Information* ⇨ 380.

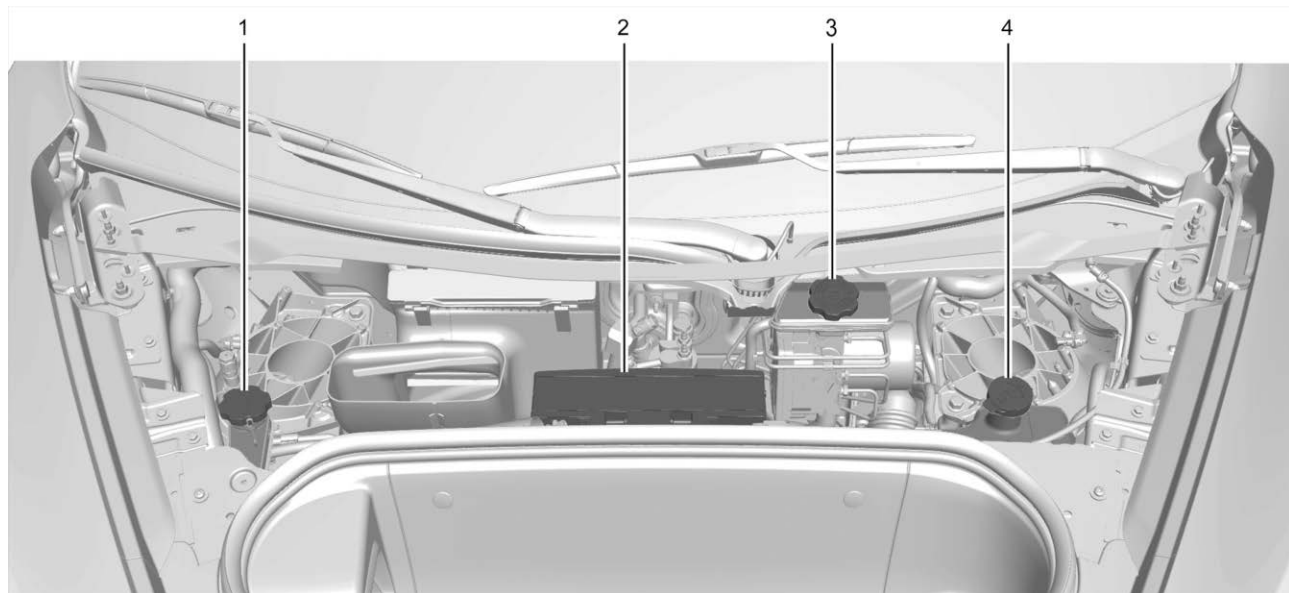
This vehicle has an airbag system. Before attempting to do your own service work, see *Servicing the Airbag-Equipped Vehicle* ⇨ 63.

If equipped with remote start, open the hatch/trunk before performing any service work to prevent remote starting the vehicle accidentally. See *Remote Start* ⇨ 13.

Keep a record with all parts receipts and list the mileage and the date of any service work performed. See *Maintenance Records* ⇨ 364.

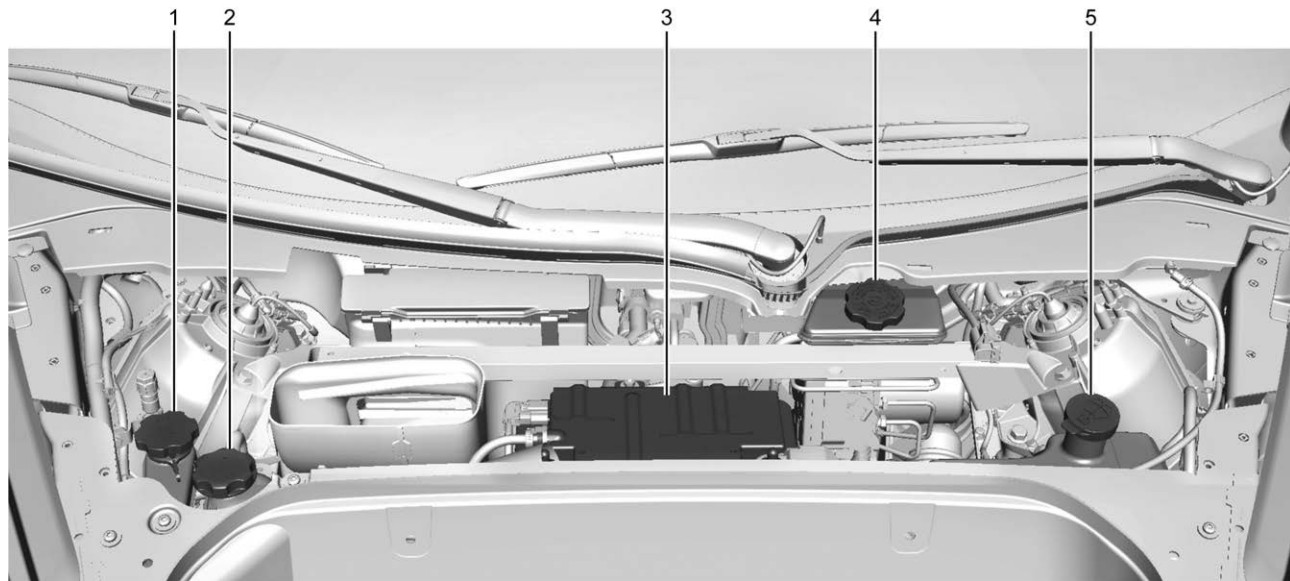
Underhood Compartment Overview

Several items you should check periodically are located under the front hood. For instructions on opening the hood, see *Hood* ⇨ 18.



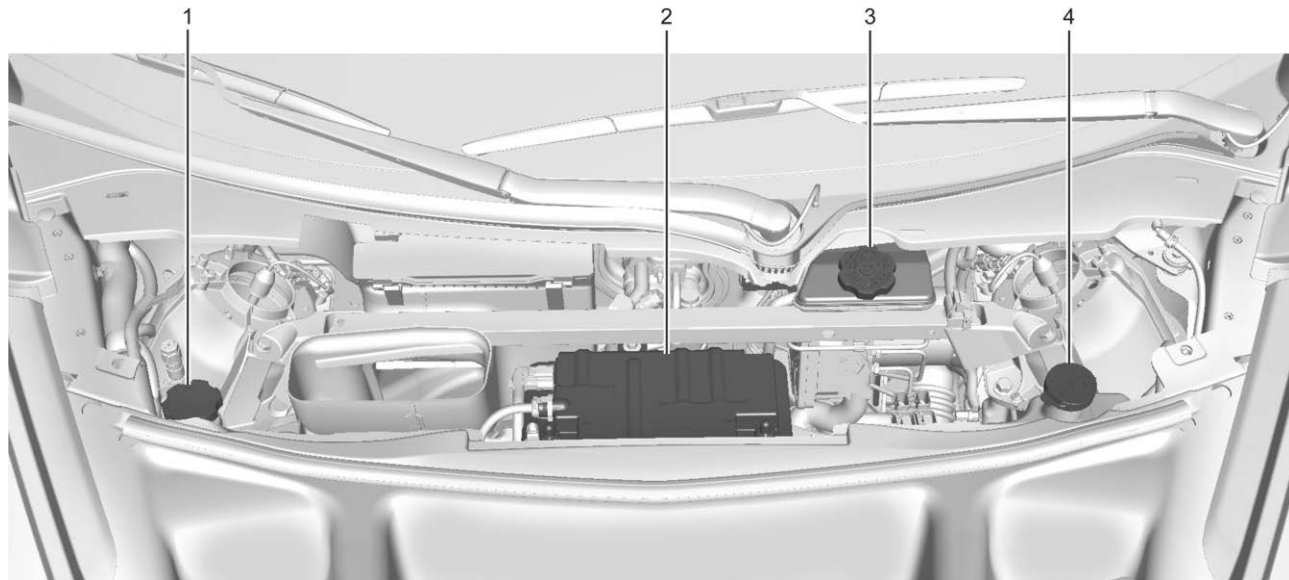
Stingray Coupe, Grand Sport Coupe, and Z06 Coupe (Convertibles Similar)

1. Front Lift System Reservoir (under cover, if equipped). See <i>Front Lift System</i> ⇨ 222.	2. Battery (under cover). See <i>Battery - North America</i> ⇨ 305.	4. Windshield Washer Fluid Reservoir. See <i>Washer Fluid</i> ⇨ 300.
3. Brake Fluid Reservoir. See <i>Brake Fluid</i> ⇨ 304.		



Grand Sport X Coupe (Convertible Similar)

1. Front Lift System Reservoir (under cover, if equipped). See *Front Lift System* ⇨ 222.
2. Power Electronic Cooling Loop Reservoir. See your dealer for maintenance.
3. Battery (under cover). See *Battery - North America* ⇨ 305.
4. Brake Fluid Reservoir. See *Brake Fluid* ⇨ 304.
5. Windshield Washer Fluid Reservoir. See *Washer Fluid* ⇨ 300.



ZR1 Coupe and ZR1X Coupe (Convertible Similar)

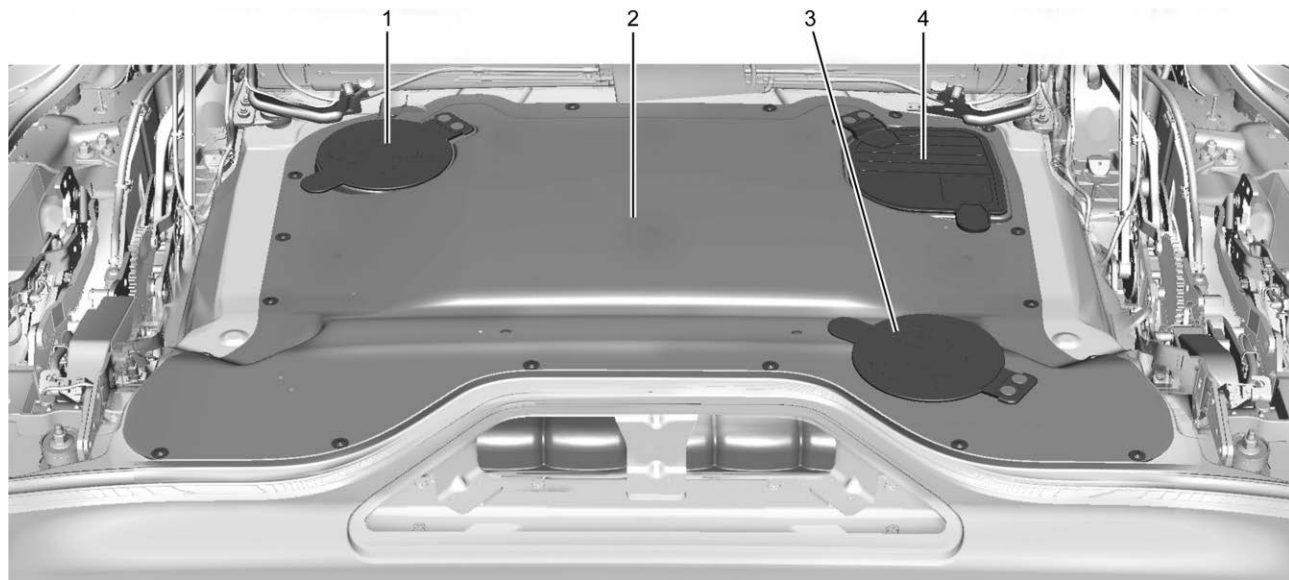
1. Front Lift System Reservoir (under cover, if equipped). See *Front Lift System* ⇨ 222.
2. Battery (under cover). See *Battery - North America* ⇨ 305.
3. Brake Fluid Reservoir. See *Brake Fluid* ⇨ 304.

4. Windshield Washer Fluid Reservoir. See *Washer Fluid* ⇨ 300.

Engine Compartment Overview

On coupe models, open the rear hatch/trunk to access the engine compartment. See *Hatch* ⇨ 20.

On convertible models, open the rear tonneau cover to access the engine compartment. The rear hatch/trunk and the convertible top must be closed and the vehicle must be in P (Park). See *Convertible Top* ⇨ 35.



Engine Cover (Convertible Only)

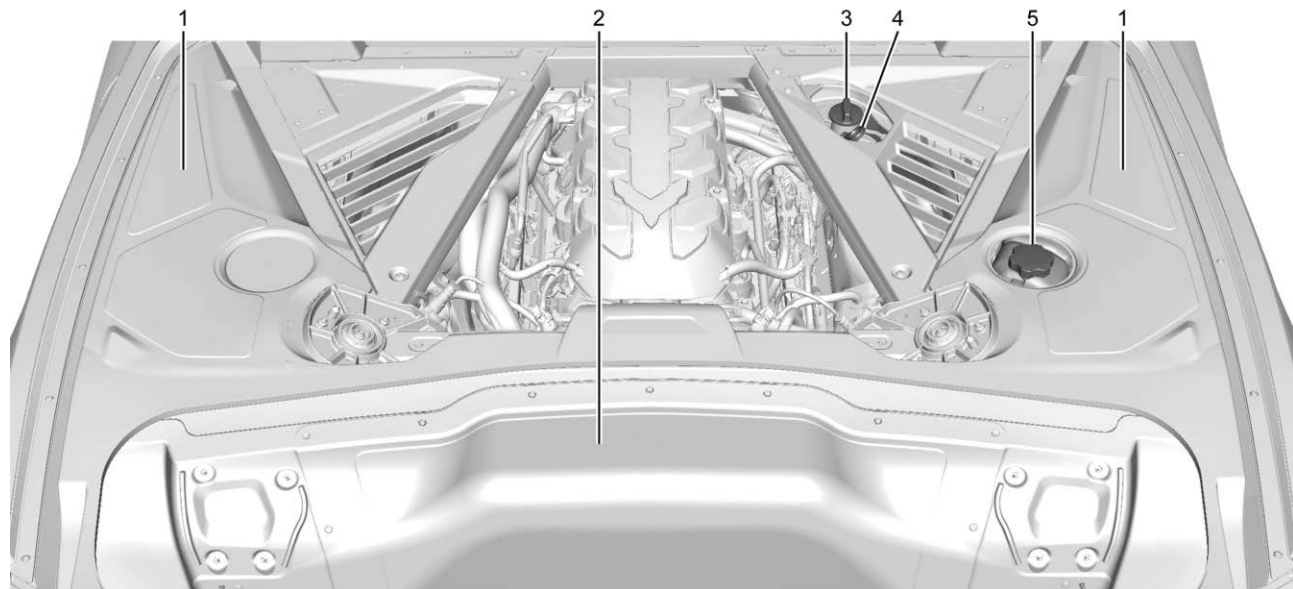
1. High Voltage Battery System Coolant Reservoir. See your dealer for maintenance.
2. Engine Cover.

3. Engine Coolant Surge Tank and Pressure Cap (Under Cover). See *Cooling System (ZR1 Charge Air)* ⇨ 295 *Cooling System (Engine)* ⇨ 295 *Cooling System (Electrified Propulsion)* ⇨ 293.
4. Engine Oil Dipstick and Dry Sump Engine Oil Tank and Fill Cap (Under Cover). See *Engine Oil (5.5L LT6/LT7 Engine)* ⇨ 283 *Engine Oil (6.7L LS6 Engine)* ⇨ 286.

If equipped, the engine cover protects the folding convertible top system from underhood heat and contamination. The engine cover includes access holes for common maintenance items as shown below. You should not need to remove the entire engine cover for regular maintenance.

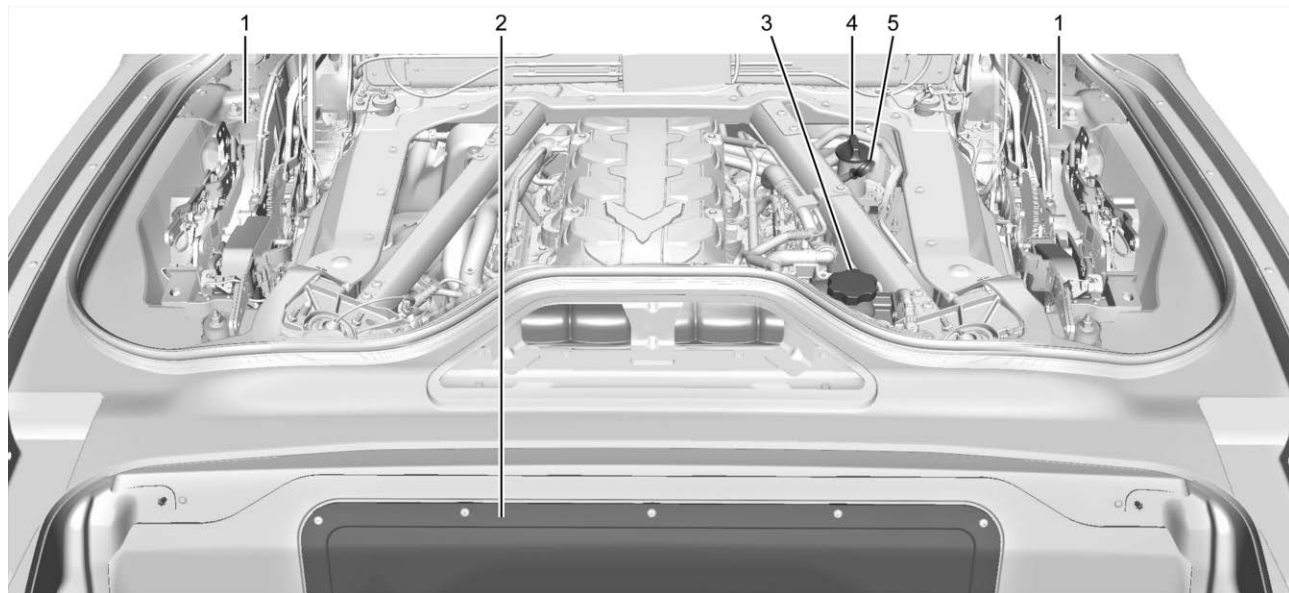
For access to maintenance items, pull up on the tab on the access hole plug, and fold the plug out of the way. The hinges retain the plugs so they will not be misplaced. To close the plug, snap it back into place.

Before closing the rear tonneau cover, confirm that the access hole plugs on the engine cover are closed securely.



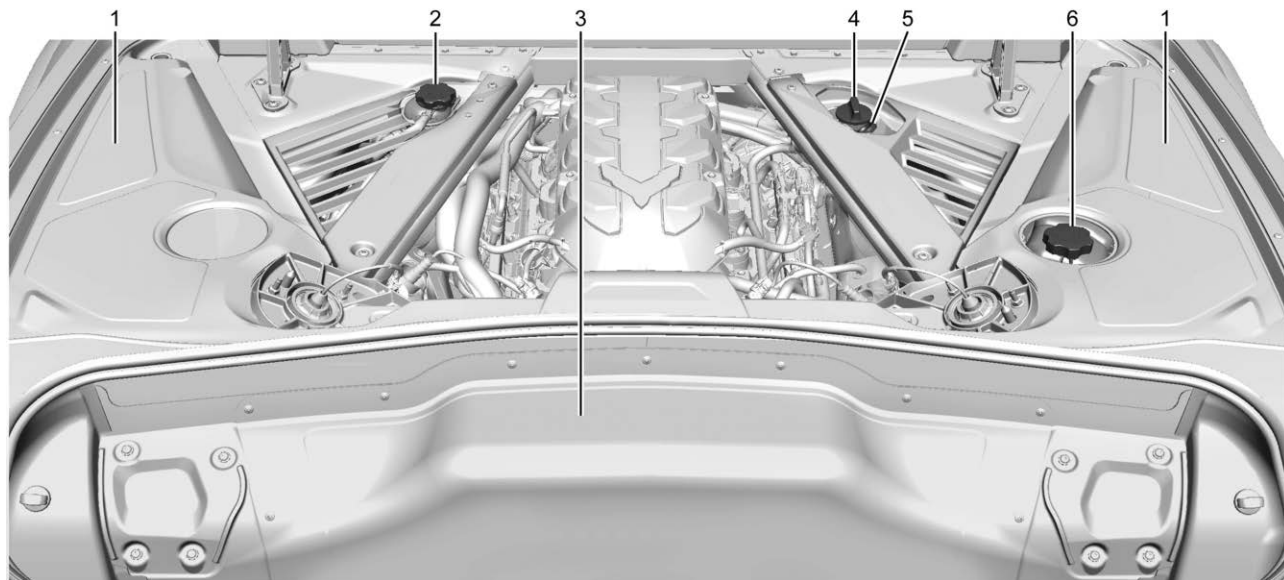
Stingray Coupe — 6.7L V8 Engine (LS6) (Grand Sport Similar)

1. Engine Cooling Fan (Out of View).
See *Cooling System (ZR1 Charge Air)* ⇨ 295 *Cooling System (Engine)* ⇨ 295 *Cooling System (Electrified Propulsion)* ⇨ 293.
2. Engine Air Cleaner Filter (Under Access Panel). See *Engine Air Cleaner/Filter* ⇨ 291.
3. Dry Sump Engine Oil Tank and Fill Cap.
See *Engine Oil (5.5L LT6/LT7 Engine)* ⇨ 283 *Engine Oil (6.7L LS6 Engine)* ⇨ 286.
4. Engine Oil Dipstick. See *Engine Oil (5.5L LT6/LT7 Engine)* ⇨ 283 *Engine Oil (6.7L LS6 Engine)* ⇨ 286.
5. Engine Coolant Surge Tank and Pressure Cap. See *Cooling System (ZR1 Charge Air)* ⇨ 295 *Cooling System (Engine)* ⇨ 295 *Cooling System (Electrified Propulsion)* ⇨ 293.



Stingray Convertible — 6.7L V8 Engine (LS6) (Grand Sport Similar)

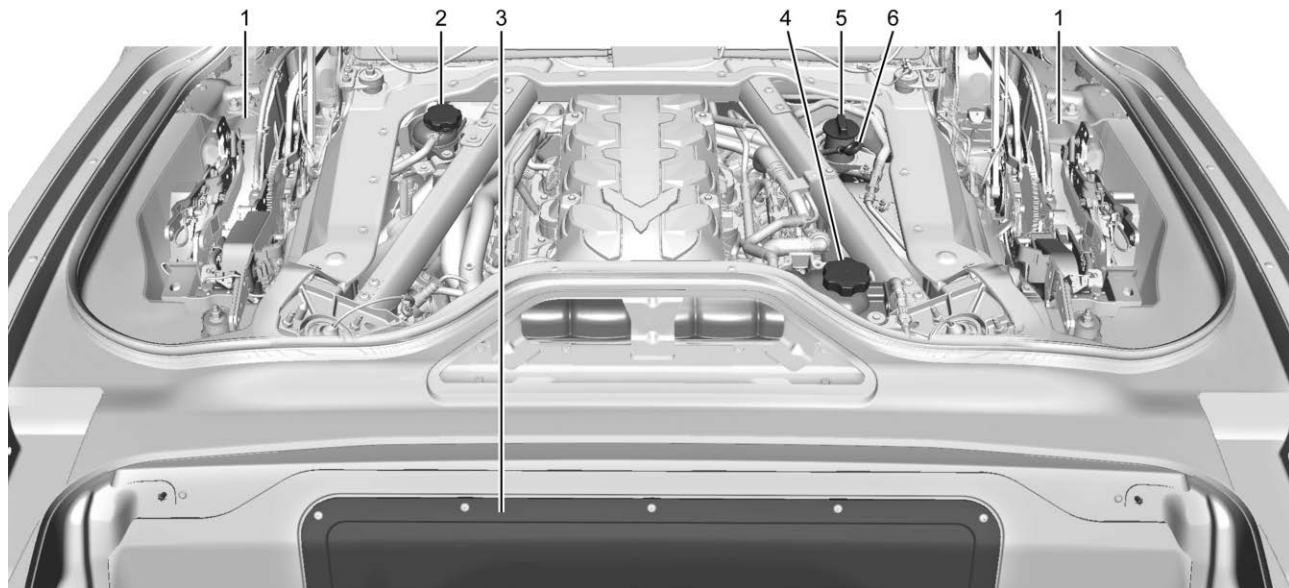
1. Engine Cooling Fan (Out of View).
See *Cooling System (ZR1 Charge Air)* ⇨ 295 *Cooling System (Engine)* ⇨ 295 *Cooling System (Electrified Propulsion)* ⇨ 293.
2. Engine Air Cleaner Filter (Under Access Panel). See *Engine Air Cleaner/Filter* ⇨ 291.
3. Engine Coolant Surge Tank and Pressure Cap. See *Cooling System (ZR1 Charge Air)* ⇨ 295 *Cooling System (Engine)* ⇨ 295 *Cooling System (Electrified Propulsion)* ⇨ 293.
4. Dry Sump Engine Oil Tank and Fill Cap.
See *Engine Oil (5.5L LT6/LT7 Engine)* ⇨ 283 *Engine Oil (6.7L LS6 Engine)* ⇨ 286.
5. Engine Oil Dipstick. See *Engine Oil (5.5L LT6/LT7 Engine)* ⇨ 283 *Engine Oil (6.7L LS6 Engine)* ⇨ 286.



Grand Sport X Coupe — 6.7L V8 Engine (LS6)

1. Engine Cooling Fans (Out of View). 2. High Voltage Battery System Coolant Reservoir. See your dealer for maintenance.	3. Engine Air Cleaner Filter (Under Access Panel). See <i>Engine Air Cleaner/Filter</i> ⇨ 291.	4. Dry Sump Engine Oil Tank and Fill Cap. See <i>Engine Oil (5.5L LT6/LT7 Engine)</i> ⇨ 283 <i>Engine Oil (6.7L LS6 Engine)</i> ⇨ 286.

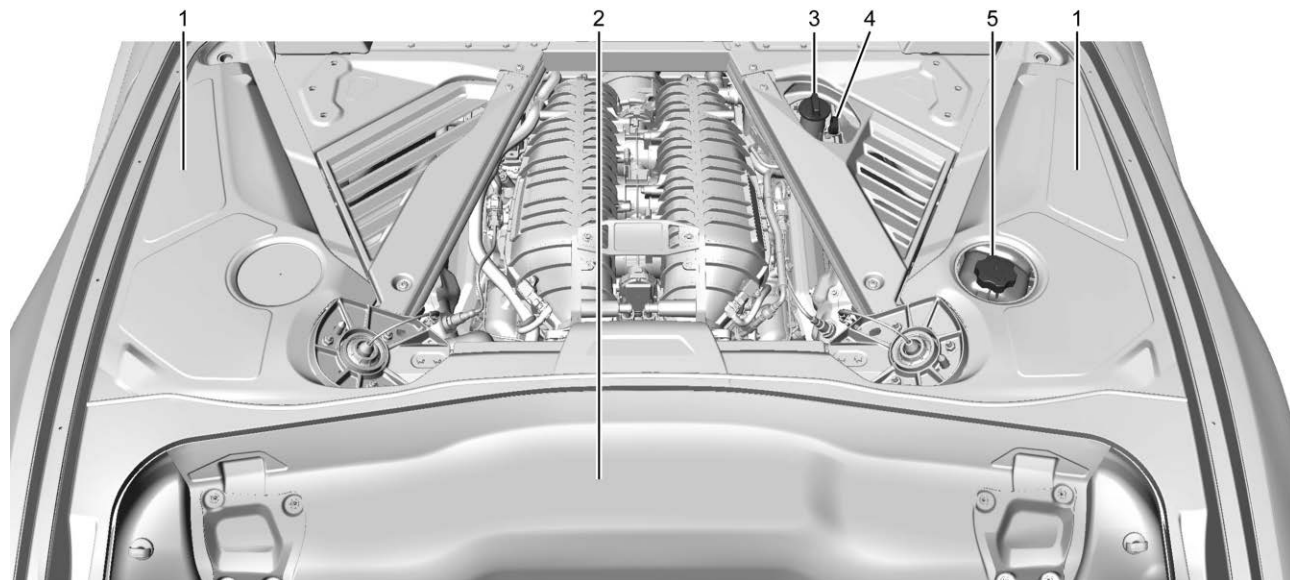
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5. Engine Oil Dipstick. See *Engine Oil (5.5L LT6/LT7 Engine)* ⇨ 283 *Engine Oil (6.7L LS6 Engine)* ⇨ 286.
 6. Engine Coolant Surge Tank and Pressure Cap. See *Cooling System (ZR1 Charge Air)* ⇨ 295 *Cooling System (Engine)* ⇨ 295 *Cooling System (Electrified Propulsion)* ⇨ 293.
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Grand Sport X Convertible — 6.7L V8 Engine (LS6)

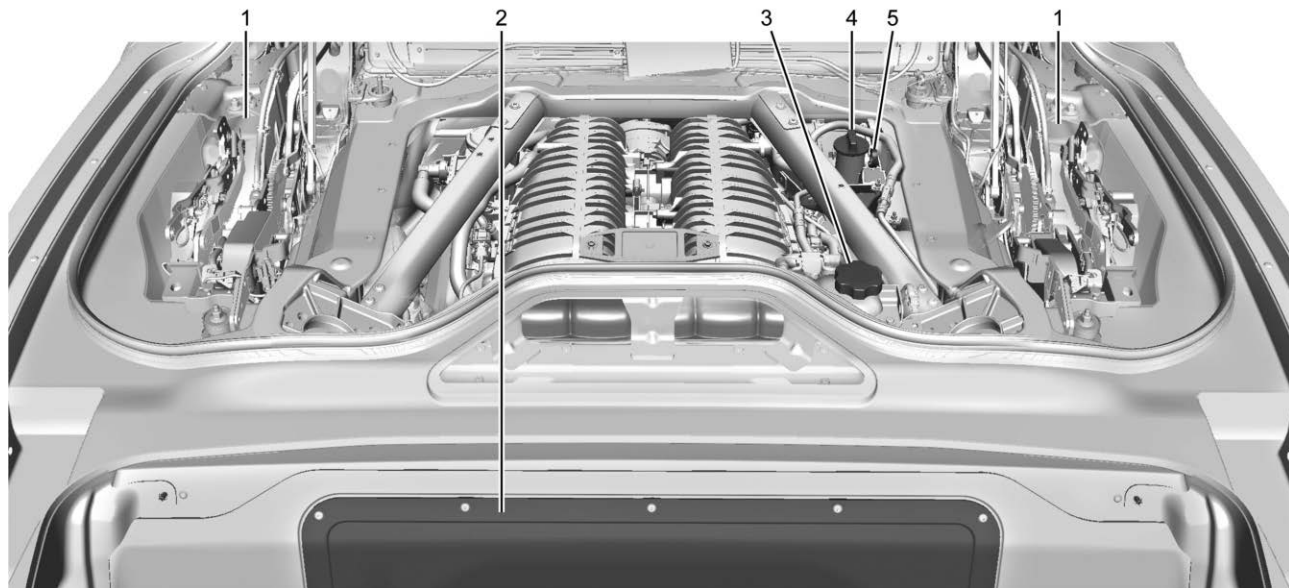
1. Engine Cooling Fans (Out of View). 2. High Voltage Battery System Coolant Reservoir. See your dealer for maintenance.	3. Engine Air Cleaner Filter (Under Access Panel). See <i>Engine Air Cleaner/Filter</i> ➔ 291.

