



2017 Rogue HYBRID

First Responder's Guide



Foreword

This manual describes first response operations and **important safety** related warnings and cautions for this vehicle.

This vehicle is equipped with a high-voltage battery pack. **Failure to follow recommended practices during emergency responses will cause death or serious personal injury.**

Please read this manual in advance in order to understand the features of this vehicle and to help you deal with incidents involving this vehicle. Follow the procedures in order to help assure a successful first response operation.

This manual is periodically updated. If you are not viewing this manual on the Nissan web site, we urge you to go to www.nissanusa.com or www.nissan-techinfo.com to make sure you have the most recent version of this