4. Engine Coolant Surge Tank and Pressure Cap. See *Cooling System (ZR1 Charge Air)* ⇨ 295 *Cooling System (Engine)* ⇨ 295 *Cooling System (Electrified Propulsion)* ⇨ 293.
5. Dry Sump Engine Oil Tank and Fill Cap. See *Engine Oil (5.5L LT6/LT7 Engine)* ⇨ 283 *Engine Oil (6.7L LS6 Engine)* ⇨ 286.
6. Engine Oil Dipstick. See *Engine Oil (5.5L LT6/LT7 Engine)* ⇨ 283 *Engine Oil (6.7L LS6 Engine)* ⇨ 286.



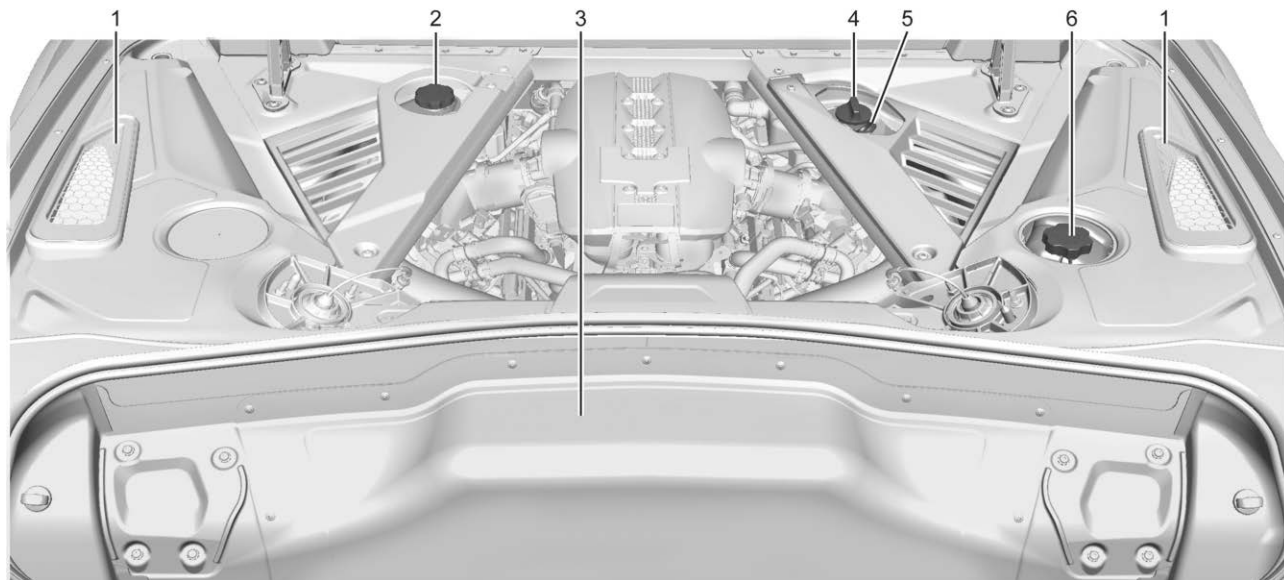
Z06 Coupe — 5.5L V8 Engine (LT6)

1. Engine Cooling Fan (Out of View).
See *Cooling System (ZR1 Charge Air)* ⇨ 295 *Cooling System (Engine)* ⇨ 295 *Cooling System (Electrified Propulsion)* ⇨ 293.
2. Engine Air Cleaner Filter (Under Access Panel). See *Engine Air Cleaner/Filter* ⇨ 291.
3. Dry Sump Engine Oil Tank and Fill Cap.
See *Engine Oil (5.5L LT6/LT7 Engine)* ⇨ 283 *Engine Oil (6.7L LS6 Engine)* ⇨ 286.
4. Engine Oil Dipstick. See *Engine Oil (5.5L LT6/LT7 Engine)* ⇨ 283 *Engine Oil (6.7L LS6 Engine)* ⇨ 286.
5. Engine Coolant Surge Tank and Pressure Cap. See *Cooling System (ZR1 Charge Air)* ⇨ 295 *Cooling System (Engine)* ⇨ 295 *Cooling System (Electrified Propulsion)* ⇨ 293.



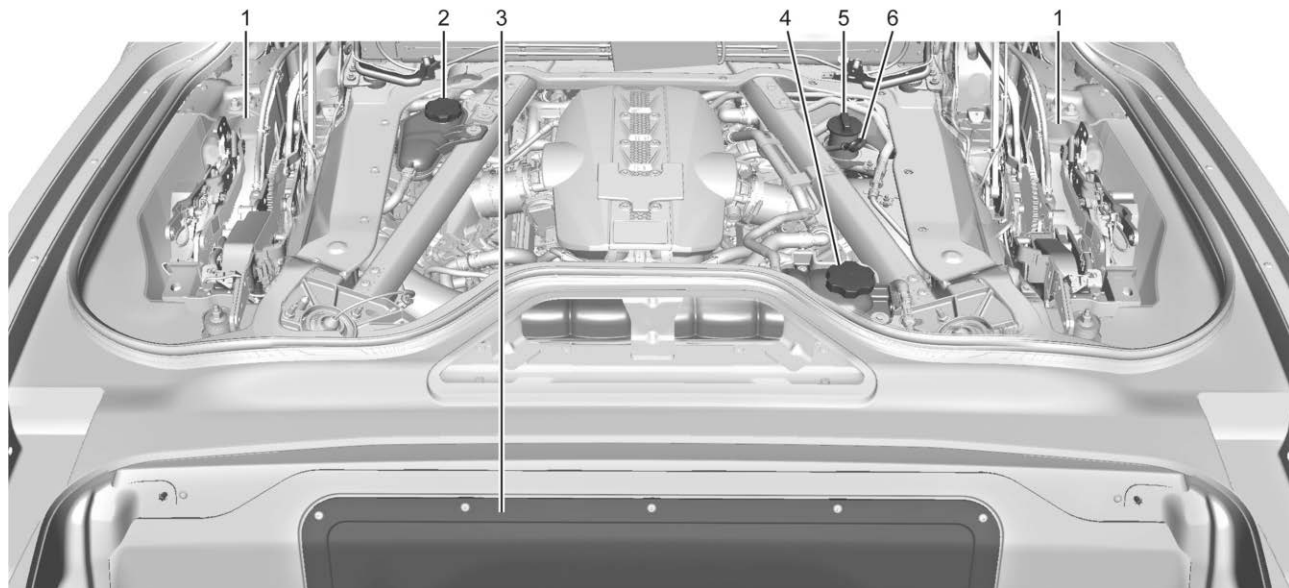
Z06 Convertible— 5.5L V8 Engine (LT6)

1. Engine Cooling Fan (Out of View).
See *Cooling System (ZR1 Charge Air)* ⇨ 295 *Cooling System (Engine)* ⇨ 295 *Cooling System (Electrified Propulsion)* ⇨ 293.
2. Engine Air Cleaner Filter (Under Access Panel). See *Engine Air Cleaner/Filter* ⇨ 291.
3. Engine Coolant Surge Tank and Pressure Cap. See *Cooling System (ZR1 Charge Air)* ⇨ 295 *Cooling System (Engine)* ⇨ 295 *Cooling System (Electrified Propulsion)* ⇨ 293.
4. Dry Sump Engine Oil Tank and Fill Cap.
See *Engine Oil (5.5L LT6/LT7 Engine)* ⇨ 283 *Engine Oil (6.7L LS6 Engine)* ⇨ 286.
5. Engine Oil Dipstick. See *Engine Oil (5.5L LT6/LT7 Engine)* ⇨ 283 *Engine Oil (6.7L LS6 Engine)* ⇨ 286.



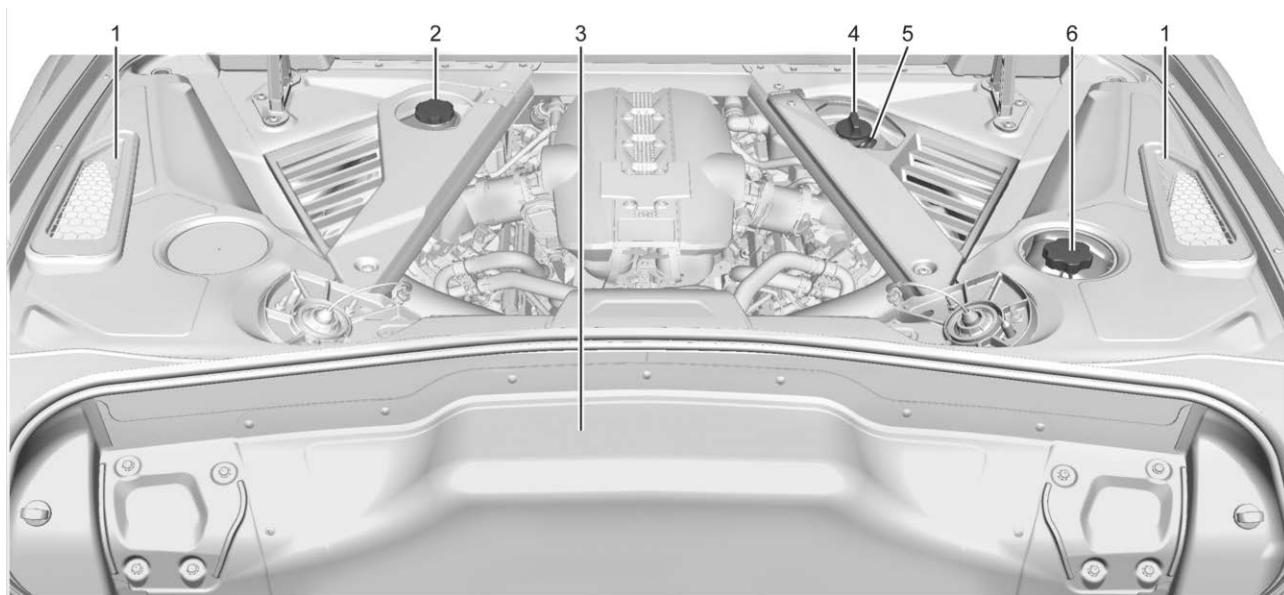
ZR1 Coupe — 5.5L V8 Engine

1. Engine Cooling Fan (Out of View).
See *Cooling System (ZR1 Charge Air)* ⇨ 295 *Cooling System (Engine)* ⇨ 295 *Cooling System (Electrified Propulsion)* ⇨ 293.
2. Charge Air Cooling System
Coolant Reservoir. See your dealer for maintenance.
3. Engine Air Cleaner Filter (Under Access Panel). See *Engine Air Cleaner/Filter* ⇨ 291
4. Dry Sump Engine Oil Tank and Fill Cap.
See *Engine Oil (5.5L LT6/LT7 Engine)* ⇨ 283 *Engine Oil (6.7L LS6 Engine)* ⇨ 286
5. Engine Oil Dipstick. See *Engine Oil (5.5L LT6/LT7 Engine)* ⇨ 283 *Engine Oil (6.7L LS6 Engine)* ⇨ 286
6. Engine Coolant Surge Tank and Pressure Cap. See *Cooling System (ZR1 Charge Air)* ⇨ 295 *Cooling System (Engine)* ⇨ 295 *Cooling System (Electrified Propulsion)* ⇨ 293

**ZR1 Convertible — 5.5L V8 Engine**

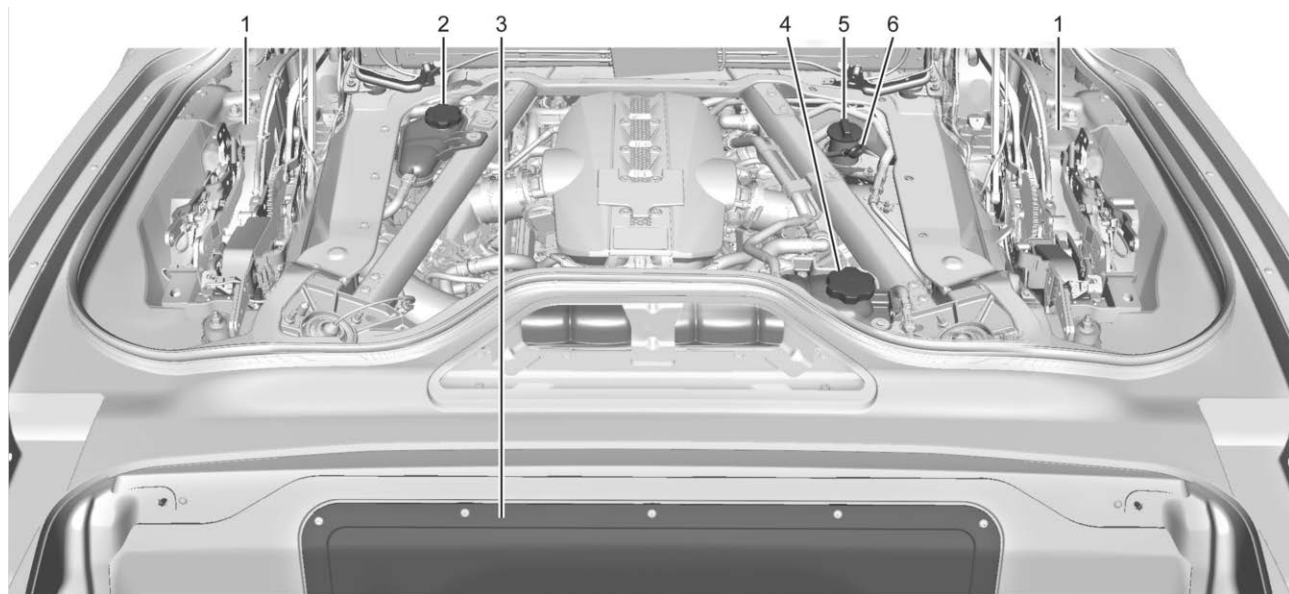
1. Engine Cooling Fans (Out of View). 2. Charge Air Cooling System Coolant Reservoir. See your dealer for maintenance.	3. Engine Air Cleaner Filter (Under Access Panel). See <i>Engine Air Cleaner/Filter</i> ➔ 291.

4. Engine Coolant Surge Tank and Pressure Cap. See *Cooling System (ZR1 Charge Air)* ⇨ 295 *Cooling System (Engine)* ⇨ 295 *Cooling System (Electrified Propulsion)* ⇨ 293.
5. Dry Sump Engine Oil Tank and Fill Cap. See *Engine Oil (5.5L LT6/LT7 Engine)* ⇨ 283 *Engine Oil (6.7L LS6 Engine)* ⇨ 286.
6. Engine Oil Dipstick. See *Engine Oil (5.5L LT6/LT7 Engine)* ⇨ 283 *Engine Oil (6.7L LS6 Engine)* ⇨ 286.



ZR1X Coupe — 5.5L V8 Engine

1. Engine Cooling Fan (Out of View).
See *Cooling System (ZR1 Charge Air)* ⇨ 295 *Cooling System (Engine)* ⇨ 295 *Cooling System (Electrified Propulsion)* ⇨ 293.
2. High Voltage Battery System
Coolant Reservoir. See your dealer for maintenance.
3. Engine Air Cleaner Filter (Under Access Panel). See *Engine Air Cleaner/Filter* ⇨ 291
4. Dry Sump Engine Oil Tank and Fill Cap.
See *Engine Oil (5.5L LT6/LT7 Engine)* ⇨ 283 *Engine Oil (6.7L LS6 Engine)* ⇨ 286
5. Engine Oil Dipstick. See *Engine Oil (5.5L LT6/LT7 Engine)* ⇨ 283 *Engine Oil (6.7L LS6 Engine)* ⇨ 286
6. Engine Coolant Surge Tank and Pressure Cap. See *Cooling System (ZR1 Charge Air)* ⇨ 295 *Cooling System (Engine)* ⇨ 295 *Cooling System (Electrified Propulsion)* ⇨ 293

**ZR1X Convertible — 5.5L V8 Engine**

1. Engine Cooling Fans (Out of View). 2. High Voltage Battery System Coolant Reservoir. See your dealer for maintenance.	3. Engine Air Cleaner Filter (Under Access Panel). See <i>Engine Air Cleaner/Filter</i> ➔ 291.

4. Engine Coolant Surge Tank and Pressure Cap. See *Cooling System (ZR1 Charge Air)* ⇨ 295 *Cooling System (Engine)* ⇨ 295 *Cooling System (Electrified Propulsion)* ⇨ 293.
5. Dry Sump Engine Oil Tank and Fill Cap. See *Engine Oil (5.5L LT6/LT7 Engine)* ⇨ 283 *Engine Oil (6.7L LS6 Engine)* ⇨ 286.
6. Engine Oil Dipstick. See *Engine Oil (5.5L LT6/LT7 Engine)* ⇨ 283 *Engine Oil (6.7L LS6 Engine)* ⇨ 286.

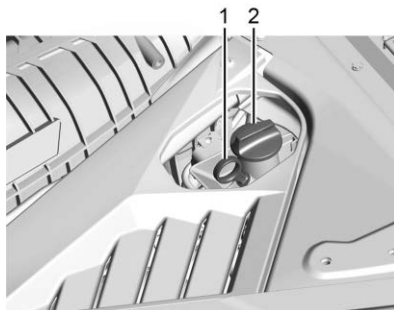
Engine Oil (5.5L LT6/LT7 Engine)

To ensure proper engine performance and long life, pay careful attention to engine oil. Follow these important steps:

- Use engine oil approved to the proper specification and of the proper viscosity grade. See “Selecting the Right Engine Oil” later in this section.
- Check the engine oil level regularly and maintain the proper oil level. See “Checking Engine Oil” and “When to Add Engine Oil” later in this section.
- Change the engine oil at the appropriate time. See *Engine Oil Life System* ⇨ 289.

- Always dispose of engine oil properly. See “What to Do with Used Oil” in this section.

Checking the Engine Oil



1. Engine Oil Dipstick
2. Engine Oil Fill Cap

Check the engine oil level regularly, every 650 km (400 mi), especially prior to a long trip. To get an accurate reading, the vehicle must be parked on a level ground.

The engine oil dipstick handle is a loop. See *Engine Compartment Overview* ⇨ 261 for the location.

The vehicle has a race track-ready dry sump engine lubrication system. This high performance system operates differently than a standard engine lubrication system and requires a special procedure when checking the engine oil level. Follow this procedure closely.

The engine oil level must be checked when the engine is warm. Cold oil level in the dry sump tank may not indicate the actual amount of oil in the system. Engine oil is contained in an external tank, separate from the engine. Under normal operating conditions, the oil pan under the engine does not store any oil. If the vehicle has been parked for an extended period without the engine being started, some oil will seep back into the oil pan. This will reduce the amount of oil held in the dry sump tank and there could be no engine oil on the dipstick. This is normal since the dipstick is designed to read the engine oil level only after the engine has run long enough to reach normal operating temperature. Do not add engine oil based on cold engine dipstick readings. The engine oil level on the dipstick must be checked while the engine is running at idle.

To check the engine oil:

1. Turn the engine on and allow the engine coolant to warm up to at least 80 °C (175 °F).

- Once the engine is warm, check the oil while the engine is running at idle.



Warning

The engine oil dipstick handle may be hot; it could burn you. Use a towel or glove to touch the dipstick handle.

- Remove the dipstick and wipe it with a clean lint-free paper towel or a cloth. Re-insert the dipstick and push it all the way in until it stops.
- Remove the dipstick again and read the level on the cross-hatched area. Re-insert the dipstick and push it all the way in until it stops.
- Turn the engine off.

When to Add Engine Oil

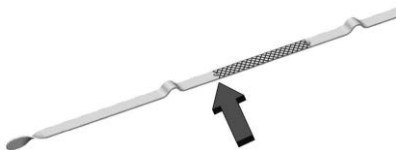
Caution

Do not add too much oil. Oil levels above or below the acceptable operating range shown on the dipstick are harmful to the

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Caution (Continued)

engine. If the oil level is above the operating range (i.e., the engine has so much oil that the oil level gets above the cross-hatched area that shows the proper operating range), the engine could be damaged. Drain the excess oil or limit driving of the vehicle, and seek a service professional to remove the excess oil.



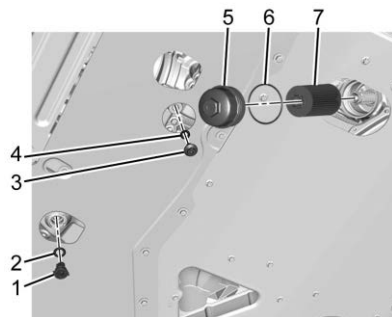
If the oil is below the cross-hatched area at the tip of the dipstick, add 1 L (1 qt) of the recommended oil through the oil fill cap opening in the oil tank fill tube and then recheck the level. See “Selecting the Right Engine Oil” later in this section for the type of oil to use. For engine oil crankcase capacity, see *Capacities and Specifications* ⇨ 365.

See *Engine Compartment Overview* ⇨ 261 for the location of the external engine oil tank dipstick and fill cap.

Add enough oil to put the level somewhere in the proper operating range. Push the dipstick all the way back into the oil tank tube when finished.

Changing the Engine Oil and Filter

The vehicle requires a special procedure when changing the engine oil and filter. Follow this procedure closely.



- Engine Oil Drain Plug
- Drain Plug O-ring Seal
- Engine Oil Drain Plug

4. Drain Plug O-ring Seal
5. Engine Oil Filter Cap
6. Engine Oil Filter Cap O-ring Seal
7. Engine Oil Filter Element

To change the engine oil and filter:

1. Run the engine at idle for about 20 seconds to return all of the oil back into the dry sump oil tank.
2. Turn the engine off prior to draining the oil and remove the oil fill cap so the oil tank can breathe while it's draining.
3. Remove the engine oil drain plug (1) from the bottom of the engine oil tank. Drain plug removal will let the oil drain from the external oil tank. Allow the oil to drain.
4. Inspect the drain plug O-ring seal (2) and replace if it is damaged. Reinstall the drain plug into the oil tank by rotating it to a stop.
5. Remove the engine oil drain plug (3) from the bottom of the engine crankcase. Drain plug removal will let the residual oil drain from crankcase sump. Allow the oil to drain.
6. Inspect the drain plug O-ring seal (4) and replace if it is damaged. Reinstall the drain plug into the crankcase sump and tighten them to 25 N•m (18 lb ft).
7. Remove the engine oil filter cap (5) and filter (7) and allow the oil to drain.
8. Install the engine oil filter cap (5) with a new engine oil filter cap seal ring (6) and the new oil filter element (7) and hand tighten. Tighten the engine oil filter cap (5) to 25 N•m (18 lb ft).
9. Add oil to the oil tank through the opening in the oil tank. See *Capacities and Specifications* ⇨ 365.
10. Install the oil fill cap and insert the dipstick until fully seated to a stop, if removed.

Warning

To help avoid personal injury and/or engine damage, always install the engine oil dipstick and oil fill cap until fully seated to a stop. If not fully seated, oil could escape on to hot exhaust parts and cause a fire.

11. Start the engine and check the oil level as described under "Checking the Engine Oil." previously in this section.

Selecting the Right Engine Oil

Caution

Failure to use the recommended engine oil or equivalent can result in engine damage not covered by the vehicle warranty.

Selecting the right engine oil depends on both the proper oil specification and the viscosity grade.

Specification

Use engine oils that meet the dexosR specification.



Engine oils that have been approved by GM as meeting the dexosR specification are marked with the dexosR approved logo. See www.gmdexos.com.

GM recommends Mobil 1 engine oils that show the dexosR approved logo.

Viscosity Grade

Use SAE 5W-50 viscosity grade engine oil.

Engine Oil Additives/Engine Oil Flushes

Do not add anything to the oil. The recommended oils meeting the dexosR specification are all that is needed for good performance and engine protection.

Engine oil system flushes are not recommended and could cause engine damage not covered by the vehicle warranty.

What to Do with Used Oil

Used engine oil contains certain elements that can be unhealthy for your skin and could even cause cancer. Do not let used oil stay on your skin for very long. Clean your skin and nails with soap and water, or a good hand cleaner. Wash or properly dispose of clothing

or rags containing used engine oil. See the manufacturer's warnings about the use and disposal of oil products.

Used oil can be a threat to the environment. If you change your own oil, drain all the oil from the filter before disposal. Never dispose of oil by putting it in the trash or pouring it on the ground, into sewers, or into streams or bodies of water. Recycle it by taking it to a place that collects used oil.

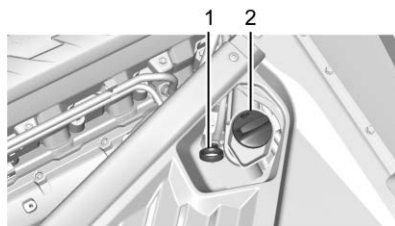
Engine Oil (6.7L LS6 Engine)

To ensure proper engine performance and long life, pay careful attention to engine oil. Follow these important steps:

- Use engine oil approved to the proper specification and of the proper viscosity grade. See “Selecting the Right Engine Oil” later in this section.
- Check the engine oil level regularly and maintain the proper oil level. See “Checking Engine Oil” and “When to Add Engine Oil” later in this section.
- Change the engine oil at the appropriate time. See *Engine Oil Life System* ⇨ 289.

- Always dispose of engine oil properly. See “What to Do with Used Oil” in this section.

Checking the Engine Oil



1. Engine Oil Dipstick
2. Engine Oil Fill Cap

Check the engine oil level regularly, every 650 km (400 mi), especially prior to a long trip. To get an accurate reading, the vehicle must be parked on a level ground.

The engine oil dipstick handle is a loop. See *Engine Compartment Overview* ⇨ 261 for the location.

The vehicle has a race track-ready dry sump engine lubrication system. This high performance system operates differently than

a standard engine lubrication system and requires a special procedure when checking the engine oil level. Follow this procedure closely.

The engine oil level must be checked when the engine is warm. Cold oil level in the dry sump tank may not indicate the actual amount of oil in the system. Engine oil is contained in an external tank, separate from the engine. Under normal operating conditions, the oil pan under the engine does not store any oil. If the vehicle has been parked for an extended period without the engine being started, some oil will seep back into the oil pan. This will reduce the amount of oil held in the dry sump tank and there could be no engine oil on the dipstick. This is normal since the dipstick is designed to read the engine oil level only after the engine has run long enough to reach normal operating temperature. Do not add engine oil based on cold engine dipstick readings. The engine oil level on the dipstick must be checked while the engine is running at idle.

To check the engine oil:

1. Start the engine and allow the engine oil to warm up to at least 80 °C (175 °F).
2. Once the engine is warm, check the oil while the engine is running at idle.



Warning

The engine oil dipstick handle may be hot; it could burn you. Use a towel or glove to touch the dipstick handle.

3. Remove the dipstick and wipe it with a clean lint-free paper towel or a cloth. Re-insert the dipstick and push it all the way in until it stops.
4. Remove the dipstick again and read the level on the cross-hatched area. Re-insert the dipstick and push it all the way in until it stops.
5. Turn the engine off.

When to Add Engine Oil

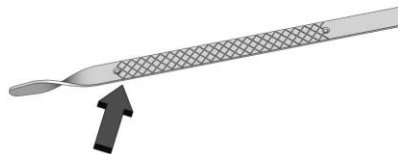
Caution

Do not add too much oil. Oil levels above or below the acceptable operating range shown on the dipstick are harmful to the engine. If the oil level is above the operating range (i.e., the engine has so much oil that the oil level gets above the cross-hatched

(Continued)

Caution (Continued)

area that shows the proper operating range), the engine could be damaged. Drain the excess oil or limit driving of the vehicle, and seek a service professional to remove the excess oil.



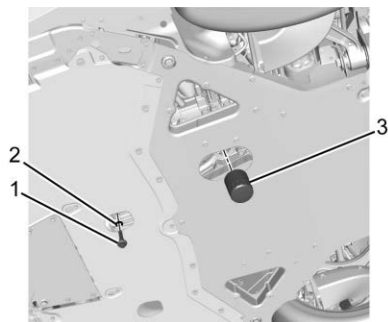
If the oil is below the cross-hatched area at the tip of the dipstick, add 1 L (1 qt) of the recommended oil through the oil fill cap opening in the oil tank fill tube and then recheck the level. See “Selecting the Right Engine Oil” later in this section for the type of oil to use. For engine oil crankcase capacity, see *Capacities and Specifications* ⇨ 365.

See *Engine Compartment Overview* ⇨ 261 for the location of the external engine oil tank dipstick and fill cap.

Add enough oil to put the level somewhere in the proper operating range. Push the dipstick all the way back into the oil tank tube when finished.

Changing the Engine Oil and Filter

The vehicle requires a special procedure when changing the engine oil and filter. Follow this procedure closely.



1. Engine Oil Drain Plug
2. O-ring Seal
3. Engine Oil Filter

To change the engine oil and filter:

1. Run the engine at idle for about 20 seconds to return all of the oil back into the dry sump oil tank.
2. Turn the engine off prior to draining the oil.
3. Remove the engine oil drain plug from the bottom of the engine oil pan. Drain plug removal will let the oil drain from the external oil tank and residual oil from the crankcase sump. Allow the oil to drain.
4. Remove the engine oil filter and allow the oil to drain.
5. Inspect the drain plug O-ring seal and replace if it is damaged. Reinstall the drain plug into the oil pan and tighten it to 25 N.m (18 lb ft).
6. Replace the oil filter and tighten it three-quarters to one turn after the gasket makes contact.
7. Remove the oil fill cap from the external engine oil tank.

Add oil to the oil tank through the opening in the fill tube. See *Capacities and Specifications* ⇨ 365.



Warning

To help avoid personal injury and/or engine damage, always install the engine oil dipstick and oil fill cap until fully seated to a stop. If not fully seated, oil could escape on to hot exhaust parts and cause a fire.

8. Install the oil fill cap and insert the dipstick, if removed.
9. Start the engine and check the oil level as described under "Checking the Engine Oil." previously in this section.

Selecting the Right Engine Oil

Selecting the right engine oil depends on both the proper oil specification and the viscosity grade.

Specification

Caution

Failure to use the recommended engine oil or equivalent can result in engine damage not covered by the vehicle warranty.

Use engine oils that meet the dexosR specification.



Engine oils that have been approved by GM as meeting the dexosR specification are marked with the dexosR approved logo. See www.gmdexos.com.

GM recommends Mobil 1 engine oils that show the dexosR approved logo.

Viscosity Grade

Use SAE 5W-50 viscosity grade engine oil

Engine Oil Additives/Engine Oil Flushes

Do not add anything to the oil. The recommended oils meeting the dexos specification are all that is needed for good performance and engine protection.

Engine oil system flushes are not recommended and could cause engine damage not covered by the vehicle warranty.

What to Do with Used Oil

Used engine oil contains certain elements that can be unhealthy for your skin and could even cause cancer. Do not let used oil stay on your skin for very long. Clean your skin and nails with soap and water, or a good hand cleaner. Wash or properly dispose of clothing or rags containing used engine oil. See the manufacturer's warnings about the use and disposal of oil products.

Used oil can be a threat to the environment. If you change your own oil, drain all the oil from the filter before disposal. Never dispose of oil by putting it in the trash or pouring it on the ground, into sewers, or into streams or bodies of water. Recycle it by taking it to a place that collects used oil.

Engine Oil Life System

When to Change Engine Oil

The engine oil and filter must be changed, and the system must be reset at least once a year.

CHANGE ENGINE OIL SOON displays when the engine oil and filter needs service. Factors including run time, engine temperature, and

distance driven affect how soon this light appears. Therefore, the time and distance in between oil change services may vary.

Once the CHANGE ENGINE OIL SOON light displays, change your oil as soon as possible within the next 1 000 km (600 mi). Check the oil regularly between services and keep it at the proper level. Your dealer has trained service technicians who can perform this work.

Resetting the Engine Oil Life System

You must reset the engine oil life system to 100% after every oil change. See *Vehicle Status* ⇨ 107.

If CHANGE ENGINE OIL SOON displays when the vehicle is started and/or the OIL LIFE REMAINING is near 0%, the engine oil life system was not properly reset. Repeat the procedure.

If the system is reset accidentally, the oil must be changed at 5 000 km (3,000 mi) since the last oil change.

Dual Clutch Transmission Fluid

How to Check Dual Clutch Transmission Fluid

It is not necessary to check the transmission fluid level. A transmission fluid leak is the only reason for fluid loss. If a leak occurs, take the vehicle to the dealer and have it repaired as soon as possible.

The vehicle is not equipped with a transmission fluid level dipstick. There is a special procedure for checking and changing the transmission fluid. Because this procedure is difficult, this should be done at the dealer. Contact the dealer for additional information or the procedure can be found in the service manual. To purchase a service manual, see *Publication Ordering Information* ⇨ 380.

Caution

Use of the incorrect transmission fluid may damage the vehicle, and the damage may not be covered by the vehicle warranty. Always use the correct transmission fluid. See *Recommended Fluids and Lubricants* ⇨ 361.

Change the fluid and external canister filter at the proper intervals. See *Maintenance Schedule* ⇨ 357. Be sure to use the correct fluid. See *Recommended Fluids and Lubricants* ⇨ 361.

Dual Clutch Transmission Fluid Life System

When to Change the Dual Clutch Transmission Fluid

This vehicle has a computer that indicates when to change the transmission fluid. This is based on a combination of factors which include temperature and miles driven. Based on driving conditions, the mileage at which a fluid change is indicated can vary considerably. For the fluid life system to work properly, the system must be reset every time the fluid is changed. When the system has calculated that fluid life has been diminished, it indicates that a fluid change is necessary. A CHANGE TRANSMISSION FLUID SOON message comes on. Change the fluid as soon as possible within the next 1 000 km (600 mi). Failure to change transmission fluid at required intervals could lead to suboptimal transmission performance. Your dealer has trained service technicians who will change the fluid and reset the system. If the

system is ever reset accidentally, the fluid must be changed 72 000 km (45,000 mi) or three years after the last fluid change.

When to Replace the Dual Clutch Transmission Fluid Filter

This vehicle has a computer that indicates when to change the transmission external canister fluid filter. This is based on the number of miles driven as outlined in the Service and Maintenance section. For the fluid filter life system to work properly, the system must be reset every time the filter is replaced. When the system has calculated that the external canister filter is near the mileage interval, a REPLACE TRANSMISSION OIL FILTER SOON message comes on. Replace the external canister filter before the indicator reaches 0%.

Failure to replace the transmission filter at required intervals could lead to suboptimal transmission performance. Your dealer has trained service technicians who will replace the external canister filter and reset the system. If the system is ever reset accidentally, the filter should be replaced according to the service intervals indicated in the Service and Maintenance section until the next filter change. If the next filter change is the first,

follow the service interval until the second filter change, resetting the filter life system at each filter change.

How to Reset the Dual Clutch Transmission Fluid and Filter Life System

Reset the respective system whenever the transmission fluid or external canister filter is replaced.

To reset, see *Vehicle Status* ⇨ 107.

When the Transmission Fluid/Filter Life System is successfully reset, 100% remaining life will be displayed.

Engine Air Filter Life System

If equipped, this feature provides the engine air filter's remaining life and best timing for a change. The timing to change an engine air filter depends on driving and environmental conditions. See *Vehicle Status* ⇨ 107.

When to Change the Engine Air Filter

Check or replace the engine air filter if vehicle messages indicate inspection or replacement is needed. To check or replace the engine air filter,

see "How to Inspect/Replace the Engine Air Cleaner/Filter" under *Engine Air Cleaner/Filter* ⇨ 291. See your dealer for assistance.

If the Driver Information Center displays a message to check the engine air filter system, see your dealer.

How to Reset the Engine Air Filter Life System

The system must be reset after the engine air filter is changed. To reset:

1. Place the vehicle in P (Park).
2. From the infotainment home screen, select Vehicle Status > Maintenance > Engine Air Filter.
3. Follow the screen prompts and touch RESET on the display screen. Then touch RESET again to confirm. The percentage of filter life remaining will change to 100%.

Engine Air Cleaner/Filter

Regularly clear any leaves, dirt, and debris from the engine air cleaner filter and air filter housing to maximize engine performance and air filter life.

See *Engine Compartment Overview* ⇨ 261 for the location of the engine air cleaner filter.

Caution

If water is sprayed and enters the engine air cleaner/filter intake and housing, the engine could be damaged. The repairs would not be covered by the vehicle warranty.

When to Inspect the Engine Air Cleaner Filter

For intervals on changing and inspecting the engine air cleaner filter, see *Maintenance Schedule* ⇨ 357.

For Z06 or Grand Sport X, additional inspections should occur seasonally, in regions where fallen leaves are common, and before long-term storage of the vehicle. See *Vehicle Storage* ⇨ 257.

How to Inspect/Replace the Engine Air Cleaner Filter

Warning

Operating the engine with the air cleaner/filter off can cause you or others to be burned. Use caution when working on the engine. Do not start the engine or drive the vehicle with the air cleaner/filter off, as flames may be present if the engine backfires.

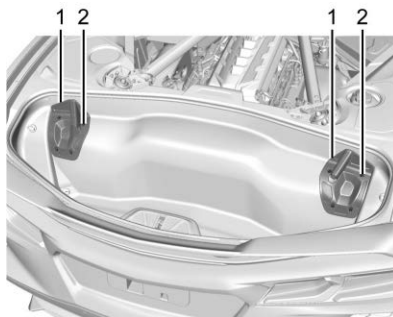
Caution

If the air cleaner/filter is off, dirt can easily get into the engine, which could damage it. Always have the air cleaner/filter in place when driving.

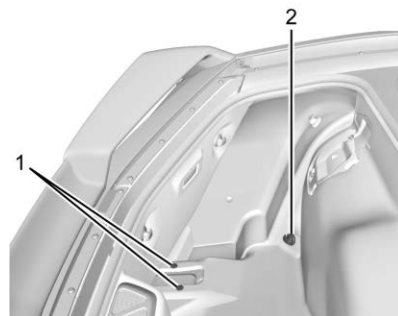
Do not start the engine or have the engine running with the engine air cleaner filter housing open. Before removing the engine air cleaner filter, make sure that the engine air cleaner filter housing and nearby components are free of leaves, dirt, and debris. Do not clean the engine air cleaner filter or components with water or compressed air.

To inspect or replace the air cleaner filter:

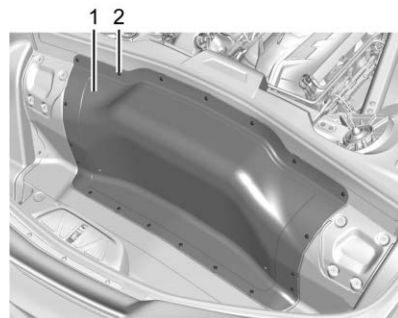
1. Remove the convenience net, if equipped.



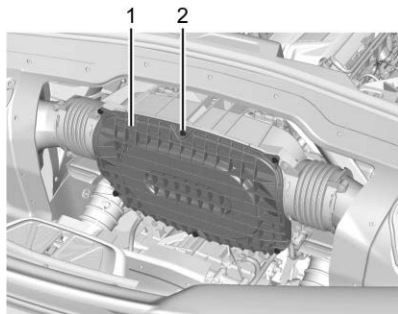
2. Remove the four lift off bracket bolts (2) to remove the brackets (1).



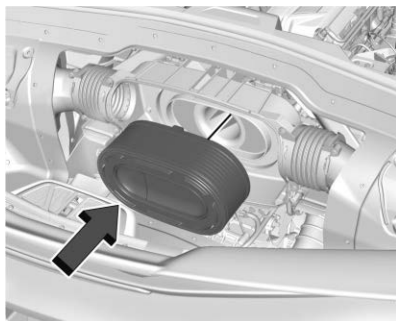
3. Remove the convenience net hooks (2) and plastic retainers (1).
4. Remove the carpet.



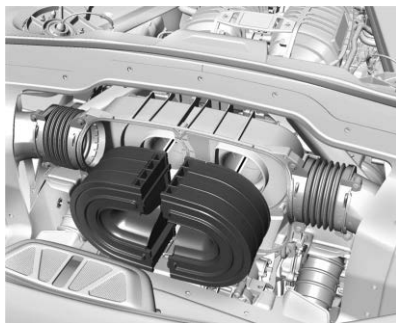
5. Remove the rear compartment access panel screws (2) and panel (1).



6. Remove the air cleaner cover screws (2) and cover (1).
7. Remove any leaves, dirt, or debris that may have collected on the air cleaner filter or housing.



LS6 Engine



LT6 Engine (LT7 Similar)

8. Remove the air cleaner filter(s).

Warning

If part replacement is necessary, the part must be replaced with one of the same part number or with an equivalent part. Use of a replacement part without the same fit, form, and function may result in personal injury or damage to the vehicle.

9. Inspect or replace the air cleaner filter.
10. Reverse Steps 2–8 to replace the air cleaner filter.

Cooling System (Electrified Propulsion)

Warning

If the coolant inside the surge tank is boiling, do not do anything else until the cooling system cools down. You or others could be burned. You should have your vehicle checked by your GM dealer.

**Warning**

The coolant system hoses and related components become hot during vehicle operation. To avoid potential burns, do not touch these components while they are still hot.

The Grand Sport X and ZR1X are equipped with Electrified Propulsion and cooling systems for the Traction Power Inverter Module and the High Voltage Battery located in the Engine Compartment, see *Engine Compartment Overview* ⇨ 261. The Traction Power Inverter Module and the high voltage battery cooling system reservoirs have tamper-resistant pressure caps. The coolant should only be serviced by a qualified technician.

The following explains the cooling systems.

Power Electronic/Traction Power Inverter Module (TPIM) Cooling System

The Power Electronic Cooling System reservoir is located under the front hood and consists of a small radiator and a coolant pump.

Cooling System Pressure Caps**Caution**

If the pressure caps are not secured and tightened properly, coolant loss and damage to the vehicle and/or its electrical systems may occur. Always visit your local GM dealer for service to the electric vehicle cooling systems.

Electric vehicle cooling system pressure caps are tamper-resistant and must be fully installed on the coolant surge tanks at all times. The coolant should only be serviced by a qualified technician.

Coolant**Warning**

Plain water, or other liquids such as alcohol, can boil before the proper coolant mixture will. With plain water or the wrong mixture, the engine could get too hot but there would not be an overheat warning. The engine could catch fire and you or others could be burned.

Caution

GM electric vehicle cooling systems require a 50/50 mix of DEXCOOL and de-ionized water. Use only ACDelco Premix (50/50 mixture of DEXCOOL and de-ionized water), which is available from your dealer. Do not use DEXCOOL mixed with tap water or distilled water in an electric vehicle cooling system as it could damage and/or contaminate the cooling system and related components. The vehicle could become disabled.

The electric vehicle cooling systems are filled with coolant that meets GM Standards GMW18270 and GMW3420 (DEXCOOL). This coolant is designed to remain in the vehicle for five years or 240,000 km (150,000 miles), whichever occurs first.

For vehicles equipped with Electrified Propulsion (Grand Sport X and ZR1X), if ambient temperatures are anticipated below -25°C (-13°F) for the high voltage coolant systems, make sure to use premix 50/50 DEX-COOL and de-ionized water.

Never dispose of engine coolant by putting it in the trash, pouring it on the ground, or into sewers, streams, or bodies of water. Have the coolant changed by an authorized service center, familiar with legal requirements regarding used coolant disposal. This will help protect the environment and your health.

Checking Coolant

Warning

Do not drive the vehicle if there is a coolant leak. Coolant loss can indicate a problem. All the coolant could leak out, causing the vehicle to suddenly lose propulsion while driving, which could result in a crash causing vehicle damage or personal injury/death. Always visit your local GM dealer for electric vehicle cooling systems service.

Warning

Use only ACDelco Premix (50/50 mixture of DEXCOOL and de-ionized water), which is available from your dealer. Do not use any other coolant or mixture. Plain water

(Continued)

Warning (Continued)

or other liquid may cause cooling system corrosion and/or cooling system being frozen which eventually may cause a loss of propulsion while driving.

The coolant needs to be replaced at the appropriate interval. See *Maintenance Schedule* ⇨ 357.

The coolant reservoir is in the underhood compartment. See *Underhood Compartment Overview* ⇨ 257.

It is not necessary to regularly check coolant unless a leak is suspected, or an unusual noise is heard. A coolant loss could indicate a problem. Have it inspected and repaired by your dealer. The high voltage cooling system reservoirs have tamper-resistant pressure caps. The coolant should only be serviced by a qualified technician.

Cooling System (ZR1 Charge Air)

Charge Air

The ZR1 is equipped with a turbo charged engine air inductor and a separate cooling system for the charge air. The system consists of two heat exchangers toward the front of the vehicle and two on the engine, an electric coolant pump, and a separate coolant reservoir in the engine compartment. This system has a tamper-resistant pressure cap that must be fully installed on the coolant tank at all times. The coolant should only be serviced by a qualified technician. See *Engine Compartment Overview* ⇨ 261.

Cooling System (Engine)

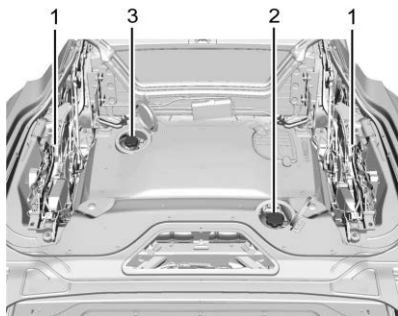
Warning

An underhood electric fan can start up even when the engine is not running and can cause injury. Keep hands, clothing, and tools away from any underhood electric fan.

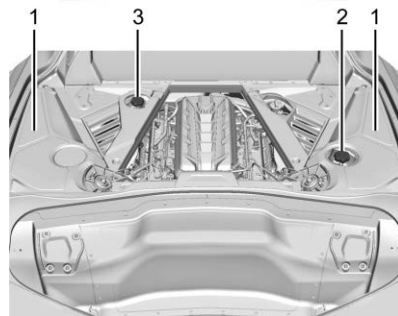
**Warning**

Do not touch heater or radiator hoses, or other engine parts. They can be very hot and can burn you. Do not run the engine if there is a leak; all coolant could leak out. That could cause an engine fire and can burn you. Fix any leak before driving the vehicle.

The engine cooling system allows the engine to maintain the correct working temperature. Vehicles equipped with Electrified Propulsion (Grand Sport X and ZR1X) have additional cooling systems. See Cooling System (Electrified Propulsion) later in this section.



**Grand Sport X Convertible Shown;
Stingray, Z06, ZR1, ZR1X, and Grand Sport
Convertible Similar**



**Grand Sport X Coupe Shown; Stingray, Z06,
ZR1, ZR1X, and Grand Sport Coupe Similar**

1. Engine Cooling Fans (Out of View)
2. Engine Coolant Surge Tank with Pressure Cap
3. High Voltage Battery Coolant Reservoir (Grand Sport X and ZR1X Only)
Charge Air Cooling System Reservoir (ZR1 Only)

Engine Coolant

The cooling system in the vehicle is filled with DEX-COOL engine coolant. See *Recommended Fluids and Lubricants* ⇨ 361. The fluid requires changing at certain intervals. See *Maintenance Schedule* ⇨ 357.

The following explains the cooling system and how to check and add coolant when it is low. If there is a problem with engine overheating, see *Engine Overheating* ⇨ 299.

What to Use



Warning

Plain water, or other liquids such as alcohol, can boil before the proper coolant mixture will. With plain water or the wrong mixture, the engine could get too hot but there would not be an overheat warning. The engine could catch fire and you or others could be burned.

Caution

Do not use anything other than a mix of DEX-COOL coolant that meets GM Standard GMW3420 and clean, drinkable water. Anything else can cause damage to the engine cooling system and the vehicle, which would not be covered by the vehicle warranty.

Use a mixture of 40% DEX-COOL coolant and 60% clean, drinkable water. If using this mixture, nothing else needs to be added. This mixture:

- Gives freezing protection down to -28°C (-18°F), outside temperature.
- Gives boiling protection up to 129°C (265°F), engine temperature.
- Protects against rust and corrosion.
- Will not damage aluminum parts.
- Helps keep the proper engine temperature.

Never dispose of engine coolant by putting it in the trash, pouring it on the ground, or into sewers, streams, or bodies of water. Have the coolant changed by an authorized

service center, familiar with legal requirements regarding used coolant disposal. This will help protect the environment and your health.

If ambient temperatures are anticipated below -28°C (-18°F), make sure a proper mixture ratio of 50% DEX-COOL coolant and 50% clean, drinkable water is used.

Checking Coolant

Be sure the cooling system is cool and that the vehicle is on a level surface.

Check to see if coolant is visible in the coolant surge tank. If the coolant inside the coolant surge tank is boiling, do not do anything else until it cools down. If coolant is visible but the coolant level is not at or above the cold fill line, add a mixture of 40% DEX-COOL coolant and 60% clean, drinkable water at the coolant recovery tank, but be sure the cooling system is cool before this is done. See *Engine Overheating* ⇨ 299.

The surge tank is in the engine compartment. See *Engine Compartment Overview* ⇨ 261.



When the engine is cold, the coolant level should be at the COLD FILL indicator in the coolant surge tank.

When the engine is hot, the level could be higher than the COLD FILL indicator. If the coolant is below the COLD FILL indicator when the engine is hot, there could be a leak in the cooling system.

If the coolant is low, add the coolant or take the vehicle to your dealer for service.

How to Add Coolant to the Coolant Surge Tank

Warning

Spilling coolant on hot engine parts can burn you. Coolant contains ethylene glycol and it will burn if the engine parts are hot enough.

Warning

Steam and scalding liquids from a hot cooling system are under pressure. Turning the pressure cap, even a little, can cause them to come out at high speed and you could be burned. Never turn the cap when the cooling system, including the pressure cap, is hot. Wait for the cooling system and pressure cap to cool.

If coolant is needed, be sure the cooling system is cool, then add the proper DEX-COOL coolant mixture directly to the surge tank.

1. Open the Hatch/Trunk. See *Hatch* ⇨ 20.



2. When the cooling system, including the coolant surge tank pressure cap and engine, is no longer hot, remove the pressure cap. Turn the pressure cap slowly counterclockwise about one-quarter turn and then stop. If a hiss is heard, wait for that to stop. A hiss means there is still some pressure left.
3. Keep turning the pressure cap slowly, and remove it.



4. Fill the coolant surge tank with the proper mixture until the level inside stabilizes at the COLD FILL indicator in the surge tank.
5. With the coolant surge tank pressure cap off, start the engine and let it run until the engine is hot.

By this time, the coolant level inside the coolant surge tank may be lower. If the level is lower, add more of the proper mixture to the coolant surge tank until the level stabilizes at the COLD FILL indicator in the coolant surge tank.

Caution

If the pressure cap is not tightly installed, coolant loss and engine damage may occur. Be sure the cap is properly and tightly secured.

6. Replace the pressure cap tightly.
7. Verify coolant level after the engine is shut off and the coolant is cold. If necessary, repeat coolant fill procedure Steps 3–7.

If the coolant still is not at the proper level when the system cools down again, see your dealer.

Engine Overheating

Caution

Do not run the engine if there is a leak in the engine cooling system. This can cause a loss of all coolant and can damage the system and vehicle. Have any leaks fixed right away.

The vehicle has several indicators to warn of engine overheating.

There is an engine coolant temperature gauge on the instrument cluster. See *Engine Coolant Temperature Gauge* ⇨ 91. The vehicle may also display a message on the Driver Information Center.

If you decide not to lift the hood when the warning light or message appears, get service help right away. See *Roadside Assistance Program* ⇨ 376.

If you decide to lift the hood when the warning light or message appears, make sure the vehicle is parked on a level surface. Check to see if the engine cooling fans are running. There are two cooling fans located in the front (one at each corner) and two cooling fans in the rear (one on each side of the engine). If the engine is overheating, the fans should be running. If they are not, do not continue to run the engine, and have the vehicle serviced.

If Steam is Coming from the Front or Engine Compartment



Warning

Steam and scalding liquids from a hot cooling system are under pressure. Turning the pressure cap, even a little, can cause them to come out at high speed and you could be burned. Never turn the cap when the cooling system, including the pressure cap, is hot. Wait for the cooling system and pressure cap to cool.

Water from rain and car washes could enter the front or the engine compartment and contact hot surfaces. If steam is coming from the front or engine compartment with no accompanying engine overheat warning, no service is needed.

If No Steam is Coming from the Front or Engine Compartment

If an engine overheat warning is displayed but no steam can be seen or heard, the problem may not be too serious. Sometimes the engine can get a little too hot when the vehicle:

- Climbs a long hill on a hot day.
- Stops after high-speed driving.

- Idles for long periods in traffic.

If the overheat warning is displayed with no sign of steam:

1. Turn the air conditioning off.
2. Turn the heater on to the highest temperature and to the highest fan speed. Open the windows as necessary.
3. When it is safe to do so, pull off the road, shift to P (Park) or N (Neutral), and let the engine idle.

If the engine coolant temperature gauge is no longer in the shaded area or an overheat warning no longer displays, the vehicle can be driven. Continue to drive the vehicle slowly for about 10 minutes. Keep a safe vehicle distance from the vehicle in front. If the warning does not come back on, continue to drive normally and have the cooling system checked for proper fill and function.

If the warning continues, pull over safely, and park the vehicle right away.

If there is no sign of steam, idle the engine for three minutes while parked. If the warning is still displayed, turn off the engine until it cools down.

Washer Fluid

What to Use

Caution

- Do not use washer fluid that contains any type of water repellent coating. This can cause the wiper blades to chatter or skip.
- Do not use engine coolant (antifreeze) in the windshield washer. It can damage the windshield washer system and paint.
- Do not mix water with ready-to-use washer fluid. Water can cause the solution to freeze and damage the washer fluid tank and other parts of the washer system.
- When using concentrated washer fluid, follow the manufacturer instructions for adding water.
- Fill the washer fluid tank only three-quarters full when it is very cold. This allows for fluid expansion if freezing occurs, which could damage the tank if it is completely full.

When the vehicle needs windshield washer fluid, be sure to read the manufacturer instructions before use. If the vehicle will be operating in an area where the temperature may fall below freezing, use a fluid that has sufficient protection against freezing.

Adding Washer Fluid

1. Open the hood. See *Hood* ⇨ 18.



2. Open the cap with the washer symbol on it. Add washer fluid until the tank is full.

Brakes

Inspections

Visually inspect brake system components as follows:

- Brake lines and hoses for proper attachment, connections, binding, leaks, cracks, and chafing.

- Disc brake pads for wear and rotors for surface condition.
- All other brake parts for cracks and leaks.
- If the vehicle is Track Capable, inspect brake cooling components. See *Track Events and Competitive Driving* ⇨ 167.

When tires are rotated, inspect drum brake linings or disc brake pads for wear.

Troubleshooting

Brake Pedal Travel

See your dealer if the brake pedal does not return to normal height, or if there is a rapid increase in pedal travel. This could be a sign that brake service may be required.

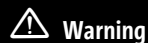
Brake Pulsation

If brakes are pulsating:

- Inspect rotors, pads, linings for uneven wear. Resurface or replace as needed. Carbon ceramic rotors (J57, J58, J59 brakes) do not need to be resurfaced.
- Check torque on all wheel nuts. Properly torqued wheel nuts are necessary to help prevent brake pulsation. Evenly tighten

wheel nuts in the proper sequence to torque specifications. See *Capacities and Specifications* ⇨ 365.

Brake Squeal and Brake Wear Indicators



The brake wear warning sound means that soon the brakes will not work well. That could lead to a crash. When the brake wear warning sound is heard, have the vehicle serviced.

Disc brake linings (JL9, J55, J56 JX6 brakes) have built-in wear indicators that make a high-pitched warning sound when the brake linings are worn, and new linings are needed. The sound can come and go or can be heard all the time when the vehicle is moving, except when applying the brake pedal firmly.

Some driving conditions or climates can cause a brake squeal when the brakes are first applied, clearing up following several applications. This does not mean something is wrong with the brakes.

Vehicles equipped with high performance brake systems provide superior fade resistance but will produce increased brake squeal and brake dust on the wheels and calipers as compared to standard brake linings. This is normal.

To help reduce squeal, the brake pads (excluding J59 brakes) are treated with an anti-squeal paste that may need to be reapplied periodically as part of normal vehicle maintenance. The anti-squeal paste will dissipate over time. Also, the use of wheel cleaners or power washers directly on the brake calipers may remove the anti-squeal paste from the brake pads. It may be necessary to reapply the anti-squeal paste if it is removed during cleaning.

If brake squeal is excessive, the anti-squeal paste should be reapplied. The anti-squeal paste should always be reapplied whenever the brake pads are removed or replaced. See your dealer for service.

Replacing Brake System Parts

Caution

Continuing to drive with worn-out brake linings could result in costly brake repairs.

Brake pads should be replaced as complete axle sets.

Always replace brake system parts with new, approved replacement parts. If this is not done, the brakes may not work properly. The braking performance can change in many ways if the wrong brake parts are installed or if parts are improperly installed.

The Brake Fade Warning Assist system is designed for use with the factory-installed brake pads or GM-approved replacement pads. If the brake pads on the vehicle need to be replaced, use GM-approved brake pads. If this is not done, the brake fade warning system may not function properly.

High Performance Brake Lining Car Wash and Extended Parking Care

If equipped with high performance brake components, binding or clunking may be noticeable after extended parking or in cold

weather when the brakes have been wet, such as when driving in the rain or after a car wash. The clunking is normal for brakes with high performance brake linings and does not affect the operation of the brakes. When driving, normal braking will allow for the brakes to feel smooth and the clunking to go away. If the vehicle is washed before overnight parking or long term storage, drive it and apply the brakes several times to thoroughly dry the brakes.

Brake Rotor Wear (Z06/Z07/Grand Sport X with J57, ZR1 with J58/J59 and ZR1X with J59 Carbon Ceramic Rotors)

Vehicles with the J57, J58, and J59 brake option have carbon ceramic brake rotors. The rotors should be visually inspected whenever the brake pads are replaced. Measure the thickness whenever the brake pads are replaced to confirm that the rotor thickness is greater than the wear-out thickness printed on the rotor. These J57, J58 and J59 carbon ceramic brake rotors also need to be weighed before brake pads are replaced to confirm that the rotor mass is greater than the wear-out mass printed on the rotor. The rotor can be reused if the weight of the rotor is above the mass

limit. Carbon ceramic brake rotors inspection and weighing methods can be found in the service manual.

Brake Burnish Procedure for Corrosion Cleanup (Z51 with J55, Z06/Grand Sport with J56 Cast Iron Rotor System)

Caution

Performing the brake burnish procedure on a base brake system can result in brake damage.

Caution

The new vehicle break-in period should be completed before performing the brake burnishing procedure or damage may occur to the powertrain/engine. See *New Vehicle Break-In* ⇨ 188.

Caution

Brake fade can occur during this burnish procedure and can cause brake pedal travel and force to increase. This could extend stopping distance until the brakes are fully burnished.

Corrosion spotting and grooving on the brake rotor surface may appear after the vehicle sits for an extended period of time, especially in high humidity. This corrosion may result in brake pulsation and noise.

Perform this procedure only on dry pavement, in a safe manner, and in compliance with all local and state ordinances/laws regarding motor vehicle operation.

To help restore optimal braking performance and reduce noise, complete the following procedure:

1. Using the Friction Bubble gauge, apply the brakes 10 times starting at 100 km/h (60 mph) to 50 km/h (30 mph) while decelerating at 0.4g. This is a medium brake application. Drive for at least 0.5 km (0.3 mi) between applying the brakes.

2. If further cleanup of the brake discs is needed, repeat this procedure with 0.7g applications.

Completing this procedure as instructed will not damage the brakes. The brake pads may smoke and produce an odor. The braking force and pedal travel may increase. After the procedure, the brake pads may appear white at the rotor contact.

As with all high performance brake systems, some amount of brake squeal is normal.

Brake Pad Life System (If Equipped)

Electronic Brake Pad Sensor System (With J57, J58, and J59 Carbon Ceramic Brake Rotors)

If equipped, the brake pads have electronic brake pad wear sensors. When the brake pads need to be replaced, a message displays in the Driver Information Center (DIC) which reads "Service Brakes Worn."

When the message displays, install new brake pads and brake pad wear sensors on the vehicle.

When the ignition is turned on after new brake pads and brake pad wear sensors are installed, the message should no longer display.

The brake pad sensor system can only be reset by replacing the brake pads and brake pad wear sensors.

Brake Fluid



The brake master cylinder reservoir is filled with GM approved DOT 4 brake fluid as indicated on the reservoir cap.

Checking Brake Fluid

1. Place the vehicle in P (Park) on a level surface.
2. Locate the brake fluid reservoir. See *Underhood Compartment Overview* ⇨ 257 for the reservoir location.

3. Clean the brake fluid reservoir cap and the area around the cap before removing it to prevent dirt or debris from contaminating the brake fluid.
4. Check that the brake fluid level is between “MIN” and “MAX” marks on the brake fluid reservoir.
5. Review “Adding Brake Fluid” and “Low Brake Fluid” later in this section.

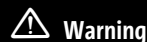
Low Brake Fluid

When the brake fluid falls to a low level, the brake warning light comes on. See *Brake System Warning Light* ⇨ 95.

Low brake fluid may be a result of normal brake lining wear or a brake system fluid leak.

- Do not top off the brake fluid. Adding fluid does not correct the issue if the linings are worn. Fluid level will return to normal when new linings are installed.
- The brakes will not work as normal. See your dealer to have the brake hydraulic system fixed.

Adding Brake Fluid



Warning

The wrong or contaminated brake fluid could result in damage to the brake system. This could result in the loss of braking leading to a possible injury. Always use the proper GM approved brake fluid.

Caution

If brake fluid is spilled on the vehicle's painted surfaces, the paint finish can be damaged. Immediately wash off any painted surface.

Caution

If too much brake fluid is added, the brake fluid can spill and cause vehicle damage, including damage to electrical components and surfaces. Add brake fluid only when work is done on the brake hydraulic system.

Brake fluid absorbs water over time which degrades the effectiveness of the brake fluid. Replace brake fluid at the specified intervals to prevent increased stopping distance. See *Maintenance Schedule* ⇨ 357.

Use only GM approved DOT 4 brake fluid from a clean, sealed container. See *Recommended Fluids and Lubricants* ⇨ 361.

Battery - North America

Your vehicle may be equipped with a standard 12-volt lead acid battery, 12-volt lithium-ion battery, and/or a high voltage battery.

See your dealer if the 12-volt lead acid battery, 12-volt lithium-ion battery, or high voltage battery need service.

12-Volt Lead Acid Battery (Z06 and ZR1 with Rear-Wheel Drive)

The original equipment battery is maintenance free. Do not remove the cap and do not add fluid.

Do not disconnect the 12-volt lead acid battery during storage.



Warning

WARNING: Battery posts, terminals and related accessories can expose you to chemicals including lead and lead compounds, which are known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. Wash hands after handling. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

See *California Proposition 65 Warning* ⇨ 1.

12-Volt Lithium-Ion Battery (All Models, Except Z06 and ZR1 with Rear-Wheel Drive)



Warning

WARNING: Battery posts, terminals and related accessories can expose you to chemicals including lead and lead compounds, which are known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. Wash hands after handling. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

See *California Proposition 65 Warning* ⇨ 1.



Warning

The 12-volt lithium-ion battery in your vehicle has special shipping and handling requirements. Contact your local GM dealer for battery service or recycling support, or if your battery is damaged. Signs of damage may include physical damage to the case, visible bulging, soot in the vent, or water inside the battery. Damaged batteries can be dangerous and must be properly stored away from combustible materials. Do not dispose of batteries in municipal waste.

Charging the 12-Volt Lithium-Ion Battery

Only a trained service technician should inspect or replace the 12-volt lithium-ion battery. The dealer has information on how to recycle the 12-volt lithium-ion battery.

The 12-volt lithium-ion battery can be charged using a GM approved charger designed for lithium-ion batteries. Follow the instructions that come with the GM approved charger.

**Warning**

Use only GM approved jump start boxes and charging tools. Use of unapproved jump start boxes, charging tools, a loose battery, or battery charger may cause personal injury, death, or damage to the vehicle. For GM approved jump start boxes or charging tools, see <https://accessories.chevrolet.com>.

Use the Battery Voltage info tile to determine if your battery is low and needs to be charged. See *Instrument Cluster* ⇨ 85 under the “Info Tiles” section for more information.

GM recommends charging your 12-volt lithium-ion battery when storing your vehicle for a month or longer. See “Vehicle Storage” later in this section.

If the vehicle does not start and the 12-volt lithium-ion battery has run down, charging the 12-volt lithium-ion battery may solve the issue. See *Jump Starting - North America* ⇨ 340.

High Voltage Battery (Grand Sport X and ZR1X)

Only a trained service technician should inspect or replace the high voltage battery. The dealer has information on how to recycle the high voltage battery.

**Warning**

Damage to the high voltage battery or high voltage system can create a risk of electric shock, overheating, or fire.

If the vehicle is damaged from a moderate to severe crash, flood, fire, or other event, the vehicle should be inspected as soon as possible. Until the vehicle has been inspected, store it outside at least 15 m (50 ft) from any structure or anything that can burn. Ventilate the vehicle by opening a window or a door.

If the vehicle is in a crash, the sensing system may shut down the high voltage system. When this occurs, the high voltage battery is disconnected and the vehicle will not start. The SERVICE VEHICLE SOON message in the Driver Information Center will display. Before the vehicle can operate again, it must be serviced

at your dealer. If a crash occurs or an airbag(s) inflates, see *If a Crash Occurs* ⇨ 379 and *What Will You See After an Airbag Inflates?* ⇨ 58 for additional information.

Propulsion power may be reduced in extremely cold temperatures, or if the high voltage battery is too cold.

Federal Communications Commission (FCC) Radiation Exposure Statement

This equipment has been evaluated to be installed and operated at a minimum distance of 5.7 cm (2.2 in) between the device and your body. The vehicle design ensures this distance is maintained during normal use. Changes or modifications to any of these systems by other than an authorized service facility could void authorization to use this equipment.

Innovation, Science, and Economic Development (ISED) Radiation Exposure Statement

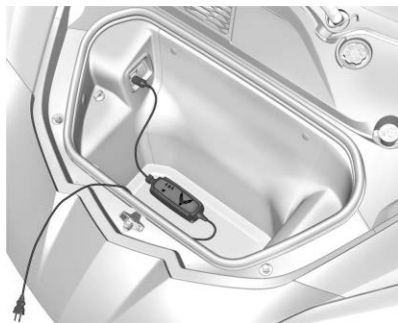
This equipment complies with RSS-102 radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment. This equipment should be installed and operated with a minimum distance of 5.7 cm (2.2 in) between the radiator and any part of your body.

The vehicle design ensures this distance is maintained during normal use. Changes or modifications to any of these systems by other than an authorized service facility could void authorization to use this equipment.

Vehicle Storage

Warning

Batteries have acid that can burn you and gas that can explode. You can be badly hurt if you are not careful. Always wear eye protection. See *Jump Starting - North America* ⇨ 340 for tips on working around a battery without getting hurt.



Some vehicles have a battery maintainer package. Follow the instructions provided with the battery maintainer package to keep the battery charged when the vehicle is not in use. Plug the battery maintainer into the underhood accessory power outlet only.

For vehicles without a battery maintainer, see the following information:

Infrequent Usage: Remove the black, negative (-) cable from the battery to keep the battery from running down.

See “Automatic Window Sealing” under *Power Windows* ⇨ 30.

Extended Storage: It is recommended that the battery maintainer package be used. However, if not, remove the black, negative (-) cable from the battery. All vehicle memory settings will need to be reset when battery power is restored.

12-Volt Lithium-Ion Battery (All Models, Except Z06 and ZR1 with Rear-Wheel Drive)

A battery maintainer package can be used to keep the battery charged when the vehicle is not in use.

Warning

Lithium-ion battery cells contain chemicals that can burn you and gas that can explode under extreme conditions. Explosive gases can cause blindness and/or injury. You can be badly hurt if you are not careful. Always wear eye protection. See *Jump Starting - North America* ⇨ 340 for tips on working around a lithium-ion battery without getting hurt.

Warning

Use only GM approved jump start boxes and charging tools. Use of unapproved jump start boxes, charging tools, a loose battery, or battery charger may cause personal injury, death, or damage to the vehicle. For GM approved jump start boxes or charging tools, see <https://accessories.chevrolet.com>.

When storing the vehicle on a long-term basis:

- Attach a compatible battery tender or trickle charger to the 12-volt lithium-ion battery.

- Keep the remote key more than 3 m (10 ft) away from the vehicle.

Park Brake and P (Park) Mechanism Check

Warning

When you are doing this check, the vehicle could begin to move. You or others could be injured and property could be damaged. Make sure there is room in front of the vehicle in case it begins to roll. Be ready to apply the regular brake at once should the vehicle begin to move.

To check the parking brake and P (Park) mechanism:

1. Park on a steep hill with the vehicle facing downhill.
2. Keep your foot on the regular brake and set the parking brake.
3. Check the holding ability as follows:

- **Parking brake:** Turn the vehicle on and shift to N (Neutral). Slowly remove your foot from the brake pedal until only the parking brake is holding the vehicle.
- **P (Park) mechanism:** Turn the vehicle on and shift to P (Park). Then release the parking brake and slowly remove your foot from the regular brake pedal.

If there is excessive vehicle roll during these checks, contact your dealer for service.

Wiper Blade Replacement

Inspect the windshield wiper blades for wear and cracking.

Replacement blades come in different types and are removed in different ways. See your dealer proper type and length.

Caution

Allowing the wiper arm to touch the windshield when no wiper blade is installed could damage the windshield. Any damage

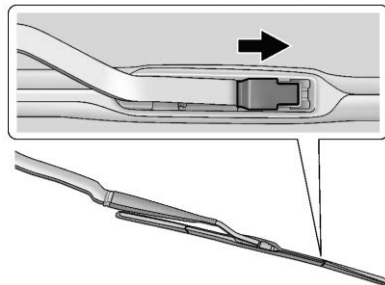
(Continued)

Caution (Continued)

that occurs would not be covered by the vehicle warranty. Do not allow the wiper arm to touch the windshield.

To replace the windshield wiper blade:

1. Pull the windshield wiper assembly away from the windshield.



2. Lift up on the latch in the middle of the wiper blade where the wiper arm attaches.

3. With the latch open, pull the wiper blade down toward the windshield far enough to release it from the J-hooked end of the wiper arm.
4. Remove the wiper blade.
5. Reverse Steps 1–3 for wiper blade replacement.

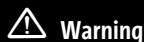
Windshield Replacement

A replacement windshield must be GM approved and installed according to GM specifications to maintain its features and functionality (for example, Advanced Driver Assistance Systems).

If your vehicle is equipped with any of the following features, see your dealer:

- Acoustic Windshield
- Advanced Driver Assistance Systems. See *Advanced Driver Assistance Systems* ⇨ 234.
- Head-Up Display. See *Head-Up Display (HUD)* ⇨ 109.

Gas Strut(s)



Warning

If the gas struts that hold open the hood, trunk, and/or liftgate fail, you or others could be seriously injured. Take the vehicle to your dealer for service immediately. Visually inspect the gas struts for signs of wear, cracks, or other damage periodically. Check to make sure the hood/trunk/liftgate is held open with enough force. If struts are failing to hold the hood/trunk/liftgate, do not operate. Have the vehicle serviced.

Caution

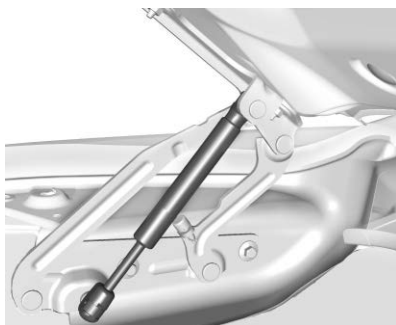
Do not apply tape or hang any objects from gas struts. Also do not push down or pull on gas struts. This may cause damage to the vehicle.

Your vehicle may be equipped with gas strut(s) to provide assistance in lifting and holding open the hood/trunk/liftgate system in full open position.

See your dealer to have the gas strut(s) serviced. See *Maintenance Schedule* ⇨ 357.



Hood



Trunk



Liftgate

Headlight Aiming

Front Headlight Aiming

Headlight aim has been preset and should need no further adjustment.

If the vehicle is damaged in a crash, the headlight aim may be affected. If adjustment to the headlights is necessary, see your dealer.

Bulb Replacement

LED Lighting

This vehicle is equipped with LED light sources for all exterior lights.

The light assemblies do not contain any serviceable light sources (e.g., incandescent bulbs).

For replacement of any LED lighting assembly, contact your dealer.

Electrical System

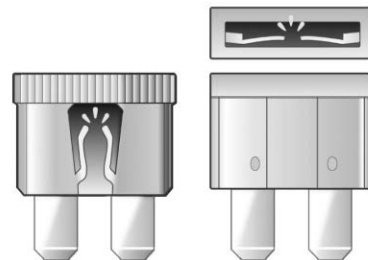
Electrical System Overload

The vehicle has fuses and circuit breakers to protect the wires powering the devices in your vehicle against an electrical system overload.

Circuit breakers open and close to protect the circuit when the electrical load is too heavy. The internal filament may permanently open under a heavy load. If this happens, replace the fuse to restore the protected electrical function and reduce the risk of circuit overload and electrical fire.

Fuses and circuit breakers protect the wires powering the devices in your vehicle.

To check a fuse, look at the band inside the fuse. If the band is broken or melted, replace the fuse. Be sure to replace a bad fuse with a fuse of the identical size and rating.





Replacing a Blown Fuse

At the next opportunity, see your dealer to replace the blown fuse.

Headlight Wiring

An electrical overload may cause the lights to go on and off, or in some cases to remain off. See your dealer if the lights go on and off or remain off.

Windshield Wipers

Overload due to heavy snow or ice may cause damage to the wiper linkage. Always clear heavy snow and ice from the windshield before using the windshield wipers.

If the wiper motor overheats due to heavy snow or ice, the windshield wipers will stop until the motor cools. Once the motor has cooled down, the wipers will restart.

Address any electrical overload as soon as possible. See your dealer.

Fuses and Circuit Breakers

Danger

Fuses and circuit breakers are marked with their ampere rating. Do not exceed the specified amperage rating when replacing fuses and circuit breakers. Use of an oversized fuse or circuit breaker can result in a vehicle fire. You and others could be seriously injured or killed.

Warning

Installation or use of fuses that do not meet GM's original fuse specifications is dangerous. The fuses could fail, and result in a fire. You or others could be injured or killed, and the vehicle could be damaged.

The fuses and circuit breakers protect the electrical system from short circuits, greatly reducing the chance of electrical damage or fire.

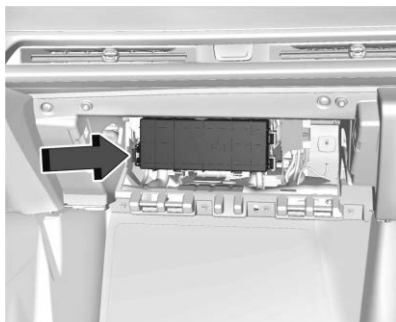


See *Accessories and Modifications* ⇨ 255 and *General Information* ⇨ 255.

To check or replace a blown fuse, see *Electrical System Overload* ⇨ 310.

Instrument Panel Fuse Block

The instrument panel fuse block is behind the glove box. The glove box can be accessed by unlatching the door damper and squeezing the pivot to release the damper ring. Pull the glove box bin side walls in to release the door stops. Then turn the door until the hinge hooks release from hinge pin.



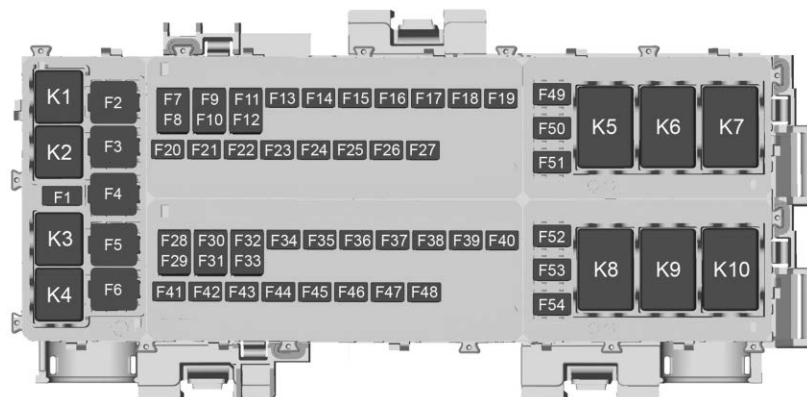
To Access:

1. Open the top cover.
2. Remove the top cover by pushing inward on the latch.
3. Pull the cover upward.

To Install:

1. Insert the tabs on the back of the cover into the slots in the instrument panel.
2. Align the clip with the slots in the instrument panel.
3. Press the cover into place.

See your dealer if additional assistance is needed.



The vehicle may not be equipped with all the fuses, relays, and features shown. For the most accurate fuse amperage ratings and functions, refer to the fuse label.

Fuses Usage

F1	–
F2	Front Wiper
F3	Cooling Fan 1

Fuses Usage

F4	–
F5	Cooling Fan 2
F6	Front Blower
F7	Automatic Level Control
F8	Shifter Interface Board Module

Fuses

Usage

F9	Instrument Panel Display Virtual Cockpit Display
F10	Traction Power Inverter Module Battery 1
F11	USB
F12	Traction Power Inverter Module Battery 2
F13	Transmission Oil Pump Motor
F14	Glove Box Door Release
F15	Sunroof – Monochromatic
F16	Electrical Park Brake/ Automatic Occupant Sensing (with Stop/Start)
F17	Remote Function Actuator
F18	Front Closure Release
F19	Intelligent Battery Sensor
F20	Exterior Lighting Module 1

Fuses

Usage

F21	Exterior Lighting Module 3
F22	Exterior Lighting Module 4
F23	Body Control Module 2
F24	Exterior Lighting Module 6
F25	Amplifier
F26	Electric Park Brake/ Automatic Occupant Sensing (without Stop/Start)
F27	—
F28	Right Headlight
F29	Drive Unit Clutch Actuator
F30	Sensing and Diagnostic Module/Automatic Occupant Sensing
F31	Body Control Module 1
F32	Driver Monitor System
F33	Data Link Connection/ Wireless Charging Module

Fuses

Usage

F34	Telematics Control Platform/Head Up Display
F35	Horn
F36	Shift Interface Board (E- Ray/Grand Sport X)
F37	Body Control Module 1 (E- Ray/Grand Sport X)
F38	Front Wash Pump
F39	Rear Auxiliary Power Outlet
F40	Performance Data Recorder/Virtual Cockpit Unit/Electronic Toll Collection
F41	Integrated Chassis Control Module
F42	Auxiliary Alarm Sensor
F43	Left Headlight
F44	Exterior Lighting Module 2

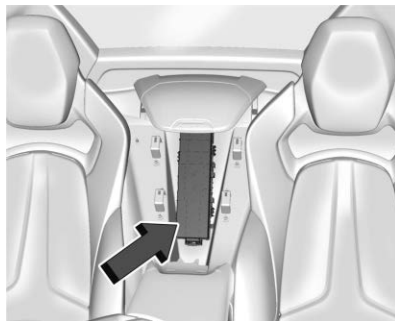
Fuses

Usage

F45	Power Steering Column Module
F46	Body Control Module 3
F47	Exterior Lighting Module 5
F48	Exterior Lighting Module 7
F49	Body Control Module 4
F50	Front Auxiliary Power Outlet
F51	—
F52	Steering Wheel Control Switch
F53	Heated Steering Wheel
F54	Steering Wheel

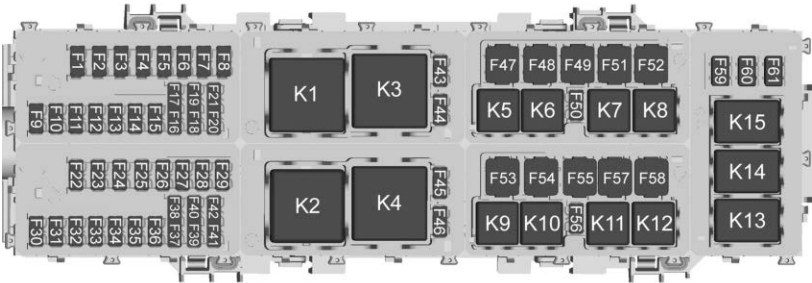
Relays	Usage
K01	—
K02	Glove Box Relay
K03	Horn Relay
K04	Front Wash Relay
K05	Retained Accessory Power/Accessory Relay
K06	Front Closure Release Relay 1
K07	—
K08	—
K09	Front Closure Release Relay 2
K10	Wiper Relay

Rear Compartment Fuse Block



The rear compartment fuse block is in between the seats.

See your dealer to access the rear compartment fuse block.



The vehicle may not be equipped with all the fuses, relays, and features shown. For the most accurate fuse amperage ratings and functions, refer to the fuse label.

Fuses	Usage
F1	Driver Power Seat/ Memory Seat Module
F2	Driver Heated Seat
F3	Passenger Memory Seat Module/Power Seat
F4	Passenger Heated Seat

Fuses	Usage
F5	Transmission Control Module
F6	Amplifier Audio Auxiliary
F7	Power Sounder Module/ Pedestrian Friendly Alert Function
F8	Side Blind Zone Alert/ Rear Park Assist
F9	–
F10	Engine Control Module/ Air Conditioning
F11	Fuel Tank Zone Module 2
F12	Lithium Ion Battery Module
F13	Active Fuel Management
F14	Seat Fan/ Humidity Sensor

Fuses	Usage	Fuses	Usage	Fuses	Usage
F15	Integrated Chassis Control Module/Traction Power Inverter Module	F25	Convertible Top Right	F36	Power Front Closure Module/Advanced Driver Assistance System Computing Platform
F16	Exterior Lighting Module	F26	Convertible Top Left	F37	Canister Vent
F17	Reflective LED Alert Display/Shifter Interface Board/Transmission Control Module/Electronic Brake Control Module	F27	Electronic Suspension Control	F38	Latch Control Module
F18	Engine Control Module	F28	Scavenge Coolant Pump Motor	F39	Right Window Switch/Door Lock
F19	—	F29	Central Gateway Module	F40	Left Window Switch/Door Lock
F20	Sensing and Diagnostic Module/Inside Rear View Mirror	F30	O2 Sensor	F41	Pedestrian Friendly Alert Module/High Voltage System Lock Out Switch/Traction Power Inverter Module
F21	Exhaust Valve Solenoid	F31	O2 Sensor/Engine Oil/Canister Purge/Active Fuel Management/Turbo Bypass Solenoid	F42	Engine Control Module 2
F22	Fuel Pump/Fuel Tank Zone Module 1	F32	Ignition Even	F43	Charged Air Cooler
F23	Tonneau Left	F33	Ignition Odd	F44	Air Conditioning Compressor
F24	Tonneau Right	F34	Engine Control Module 1		
		F35	Engine Control Module/Mass Air Flow Sensor/O2 Sensor/Air Conditioning		

Fuses	Usage
F45	Transmission Control Module
F46	—
F47	DC/DC Battery 1
F48	DC/DC Battery 2
F49	Auxiliary Cooling Fan Right
F50	—
F51	Starter Pinion
F52	Auxiliary Pump
F53	Starter Solenoid
F54	Auxiliary Cooling Fan Left
F55	Automatic Leveling Control
F56	Energy Storage System Coolant Pump/ Power Electronics Coolant Pump
F57	Rear Window Defogger

Fuses	Usage
F58	—
F59	Left/Right Window Motor
F60	Passenger Memory Seat Module
F61	Driver Memory Seat Module

Relays	Usage
K01	Starter Pinion Relay
K02	Powertrain Relay
K03	Run/Crank Relay
K04	Rear Defogger Relay
K05	Air Conditioning Clutch Relay
K06	—
K07	—
K08	—

Relays	Usage
K09	—
K10	—
K11	—
K12	—
K13	—
K14	Starter Solenoid Relay
K15	Fuel Tank Zone Module Relay

Wheels and Tires

Tires

Every new GM vehicle has high-quality tires made by a leading tire manufacturer. See the warranty manual for information regarding the tire warranty and where to get service. For additional information refer to the tire manufacturer.

**Warning**

- Poorly maintained and improperly used tires are dangerous.
- Overloading the tires can cause overheating as a result of too much flexing. There could be a blowout and a serious crash. See *Vehicle Load Limits* ⇨ 185.
- Underinflated tires pose the same danger as overloaded tires. The resulting crash could cause serious injury. Check all tires frequently to maintain the recommended pressure. Tire pressure should be checked when the tires are cold.
- Overinflated tires are more likely to be cut, punctured, or broken by a sudden impact — such as when hitting a pothole. Keep tires at the recommended pressure.

(Continued)

Warning (Continued)

- Worn or old tires can cause a crash. If the tread is badly worn, replace them.
- Replace any tires that have been damaged by impacts with potholes, curbs, etc.
- Improperly repaired tires can cause a crash. Only your dealer or an authorized tire service center should repair, replace, dismount, and mount the tires.
- Do not spin the tires in excess of 56 km/h (35 mph) on slippery surfaces such as snow, mud, ice, etc. Excessive spinning may cause the tires to explode.

See *Tire Pressure for High-Speed Operation* ⇨ 326 for inflation pressure adjustment for high-speed driving.

All-Season Tires

This vehicle may come with all-season tires. These tires are designed to provide good overall performance on most road surfaces and weather conditions. Original equipment tires designed to GM's specific Tire Performance Criteria (TPC) have a TPC specification code molded onto the sidewall.

Consider installing winter tires on the vehicle if frequent driving on snow or ice-covered roads is expected. All-season tires provide adequate performance for most winter driving conditions, but they may not offer the same level of traction or performance as winter tires on snow or ice-covered roads. See *Winter Tires* ⇨ 319.

Winter Tires

This vehicle was not originally equipped with winter tires. Winter tires are designed for increased traction on snow and ice-covered roads. Consider installing winter tires on the vehicle if frequent driving on ice or snow covered roads is expected. See your dealer for details regarding winter tire availability and proper tire selection. Also, see *Buying New Tires* ⇨ 335.

With winter tires, there may be decreased dry road traction, increased road noise, and shorter tread life. After changing to winter tires, be alert for changes in vehicle handling and braking.

If using winter tires:

- Use tires of the same brand and tread type on all four wheel positions.
- Use only radial ply tires of the same size, load range, and speed rating as the original equipment tires.

Winter tires with the same speed rating as the original equipment tires may not be available for H, V, W, Y, and ZR speed rated tires. If winter tires with a lower speed rating are chosen, never exceed the tire's maximum speed capability.

Run-Flat Tires

This vehicle, when new, may have had run-flat tires. There is no spare tire, no tire changing equipment, and no place to store a tire in the vehicle.



Warning

While driving with run-flat tires at a reduced inflation pressure, avoid making sudden stops or severe maneuvers as the handling capabilities of the tires will be reduced. Driving too fast could cause loss of control and you or others could be injured. Do not drive over 80 km/h (50 mph) with the tire operating at low pressure. Drive cautiously and check the tire pressure as soon as possible.

Run-flat tires can be driven up to 80 km (50 mi) at speeds less than 80 km/h (50 mph) after a loss of inflation pressure has occurred. There is no need to stop on the side of the road to change the tire. The possible driving range after a pressure loss will vary based on the vehicle load and driving conditions. As soon as possible, contact the nearest authorized GM or run-flat servicing facility for inspection and repair or replacement.

When driving on a deflated run-flat tire, avoid potholes and other road hazards that could damage the tire and/or wheel beyond repair. When a tire has been damaged, or if driven any distance while deflated, check with

an authorized run-flat tire service center to determine whether the tire can be repaired or should be replaced. To maintain the run-flat feature, all replacement tires must be run-flat tires.

To locate the nearest GM or run-flat servicing facility, call Customer Assistance.

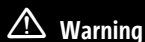
Low-Profile Tires

Caution

Low-profile tires are more susceptible to damage from road hazards or curb impact than standard profile tires. Tire and/or wheel assembly damage can occur when coming into contact with road hazards like potholes, or sharp edged objects, or when sliding into a curb. The warranty does not cover this type of damage. Keep tires set to the correct inflation pressure and when possible, avoid contact with curbs, potholes, and other road hazards.

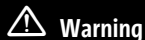
If the vehicle has 245/35ZR19, 305/30ZR20, 275/30ZR20, or 345/25ZR21 size tires, they are classified as low-profile tires.

Competition Oriented Tires



Warning

Driving on wet roads, in heavy rain, or through standing water with competition oriented tires may cause hydroplaning and loss of control. Use extreme caution and drive slowly on wet roads.



Warning

Driving with competition oriented tires on snow, ice, or cold road surfaces can cause loss of control or a crash. Competition oriented tires are summer season tires and are not intended to be driven on snow, ice, or road surfaces below 10 °C (50 °F). Do not drive a vehicle with competition oriented tires in these conditions.

Caution

Competition oriented tires have rubber compounds that lose flexibility and may develop surface cracks in the tread area at temperatures below -7 °C (20 °F). Always store competition oriented tires indoors and at temperatures above -7 °C (20 °F) when not in use. If the tires have been subjected to -7 °C (20 °F) or less, let them warm up in a heated space to at least 10 °C (50 °F) for 24 hours or more before being installed or driving a vehicle on which they are installed. Do not apply heat or blow heated air directly on the tires. Always inspect tires before use. See *Tire Inspection* ⇨ 332.

This vehicle may come with 275/30ZR20 and 345/25ZR21, Michelin Pilot Sport Cup 2 R ZP, competition oriented tires that are DOT approved for street use. Competition oriented tires use a special tread pattern and compound that provide more grip than normal road tires. The minimum tread depth will be reached earlier than typical tires, resulting in reduced tire life. This special tread pattern and compound will have decreased performance in

cold climates, heavy rain, and standing water. It is recommended that winter tires be installed on the vehicle when driving at temperatures below approximately 10 °C (50 °F) or on ice or snow covered roads.

Summer Tires

High Performance Summer Tires

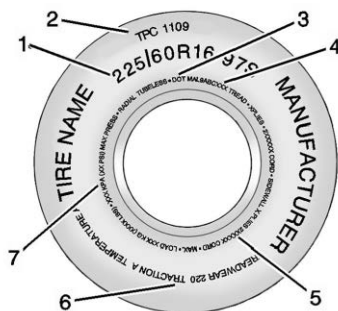
Caution

High performance summer tires have rubber compounds that lose flexibility and may develop surface cracks in the tread area at temperatures below -7 °C (20 °F). Always store high performance summer tires indoors and at temperatures above -7 °C (20 °F) when not in use. If the tires have been subjected to -7 °C (20 °F) or less, let them warm up in a heated space to at least 5 °C (40 °F) for 24 hours or more before being installed or driving a vehicle on which they are installed. Do not apply heat or blow heated air directly on the tires. Always inspect tires before use. See *Tire Inspection* ⇨ 332.

This vehicle may come with 245/35ZR19 and 305/30ZR20 Michelin Pilot Sport 4 S ZP or 275/30ZR20 and 345/25ZR21 Michelin Pilot Sport 4 S ZP high performance summer tires. These tires have a special tread and compound that are optimized for maximum dry and wet road performance. This special tread and compound will have decreased performance in cold climates, and on ice and snow. It is recommended that winter tires be installed on the vehicle if frequent driving at temperatures below approximately 5 °C (40 °F) or on ice or snow covered roads is expected. See *Winter Tires* ⇨ 319.

Tire Sidewall Labeling

Useful information about a tire is molded into its sidewall. The example shows a typical passenger tire sidewall.



Passenger Tire Example

(1) Tire Size : The tire size is a combination of letters and numbers used to define a particular tire's width, height, aspect ratio, construction type, and service description. See the "Tire Size" illustration later in this section.

(2) TPC Spec (Tire Performance Criteria Specification) : Original equipment tires designed to GM's specific tire performance criteria have a TPC specification code molded onto the sidewall. GM's TPC specifications meet or exceed all federal safety guidelines.

(3) DOT (Department of Transportation) : The Department of Transportation (DOT) code indicates that the tire is in compliance with the U.S. Department of Transportation Motor Vehicle Safety Standards.

DOT Tire Date of Manufacture : The last four digits of the TIN indicate the tire manufactured date. The first two digits represent the week and the last two digits, the year. For example, the third week of the year 2020 would have a 4-digit DOT date of 0320. Week 01 is the first full week (Sunday through Saturday) of each year.

(4) Tire Identification Number (TIN) : The letters and numbers following the DOT code are the Tire Identification Number (TIN). The TIN shows the manufacturer and plant code, tire size, and date the tire was manufactured. The TIN is molded onto both sides of the tire, although only one side may have the date of manufacture.

(5) Tire Ply Material : The type of cord and number of plies in the sidewall and under the tread.

(6) Uniform Tire Quality Grading (UTQG) :

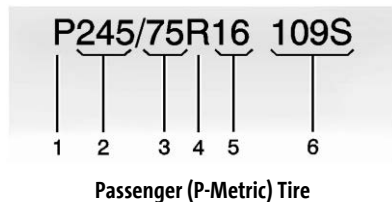
Tire manufacturers are required to grade tires based on three performance factors: treadwear, traction, and temperature resistance. For more information, see *Uniform Tire Quality Grading* ⇨ 336.

(7) Maximum Cold Inflation Load Limit :

Maximum load that can be carried and the maximum pressure needed to support that load.

Tire Designations**Tire Size**

The example shows a typical passenger vehicle tire size.



(1) Passenger (P-Metric) Tire : The United States version of a metric tire sizing system. The letter "P" as the first character in the tire size means a passenger vehicle tire engineered to standards set by the U.S. Tire and Rim Association.

(2) Tire Width : The 3-digit number indicates the tire section width in millimeters from sidewall to sidewall.

(3) Aspect Ratio : A 2-digit number that indicates the tire height-to-width measurements. For example, if the tire size aspect ratio is 75, as shown in item (3) of the illustration, it would mean that the tire's sidewall is 75 percent as high as it is wide.

(4) Construction Code : A letter code is used to indicate the type of ply construction in the tire. The letter "R" means radial ply construction; the letter "D" means diagonal or bias ply construction.

(5) Rim Diameter : Diameter of the wheel in inches.

(6) Service Description : These characters represent the load index and speed rating of the tire. The load index represents the load carrying capacity a tire is certified to carry. The speed rating is the maximum speed a tire is certified to carry a load.

Tire Terminology and Definitions

Air Pressure : The amount of air inside the tire pressing outward on each square inch of the tire. Air pressure is expressed in kPa (kilopascal) or psi (pounds per square inch).

Aspect Ratio : The relationship of a tire's height to its width.

Belt : A rubber coated layer of cords that is located between the plies and the tread. Cords may be made from steel or other reinforcing materials.

Bead : The tire bead contains steel wires wrapped by steel cords that hold the tire onto the rim.

Bias Ply Tire : A pneumatic tire in which the plies are laid at alternate angles less than 90 degrees to the centerline of the tread.

Cold Tire Pressure : The amount of air pressure in a tire, measured in kPa (kilopascal) or psi (pounds per square inch) before a tire has built up heat from driving. See *Tire Pressure* ⇨ 325.

DOT Markings : A code molded into the sidewall of a tire signifying that the tire is in compliance with the U.S. Department of Transportation (DOT) Motor Vehicle Safety Standards. The DOT code includes the Tire Identification Number (TIN), an alphanumeric designator which can also identify the tire manufacturer, production plant, brand, and date of production.

GVWR : Gross Vehicle Weight Rating. See *Vehicle Load Limits* ⇨ 185.

GAWR FRT : Gross Axle Weight Rating for the front axle. See *Vehicle Load Limits* ⇨ 185.

GAWR RR : Gross Axle Weight Rating for the rear axle. See *Vehicle Load Limits* ⇨ 185.

Intended Outboard Sidewall : The side of an asymmetrical tire, that must always face outward when mounted on a vehicle.

Kilopascal (kPa) : The metric unit for air pressure.

Light Truck (LT-Metric) Tire : A tire used on light duty trucks and some multipurpose passenger vehicles.

Load Index : An assigned number ranging from 1 to 279 that corresponds to the load carrying capacity of a tire.

Maximum Inflation Pressure : The maximum air pressure to which a cold tire can be inflated. The maximum air pressure is molded onto the sidewall.

Maximum Load Rating : The load rating for a tire at the maximum permissible inflation pressure for that tire.

Occupant Distribution : Designated seating positions.

Outward Facing Sidewall : The side of an asymmetrical tire that has a particular side that faces outward when mounted on a vehicle. The side of the tire that contains a whitewall, bears white lettering, or bears manufacturer, brand, and/or model name

molding that is higher or deeper than the same moldings on the other sidewall of the tire.

Passenger (P-Metric) Tire : A tire used on passenger cars and some light duty trucks and multipurpose vehicles.

Recommended Inflation Pressure : Vehicle manufacturer's recommended tire inflation pressure as shown on the tire placard. See *Tire Pressure* ⇨ 325 and *Vehicle Load Limits* ⇨ 185.

Radial Ply Tire : A pneumatic tire in which the ply cords that extend to the beads are laid at 90 degrees to the centerline of the tread.

Rim : A metal support for a tire and upon which the tire beads are seated.

Sidewall : The portion of a tire between the tread and the bead.

Speed Rating : An alphanumeric code assigned to a tire indicating the maximum speed at which a tire can operate.

Traction : The friction between the tire and the road surface. The amount of grip provided.

Tread : The portion of a tire that comes into contact with the road.

Treadwear Indicators : Narrow bands, sometimes called wear bars, that show across the tread of a tire when only 1.6 mm (1/16 in) of tread remains. See *When It Is Time for New Tires* ⇨ 334.

UTQGS (Uniform Tire Quality Grading Standards) : A tire information system that provides consumers with ratings for a tire's traction, temperature, and treadwear. Ratings are determined by tire manufacturers using government testing procedures. The ratings are molded into the sidewall of the tire. See *Uniform Tire Quality Grading* ⇨ 336.

Vehicle Capacity Weight : The number of designated seating positions multiplied by 68 kg (150 lbs) plus the rated cargo load. See *Vehicle Load Limits* ⇨ 185.

Vehicle Maximum Load on the Tire : Load on an individual tire due to curb weight, accessory weight, occupant weight, and cargo weight.

Vehicle Placard : A label permanently attached to a vehicle showing the vehicle's capacity weight and the original equipment tire size and recommended inflation pressure. See "Tire and Loading Information Label" under *Vehicle Load Limits* ⇨ 185.

Tire Pressure

Tires need the correct amount of air pressure to operate effectively.



Warning

Neither tire underinflation nor overinflation is good. Underinflated tires, or tires that do not have enough air, can result in:

- Tire overloading and overheating, which could lead to a blowout
- Premature or irregular wear
- Poor handling

(Continued)

Warning (Continued)

- Reduced fuel economy for internal combustion engine vehicles
- Reduced range for electric vehicles

Overinflated tires, or tires that have too much air, can result in:

- Unusual wear
- Poor handling
- Rough ride
- Needless damage from road hazards

The Tire and Loading Information label on the vehicle indicates the original equipment tires and the correct cold tire inflation pressures. The recommended pressure is the minimum air pressure needed to support the vehicle's maximum load carrying capacity. See *Vehicle Load Limits* ⇨ 185.

How the vehicle is loaded affects vehicle handling and ride comfort. Never load the vehicle with more weight than it was designed to carry.

When to Check

Check the pressure of the tires once a month or more.

How to Check

Use a good quality pocket-type gauge to check tire pressure. Proper tire inflation cannot be determined by looking at the tire. Check the tire inflation pressure when the tires are cold, meaning the vehicle has not been driven for at least three hours or no more than 1.6 km (1 mi).

Remove the valve cap from the tire valve stem. Press the tire gauge firmly onto the valve to get a pressure measurement. If the cold tire inflation pressure matches the recommended pressure on the Tire and Loading Information label, no further adjustment is necessary. If the inflation pressure is low, add air until the recommended pressure is reached. If the

inflation pressure is high, press on the metal stem in the center of the tire valve to release air.

Recheck the tire pressure with the tire gauge.

Put the valve caps back on the valve stems to keep out dirt and moisture. Use only valve caps designed for the vehicle by GM. Tire Pressure Monitor System sensors could be damaged and would not be covered by the vehicle warranty.

Tire Pressure for High-Speed Operation



Warning

Driving at high speeds, 225 km/h (140 mph) or higher, puts additional strain on tires. Sustained high-speed driving causes excessive heat buildup and can cause sudden tire failure. This could cause a crash, and you or others could be killed. Some high-speed rated tires require inflation pressure adjustment for high-speed operation. When speed limits and road conditions allow the vehicle to be driven at high speeds, make sure the tires are rated for high-speed operation, are in excellent condition, and are set to the correct cold tire inflation pressure for the vehicle load.

Vehicles with tire sizes listed in the High Speed Operation Inflation Pressures table require inflation pressure adjustment when driving the vehicle at speeds of 225 km/h (140 mph) or higher. Set the cold tire inflation pressure to the corresponding value in the table for the tire size on the vehicle.

High Speed Operation Inflation Pressures							
Tire Size	Tire Model	Stingray	Z06	Grand Sport X	ZR1	Grand Sport	ZR1X
245/35ZR19	Pilot Sport All Season 4 ZP	260 kPa (38 psi)					
305/30ZR20	Pilot Sport All Season 4 ZP	260 kPa (38 psi)					
245/35ZR19	Pilot Sport S 5 ZP	260 kPa (38 psi)					
305/30ZR20	Pilot Sport S 5 ZP	260 kPa (38 psi)					
275/30ZR20	Pilot Sport 4 S ZP		260 kPa (38 psi)	220 kPa (32 psi)	300 kPa (44 psi)	260 kPa (38 psi)	300 kPa (44 psi)
345/25ZR21	Pilot Sport 4 S ZP		290 kPa (42 psi)	240 kPa (35 psi)	340 kPa (49 psi)	290 kPa (42 psi)	340 kPa (49 psi)
275/30ZR20	Pilot Sport Cup 2 R ZP		260 kPa (38 psi)		300 kPa (44 psi)	260 kPa (38 psi)	300 kPa (44 psi)
345/25ZR21	Pilot Sport Cup 2 R ZP		290 kPa (42 psi)		340 kPa (49 psi)	290 kPa (42 psi)	340 kPa (49 psi)

High Speed Operation Inflation Pressures

275/30ZR20	Pilot Sport All Season 4+ ZP			220 kPa (32 psi)		260 kPa (38 psi)	
345/25ZR21	Pilot Sport All Season 4+ ZP			250 kPa (36 psi)		290 kPa (42 psi)	

See *Track Events and Competitive Driving* ⇨ 167 for track use.

Return the tires to the recommended cold tire inflation pressure when high-speed driving has ended. See *Vehicle Load Limits* ⇨ 185 and *Tire Pressure* ⇨ 325.

Tire Pressure Monitor System

The Tire Pressure Monitor System (TPMS) uses radio and sensor technology to check tire pressure levels. The TPMS sensors monitor the air pressure in your tires and transmit tire pressure readings to a receiver located in the vehicle.

Each tire, including the spare (if provided), should be checked monthly when cold and inflated to the inflation pressure recommended by the vehicle manufacturer

on the vehicle placard or tire inflation pressure label. (If your vehicle has tires of a different size than the size indicated on the vehicle placard or tire inflation pressure label, you should determine the proper tire inflation pressure for those tires.)

As an added safety feature, your vehicle has been equipped with a tire pressure monitoring system (TPMS) that illuminates a low tire pressure telltale when one or more of your tires is significantly under-inflated.

Accordingly, when the low tire pressure telltale illuminates, you should stop and check your tires as soon as possible, and inflate them to the proper pressure. Driving on a significantly under-inflated tire causes the tire to overheat and can lead to tire failure. Under-inflation

also reduces fuel efficiency and tire tread life, and may affect the vehicle's handling and stopping ability.

Please note that the TPMS is not a substitute for proper tire maintenance, and it is the driver's responsibility to maintain correct tire pressure, even if under-inflation has not reached the level to trigger illumination of the TPMS low tire pressure telltale.

Your vehicle has also been equipped with a TPMS malfunction indicator to indicate when the system is not operating properly. The TPMS malfunction indicator is combined with the low tire pressure telltale. When the system detects a malfunction, the telltale will flash for approximately one minute and then remain continuously illuminated. This sequence will continue upon subsequent vehicle start-ups as long as the malfunction exists.

When the malfunction indicator is illuminated, the system may not be able to detect or signal low tire pressure as intended. TPMS malfunctions may occur for a variety of reasons, including the installation of replacement or alternate tires or wheels on the vehicle that prevent the TPMS from functioning properly. Always check the TPMS malfunction telltale after replacing one or more tires or wheels on your vehicle to ensure that the replacement or alternate tires and wheels allow the TPMS to continue to function properly.

See *Tire Pressure Monitor Operation* ⇨ 329.

Tire Pressure Monitor Operation

This vehicle may have a Tire Pressure Monitor System. The system is designed to warn the driver when a low tire pressure condition exists. Tire Pressure Monitor System sensors are mounted onto each tire and wheel assembly, excluding the spare tire and wheel assembly. The sensors monitor the air pressure in the tires and transmit the tire pressure readings to a receiver located in the vehicle.



Caution

Tire sealant materials are not all the same. A non-approved tire sealant could damage the TPMS sensors. TPMS sensor damage caused by using an incorrect tire sealant is not covered by the vehicle warranty. Always use only the GM approved tire sealant available through your dealer or included in the vehicle.

When a low tire pressure condition is detected, the system illuminates the low tire pressure warning light located on the instrument cluster. If the warning light comes on, stop as soon as possible and inflate the tires to the recommended pressure shown on the Tire and Loading Information label. See *Vehicle Load Limits* ⇨ 185.

A message to check the pressure in a specific tire displays in the Driver Information Center. The low tire pressure warning light and the Driver Information Center warning message come on each time the vehicle is started until the tires are inflated to the correct inflation pressure. Use the Driver Information Center or infotainment screen to view the tire pressure levels. For additional information and details about the Driver Information Center operation and displays, see *Driver Information Center (DIC)* ⇨ 103 or *Vehicle Status* ⇨ 107.

The low tire pressure warning light may come on in cool weather when the vehicle is first started, and then turn off as the vehicle is driven. This could be an early indicator that the air pressure is getting low and needs to be inflated to the proper pressure.

A Tire and Loading Information label shows the size of the original equipment tires and the correct inflation pressure for the tires when they are cold. See *Vehicle Load Limits* ⇨ 185 for an example of the Tire and Loading Information label and its location. Also see *Tire Pressure* ⇨ 325.

The Tire Pressure Monitor System can warn about a low tire pressure condition, but it does not replace normal tire maintenance. See *Tire Inspection* ⇨ 332, *Tire Rotation* ⇨ 333, and *Tires* ⇨ 318.

Tire Pressure Monitor System Malfunction Light and Message

The Tire Pressure Monitor System will not function properly if one or more of the system sensors are missing or inoperable. When the system detects a malfunction, the low tire pressure warning light flashes for about one minute and then stays on for the remainder of the time the vehicle is on. A Driver Information Center warning message also displays. The malfunction light and Driver Information Center warning message will come on each time the vehicle is started until the problem is corrected. Some of the conditions that can cause these to come on are:

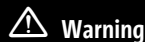
- One of the road tires has been replaced with the spare tire. The spare tire does not have a sensor. The malfunction light and the Driver Information Center message should go off after the road tire is replaced and the sensor matching process is performed successfully. See "Tire Pressure Monitor System Sensor Matching Process" later in this section.
- The sensor matching process was not done or not completed successfully after rotating the tires. The malfunction light and the Driver Information Center message should go off after successfully completing the sensor matching process. See "Tire Pressure Monitor System Sensor Matching Process" later in this section.
- One or more sensors are missing or damaged. The Driver Information Center message and the malfunction light should go off when the sensors are installed and the sensor matching process is performed successfully. See your dealer for service.
- Replacement tires or wheels do not match the original equipment tires or wheels. Tires and wheels other than

those recommended could prevent the Tire Pressure Monitor System from functioning properly. See *Buying New Tires* ⇨ 335.

- Operating electronic devices or being near facilities using radio wave frequencies similar to the Tire Pressure Monitor System could cause the sensors to malfunction.

If the system is not functioning properly, it cannot detect or signal a low tire pressure condition. See your dealer for service if the Tire Pressure Monitor System malfunction light and Driver Information Center message come on and stay on.

Tire Fill Alert



Overinflating a tire could cause the tire to rupture and you or others could be injured. Do not exceed the maximum pressure listed on the tire sidewall. See *Tire Sidewall Labeling* ⇨ 322 and *Vehicle Load Limits* ⇨ 185.

If equipped, this feature provides visual and audible alerts outside the vehicle to help when inflating an underinflated tire to the recommended cold tire pressure.

When the low tire pressure warning light comes on:

1. Park the vehicle in a safe, level place.
2. Place the vehicle in P (Park).
3. Set the parking brake.
4. Add air to the tire that is underinflated.

The turn signal light closest to the tire being inflated will start flashing. When the recommended pressure is reached, the horn sounds once. If the tire being inflated is a front tire, then the front turn signal light closest to the tire being inflated will stop flashing and briefly turn solid. If the tire being inflated is a rear tire, then the rear turn signal light closest to the tire being inflated will stop flashing.

Repeat these steps for all underinflated tires that have illuminated the low tire pressure warning light.

If the tire is overinflated by more than 35 kPa (5 psi), the horn will sound multiple times and the turn signal light will continue to flash for several seconds after filling stops.

To release and correct the pressure, while the turn signal light is still flashing, briefly press the center of the valve stem. When the recommended pressure is reached, the horn sounds once. If the tire being deflated is a front tire, then the front turn signal light closest to the tire being deflated will stop flashing and briefly turn solid. If the tire being deflated is a rear tire, then the rear turn signal light closest to the tire being deflated will stop flashing.

If the turn signal light does not flash within 15 seconds after starting to inflate the tire, the tire fill alert has not been activated or is not working.

If the hazard warning flashers are on, the tire fill alert visual feedback will not work properly.

The Tire Pressure Monitor System will not activate the tire fill alert properly under the following conditions:

- There is interference from an external device or transmitter.
- The air pressure from the inflation device is not sufficient to inflate the tire.

- There is a malfunction in the Tire Pressure Monitor System.
- There is a malfunction in the horn or turn signal lights.
- The sensor identification code is not registered to the system.
- The sensor battery is low.

If the tire fill alert does not operate due to system interference, move the vehicle about 1 m (3 ft) back or forward and try again. If the tire fill alert feature is not working, use a tire pressure gauge.

Tire Pressure Monitor System Sensor Matching Process – Auto Learn

Each sensor has a unique identification code. The identification code needs to be matched to a new tire/wheel position after rotating the tires or replacing one or more of the system sensors. If equipped with Auto Learn, when a tire is installed, the vehicle must be stationary for about 20 minutes before the system recalculates. The relearn process takes up to 10 minutes, driving at a minimum speed of 20 km/h (12 mph). A dash (-) or pressure value will display in the Driver Information Center. See *Driver Information Center (DIC)*

⇨ 103. A warning message displays in the Driver Information Center if a problem occurs during the relearn process.

Tire Pressure Monitor System Sensor Matching Process – Manual Learn

Each sensor has a unique identification code. The identification code needs to be matched to a new tire/wheel position after rotating the vehicle's tires or replacing one or more of the system sensors. The sensor matching process should also be performed after replacing a spare tire with a road tire containing the Tire Pressure Monitor System sensor. After a successful matching process is completed, the malfunction light and the Driver Information Center message should turn off the next time the vehicle is started.

The sensors are matched to the tire/wheel positions, using a Tire Pressure Monitor System relearn tool, in the following order: driver side front tire, passenger side front tire, passenger side rear tire, and driver side rear tire. See your dealer for service or to purchase a relearn tool. You can also purchase a relearn tool at www.gmglobaltools.com, search on "TPMS Tool," or by calling 844-742-8471.

There are two minutes to match the first tire/wheel position, and five minutes overall to match all four tire/wheel positions. If it takes longer, the matching process stops and must be restarted.

The sensor matching process is:

1. Place the vehicle in P (Park).
2. Set the parking brake.
3. Turn the vehicle on or place the vehicle in Service Mode. See *Ignition Positions* ⇨ 190.
4. Select the Vehicle Status icon from the infotainment apps screen.
5. Choose "Tire Pressure" or "Tires," then choose "Relearn Sensors."

The horn sounds twice to signal the receiver is in relearn mode and the TIRE LEARNING ACTIVE message displays on the Driver Information Center or Infotainment screen.

6. Start with the driver side front tire.
7. Place the relearn tool against the tire sidewall, near the valve stem. Then press the button on the tool to activate the sensor.

The horn sounds once to confirm that the sensor identification code has been matched to this tire and wheel position.

8. Proceed to the passenger side front tire, and repeat the procedure in Step 7.
9. Proceed to the passenger side rear tire, and repeat the procedure in Step 7.
10. Proceed to the driver side rear tire, and repeat the procedure in Step 7.

The horn sounds twice to indicate the sensor identification code has been matched to the driver side rear tire, and the sensor matching process is no longer active. The TIRE LEARNING ACTIVE message turns off.

11. Turn the vehicle off.
12. Set all four tires to the recommended air pressure level as indicated on the Tire and Loading Information label.

Tire Inspection

We recommend that the tires, including the spare tire, if the vehicle has one, be inspected for signs of wear or damage at least once a month.

Replace the tire if:

- The indicators at three or more places around the tire can be seen.
- There is cord or fabric showing through the tire's rubber.
- The tread or sidewall is cracked, cut, or snagged deep enough to show cord or fabric.
- The tire has a bump, bulge, or split.
- The tire has a puncture, cut, or other damage that cannot be repaired well because of the size or location of the damage.

Tire Rotation

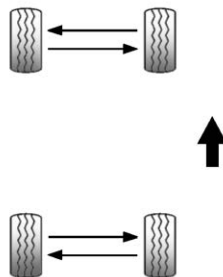
Tires should be rotated according to the interval listed in the maintenance schedule. See *Maintenance Schedule* ⇨ 357.

When rotating the tires, inspect the brake pads for signs of wear. See *Brakes* ⇨ 301.

Tires are rotated to achieve uniform wear for all tires. The first rotation is the most important.

Anytime unusual wear is noticed, rotate the tires as soon as possible, check for proper tire inflation pressure, and check for damaged tires or wheels. If the unusual wear continues after the rotation, check the wheel alignment. See *When It Is Time for New Tires* ⇨ 334 and *Wheel Replacement* ⇨ 338.

Different tire sizes should not be rotated front to rear.



Use this rotation pattern if the vehicle has different size tires on the front and rear.

Caution

Wheels will become scratched if not handled properly. When laying a tire and wheel assembly flat on the ground, place it face up with a towel underneath it. Move the assembly by rolling it on the tires. Do not drag it.

Adjust the front and rear tires to the recommended inflation pressure on the Tire and Loading Information label after the tires have been rotated. See *Tire Pressure* ⇨ 325 and *Vehicle Load Limits* ⇨ 185.

Reset the Tire Pressure Monitor System. See *Tire Pressure Monitor Operation* ⇨ 329.

 Warning

Rust or dirt on a wheel, or on the parts to which it is fastened, can cause wheel nuts to become loose over time. The wheel could come off and cause a crash. When changing a wheel, remove any rust or dirt from places where the wheel attaches to the vehicle. In an emergency, a cloth or paper towel can be used; however, use a scraper or wire brush later to remove all rust or dirt.

 Warning

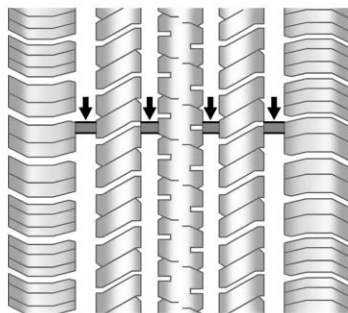
Do not apply grease to the wheel mounting surface, wheel conical seats, or the wheel nuts or bolts. Grease applied to these areas could cause a wheel to become loose or come off, resulting in a crash.

Check that all wheel nuts are properly tightened. See “Wheel Nut Torque” under *Capacities and Specifications* ⇨ 365.

Lightly coat the inner diameter of the wheel hub opening with wheel bearing grease after a wheel change or tire rotation to prevent corrosion or rust buildup.

When It Is Time for New Tires

Factors, such as maintenance, temperatures, driving speeds, vehicle loading, and road conditions affect the wear rate of the tires.



Treadwear indicators are one way to tell when it is time for new tires. Treadwear indicators appear when the tires have only 1.6 mm (1/16 in) or less of tread remaining. See *Tire Inspection* ⇨ 332 and *Tire Rotation* ⇨ 333.

The rubber in tires ages over time. This also applies to the spare tire, if the vehicle has one, even if it is never used. Multiple factors including temperatures, loading conditions, and inflation pressure maintenance affect how fast aging takes place. GM recommends that tires, including the spare if equipped, be replaced after six years, regardless of tread wear. To identify the age of a tire, use the tire manufacture date, which is the last four digits of the Department of Transportation (DOT) Tire Identification Number (TIN) molded into one side of the tire sidewall. The last four digits of the Tire Identification Number (TIN) indicate the tire manufacture date. The first two digits represent the week and the last two digits, the year. For example, the third week of the year 2020 would have a 4-digit Department of Transportation (DOT) date of 0320. Week 01 is the first full week (Sunday through Saturday) of each year.

Vehicle Storage

Tires age when stored normally mounted on a parked vehicle. Park a vehicle that will be stored for at least a month in a cool, dry, clean area away from direct sunlight to slow aging. This area should be free of grease, gasoline, or other substances that can deteriorate rubber.

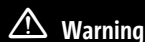
Parking for an extended period can cause flat spots on the tires that may result in vibrations while driving. When storing a vehicle for at least a month, remove the tires or raise the vehicle to reduce the weight from the tires.

Buying New Tires

GM has developed and matched specific tires for the vehicle. The original equipment tires installed were designed to meet General Motors Tire Performance Criteria Specification (TPC Spec) system rating. When replacement tires are needed, GM strongly recommends buying tires with the same Tire Performance Criteria Specification (TPC Spec) rating.

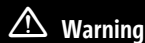
GM's exclusive Tire Performance Criteria Specification (TPC Spec) system considers over a dozen critical specifications that impact the overall performance of the vehicle, including brake system performance, ride and handling, traction control, and tire pressure monitoring performance. GM's Tire Performance

Criteria Specification (TPC Spec) number is molded onto the tire's sidewall near the tire size.



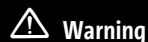
Warning

Tires could explode during improper service. Attempting to mount or dismount a tire could cause injury or death. Only your dealer or authorized tire service center should mount or dismount the tires.



Warning

Mixing tires of different sizes (other than those originally installed on the vehicle), brands, tread patterns, or types may cause loss of vehicle control, resulting in a crash or other vehicle damage. Use the correct size, brand, and type of tire on all wheels.



Warning

Using bias-ply tires on the vehicle may cause the wheel rim flanges to develop cracks after many miles of driving. A tire and/or wheel could fail suddenly and cause a crash. Use only radial-ply tires with the wheels on the vehicle.

GM recommends replacing worn tires in complete sets of four. Uniform tread depth on all tires will help to maintain the performance of the vehicle. Braking and handling performance may be adversely affected if all the tires are not replaced at the same time. If proper rotation and maintenance have been done, all four tires should wear out at about the same time. However, if it is necessary to replace only one axle set of worn tires, place the new tires on the rear axle. See *Tire Rotation* ⇨ 333.

If the vehicle tires must be replaced with a tire that does not have a Tire Performance Criteria Specification (TPC Spec) number,

make sure they are the same size, load range, speed rating, and construction (radial) as the original tires.

Winter tires with the same speed rating as the original equipment tires may not be available for H, V, W, Y and ZR speed rated tires. Never exceed the winter tires' maximum speed capability when using winter tires with a lower speed rating.

The Tire and Loading Information label indicates the original equipment tires on the vehicle. See *Vehicle Load Limits* ⇨ 185.

Different Size Tires and Wheels



Warning

If different sized wheels are used, there may not be an acceptable level of performance and safety if tires not recommended for those wheels are selected. This increases the chance of a crash and serious injury. Only use GM specific wheel and tire systems developed for the vehicle, and have them properly installed by a GM certified technician.

If wheels or tires are installed that are a different size than the original equipment wheels and tires, vehicle performance, including its braking, ride and handling characteristics, stability, and resistance to rollover may be affected. If the vehicle has electronic systems such as antilock brakes, rollover airbags, traction control, electronic stability control, or all-wheel drive, the performance of these systems can also be affected.

See *Buying New Tires* ⇨ 335 and *Accessories and Modifications* ⇨ 255.

Uniform Tire Quality Grading

The following information relates to the system developed by the United States National Highway Traffic Safety Administration (NHTSA), which grades tires by treadwear, traction, and temperature performance. This applies only to vehicles sold in the United States. The grades are molded on the sidewalls of most passenger car tires. The Uniform Tire Quality Grading (UTQG) system does not apply to deep tread, winter tires,

compact spare tires, tires with nominal rim diameters of 10 to 12 inches (25 to 30 cm), or to some limited-production tires.

While the tires available on General Motors passenger cars and light trucks may vary with respect to these grades, they must also conform to federal safety requirements and additional General Motors Tire Performance Criteria (TPC) standards.

Quality grades can be found where applicable on the tire sidewall between tread shoulder and maximum section width. For example:

Treadwear 200 Traction AA Temperature A
All Passenger Car Tires Must Conform to Federal Safety Requirements In Addition To These Grades.

Treadwear

The treadwear grade is a comparative rating based on the wear rate of the tire when tested under controlled conditions on a specified government test course. For example, a tire graded 150 would wear

one and one-half ($1\frac{1}{2}$) times as well on the government course as a tire graded 100. The relative performance of tires depends upon the actual conditions of their use, however, and may depart significantly from the norm due to variations in driving habits, service practices and differences in road characteristics and climate.

Traction

The traction grades, from highest to lowest, are AA, A, B, and C. Those grades represent the tire's ability to stop on wet pavement as measured under controlled conditions on specified government test surfaces of asphalt and concrete. A tire marked C may have poor traction performance. Warning: The traction grade assigned to this tire is based on straight-ahead braking traction tests, and does not include acceleration, cornering, hydroplaning, or peak traction characteristics.

Temperature

The temperature grades are A (the highest), B, and C, representing the tire's resistance to the generation of heat and its ability to dissipate heat when tested under controlled conditions on a specified indoor laboratory test wheel. Sustained high temperature can cause the material of the tire to degenerate and reduce tire life, and excessive temperature can lead to sudden tire failure. The grade C corresponds to a level of performance which all passenger car tires must meet under the Federal Motor Safety Standard No. 109. Grades B and A represent higher levels of performance on the laboratory test wheel than the minimum required by law. Warning: The temperature grade for this tire is established for a tire that is properly inflated and not overloaded. Excessive speed, underinflation, or excessive loading, either separately or in combination, can cause heat buildup and possible tire failure.

Wheel Alignment and Tire Balance

The tires and wheels were aligned and balanced at the factory to provide the longest tire life and best overall performance. Adjustments to wheel alignment and tire balancing are not necessary on a regular basis. Consider an alignment check if there is unusual tire wear or the vehicle is significantly pulling to one side or the other. Some slight pull to the left or right, depending on the slope of the road and/or other road surface variations such as troughs or ruts, is normal. If the vehicle is vibrating when driving on a smooth road, the tires and wheels may need to be rebalanced. See your dealer for proper diagnosis.

Road Imperfections/Slope Effects

The vehicle's precise steering and handling make it very responsive to road surface feedback. A slight pull may be felt in the steering depending on the slope of the road and/or other road surface variations such as troughs or ruts. This is normal and the vehicle does not require service.

Tire Chatter/Hop

When driving at slow speeds and in very tight turns, the vehicle may have tire chatter/hop. This is normal and the vehicle does not require service.

Wheel Replacement

Warning

Using the wrong wheel studs can cause wheel nuts to not engage the stud threads and/or wheel. The wheel could come off and cause personal injury and/or death. Carbon fiber wheels require a longer stud than aluminum wheels due to a thicker hub. When changing the wheel type between aluminum and carbon fiber, the studs must match the wheel type. Incorrect studs will not have the correct thread engagement. Use the correct wheel studs for your wheel assembly.

Warning

Installing wheel nuts on carbon fiber wheels when temperatures are below freezing can result in a damaged assembly. Once temperatures rise, the wheel nut removal torque can be very high making it difficult to remove wheels nuts. This can result in damaged wheel nuts and/or wheel nut inserts. Use of damaged parts could cause the wheel to come off and cause personal injury, and/or death. Do not install wheel nuts when temperatures are below freezing.

Warning

Using the wrong replacement wheels, wheel bolts, or wheel nuts can be dangerous. It could affect the braking and handling of the vehicle. Tires can lose air and cause loss of control, resulting in a crash. Always use the correct wheel, wheel bolts, and wheel nuts for replacement.

Warning

Replacing a wheel with a used one is dangerous. How it has been used or how far it has been driven may be unknown. It could fail suddenly and cause a crash. When replacing wheels, use a new GM original equipment wheel.

Caution

The wrong wheel can also cause problems with bearing life, brake cooling, speedometer or odometer calibration, headlight aim, bumper height, vehicle ground clearance, and tire or tire chain clearance to the body and chassis.

Replace any wheel that is bent, cracked, or badly rusted or corroded. If wheel nuts keep coming loose, the wheel, wheel bolts, and wheel nuts should be replaced. If the wheel leaks air, replace it. Some aluminum wheels can be repaired. See your dealer if any of these conditions exist.

Your dealer will know the kind of wheel that is needed.

Each new wheel should have the same load-carrying capacity, diameter, width, offset, and be mounted the same way as the one it replaces.

Replace wheels, wheel bolts, wheel nuts, or Tire Pressure Monitor System sensors with new GM original equipment parts.

Tire Chains and Other Traction Devices

Warning

Do not use tire chains or textile/fabric traction devices, such as snow socks. There is not enough clearance. Tire chains or textile/fabric traction devices used on a vehicle without the proper amount of clearance can cause damage to the brakes, suspension, or other vehicle parts. The area damaged by the tire chains or textile/fabric traction devices could cause loss of control and a crash. Use another type of traction device only if its manufacturer recommends it for the vehicle's tire size combination and road conditions. Follow

(Continued)

Warning (Continued)

that manufacturer's instructions. To avoid vehicle damage, drive slowly and readjust or remove the traction device if it contacts the vehicle. Do not spin the wheels. If traction devices are used, install them on the tires of the rear axle only.

If a Tire Goes Flat

Warning

Driving on a flat tire will cause permanent damage to the tire. Re-inflating a tire after it has been driven on while severely underinflated or flat may cause a blowout and a serious crash. Never attempt to re-inflate a tire that has been driven on while severely underinflated or flat. Have your dealer or an authorized tire service center repair or replace the flat tire as soon as possible.

It is unusual for a tire to blow out while driving, especially if the tires are maintained properly. It is much more likely for a tire to experience a slow leak. See *Tires* ⇨ 318.

In the event of a blowout, follow these tips:

- A front tire blowout causes the vehicle to pull toward the side of the flat. Take your foot off the accelerator pedal and grip the steering wheel firmly. Steer to maintain lane position, and then gently brake to a stop.
- A rear blowout, particularly on a curve, acts much like a skid and may require the same correction as used in a skid. Stop pressing the accelerator pedal and steer to straighten the vehicle. It may be very bumpy and noisy. Gently brake to a stop.

The vehicle has no spare tire, no tire changing equipment, and no place to store a tire.

Warning

Special tools and procedures are required to service a run-flat tire. If these special tools and procedures are not used, injury or vehicle damage may occur. Always be sure the proper tools and procedures, as described in the service manual, are used.

If the vehicle has run-flat tires, there is no need to stop on the side of the road to change a flat tire. See *Run-Flat Tires* ⇨ 320.

Jump Starting

Jump Starting - North America

For more information about the vehicle battery, see *Battery - North America* ⇨ 305.

If the vehicle battery is dead, follow these steps to safely use another vehicle and jumper cables to start your vehicle.



Warning

WARNING: Battery posts, terminals and related accessories can expose you to chemicals including lead and lead compounds, which are known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. Wash hands after handling. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

See *California Proposition 65 Warning* ⇨ 1.



Warning

Batteries can hurt you. They can be dangerous because:

(Continued)

Warning (Continued)

- They contain acid that can burn you.
- They contain gas that can explode or ignite.
- They contain enough electricity to burn you.

Use eye protection when handling the battery. If you do not follow these steps exactly, some or all of these things can hurt you.

The battery is under a battery cover and side extensions/shields in the underhood compartment.

To access the battery under the hood, the right-hand and left-hand sight shields need to be removed to remove the second cover assembly to access the battery. The positive battery terminal is on the driver side and the negative terminal is on the passenger side.

Before you connect the cables, here are some basic things you should know. Positive (+) will go to the positive (+) terminal. Negative (-) will go to the remote jump starting negative (-) post.

All Models (Except Z06 and ZR1 with Rear-Wheel Drive)

The vehicle is equipped with a lithium-ion battery. The 12-volt lithium-ion battery requires a higher voltage than lead acid batteries for jump starting. Jumper cables will only work with some vehicles and under some circumstances. Follow the steps below to safely jump start the discharged lithium-ion batteries.



Warning

Use only GM approved jump start boxes and charging tools. Use of unapproved jump start boxes, charging tools, a loose battery, or battery charger may cause personal injury, death, or damage to the vehicle. For GM approved jump start boxes or charging tools, see <http://accessories.chevrolet.com>.

Warning

WARNING: Lithium-ion batteries contain chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. **WASH HANDS AFTER HANDLING.**

See *California Proposition 65 Warning* ⇨ 1.

Caution

Ignoring these steps could result in costly damage to the vehicle that would not be covered by the vehicle warranty. Trying to start the vehicle by pushing or pulling it will not work, and it could damage the vehicle.

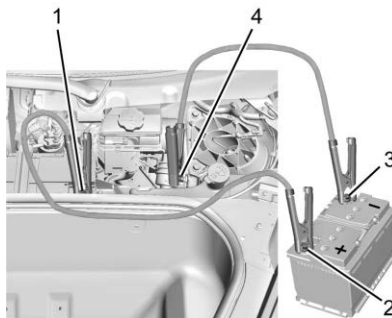
Caution

If the jumper cables are connected or removed in the wrong order, electrical shorting may occur and damage the vehicle. The repairs would not be covered by the vehicle warranty. Always connect

(Continued)

Caution (Continued)

and remove the jumper cables in the correct order, making sure that the cables do not touch each other or other metal.



All Models Shown

Connection Points and Sequence

1. Discharged Battery Positive (+) Terminal
2. Good Battery Positive (+) Terminal
3. Good Battery Negative (-) Terminal
4. Remote Jump Starting Negative (-) Post

Jump Starting Procedure (All Models)

Caution

If the other vehicle does not have a 12-volt system with a negative ground, both vehicles can be damaged. Only use a vehicle that has a 12-volt system with a negative ground for jump starting.

1. Check the other vehicle. It must have a 12-volt battery with a negative ground system.
2. Get the vehicles close enough so the jumper cables can reach, but be sure the vehicles are not touching each other. If they are, it could cause a ground connection you do not want. You would not be able to start the vehicle, and the bad grounding could damage the electrical systems.

To avoid the possibility of the vehicles rolling, set the parking brake firmly on both vehicles involved in the jump start procedure. Put an automatic transmission in P (Park) or a manual transmission in N (Neutral) before setting the parking brakes.

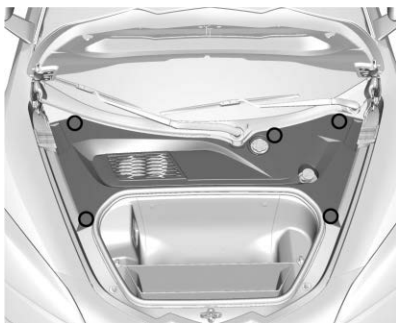
Caution

If any accessories are left on or plugged in during the jump starting procedure, they could be damaged. The repairs would not be covered by the vehicle warranty. Whenever possible, turn off or unplug all accessories on either vehicle when jump starting.

3. Turn off the ignition on both vehicles. Unplug unnecessary accessories plugged into the accessory power outlet. Turn off the radio and all lights that are not needed. This will avoid sparks and help save both batteries and the radio.
4. Open the hood. See *Hood* ⇨ 18.



5. Release the four clips for the left and right outer covers.



6. Release the five clips and remove the outer cover to access the battery.
7. Locate the battery positive (+) terminal and remote jump starting negative (-) post.

 Warning

Always inspect jumper cables prior to use. Jumper cables with loose or missing insulation could shock you or cause vehicle damage. Do not use jumper cables that appear damaged.

8. Check that the jumper cables do not have loose or missing insulation.
9. Open the discharged battery positive (+) terminal trim cover and connect one end of the positive (+) cable.
10. Do not let the other end of the positive (+) cable to touch metal. Connect it to the good battery positive (+) terminal.
11. Connect one end of the negative (-) cable to the good battery negative (-) terminal.
Do not let the other end touch anything until the next step.

12. Connect the other end of the negative (–) cable to the remote jump starting negative (–) post.
13. Start the vehicle with the good battery and run the engine for at least four minutes.
14. Try to start the vehicle that had the discharged battery. If it will not start after a few tries, it probably needs service.

Jumper Cable Removal

To remove the jumper cables, complete steps 12 – 9.

After starting the disabled vehicle and removing the jumper cables, allow it to idle for several minutes.

The power windows may need to be initialized. See “Automatic Window Sealing” under *Power Windows* ⇨ 30.

Jump Start Box Procedure (All Models, Except Z06 and ZR1 with Rear-Wheel Drive)

If equipped with a lithium-ion battery, another option is to use a jump start box and/or pack to revive the battery.

Caution

Electrical shorting may occur and damage the vehicle if either of the following is done:

- The jump start box is set to ON before beginning the jump starting procedure
- The jump start box is connected or removed in the wrong order

The repairs would not be covered by the vehicle warranty. Always set the jump start box to OFF before starting the jump starting procedure, and connect and remove the jump start box in the correct order, making sure that the cables do not touch each other or other metal.

1. Set the jump start box to OFF.
2. Connect the red (+) cable to the discharged lithium-ion battery positive (+) tab.
3. Connect the black (–) cable to the discharged lithium-ion battery negative (–) post.

4. Once the jump start box has been connected, set the jump start box to ON. After the jump start box is powered on, ensure the instrument cluster lights up before starting the vehicle.
5. After the instrument cluster lights up, use a GM approved battery charger to fully charge the battery.

Jumper Cable Removal

1. Set the jump start box to OFF.
2. Disconnect the black (–) cable to the negative post (–) on the discharged lithium-ion battery.
3. Disconnect the red (+) cable to the discharged lithium-ion battery positive (+) tab.

Charging the 12-Volt Lithium-Ion Battery

The 12-volt lithium-ion battery can be charged using a GM approved charger designed for lithium-ion batteries. Follow the instructions listed in the charger operating manual.

See *Battery - North America* ⇨ 305 for more information.

Towing the Vehicle

Transporting a Disabled Vehicle

Caution

Incorrectly transporting a disabled vehicle may cause damage to the vehicle. Use proper tire straps to secure the vehicle to the flatbed tow truck. Do not strap or hook to any frame, underbody, or suspension component not specified below. Do not move vehicles with rear axle tires on the ground. Damage is not covered by the vehicle warranty.

Caution

The vehicle may be equipped with an Electric Parking Brake (EPB) and/or an electronic shifter. In the event of a loss of 12-volt battery power, the EPB cannot be released, and the vehicle cannot be shifted to N (Neutral). Tire skates or dollies must be used under the non-rolling tires to prevent damage while loading/

(Continued)

Caution (Continued)

unloading the vehicle. Dragging the vehicle will cause damage not covered by the vehicle warranty.

Caution

The vehicle may be equipped with a tow eye. Improper use of the tow eye may cause damage to the vehicle and is not covered by the vehicle warranty. If equipped, use the tow eye to load the vehicle onto a flatbed tow truck from a flat road surface, or to move the vehicle a very short distance at a walking pace. The tow eye is not designed for off-road recovery. The vehicle must be in N (Neutral) with the Electric Parking Brake (EPB) released when using the tow eye.

Contact a professional towing service to transport a disabled vehicle. GM recommends a flatbed tow truck to transport a disabled vehicle. Use ramps to help reduce approach angles, if necessary.

Do not use the tow eye to pull the vehicle from snow, mud, sand, or a ditch. Tow eye threads may have right- or left-hand threads. Use caution when installing or removing the tow eye.

The vehicle must be in N (Neutral) and the electric parking brake must be released when loading the vehicle onto a flatbed tow truck.

If equipped, the Front Lift System can be raised with the engine off. With the vehicle in accessory mode and the doors closed, press and hold the Front Lift System button for 10 seconds. See *Front Lift System* ⇨ 222. After the vehicle is loaded, the front can be lowered by pressing the Front Lift System button again with the doors closed.

- Place the vehicle in N (Neutral) and see “Maintaining N (Neutral) with Engine Off” under *Dual Clutch Transmission* ⇨ 195.
- If the 12-volt battery is dead and/or the engine will not start, the vehicle will not move. Try to jump start the vehicle. See *Jump Starting - North America* ⇨ 340. If the jump start is successful, retry the “Maintaining N (Neutral) with Engine Off” procedure.

- If jump starting is unsuccessful, the vehicle will not move. Tire skates or dollies must be used under the non-rolling tires to prevent vehicle damage.

Front Tow Eye



Carefully open the cover by using the small notch that conceals the front tow eye socket.



Install the tow eye into the socket and turn it until it is fully tightened.

When the tow eye is removed, reinstall the cover with the notch in the original position.

Rear Tow Eye



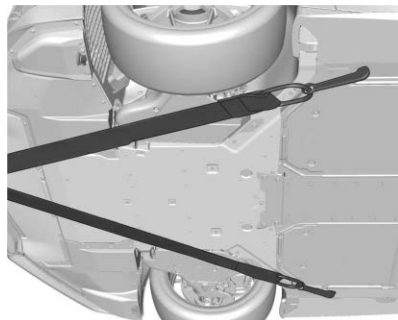
Carefully open the cover by using the small notch that conceals the rear tow eye socket.



Install the tow eye into the socket and turn it until it is fully tightened.

When the tow eye is removed, reinstall the cover with the notch in the original position.

Front Attachment Points



The vehicle is equipped with specific attachment points to be used by the towing provider. These holes may be used to pull the vehicle from a flat road surface onto the flatbed tow truck.

Recreational Vehicle Towing

Caution

Dolly towing or dinghy towing the vehicle may cause damage because of reduced ground clearance. Always put the vehicle on a flatbed truck or trailer.

The vehicle was neither designed nor intended to be towed with any of its wheels on the ground. If the vehicle must be towed, see *Transporting a Disabled Vehicle* ⇨ 344.

Appearance Care

Exterior Care

Locks

Locks are lubricated at the factory. Only use a de-icing agent when absolutely necessary, and have the locks greased after using the de-icing agent. See *Recommended Fluids and Lubricants* ⇨ 361.

Washing the Vehicle

⚠ Warning

Do not power wash any part of the vehicle's interior, including the vinyl floor covering. This could damage safety and other systems in the vehicle, which would not be covered by the vehicle warranty.

Caution

Do not use petroleum-based, acidic, or abrasive cleaning agents as they can damage the vehicle's paint, metal, or plastic parts. If damage occurs, it would not be covered by the vehicle warranty. Approved cleaning products can be obtained from your dealer. Follow all manufacturer directions regarding correct product usage, necessary safety precautions, and appropriate disposal of any vehicle care product.

To preserve the exterior finish, wash it often and out of direct sunlight.

Take care to wash materials such as calcium chloride and other salts, ice melting agents, road oil and tar, tree sap, bird droppings, chemicals from industrial chimneys, etc. from the finish as soon as possible. These materials can damage the finish if they remain on painted surfaces.

Automatic Car Wash

Caution

Automatic car washes can cause damage to the vehicle, wheels, ground effects, and convertible top (if equipped). Do not use automatic car washes due to lack of clearance for the undercarriage, wide rear tires, and wheels.

Caution

To avoid damage to a matte paint finish, do not use an automatic car wash equipped with brushes or scrubbers. Only use touchless automatic car washes.

Follow the posted instructions at the automatic car wash carefully. Turn off the windshield wipers and rear window wiper, if equipped. Remove any accessories that can be damaged or interfere with the car wash equipment.

Hand Wash

Thoroughly rinse all cleaning agents before and after hand washing. Agents left to dry on the exterior may stain the finish.

Dry the exterior finish with a soft, clean chamois or an all-cotton towel to avoid surface scratches and water spotting.

Cleaning Underhood Components

Caution

Do not power wash any component under the hood that has this  symbol.

This could cause damage that would not be covered by the vehicle warranty.

Only use water when cleaning underhood components. Solvents and aggressive cleaners can be harmful.

Caution

Avoid using high-pressure washers closer than 30 cm (12 in) to the surface of the vehicle. Use of power washers exceeding 8,274 kPa (1,200 psi) can result in damage or removal of paint and decals.

If you choose to use a power washer, use care when handling and follow these criteria:

- Keep water pressure below 8,000 kPa (1,160 PSI).
- Keep water temperature below 80 °C (180 °F).
- Use a spray nozzle with a 40-degree-wide or greater angle spray pattern.
- Keep the nozzle at least 30 cm (12 in) away from all surfaces.

Finish Care

Caution

Do not apply waxes or polishes to uncoated plastic, vinyl, rubber, decals, simulated wood, matte paint, or metal mesh grilles as damage can occur.

Caution

Machine compounding or aggressive polishing on a basecoat/clearcoat paint finish may damage it. Use only non-abrasive waxes and polishes that are made for a basecoat/clearcoat paint finish on the vehicle.

Performing occasional hand waxing or mild polishing removes residue from the paint finish. Do not apply aftermarket clearcoat sealant/wax. See your dealer for approved cleaning products.

Avoid rubbing the finish vigorously. This can create bright spots and an uneven appearance on the finish.

Airborne pollutants can cause blotchy, ring-shaped discolorations, and small, irregular dark spots etched into the paint surface. If painted surfaces are damaged, see your dealer to have the damage assessed and repaired.

To keep paint finish looking new, keep the vehicle garaged or covered whenever possible.

Protecting Exterior Bright Metal Moldings

Caution

Failure to clean and protect the bright metal moldings can result in a hazy white finish or pitting. This damage would not be covered by the vehicle warranty.

The bright metal moldings on the vehicle are made of aluminum, chrome, or stainless steel. To prevent damage, always follow these cleaning instructions:

- Be sure the molding is cool to the touch before applying any cleaning solution.
- Use only approved cleaning solutions for aluminum, chrome, or stainless steel. Some cleaners are highly acidic or contain alkaline substances and can damage the moldings.

- Always dilute a concentrated cleaner according to the manufacturer's instructions.
- Do not use cleaners that are not intended for automotive use.
- Use a nonabrasive wax on the vehicle after washing to protect and extend the molding finish.

Carbon Fiber Care

Carbon fiber composite parts can be washed and waxed like any other parts. Use a clear or black pigmented wax. See *Composite Materials* ⇨ 189.

Cleaning Exterior Lights/Lenses, Emblems, Decals, and Stripes

Caution

Failure to clean lights properly can cause damage to the light cover that would not be covered by the vehicle warranty.

Caution

Using wax on low gloss black finish stripes can increase the gloss level and create a non-uniform finish. Clean low gloss stripes with soap and water only.

Use lukewarm or cold water, a soft cloth, and a car washing soap to clean exterior lights, lenses, emblems, decals, and stripes. Follow the instructions under "Washing the Vehicle" previously in this section.

Light covers are made of plastic and may have a UV protective coating. Do not clean or wipe them while they are dry. This can cause scratches to the surface of the light cover.

Do not use any of the following on light covers:

- Abrasive or caustic agents.
- Washer fluids and other cleaning agents in higher concentrations than suggested by the manufacturer.
- Solvents, alcohols, fuels, or other harsh cleaners.
- Ice scrapers or other hard items.

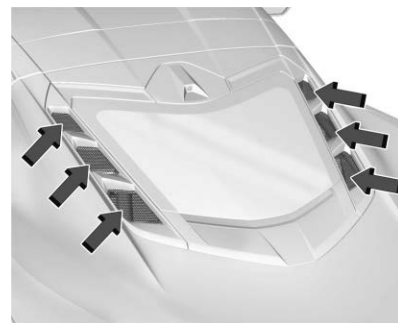
- Aftermarket appearance caps or covers while the lights are illuminated. Excessive heat may be generated and can damage the covers.

Air Intakes — Mesh Grilles

Keep the rear and hood mesh grilles clear of debris. The metal mesh grilles may be hot to the touch after vehicle operation.



Rear Mesh Grille



Coupe Mesh Grille



Convertible Mesh Grille

Do not apply wax to the mesh grilles.

Windshield and Wiper Blades

Clean the outside of the windshield with glass cleaner.

Clean rubber wiper blades using a lint-free cloth or paper towel soaked with windshield washer fluid or a mild detergent. Wash the windshield thoroughly when cleaning the blades. Bugs, road grime, sap, and a buildup of vehicle wash/wax treatments may cause wiper streaking.

Extreme dusty conditions, sand, salt, heat, sun, snow, and ice can cause damage. Replace the wiper blades when they are worn or damaged.

Weatherstrips

Apply weatherstrip lubricant once a year to help weatherstrips last longer, seal better, and not stick or squeak. Hot, dry climates may require more frequent application.

Use a clean cloth to remove any black marks caused by weatherstrips.

Tires, Wheels, and Wheel Trim

Caution

Using petroleum-based tire dressing products on the vehicle may damage the paint finish and/or tires. When applying a tire dressing, always wipe off any overspray from all painted surfaces on the vehicle.

Use a stiff brush with tire cleaner to clean the tires.

Caution

Chrome wheels and chrome wheel trim may be damaged if the vehicle is not washed after driving on roads that have been sprayed with magnesium chloride or calcium chloride. These are used on roads for conditions such as dust control. Always wash the chrome with soap and water after exposure.

Caution

To avoid surface damage on wheels and wheel trim, do not use strong soaps, chemicals, abrasive polishes, cleaners, or brushes. Use only GM approved cleaners. Do not drive the vehicle through an automatic car wash that uses silicon carbide tire/wheel cleaning brushes. Damage could occur and the repairs would not be covered by the vehicle warranty.

Use a soft, clean cloth with mild soap and water to clean the wheels. After rinsing thoroughly with clean water, dry with a soft, clean towel. Wax as desired.

Carbon Fiber Wheels



Warning

Altering, removing, or painting over the white thermal coating on carbon fiber wheels can cause the wheels to overheat and become damaged. Damaged wheels could cause a crash. To prevent property

(Continued)

Warning (Continued)

damage, personal injury, and/or death, do not change the coating on the carbon fiber wheels.

Caution

Carbon fiber wheels may be damaged if the vehicle is not washed after driving on roads that have been sprayed with magnesium chloride or calcium chloride. These are used on roads for conditions such as dust and ice. Always wash the carbon fiber with soap and water after exposure.

If equipped, carbon fiber wheels have a high performance white thermal coating on the rim and back of the spoke. The thermal coating performs best when clean. See “Tires, Wheels, and Wheel Trim” previously in this section for cleaning instructions. However, even with regular cleaning, it is expected that brake dust and road grime will darken the high performance thermal coating over time.

Body Component Lubrication

Lubricate all key lock cylinders, hood hinges, liftgate hinges, and the steel fuel door hinge unless the components are plastic. See *Recommended Fluids and Lubricants* ⇨ 361.

Underbody Maintenance**Caution**

For electric or hybrid vehicles, perform regular care around the high voltage system. Do not direct high pressure spray at or around connectors, cables, or any of the vents. High pressure can damage the seals and battery components.

Every six months, flush any corrosive materials from the underbody with plain water. Take care to thoroughly clean any areas where mud and other debris can collect. If equipped, extend power assist steps and use a high pressure wash to clean all joints and gaps.

Do not directly power wash the transfer case and/or front/rear axle output seals. High pressure water get into the seals and

contaminate the fluid. Contaminated fluid decreases the life of the transfer case and/or axles and should be replaced.

Sheet Metal Damage

If the vehicle is damaged and requires sheet metal repair or replacement, use original manufacturer replacement parts which provide corrosion protection and maintain the vehicle warranty.

If original manufacturer replacement parts are not used, make sure the body repair shop applies anti-corrosion material to parts repaired or replaced.

Finish Damage

Quickly repair minor chips and scratches with touch-up materials available from your dealer to avoid corrosion. See your dealer's body and paint shop to correct larger areas of finish damage.

Interior Care

To prevent dirt particle abrasions to the interior, regularly clean it. Before using cleaners, read and follow all safety instructions on the label. While cleaning the interior, open

the doors and windows for proper ventilation. Newspapers or dark garments can transfer color to the interior.

Caution

Immediately remove cleaners, hand lotions, sunscreen, and insect repellent from all interior surfaces or permanent damage may result.

Caution

Use cleaners specifically designed for the surfaces being cleaned to prevent permanent damage to the vehicle. Apply all cleaners directly to a cleaning cloth. Do not spray cleaners on any switches or controls.

When using liquid soap cleaners, follow the directions on the specific cleaner or soap solution for dilution instructions.

Caution

To prevent damage:

(Continued)

Caution (Continued)

- Never use a razor or any other sharp object to remove soil from any interior surface.
- Never use a brush with stiff bristles.
- Never rub any surface aggressively or with too much pressure.
- Do not get any exposed electrical components wet.
- Do not use laundry detergents or dishwashing soaps with degreasers. Do not use solutions that contain strong or caustic soap.
- Do not heavily saturate the upholstery when cleaning.
- Do not use solvents or cleaners containing solvents.
- Do not use disinfecting wipes that are scented or contain bleach. Do not use wipes or cleaners that show a color transfer to the wipe or change the appearance of the interior surface when used.

(Continued)

Caution (Continued)

- Do not use scented or gel-type hand sanitizers. If hand sanitizer comes in contact with interior surfaces of the vehicle, blot immediately and clean with a soft cloth dampened with a mild soap and water solution.

Interior Glass

Caution

To prevent scratching, never use abrasive cleaners on automotive glass. Abrasive cleaners or aggressive cleaning may damage the rear window defogger.

Use a microfiber cloth fabric dampened with water to clean interior glass. Wipe droplets left behind with a clean dry cloth. If necessary, use a commercial glass cleaner after cleaning with plain water.

Cleaning the interior windshield with water during the first three to six months of ownership will reduce tendency to fog.

Head-Up Display (HUD)

Clean the inside of the windshield to remove any dirt or film that could reduce the sharpness or clarity of the Head-Up Display (HUD) image.

Clean the Head-Up Display (HUD) lens with a soft cloth sprayed with glass cleaner. Wipe the lens gently, then dry it. See *Head-Up Display (HUD)* ⇨ 109.

Speaker Covers

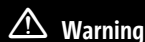
Vacuum gently around speaker covers to prevent damage. Clean spots with water and mild soap.

Coated Moldings

When cleaning coated moldings:

- When lightly soiled, wipe with a sponge or soft, lint-free cloth dampened with water.
- When heavily soiled, use warm soapy water.

Vinyl/Rubber Floor and Mats



Warning

Do not use cleaners that contain silicone, wax-based products, or cleaners that increase gloss on vinyl/rubber floor and mats. These cleaners can permanently change the appearance and feel of the vinyl/rubber and can make the floor slippery. Your foot could slip while operating the vehicle, and you could lose control, resulting in a crash. You or others could be injured.

If equipped with vinyl/rubber floor and mats, use a soft cloth and/or brush dampened with water to remove dust and loose dirt. For more thorough cleaning, use a mild soap and water solution.

Fabric/Carpet/Suede

Before cleaning, remove as much solid soils as possible, then gently vacuum the surface using a soft brush attachment. If a rotating vacuum brush attachment is used, only use it on the floor carpet.

Gently blot liquids with a paper towel. Continue blotting until no more soil can be removed.

To clean:

1. Saturate a clean, lint-free colorfast cloth with water. Microfiber cloth is recommended to prevent lint transfer to the fabric or carpet.
2. Remove excess moisture by gently wringing until water does not drip from the cleaning cloth.
3. Start on the outside edge of the soil and gently rub toward the center. Fold the cleaning cloth to a clean area frequently to prevent forcing the soil into the fabric.
4. Continue gently rubbing the soiled area until there is no longer any color transfer from the soil to the cleaning cloth.
5. If the soil is not completely removed, use a mild soap solution followed only by plain water.
6. After cleaning, use a paper towel to blot excess moisture.

Stubborn stains may require a commercial upholstery cleaner or spot lifter. Test a small hidden area for colorfastness before using

a commercial upholstery cleaner or spot lifter. If ring formation occurs, clean the entire fabric or carpet.

Cleaning High Gloss Surfaces, Vehicle Information, and Radio Displays

Caution

Do not attach a device with a suction cup to the display. This may cause damage and would not be covered by the vehicle warranty.

1. Use a soft bristle brush to remove any dirt from the high gloss surface/display.
2. Gently clean the surface/display with a clean microfiber cloth that has not been bleached or washed with fabric softener. Never use window cleaners or solvents. Rinse the microfiber cloth thoroughly and air dry before next use.

Instrument Panel, Leather, Vinyl, Plastic Surfaces, Low Gloss Paint Surfaces, and Natural Open Pore Wood Surfaces

Caution

Soaking or saturating leather, especially perforated leather, as well as other interior surfaces, may cause permanent damage. Wipe excess moisture from these surfaces after cleaning and allow them to dry naturally. Never use heat, steam, or spot removers. Do not use liquids that contain alcohol or solvents on leather seats. Do not use cleaners that contain silicone or wax-based products. Cleaners containing these solvents can permanently change the appearance and feel of leather or soft trim and are not recommended.

Caution

Use of air fresheners may cause permanent damage to plastics and painted surfaces. If an air freshener comes in contact with any plastic or painted surface in the vehicle,

(Continued)

Caution (Continued)

blot immediately and clean with a soft cloth dampened with a mild soap solution. Damage caused by air fresheners would not be covered by the vehicle warranty.

Use compressed air or a vacuum to remove liquid or dust under the Multi-Functional Controller cap, if equipped.

To remove dust and dirt from knobs and crevices on the instrument cluster:

1. Use a soft bristle brush.
2. Wipe with a soft microfiber cloth dampened with water. Use a mild soap and water solution for more thorough cleaning.

Do not use cleaners that increase gloss, especially on the instrument panel. Reflected glare can decrease visibility through the windshield under certain conditions.

Cargo Cover and Convenience Net

If equipped, wash with warm water and mild detergent. Do not use chlorine bleach. Rinse with cold water, and then dry completely.

Care of Seat Belts

Warning

Do not bleach or dye seat belt webbing. It may severely weaken the webbing. In a crash, they might not be able to provide adequate protection. Clean and rinse seat belt webbing only with mild soap and lukewarm water. Allow the webbing to dry.

Keep belts clean and dry.

Floor Mats

Warning

If a floor mat is the wrong size or is not properly installed, it can interfere with the pedals. Interference with the pedals can cause unintended acceleration and/or increased stopping distance which can cause a crash and injury. Make sure the floor mat does not interfere with the pedals.

The original equipment floor mats are specially designed for your vehicle. If the floor mats need replacing, see “Removing and Replacing the Floor Mats” later in this section.

Proper Use:

- Use only GM-certified floor mats.
- Do not use a floor mat if the vehicle is not equipped with a floor mat retainer on the driver side floor.
- Use the floor mat with the correct side up. Do not turn it over.
- Do not place anything on top of the driver side floor mat.
- Use only a single floor mat on the driver side.

Removing and Replacing the Floor Mats

The driver side floor mat is held in place by two button-type carpet retainers.



1. Pull up on the rear of the floor mat to unlock each retainer and remove.
2. Reinstall by lining up the floor mat retainer openings over the button-type carpet retainers and snapping them into position.
3. Make sure the floor mat is properly secured in place. Verify the floor mat does not interfere with the pedals.

Cleaning Rubber Floor Mats (All-Weather Mats and Floor Liners)

See “Vinyl/Rubber Floor and Mats” under *Interior Care* ⇨ 351 for important cleaning information.

Service and Maintenance

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Maintenance Records

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General Information

Your vehicle is an important investment. This section describes the required maintenance for the vehicle. Follow this schedule to help protect against major repair expenses resulting from neglect or inadequate maintenance. It may also help to maintain the value of the vehicle if it is sold. It is the responsibility of the owner to have all required maintenance performed.

Your dealer has trained technicians who can perform required maintenance using genuine replacement parts. They have up-to-date tools and equipment for fast and accurate diagnostics. Many dealers have extended evening and Saturday hours, courtesy transportation, and online scheduling to assist with service needs.

Your dealer recognizes the importance of providing competitively priced maintenance and repair services. With trained technicians, the dealer is the place for routine maintenance such as oil changes, tire rotations, and additional maintenance items like tires, brakes, batteries, and wiper blades.

Caution

Damage caused by improper maintenance can lead to costly repairs and may not be covered by the vehicle warranty. Maintenance intervals, checks, inspections, recommended fluids, and lubricants are important to keep the vehicle in good working condition.

Do not have chemical flushes that are not approved by GM performed on the vehicle. The use of flushes, solvents, cleaners, or lubricants that are not approved by GM could damage the vehicle, requiring expensive repairs that are not covered by the vehicle warranty.

The Tire Rotation and Required Services are the responsibility of the vehicle owner. It is recommended to have your dealer perform these services every 12 000 km (7,500 mi). Proper vehicle maintenance helps to keep the vehicle in good working condition, improves fuel economy, and reduces vehicle emissions.

Because of the way people use vehicles, maintenance needs vary. There may need to be more frequent checks and services. The Additional Required Services - Normal are for vehicles that:

- Carry passengers and cargo within recommended limits on the Tire and Loading Information label. See *Vehicle Load Limits* ⇨ 185.
- Are driven on reasonable road surfaces within legal driving limits.
- Use the recommended fuel. See *Recommended Fuel* ⇨ 250.

Refer to the information in the Maintenance Schedule Additional Required Services - Normal chart.

The Additional Required Services - Severe are for vehicles that are:

- Mainly driven in heavy city traffic in hot weather.
- Mainly driven in hilly or mountainous terrain.
- Used for high speed or competitive driving.
- Used for taxi, police, or delivery service.

Refer to the information in the Maintenance Schedule Additional Required Services - Severe chart.



Warning

Performing maintenance work can be dangerous and can cause serious injury. Perform maintenance work only if the required information, proper tools, and equipment are available. If they are not, see your dealer to have a trained technician do the work. See *Doing Your Own Service Work* ⇨ 257.

Maintenance Schedule

Tire Rotation and Required Services Every 12 000 km (7,500 mi)

Tires are rotated to achieve a more uniform wear for all tires. The first rotation is the most important.

Anytime unusual wear is noticed, rotate the tires as soon as possible, check for proper tire inflation pressure, and check for damaged tires or wheels. If the unusual wear continues after

the rotation, check the wheel alignment. See *When It Is Time for New Tires* ⇨ 334 and *Wheel Replacement* ⇨ 338.

- Perform Multi-Point Vehicle Inspection. See *Multi-Point Vehicle Inspection (MPVI)* ⇨ 360.
- Lubricate body components. See *Exterior Care* ⇨ 346.
- Check engine coolant level. See *Cooling System (ZR1 Charge Air)* ⇨ 295 *Cooling System (Engine)* ⇨ 295 *Cooling System (Electrified Propulsion)* ⇨ 293.

Additional Required Services – Normal Service

Initial 12 000 km (7,500 mi)

Caution

The transmission external canister filter must be changed at 12 000 km (7,500 mile) during the break-in period. Failure to replace the external canister filter can cause damage to the transmission and potentially void any warranty.

- The initial transmission external canister filter change must be performed at 12 000 km (7,500 mi). This service can be complex. See your dealer.
 - If the canister filter is replaced more than 800 km (500 mi) prior to the initial 12 000 km (7,500 mi) break-in period, the filter still needs to be replaced again within 800 km (500 mi) +/- the 12 000 km (7,500 mi) service interval.
 - The transmission maintenance schedule needs to be restarted if the transmission assembly is replaced. The new unit will require the same initial break-in maintenance.

Every 12 000 km (7,500 mi)

- Check engine oil level and oil life percentage. If needed, change engine oil and filter, and reset oil life system. Or when the CHANGE ENGINE OIL SOON message displays, have the engine oil and filter changed within the next 1 000 km (600 mi). If driven under the best conditions, the engine oil life system may not indicate the need for vehicle service for up to a year. The engine oil and filter must be changed at least once a year and the oil life system must be reset. Your trained dealer technician can perform this work. If the engine oil life system is reset accidentally, service the vehicle within 5 000 km (3,000 mi) since the last service. Reset the oil life system when the oil is changed. See *Engine Oil Life System* ⇨ 289.
- When the REPLACE AT NEXT OIL CHANGE message displays, the engine air filter should be replaced at the next engine oil change. When the REPLACE ENGINE AIR FILTER SOON message displays, the engine air filter should be replaced at the earliest convenience. Reset the engine air filter life system after the engine air filter is replaced. See *Engine Air Filter Life System* ⇨ 291.

Every 36 000 km (22,500 mi)

- Replace the passenger compartment air filter. Or every 24 months, whichever comes first. More frequent passenger compartment air filter replacement may be needed if driving in areas with heavy traffic, poor air quality, high dust levels, or environmental allergens. Passenger compartment air filter replacement may also be needed if there is reduced airflow, window fogging, or odors. Your GM dealer can help determine when to replace the filter.
- Change the dual clutch transmission external canister filter. Check the transmission fluid life percentage. If the percentage is less than 10%, replace the fluid and external canister filter. Change the external canister filter every 36 000 km (22,500 mi) thereafter. This service can be complex. See your dealer.

Every 72 000 km (45,000 mi)

- Change the transmission fluid and external canister filter. Change the external canister filter every 36 000 km (22,500 mi) thereafter. This service can be complex. See your dealer.

Or when the CHANGE TRANSMISSION FLUID SOON message displays, change the fluid and external canister filter within the next 1 000 km (620 mi). Failure to change the transmission fluid at required intervals can lead to reduced transmission performance. The transmission fluid must be changed at least every three years and the Fluid Life System must be reset. Your dealer has trained service technicians who will change the fluid and reset the system. If the system is ever reset accidentally, the fluid must be changed at 72 000 km (45,000 mi) or three years since the last fluid change. See *Dual Clutch Transmission Fluid Life System* ⇨ 290.

Every 156 000 km (97,500 mi)

- Replace spark plugs. Inspect spark plug wires and/or boots.

Every 161 000 km (100,000 mi)

- Replace hood and/or body lift support gas struts. Or every 10 years, whichever comes first. See *Gas Strut(s)* ⇨ 309.

Every 240 000 km (150,000 mi)

- Drain and fill engine cooling system. Or every six years, whichever comes first. See *Cooling System (ZRI Charge Air)* ⇨ 295 *Cooling System (Engine)* ⇨ 295 *Cooling System (Electrified Propulsion)* ⇨ 293.
- Drain and fill power electronic cooling system and rechargeable energy storage system coolant (Grand Sport X/ZR1X). Or every five years, whichever comes first.

Severe Conditions Requiring More Frequent Maintenance*

- Public service, military, or commercial use vehicles to include the following:
 - Ambulances, police cars, and emergency rescue vehicles.
 - Civilian vehicles such as light duty pick-up trucks, SUVs, and passenger cars that are used in military applications.
 - Recovery vehicles such as tow trucks and flatbed single vehicle carriers or any vehicle that is consistently used in towing trailers or other loads.

- High use commercial vehicles such as courier delivery vehicles, private security patrol vehicles, or any vehicles that operate on a 24-hour basis.
- Any vehicle consistently operated in a high sand or dust environment such as those used on oil pipelines and similar applications.
- Vehicles that are regularly used for short trips of 6 km (4 mi) or less.

The oil life indicator will show you when to change the oil and filter. Under severe conditions the indicator may come on before 12 000 km (7,500 mi).

*Under extreme driving conditions listed above, it may be necessary to replace your spark plugs at more frequent intervals. For further assistance in determining the most suitable service maintenance intervals for your vehicle, please contact your authorized GM dealer.

Extreme service is for vehicles mainly driven off-road in four-wheel drive or used in farming, mining, forestry, or snow plowing.

Additional Required Services – Severe Service

Every 72 000 km (45,000 mi)

- Change the front hybrid drive unit fluid (Grand Sport X/ZR1X). This service can be complex. See your dealer.

Owner Checks and Services

Every Five Years

- Replace brake fluid. See *Recommended Fluids and Lubricants* ⇨ 361.
- Replace front lift system fluid (if equipped). See *Recommended Fluids and Lubricants* ⇨ 361.

Every Seven Years

- Replace Air Conditioning Desiccant every seven years. The air conditioning system requires maintenance every seven years. This service requires replacement of the desiccant to help the longevity and efficient operation of the air conditioning system. This service can be complex. See your dealer.

Seasonal

- Inspect the engine air cleaner filter and clear out any leaves, dirt, and debris from the air filter housing to maximize engine performance and air filter life. See *Engine Air Cleaner/Filter* ⇨ 291 and *Vehicle Storage* ⇨ 257.

Conditional

- If brake squeal is observed during normal on road driving, clean and apply copper paste lubricant to the brake pad abutments on both front and rear calipers (excluding J59 brakes). See *Recommended Fluids and Lubricants* ⇨ 361.

Multi-Point Vehicle Inspection (MPVI)

A Multi Point Vehicle Inspection completed by a trained technician is a maintenance assessment of your vehicle. The benefit of the Multi Point Vehicle Inspection is to identify service items that require immediate attention and those that may require attention in the future.

The technician will perform the following checks on your vehicle. You can obtain a copy of the appropriate Multi Point Vehicle Inspection checklist on your country's GM Certified Service website. For a complete list of checks, inspections, and services, see your dealer.

Some items may not apply to your vehicle and/or region.

Diagnostics

- OnStar active, if equipped
- Service history/recall check

Engine Oil and Filter

- Engine oil
- Oil life monitor
 - Reset oil life monitor

Exterior Lights

- Visual inspection

Windshield and Wipers

- Visual inspection

12 Volt Battery

- Battery visual inspection

- Battery test results
- Battery cables and connections

Systems, Fluids, and Visible Leak Inspection

- Engine oil
- Transmission
- Drive axle
- Transfer case
- Engine cooling system
- Power steering, if equipped
- Fuel system
- Windshield washer fluid

Tire Inspection

- Tire pressure, tread depth, and wear
- Rotation, if applicable
- Alignment check, optional
- Reset tire pressure monitor
- Check tire sealant expiration date, if equipped
- Check spare tire, if equipped

Brakes

- Check brake system

Visible and Functional Inspections

- Seat belt components
- Exhaust system
- Accelerator pedal
- Passenger compartment air filter, if equipped
- Engine air filter
- Hoses
- Belts
- Shocks and struts
- Steering components
- Axle boots or driveshaft and u-joints
- Compartment lift struts, if equipped
- Floor mats secured, no interference with pedals
- Horn
- Ignition lock, if equipped
- Starter switch

- Evaporative control system

Lubricate

- Chassis components

Special Application Services

- Severe Commercial Use Vehicles Only: Lubricate chassis components every oil change.
- Have underbody flushing service performed. See "Underbody Maintenance" in *Exterior Care* ⇨ 346.

Recommended Fluids, Lubricants, and Parts

Recommended Fluids and Lubricants

Fluids and lubricants identified below by name or specification, including fluids or lubricants not listed here, can be obtained from your dealer.

Usage	Fluid/Lubricant
Brake Pad Lubrication	Molykote Copper Paste. See your dealer.
Chassis Lubrication	Chassis lubricant meeting requirements of NLGI #2, Category LB or GC-LB.
Dual Clutch Transmission	ACDelco DCTF FFL-4 Automatic Transmission Fluid
Engine Coolant	40/60 coolant/water mixture of clean, drinkable water and use only DEX-COOL Coolant. See <i>Cooling System (ZR1 Charge Air)</i> ⇨ <i>295 Cooling System (Engine)</i> ⇨ <i>295 Cooling System (Electrified Propulsion)</i> ⇨ 293.
Engine Oil	Engine oil meeting the dexosR specification of the proper SAE viscosity grade. Mobil 1 dexosR full synthetic is recommended. See <i>Engine Oil (5.5L LT6/LT7 Engine)</i> ⇨ <i>283 Engine Oil (6.7L LS6 Engine)</i> ⇨ 286.
Front Hybrid Drive Unit Fluid (Grand Sport X and ZR1X)	DEXRON ULV Automatic Transmission Fluid.
Front Lift System (If Equipped)	GM Approved DOT 4 Hydraulic Brake Fluid. See <i>Front Lift System</i> ⇨ 222.
Hydraulic Brake System	GM Approved DOT 4 Hydraulic Brake Fluid.
Power Electronic Cooling System and Rechargeable Energy Storage System Coolant (Grand Sport X and ZR1X)	Use only ACDelco Premix (50/50 mixture of de-ionized water and DEX-COOL Coolant). See your dealer.

Usage	Fluid/Lubricant
Weatherstrip Conditioning	AC Delco Dielectric Silicone Grease
Windshield Washer	Automotive windshield washer fluid that meets regional freeze protection requirements.

After scheduled services are performed, record the date, odometer reading, who performed the service, and the type of services performed in the boxes provided. Retain all maintenance receipts.

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Technical Data

Vehicle Identification

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Vehicle Data

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Vehicle Identification

Vehicle Identification Number (VIN)



This legal identifier is in the front corner of the instrument panel, on the driver side of the vehicle. It can be seen through the windshield from outside. The Vehicle Identification Number (VIN) also appears on the Vehicle Certification label and certificates of title and registration.

Engine Identification

The eighth character in the Vehicle Identification Number (VIN) is the engine code. This code identifies the vehicle engine, specifications, and replacement parts. See “Engine Specifications” under *Capacities and Specifications* ⇨ 365 for the vehicle engine code.

Service Parts Identification

The certification label provides vehicle service information to the service technician.

There may be a large barcode on the certification label located on the door frame that the service technician can scan for the following information:

- Vehicle Identification Number (VIN)
- Model designation
- Paint information
- Production options

Vehicle Data

Capacities and Specifications

The following approximate capacities are given in metric and English conversions.

See *Recommended Fluids and Lubricants* ⇨ 361.

Application	Capacities	
	Metric	English
Air Conditioning Refrigerant	For the air conditioning system refrigerant charge type and amount, see the refrigerant label under the hood. See your dealer for more information.	
5.5L V8 Engine (LT6) Engine Cooling System* – Z06	23.5 L	24.8 qt
5.5L V8 Engine (LT7) Engine Cooling System* – ZR1 and ZR1X	25.25 L	26.7 qt
6.7L V8 Engine (LS6) Engine Cooling System with Performance Package* – Stingray	23.0 L	24.3 qt
6.7L V8 Engine (LS6) Engine Cooling System without Performance Package* – Stingray	21.0 L	22.2 qt
6.7L V8 Engine (LS6) Engine Cooling System* – Grand Sport and Grand Sport X	23.5 L	24.8 qt
Power Electronic Cooling System (Grand Sport X)	1.4 L	1.5 qt
Rechargeable Energy Storage System (Grand Sport X)	2.0 L	2.1 qt
Charge Air Cooling System ZR1	6.25 L	6.6 qt
Charge Air Cooling System ZR1X (including Power Electronic and Rechargeable Energy Storage System cooling)	7.57 L	8.0 qt

Application	Capacities	
	Metric	English
Engine Oil with Filter		
5.5L V8 Engine (LT6) (LT7) – Z06, ZR1, and ZR1X	7.6 L	8.0 qt
6.7L V8 Engine (LS6) – Stingray, Grand Sport, and Grand Sport X	7.1 L	7.5 qt
Front Hybrid Drive Unit (Grand Sport X and ZR1X)**	3.0 L	3.2 qt
Fuel Tank	70.0 L	18.5 gal
Wheel Nut Torque	190 N•m	140 lb ft
All capacities are approximate. When adding, be sure to fill to the approximate level, as recommended in this manual. Recheck fluid level after filling		
*Engine cooling system capacity values are based on the entire cooling system and its components.		
** After draining.		

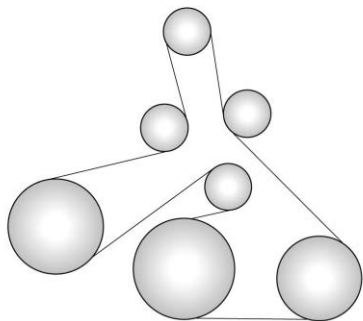
Engine Specifications

Engine	VIN Code	Transmission	Spark Plug Gap	Firing Order
5.5L V8 Engine (LT6) – Z06	3	Dual Clutch Transmission	0.65-0.75 mm (0.026- 0.030 in)	1-4-3-8-7-6-5-2
5.5L V8 Engine (LT7) – ZR1 and ZR1X	7	Dual Clutch Transmission	0.65-0.85 mm (0.026- 0.033 in)	1-4-3-8-7-6-5-2
6.7L V8 Engine (LS6) – Stingray, Grand Sport, and Grand Sport X	5	Dual Clutch Transmission	0.95-1.10 mm (0.037-0.043 in)	1-8-7-2-6-5-4-3
Spark plug gaps are preset by the manufacturer. Re-gapping the spark plug is not recommended and can damage the spark plug.				

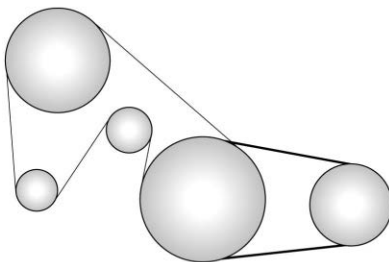
Engine Data

Engine	Horsepower	Torque	Displacement	Compression Ratio
5.5L V8 Engine (LT6) – Z06	499.6 kW (670 hp)	623.7 N•m (460 lb ft)	5.5 L	12.5:1
5.5L V8 Engine (LT7) – ZR1 and ZR1X	793.4 kW (1,064 hp)	1122.6 N•m (828 lb ft)	5.5 L	9.8:1
6.7L V8 Engine (LS6) – Stingray, Grand Sport, and Grand Sport X	398.9 kW (535 hp)	705.0 N•m (520 lb ft)	6.7 L	13.0:1

Engine Drive Belt Routing



5.5L V8 Engine (LT6) – Z06 and 5.5L V8 Engine (LT7) – ZR1 and ZR1X



6.7L V8 Engine (LS6) – Stingray, Grand Sport, and Grand Sport X

Customer Information

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Customer Satisfaction Procedure

Your satisfaction and goodwill are important to your dealer and to Chevrolet. Normally, any concerns with the sales transaction or the operation of the vehicle will be resolved by your dealer's sales or service departments. Sometimes, however, despite the best intentions of all concerned, misunderstandings can occur. If your concern has not been resolved to your satisfaction, the following steps should be taken:

STEP ONE: Discuss your concern with a member of dealership management. Normally, concerns can be quickly resolved at that level. If the matter has already been reviewed with the sales, service, or parts manager, contact the owner of your dealership or the general manager.

STEP TWO: If after contacting a member of dealership management, it appears your concern cannot be resolved by your dealership without further help, in the U.S., call the Chevrolet Customer Assistance Center at 1-800-222-1020. In Canada, call General Motors of Canada Customer Care Centre at 1-800-263-3777 (English), or 1-800-263-7854 (French).

We encourage you to call the toll-free number in order to give your inquiry prompt attention. Have the following information available to give the Customer Assistance representative:

- Vehicle Identification Number (VIN). This is available from the vehicle registration or title, or the plate at the top left of the instrument panel and visible through the windshield.
- Dealership name and location.
- Vehicle delivery date and present mileage.

When contacting Chevrolet, remember that your concern will likely be resolved at a dealer's facility. That is why we suggest following Step One first.

STEP THREE — U.S. Owners: Both GM and your GM dealer are committed to making sure you are completely satisfied with your new vehicle. However, if you continue to remain unsatisfied after following the procedure outlined in Steps One and Two, you can file with the Better Business Bureau (BBB) AUTO LINE Program to enforce any additional rights you may have.

The BBB AUTO LINE Program is an out-of-court program administered by the BBB National Programs, Inc. to settle automotive disputes regarding vehicle repairs or the interpretation

of the New Vehicle Limited Warranty. Although you may be required to resort to this informal dispute resolution program prior to filing a court action, use of the program is free of charge and your case will generally be heard within 40 days. If you do not agree with the decision given in your case, you may reject it and proceed with any other venue for relief available to you. When contacting the BBB AUTO LINE, you will need to provide the following information: Owner's name and address, Vehicle identification number (VIN), the Year, Make, Model, mileage of the vehicle and provide a description of the concern.

Contact the BBB AUTO LINE Program using the toll-free telephone number or write them at the following address:

BBB AUTO LINE Program
BBB National Programs, Inc.
1676 International Drive
Suite 550
McLean, VA 22102

Telephone: 1-800-955-5100
www.bbbauto.org

This program is available in all 50 states and the District of Columbia. Eligibility is limited by vehicle age, mileage, and other factors. General

Motors reserves the right to change eligibility limitations and/or discontinue its participation in this program.

STEP THREE — Canadian Owners: In the event that you do not feel your concerns have been addressed after following the procedure outlined in Steps One and Two, General Motors of Canada Company wants you to be aware of its participation in a no-charge Mediation/ Arbitration Program. General Motors of Canada Company has committed to binding arbitration of owner disputes involving factory-related vehicle service claims. The program provides for the review of the facts involved by an impartial third party arbiter, and may include an informal hearing before the arbiter. The program is designed so that the entire dispute settlement process, from the time you file your complaint to the final decision, should be completed in about 70 days. We believe our impartial program offers advantages over courts in most jurisdictions because it is informal, quick, and free of charge.

For further information concerning eligibility in the Canadian Motor Vehicle Arbitration Plan (CAMVAP), call toll-free 1-800-207-0685, or call

the General Motors Customer Care Centre, 1-800-263-3777 (English), 1-800-263-7854 (French), or write to:

The Mediation/Arbitration Program
c/o Customer Care Centre
General Motors of Canada Company
500 Wentworth Street W
Oshawa, ON L1J 0C5

Your inquiry should be accompanied by the Vehicle Identification Number (VIN).

California Warranty Information

The Song-Beverly Consumer Warranty Act provides consumers who purchase or lease a new motor vehicle in California with certain rights if their vehicle has nonconformities that GM or its authorized repair facilities (e.g., GM dealers) are unable to repair after a reasonable number of attempts.

Applied to your vehicle, California Civil Code Section 1793.2(d) requires that, if GM or its authorized repair facilities are unable to repair a new motor vehicle to conform to the vehicle's applicable express warranties after a reasonable number of attempts, GM

shall either replace the new motor vehicle or provide restitution in accordance with a statutory formula.

California Civil Code Section 1793.22(b) creates a presumption that GM has had a reasonable number of attempts to conform the vehicle to its applicable express warranties if, within 18 months from delivery to the buyer or 18,000 miles on the vehicle's odometer, whichever occurs first, one or more of the following occurs:

- The same nonconformity results in a condition that is likely to cause death or serious bodily injury if the vehicle is driven AND the nonconformity has been subject to repair two or more times by GM or its authorized repair facilities (e.g., dealers) AND the buyer or lessee has at least once directly notified GM of the need for the repair of the nonconformity by mailing such notification to the address listed below.
- The same nonconformity has been subject to repair four or more times by GM or its authorized repair facilities AND the buyer has at least once directly notified GM of the

need for the repair of the nonconformity by mailing such notification to the address listed below.

- The vehicle is out of service by reason of repair nonconformities by GM or its authorized repair facilities for a cumulative total of more than 30 calendar days after delivery of the vehicle to the buyer.

If you purchased or leased a new motor vehicle in California and GM or its authorized repair facilities have been unable to repair the vehicle to conform it to applicable express warranties within a reasonable number of attempts, you may be eligible for relief under the Song-Beverly Consumer Warranty Act. You can submit a claim with the BBB AUTO LINE Program (see *Customer Satisfaction Procedure* ⇨ 371) or you can request in writing that GM replace or repurchase your vehicle.

Notice to General Motors regarding warranty issues must be sent either by email to californiawarrantynotice@gm.com or by certified or registered mail, return receipt requested, to the following address:

California Repurchase Notice
P.O. Box 33173
Detroit, MI 48232-5173

Any repurchase request must include your name, the accurate Vehicle Identification Number ("VIN") of your vehicle, a brief summary of the repair history and problems with the vehicle.

Información de garantía de California

La Ley de Garantía del Consumidor Song-Beverly brinda a los consumidores que compran o alquilan un vehículo automotor nuevo en California ciertos derechos si su vehículo presenta inconformidades que GM o sus talleres de reparación autorizadas (por ejemplo, los distribuidores de GM) no pueden reparar después de una cantidad razonable de intentos.

Aplicado a su vehículo, la Sección 1793.2(d) del Código Civil de California requiere que, si GM o sus talleres de reparación autorizadas no pueden reparar un vehículo automotor nuevo para cumplir con las garantías expresas aplicables del vehículo después de una cantidad razonable de intentos, GM deberá reemplazar el vehículo automotor nuevo o proporcionar una restitución de acuerdo con una fórmula legal.

La Sección 1793.22(b) del Código Civil de California crea una presunción de que GM ha realizado un número razonable de intentos para adaptar el vehículo a sus garantías expresas aplicables si, dentro de los 18 meses desde la entrega al comprador o 18,000 millas en el odómetro del vehículo, lo que ocurra primero, ocurre uno o más de los siguientes:

- La misma inconformidad da como resultado una condición que probablemente cause la muerte o lesiones corporales graves si se conduce el vehículo Y la inconformidad ha sido objeto de reparación dos o más veces por GM o sus talleres de reparación autorizadas (por ejemplo, distribuidores) Y el comprador o arrendatario ha notificado directamente por lo menos una vez a GM sobre la necesidad de reparar la inconformidad enviando dicha notificación por correo a la dirección que se indica a continuación.
- La misma inconformidad ha sido objeto de reparación cuatro o más veces por GM o sus talleres de reparación autorizadas Y el comprador ha notificado directamente por lo menos una vez a GM sobre la necesidad

de la reparación de la inconformidad enviando dicha notificación a la dirección que se indica a continuación.

- El vehículo está fuera de servicio debido a inconformidades de reparación por parte de GM o sus talleres de reparación autorizadas por un total acumulado de más de 30 días calendario después de la entrega del vehículo al comprador.

Si compró o alquiló un vehículo automotor nuevo en California y GM o sus talleres de reparación autorizados no han podido reparar el vehículo para cumplir con las garantías expresas aplicables dentro de una cantidad razonable de intentos, puede ser elegible para recibir ayuda bajo la Ley de Garantía del Consumidor Song-Beverly. Puede presentar un reclamo ante el Programa BBB AUTO LINE (consulte el Procedimiento de satisfacción del cliente) o puede solicitar por escrito que GM reemplace o recompre su vehículo.

El aviso a General Motors sobre problemas de garantía debe enviarse por correo electrónico a californiawarrantynotice@gm.com o por correo certificado o registrado, con acuse de recibo solicitado, a la siguiente dirección:

Aviso de recompra de California
P.O. Box 33173

Detroit, MI 48232-5173

La solicitud para reemplazo o recompra debe incluir su nombre, el Número de identificación del vehículo ("NIV") preciso de su vehículo, un breve resumen del historial de reparación y problemas con el vehículo.

Customer Assistance Offices

Chevrolet is committed to assisting customers. Visit us online at www.chevrolet.com/support (U.S.) or www.chevrolet.ca/en/owners (Canada) to chat with us or find answers to commonly asked questions, tips, vehicle how-to instructions, and available support.

Need more help? Use the telephone numbers or mailing addresses below for additional assistance.

United States and Puerto Rico

Chevrolet Motor Division
Chevrolet Customer Assistance Center
P.O. Box 33170
Detroit, MI 48232-5170
1-800-222-1020

TTY: Dial 711 relay service and
contact 1-800-833-2438

Roadside Assistance: 1-800-243-8872

Canada

Customer Care Centre
General Motors of Canada Company
500 Wentworth Street W
Oshawa, ON L1J 0C5

1-800-263-3777 (English)

1-800-263-7854 (French)

1-800-263-3830 (For Text Telephone
devices (TTYs))

Roadside Assistance: 1-800-268-6800

Overseas

Please contact the local General Motors
Business Unit.

Customer Assistance for Text Telephone (TTY) Users

To assist customers who are deaf, hard of
hearing, or speech-impaired and/or who use
Text Telephones (TTYs), please dial the national
711 relay service and contact 1-800-833-2438.
TTY users in Canada can dial 1-800-263-3830.

Online Account and Customer Support

Create a Chevrolet Account (U.S.) at chevrolet.com

Learn more about your vehicle features, shop
for and manage your connected services
and OnStar plans, and access diagnostic
information specific to your vehicle. Visit
chevrolet.com and create an account today.

Membership Benefits

 : Download owner's manuals and view
vehicle-specific how-to videos.

 : View maintenance schedules, alerts, and
Vehicle Diagnostic Information. Schedule
service appointments.

 : View service records from your dealership
and add your own.

 : Select a preferred dealer and view
locations, maps, phone numbers, and hours.

 : Track your vehicle warranty information.

 : View active recalls by Vehicle Identification
Number. See *Vehicle Identification Number*
(VIN) ⇨ 365.

 : Manage your profile and payment information. View your GM Rewards Card earnings and My Chevrolet Rewards points.

 : Chat with online help representatives.

Chevrolet Account (Canada)

Visit your Chevrolet Account at chevrolet.ca/en (English) or chevrolet.ca/fr (French) to access similar benefits.

GM Mobility Reimbursement Program (U.S. Only)

GENERAL MOTORS MOBILITY



This program is available to qualified applicants for cost reimbursement, up to certain limits, of eligible aftermarket adaptive equipment required for the vehicle, such as hand controls or a wheelchair/scooter lift for the vehicle.

To learn about the GM Mobility program, call the GM Mobility Assistance Center at 1-800-323-9935. Text Telephone (TTY) users, please dial the national 711 relay service and contact 1-800-323-9935.

Roadside Assistance Program

From the U.S., call 1-800-243-8872. Text Telephone (TTY) Users (U.S. Only): Contact 711 relay service and provide 1-800-243-8872.

From Canada, call 1-800-268-6800.

Service is available 24 hours a day, 365 days a year.

Calling for Assistance

When calling Roadside Assistance, have the following information ready:

- Your name, home address, and home telephone number
- Your mobile telephone number or the telephone number of your current location.
- Location of the vehicle
- Model, year, color, and license plate number of the vehicle
- Odometer reading and Vehicle Identification Number (VIN)

- Description of the problem

Coverage

Vehicles with an active Powertrain Warranty receive service.

In the U.S. and Canada, Roadside coverage applies only when the person operating the vehicle has the owner's permission to drive it.

Roadside Assistance is not a part of the New Vehicle Limited Warranty. General Motors North America and Chevrolet can make any changes or discontinue the Roadside Assistance program at any time without notification.

General Motors North America and Chevrolet may choose to limit services or payment to an owner or driver if they decide the claims are made too often, or the same type of claim is made too frequently.

Services Provided

- **Emergency Fuel Delivery:** Delivery of enough fuel for the vehicle to get to the nearest service station. Fuel will not be delivered to vehicles at a service station.

- **Lock-Out Service:** Service to unlock the vehicle if you cannot open the doors. For security reasons, the driver must present identification to receive service. A remote unlock may be available if you have OnStar.
- **Emergency Tow from a Public Road or Highway:** Tow to the nearest Chevrolet dealer for warranty service, or if a vehicle cannot drive due to a crash.
- **Flat Tire Change:** If the tire has been separated from the wheel, has damaged sidewalls, or has a large puncture, the tire is too severely damaged for the run-flat tire to be effective and the vehicle will have to be towed. It is the owner's responsibility for the repair or replacement of the tire if it is not covered by the warranty.
- **Battery Jump Start:** Service to jump start a dead battery.
- **Trip Interruption Benefits and Assistance:** If you cannot continue your trip due to a warranty event, Roadside Assistance may reimburse incidental expense within the Powertrain Warranty period. This includes hotels, meals, rental car, or a vehicle being delivered back to the customer, up to 500 miles.

Services Not Included in Roadside Assistance

- Delivery of fuel to vehicles at a service station
- Impound towing caused by violation of any laws
- Reimbursement of legal fines
- Reimbursement of police mandated tows
- Mounting, dismounting, or changing of snow tires, chains, or other traction devices
- Towing of anything attached to the vehicle like boats, campers, trailers, cargo boxes, etc.
- Vehicles stranded due to off-road driving
- Vehicles stuck in the sand, mud, or snow
- Ferry towing (Customers are responsible for the coordination and payment of any ferry involvement prior to Roadside dispatching)
- Airfare reimbursement

Roadside Assistance does not provide service if a vehicle is in an area that is not accessible to the service vehicle or is not a regularly traveled or maintained public road, which includes ice

and winter roads. Customers do not receive vehicle service on restricted roadways. This includes, but are not partial to, some highways, tunnels, toll roads, toll bridges, turnpikes, and service roads.

Services Specific to Canadian-Purchased Vehicles

- **Fuel Delivery:** Reimbursement is up to 7 liters. Propane and other fuels are not provided through this service. Fuel will not be delivered to vehicles at a service station.
- **Lock-Out Service:** Vehicle registration is required.
- **Trip Interruption Benefits and Assistance:** Must be traveling 150 km from the start of the trip to qualify. Benefits and assistance require pre-authorization, original detailed receipts, and a copy of the repair orders. When the Roadside Assistance advisor receives permission, they will help to explain and plan how to receive payment.
- **Alternative Service:** The Roadside Assistance advisor may allow local emergency road service if the customer cannot receive immediate service. You will receive payment, up to \$100, after sending

the original receipt to Roadside Assistance. The vehicle owner is responsible for any costs for parts and labor for repairs the warranty does not cover. Coverage may also apply to mechanical failures.

Scheduling Service Appointments

If your vehicle requires service, contact your dealer and request an appointment. By scheduling a service appointment and advising the service consultant of your transportation needs, your dealer can help minimize your inconvenience. Be sure to notify your dealer of any safety-related concerns when requesting the appointment.

If you cannot schedule service immediately, keep driving the vehicle until your scheduled appointment, unless the problem is safety related.

If you are seeking a same-day repair, schedule your appointment as early in the day as possible.

Courtesy Transportation Program

GM and our participating dealers are proud to offer Courtesy Transportation. This customer support program minimizes inconvenience

during warranty repairs for vehicles with the Bumper-to-Bumper (Base Warranty Coverage period in Canada), Federal Emission, Extended Powertrain, or Electric-specific warranties in both the U.S. and Canada.

Courtesy Transportation is not a part of the New Vehicle Limited Warranty. See the "Limited Warranty and Owner Assistance Information" manual for detailed new vehicle warranty coverage information.

Transportation Options

Warranty service is often completed while you wait. If not, your dealer may offer these transportation options:

Shuttle Service

One-way or round-trip shuttle service within a reasonable time and distance from your dealer.

Public Transportation, Ridesharing App, or Fuel Reimbursement

If your vehicle is kept overnight for repairs and you use public transportation or a ridesharing app, original receipts must support the expense within GM's allowed maximum to qualify for reimbursement. If U.S. customers arrange their

own transportation, limited reimbursement for reasonable fuel expenses may be available. Claims should reflect actual costs and must be supported by original receipts. See your dealer for information.

Courtesy Rental Vehicle

For an overnight warranty repair, the dealer may offer a courtesy rental vehicle or reimburse rental costs. Reimbursement requires original receipts, a signed and complete rental agreement, and must meet state/provincial, local and rental vehicle provider requirements, which may include, minimum age requirements, insurance coverage, and credit card. Additional fees for fuel, rental vehicle insurance, taxes, levies, usage fees, excessive mileage, or rental usage beyond the completion of the repair are your responsibility.

A like vehicle may not be available as a courtesy rental.

Additional Program Information

Not all program options, like shuttle service, are available at every dealer. Contact your dealer for availability.

General Motors reserves the right to unilaterally modify, change, or discontinue Courtesy Transportation at any time and to resolve all questions of claim eligibility pursuant to the terms and conditions described herein at its sole discretion.

If a Crash Occurs

If there has been an injury, call emergency services for help. Do not leave the scene of a crash until all parties address the matter. Move the vehicle only if its position puts you in danger, or a police officer tells you to move it.

Give only the necessary information to police and other parties involved in the crash.

For emergency towing see *Roadside Assistance Program* ⇨ 376.

Gather the following information:

- Driver name, address, and telephone number
- Driver license number
- Owner name, address, and telephone number
- Vehicle license plate number
- Vehicle make, model, and model year

- Vehicle Identification Number (VIN)
- Insurance company and policy number
- General description of the damage to the other vehicle

Choose a reputable repair facility that uses quality replacement parts. See “Collision Parts” in *Collision Damage Repair* ⇨ 379.

If the airbag has inflated, see *What Will You See After an Airbag Inflates?* ⇨ 58.

Collision Damage Repair

If the vehicle is damaged in a collision, have it repaired by a qualified technician using the proper equipment and Genuine GM Collision replacement parts. Poorly performed collision repairs diminish the vehicle resale value and safety performance.

Managing the Vehicle Damage Repair Process

Repair Facility

Taking an active role in the vehicle repair process is important. Choose a collision repair facility that meets your needs before you ever need collision repairs. Your dealer may have a collision repair center with GM-trained

technicians and state-of-the-art equipment or be able to recommend a collision repair center that has GM-trained technicians and comparable equipment.

If you have a preferred repair facility, take the vehicle there, or have it towed there. Specify to the facility that any required replacement collision parts be original equipment parts. Remember, only Genuine GM parts are covered by the GM vehicle warranty. See “Collision Parts” later in this section.

Collision Parts

Genuine GM Collision parts are new parts made with the same materials and construction methods as factory installed parts. Genuine GM Collision parts ensure that the vehicle's designed appearance, durability, and safety features are preserved. The use of Genuine GM parts can help maintain the GM New Vehicle Limited Warranty.

Recycled original equipment parts may be an acceptable choice to maintain the vehicle's appearance and safety performance; however, the history of these parts may not be known. Such parts are not covered by the GM New Vehicle Limited Warranty, and any related failures are not covered by that warranty.

Aftermarket collision parts made by companies other than GM may fit poorly, exhibit premature durability/corrosion problems, and may not perform properly in subsequent collisions. Aftermarket parts are not covered by the GM New Vehicle Limited Warranty, and any vehicle failure related to such parts is not covered by that warranty.

Insuring the Vehicle

Protect your GM vehicle with comprehensive and collision insurance coverage. There are significant differences in the quality of coverage afforded by various insurance policy terms. If the vehicle is repaired with any parts that are not GM original equipment collision parts, they will not be covered or under warranty. If such insurance coverage is not available from your current insurance carrier, consider switching to another insurance carrier.

If you are leasing your vehicle, the leasing company may require you to have insurance that ensures repairs with Genuine GM Original Equipment Manufacturer parts or Genuine Manufacturer replacement parts. Read the lease carefully, as you may be charged at the end of the lease for poor quality repairs.

Depending on your policy limits, your insurance company may initially value the repair using aftermarket parts. Discuss this with the repair professional and insist on Genuine GM parts. Remember, if the vehicle is leased, you may be obligated to have the vehicle repaired with Genuine GM parts, even if your insurance coverage does not pay the full cost.

If another party's insurance company is paying for the repairs, you are not obligated to accept a repair valuation based on that insurance company's collision policy repair limits, as you have no contractual limits with that company. In such cases, you can have control of the repair and parts choices if the cost stays within reasonable limits.

Publication Ordering Information

Service Manuals

Service manuals have the diagnosis and repair information on the engine/propulsion, transmission, axle, suspension, brakes, electrical system, steering system, body, etc.

Customer Literature

Owner's manuals are written specifically for owners and are intended to provide basic operational information about the vehicle. The owner's manual includes the Maintenance Schedule for all models.

Customer literature publications available for purchase include owner's manuals, warranty manuals, and portfolios. Portfolios include an owner's manual, warranty manual, if applicable, and zip lock bag or pouch.

Current and Past Models

Service manuals and customer literature are available for many GM vehicles.

To check availability and to order, call 1-800-551-4123 Monday–Friday, 8:00 a.m.–6:00 p.m. Eastern Time

For credit card orders only (VISA, MasterCard, or Discover), see Helm, Inc. at: www.helminc.com.

To order by mail, write to:

Helm Incorporated
Attention: Customer Service
47911 Halyard Drive, Suite 200
Plymouth, MI 48170

Make checks payable in U.S. funds.

Radio Frequency Statement

This vehicle uses license-exempt transmitters / receivers / systems that operate on a radio frequency that complies with Part 15/Part 18 of the Federal Communications Commission (FCC) rules and with Innovation, Science and Economic Development (ISED) Canada's license-exempt RSS(s) / RSP-100 / ICES-GEN.

Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

1. The device may not cause harmful interference.
2. The device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation of the device.

Changes or modifications to any of these systems by other than an authorized service facility could void authorization to use this equipment.

Reporting Safety Defects

Reporting Safety Defects to the United States Government

If you believe that your vehicle has a defect which could cause a crash or could cause injury or death, you should immediately inform the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration (NHTSA) in addition to notifying General Motors.

If NHTSA receives similar complaints, it may open an investigation, and if it finds that a safety defect exists in a group of vehicles, it may order a recall and remedy campaign. However, NHTSA cannot become involved in individual problems between you, your dealer, or General Motors.

To contact NHTSA, you may call the Vehicle Safety Hotline toll-free at 1-888-327-4236 (TTY: 888-275-9171); go to <https://www.safercar.gov>; or write to:

Administrator, NHTSA
1200 New Jersey Avenue, S.E.,
Washington, D.C. , 20590

You can also obtain other information about motor vehicle safety from <https://www.safercar.gov>.

Reporting Safety Defects to the Canadian Government

If you live in Canada, and you believe that the vehicle has a safety defect, notify Transport Canada immediately, and notify General Motors of Canada Company. Call Transport Canada at 1-800-333-0510; go to: www.tc.gc.ca/recalls (English)
www.tc.gc.ca/rappels (French)
or write to:

Transport Canada
Motor Vehicle Safety Directorate
Defect Investigations and Recalls Division
80 Noel Street
Gatineau , QC J8Z 0A1

Reporting Safety Defects to General Motors

In addition to notifying National Highway Traffic Safety Administration (NHTSA) (or Transport Canada) in a situation like this, notify General Motors.

In the U.S., call 1-800-222-1020, or write:

Chevrolet Motor Division
Chevrolet Customer Assistance Center
P.O. Box 33170
Detroit, MI 48232-5170

In Canada, call 1-800-263-3777 (English) or 1-800-263-7854 (French), or write:

Customer Care Centre
General Motors of Canada Company
500 Wentworth Street W
Oshawa, ON L1J 0C5

In Mexico, call 800-466-0811 or 800-508-0000.

In other Central America and Caribbean Countries, call 52-555-901-2369.

Vehicle Data Recording and Privacy

The vehicle has a number of computers that record information about the vehicle's performance and how it is driven or used. For example, the vehicle uses computer modules to monitor and control engine and transmission performance, to monitor the conditions for airbag deployment and deploy them in a crash, and, if equipped, to provide antilock braking to help the driver control the vehicle. These modules may store data to help the dealer technician service the vehicle or to help GM improve safety or features. Some modules may also store data about how the vehicle is operated, such as rate of fuel consumption or average speed. These modules may retain personal preferences, such as radio presets, seat positions, and temperature settings.

Cybersecurity

GM collects information about the use of your vehicle including operational and safety related information. We collect this information to provide, evaluate, improve, and troubleshoot our products and services and to develop new products and services.

The protection of vehicle electronics systems and customer data from unauthorized outside electronic access or control is important to GM. GM maintains appropriate security standards, practices, guidelines and controls aimed at defending the vehicle and the vehicle service ecosystem against unauthorized electronic access, detecting possible malicious activity in related networks, and responding to suspected cybersecurity incidents in a timely, coordinated and effective manner. Security incidents could impact your safety or compromise your private data. To minimize security risks, please do not connect your vehicle electronic systems to unauthorized devices or connect your vehicle to any unknown or untrusted networks (such as Bluetooth, Wi-Fi, or similar technology). In the event you suspect any security incident impacting your data or the safe operation of your vehicle, please stop operating your vehicle and contact your dealer.

Event Data Recorders

This vehicle is equipped with an Event Data Recorder (EDR). The main purpose of an EDR is to record, in certain crash or near crash-like situations, such as an air bag deployment or

hitting a road obstacle, data that will assist in understanding how a vehicle's systems performed. The EDR is designed to record data related to vehicle dynamics and safety systems for a short period of time, typically 30 seconds or less. The EDR in this vehicle is designed to record such data as:

- How various systems in your vehicle were operating;
- Whether or not the driver and passenger safety belts were buckled/fastened;
- How far (if at all) the driver was depressing the accelerator and/or brake pedal; and,
- How fast the vehicle was traveling.

These data can help provide a better understanding of the circumstances in which crashes and injuries occur.

Note

EDR data are recorded by your vehicle only if a non-trivial crash situation occurs; no data are recorded by the EDR under normal driving conditions and no personal data (e.g., name, gender, age, and crash location) are recorded. However, other parties, such as law enforcement, could combine

the EDR data with the type of personally identifying data routinely acquired during a crash investigation.

To read data recorded by an EDR, special equipment is required, and access to the vehicle or the EDR is needed. In addition to the vehicle manufacturer, other parties, such as law enforcement, that have the special equipment, can read the information if they have access to the vehicle or the EDR.

GM will not access these data or share it with others except: with the consent of the vehicle owner or, if the vehicle is leased, with the consent of the lessee; in response to an official request by police or similar government office; as part of GM's defense of litigation through the discovery process; or, as permitted by law. Data that GM collects or receives may also be used for GM research needs or may be made available to others for research purposes, where a need is shown and the data is not tied to a specific vehicle or vehicle owner.

OnStar

If the vehicle is equipped with OnStar and has an active service plan, additional data may be collected and transmitted through the OnStar system. This includes information about the

vehicle's operation; collisions involving the vehicle; the use of the vehicle and its features, including infotainment; and the location and approximate GPS speed of the vehicle. Refer to the OnStar Terms and Conditions and Privacy Statement on the OnStar website.

See *OnStar Additional Information* ⇨ 385.

Infotainment System

If the vehicle is equipped with a navigation system as part of the infotainment system, use of the system may result in the storage of destinations, addresses, telephone numbers, and other trip information. See the infotainment section for information on stored data and for deletion instructions.

OnStar

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OnStar Overview

This vehicle may be equipped with a comprehensive, in-vehicle system that can connect to an OnStar Advisor for Emergency, Security, Navigation, Connection, and Diagnostic Services. OnStar services may require a paid service plan and data plan. OnStar requires the vehicle battery and electrical system, cellular service, and GPS satellite signals to be available and operating. OnStar acts as a link to existing emergency service providers.

OnStar may collect information about you and your vehicle, including location information. See OnStar User Terms, Privacy Statement, and Software Terms for more details including system limitations at www.onstar.com (U.S.) or www.onstar.ca (Canada).



 White OnStar Button



 Blue OnStar Button



Red Emergency Button

The OnStar system status light is next to the OnStar buttons. When the status light is:

- Solid Green: the system is ready.
- Flashing Green: the system is on a call.
- Red: a problem has been detected.
- Off: the system is off. Press  twice to speak with an OnStar Advisor.

Press  or call 1-888-4ONSTAR (1-888-466-7827) to speak to an OnStar Advisor.

Press  to end ongoing calls with an OnStar Advisor.

Press  to connect to the OnStar Virtual Assistant to:

- Verify account information or update contact information.
- Request driving directions.
- Request a Diagnostic check of essential operating systems.
- Request Roadside Assistance.
- Manage Wi-Fi Settings, if equipped.

Press  to get a priority connection to an OnStar Advisor available 24/7 to:

- Request help for an emergency, severe weather, or other crisis situations, and find evacuation routes.
- Be a Good Samaritan or respond to an AMBER Alert.

OnStar Services

Emergency

Emergency Services require an active safety and security plan. With Automatic Crash Response, built-in sensors can automatically connect an OnStar Advisor into the vehicle to help.

Press  for a priority connection to an OnStar Advisor who can contact emergency service providers, direct them to your exact location, and relay vital information.

With OnStar Crisis Assist, specially trained OnStar Advisors are available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, to provide a central point of contact, assistance, and information during a crisis.

With Roadside Assistance, OnStar Advisors can locate a nearby service provider to help with a flat tire or a battery jump.

Security

If equipped, OnStar provides these services:

- **Stolen Vehicle Assistance:** OnStar Advisors can use GPS to locate the vehicle and help authorities quickly recover it.
- **Remote Ignition Block:** OnStar can block the vehicle from restarting.
- **Stolen Vehicle Slowdown:** OnStar can work with law enforcement to gradually slow the vehicle down.

Theft Alarm Notification

When the vehicle alarm system is armed and the alarm is activated, an alert by text, email, or app push notification is sent. If the vehicle is stolen, an OnStar Advisor can work with authorities to recover the vehicle.

OnStar Additional Information

In-Vehicle Audio Messages

Audio messages may play important information at the following times:

- Prior to vehicle purchase. Press  to set up an account.
- After change in ownership.
- Periodically to verify vehicle connectivity status.

Transferring Service

Press  to request account transfer eligibility information. The OnStar Advisor can cancel or change account information.

Selling/Transferring the Vehicle

Call 1-888-4ONSTAR (1-888-466-7827) immediately to terminate your OnStar or connected services if the vehicle is disposed of, sold, transferred, or if the lease ends.

Reactivation for Subsequent Owners

Press  and follow the prompts to speak to an OnStar Advisor as soon as possible. The OnStar Advisor will update vehicle records and explain OnStar or connected service options.

How OnStar Service Works

Automatic Crash Response, Emergency Services, Crisis Assist, Stolen Vehicle Assistance, Remote Services, and Roadside Assistance are available on most vehicles. Not all OnStar services are available everywhere or on all vehicles. For more information, a full description of OnStar services, system limitations, and OnStar User Terms, Privacy Statement, and Software Terms:

- Call 1-888-4ONSTAR (1-888-466-7827).
- See www.onstar.com (U.S.).
- See www.onstar.ca (Canada).
- Call TTY 1-877-248-2080.
- Press  to speak with an OnStar Advisor.

OnStar or connected services cannot work unless the vehicle is in a place where OnStar has an agreement with a wireless service provider for service in that area. The wireless service provider must also have coverage,

network capacity, reception, and technology compatible with OnStar or connected services. Service involving location information about the vehicle cannot work unless GPS signals are available, unobstructed, and compatible with the OnStar hardware. OnStar or connected services may not work if the OnStar equipment is not properly installed or it has not been properly maintained. If equipment or software is added, connected, or modified, OnStar or connected services may not work. Other problems beyond the control of OnStar — such as hills, tall buildings, tunnels, weather, electrical system design and architecture of the vehicle, damage to the vehicle in a crash, or wireless phone network congestion or jamming — may prevent service.

Services for People with Disabilities

OnStar Advisors provide services to help with physical disabilities and medical conditions.

Press  to help:

- Find a hotel, restaurant, etc., that meets accessibility needs.
- Provide directions to the closest hospital or pharmacy in urgent situations.

TTY Users

OnStar has the ability to communicate to deaf, hard-of-hearing, or speech-impaired customers while in the vehicle. If equipped, the TTY system provides in-vehicle access to all OnStar services, except OnStar Turn-by-Turn Navigation.

Turn your vehicle on and keep it in P (Park). From the infotainment apps screen, access TTY by touching Settings > Apps > Phone > TTY > Enable OnStar TTY mode. When TTY mode is active, you can make and receive phone calls using the infotainment display.

OnStar Personal Identification Number (PIN)

A PIN is needed to access some OnStar services. The PIN will need to be changed the first time when speaking with an OnStar Advisor. To change the OnStar PIN, contact an OnStar Advisor by pressing  or calling 1-888-4ONSTAR.

Warranty

OnStar equipment may be warranted as part of the vehicle warranty.

Languages

The vehicle can be programmed to respond in multiple languages. Press  and ask for an OnStar Advisor. OnStar Advisors are available in English, Spanish, and French. Available languages may vary by country.

Potential Issues

OnStar cannot perform Remote Door Unlock or Stolen Vehicle Assistance after the vehicle has been off continuously for an extended period of time without being started. To find out the duration of time that applies for the vehicle, contact an OnStar Advisor by pressing  or calling 1-888-4ONSTAR. If the vehicle has not been started for an extended period of time, OnStar can contact Roadside Assistance or a locksmith to help gain access to the vehicle.

Global Positioning System (GPS)

- Obstruction of the GPS can occur in a large city with tall buildings; in parking garages; around airports; in tunnels and underpasses; or in an area with very dense trees. If GPS signals are not available, the OnStar system should still operate to call OnStar. However, OnStar could have difficulty identifying the exact location.

- In emergency situations, OnStar can use the last stored GPS location to send to emergency responders.

A temporary loss of GPS can cause loss of the ability to send a Turn-by-Turn Navigation route. The OnStar Advisor may give a verbal route or may ask for a call back after the vehicle is driven into an area with greater access to GPS signal.

Cellular and GPS Antennas

Cellular reception is required for OnStar to send remote signals to the vehicle. Do not place items over or near the antenna to prevent blocking cellular and GPS signal reception.

Unable to Connect to OnStar Message

If there is limited cellular coverage or the cellular network has reached maximum capacity, this message may come on. Press  to try the call again or try again after driving a few miles into another cellular area.

Vehicle and Power Issues

OnStar services require a vehicle electrical system, wireless service, and GPS satellite technologies to be available and operating for

features to function properly. These systems may not operate if the battery is discharged or disconnected.

Add-on Electrical Equipment

The OnStar system is integrated into the electrical architecture of the vehicle. Do not add any electrical equipment. See *Add-On Electrical Equipment* ⇨ 253. Added electrical equipment may interfere with the operation of the OnStar system and cause it to not operate.

Vehicle Software Updates

OnStar or GM may remotely deliver software updates or changes to the vehicle without further notice or consent. These updates or changes may enhance or maintain safety, security, or the operation of the vehicle or the vehicle systems. Software updates or changes may affect or erase data or settings that are stored in the vehicle, such as saved navigation destinations or pre-set radio stations. Neither OnStar nor GM is responsible for any affected or erased data or settings. These updates or changes may also collect personal information. Such collection is described in the OnStar Privacy Statement or separately disclosed at the time of installation. These updates

or changes may also cause a system to automatically communicate with GM servers to collect information about vehicle system status, identify whether updates or changes are available, or deliver updates or changes. An active OnStar agreement constitutes consent to these software updates or changes and agreement that either OnStar or GM may remotely deliver them to the vehicle.

Connected Services Privacy Statement

The complete OnStar Privacy Statement may be found at www.onstar.com (U.S.), or www.onstar.ca (Canada). We recommend that you review it. If you have any questions, call 1-888-4ONSTAR (1-888-466-7827) or press  to speak with an OnStar Advisor. Users of wireless communications are cautioned that the privacy of any information sent via wireless cellular communications cannot be assured. Third parties may unlawfully intercept or access transmissions and private communications without consent.

OnStar – Software Acknowledgements

To obtain the source code under GPL, LGPL, MPL, and other open source licenses, that is contained in this product, please visit

www.opensourceautomotive.com/an/GM. In addition to the source code, all referred license terms, warranty disclaimers, and copyright notices are available for download. This offer is valid for a period of three years after our last shipment of this product. This offer is valid to anyone in receipt of this information.

*Provided through Aumovio, Inc., who is solely responsible for provisions of related OSS compliance.

Connected Services

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Navigation

Connected navigation services enable you to use the vehicle's mobile app or an OnStar Advisor to get route guidance.

If equipped, you can send destinations from the myChevrolet mobile app to the Turn-by-Turn or built-in navigation system.

An active OnStar or connected services plan is required. Services vary by model. Map coverage is available in the United States (www.onstar.com) and Canada (www.onstar.ca).

Turn-by-Turn Navigation

OnStar Turn-by-Turn Navigation provides voice-guided driving directions using GPS technology.

To get directions, push the Blue OnStar button  and request Turn-by-Turn directions. The OnStar Virtual Assistant will send detailed directions to the Turn-by-Turn Navigation system.

Automated voice-guided directions will take you to your set destination.

If you are in an area where Turn-by-Turn is not available, push  to speak to an OnStar Advisor. The OnStar Advisor will be able to give real-time navigation instructions.

Destination Download

If equipped, OnStar can send directions to the vehicle's built-in navigation system. Press , then ask the OnStar Virtual Assistant to download directions to the built-in navigation system.

After the navigation session is downloaded, the navigation screen will provide prompts to begin driving directions.

Downloaded routes can only be canceled through the built-in navigation system.

Connections

The following services allow you to monitor your vehicle status, manage your vehicle Wi-Fi services, and safeguard your personal data.

For coverage maps, see www.onstar.com (U.S.) or www.onstar.ca (Canada).

Wi-Fi Hotspot

If equipped, the built-in Wi-Fi hotspot provides 5G access to in-vehicle experiences such as navigation apps, voice assistance, audio and visual HD streaming apps in select vehicles. Multiple devices can be connected. A data plan is required.

Only use the in-vehicle controls when it is safe to do so. See *Distacted Driving* ⇨ 163.

To retrieve Wi-Fi hotspot information, select the Wi-Fi Hotspot icon on the infotainment app screen.

The Wi-Fi settings will display:

- The Wi-Fi hotspot name (Service Set Identifier) and password.
- The connection type (no Internet connection, 4G, 4G LTE, 5G) and signal quality (poor, good, excellent), if equipped.

The connection type icon may not illuminate even though the vehicle has an active connection.

Connect with an OnStar Advisor to edit the Wi-Fi hotspot name or password. See *OnStar Overview* ⇨ 384. On some vehicles, you can edit the Wi-Fi hotspot name and password in the Wi-Fi Hotspot menu.

After initial setup, the Wi-Fi hotspot will connect automatically to your mobile devices. Manage data usage by turning Wi-Fi on or off on your mobile device, using the myChevrolet mobile app, or by contacting an OnStar Advisor.

myChevrolet App

To remotely connect to your vehicle, download the myChevrolet mobile app to a compatible Apple or Android device. For specific app features, see my.chevrolet.com.

To use the app, you will need:

- An active OnStar or connected services plan.
- A compatible mobile device.
- Factory-installed remote start and power door locks.

Data rates apply.

See www.chevrolet.com or www.onstar.com for details and system limitations.

Security Best Practices

To protect your personal data:

- Change the default password for the myChevrolet mobile app. Use a combination of letters and numbers to increase the security.

- Change the Wi-Fi hotspot name (Service Set Identifier) and password. The Service Set Identifier is your network's name that is visible to other wireless devices. Choose a unique name and avoid family names or vehicle descriptions.

Diagnostics

OnStar's Vehicle Diagnostics

If equipped and enabled, OnStar's Vehicle Diagnostics monitors and reports on the health of your vehicle's central operating systems. Capabilities vary by model. See www.onstar.com (U.S.) or www.onstar.ca (Canada) for details and system limitations.

myChevrolet App

You can remotely check your vehicle status through the myChevrolet app.

Features are subject to change. For updates on feature capabilities, see www.chevrolet.com/owners. Message and data rates may apply.

Vehicle Updates

How Your Vehicle is Updated

If equipped, the vehicle can download and install select software updates over a wireless connection. The system will prompt for certain updates to be downloaded and/or installed.

To manually check for updates, select Settings > Updates. Follow the on-screen prompts to download and/or install the update. The steps to check for, download, and install updates may vary by vehicle.

During the software download, the vehicle can be used normally. Once the download is complete, the vehicle may prompt you to install when shifting into P (Park).

During the software installation, the vehicle will be disabled and cannot be driven. The system will show the installation progress and will notify you of success or failure once the installation is complete.

Your vehicle must be connected to the internet to download Over-the-Air vehicle software updates, which can be accessed through the vehicle's built-in internet connection. If required, data plans are provided by

a third party. A secure Wi-Fi hotspot such as a compatible mobile, home, or public hotspot can be used. Applicable data rates may apply.

To connect the infotainment system to a secured hotspot, select Settings > Connections > Wi-Fi Networks. Select the appropriate Wi-Fi network and follow the on-screen prompts.

Download speeds may vary. On most compatible mobile devices, activation of the Wi-Fi hotspot is in the Settings menu under Mobile Network Sharing, Personal Hotspot, Mobile Hotspot, or similar. Availability of Over-the-Air software updates varies by vehicle and country. Features are subject to change.

For more information on this feature, see *Online Account and Customer Support* ⇨ 375.

Vehicle Update Additional Information

If you have accepted the terms and conditions and have an active connected services package for your vehicle, GM may remotely deliver software updates or changes to the vehicle without further notice or consent. These updates or changes may enhance or maintain safety, security, or the operation of the vehicle

or the vehicle systems. Software updates or changes may affect or erase data or settings that are stored in the vehicle, such as saved navigation destinations or pre-set radio stations. GM is not responsible for any affected or erased data or settings. These updates or changes may also collect personal information. Such collection is described in the privacy statement or separately disclosed at the time of installation. These updates or changes may also cause a system to automatically communicate with GM servers to collect information about vehicle system status, identify whether updates or changes are available, or deliver updates or changes. An active connectivity agreement constitutes consent to these software updates or changes and agreement that GM may remotely deliver them to the vehicle.

Data Download

If the vehicle is equipped with and has an active connected services plan, additional data may be collected through the connected services system. This includes information about: the vehicle's operation, a crash involving the vehicle, the use of the vehicle and its features, and, in certain situations, the location and approximate GPS speed of the

vehicle. Refer to the Terms and Conditions and Privacy Statement on the website. See www.chevrolet.com.

Wireless Configuration

Export of this vehicle to another region may require reset of internal settings for wireless communication configuration to ensure regulatory compliance or enable connectivity. See your dealer. The end-user of the device does not have an option to modify the regulatory wireless configuration.

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Warranty Information
Reference Guides
Links to GM Brand Websites
Many Additional Resources

Connected Services
1-888-4-ONSTAR

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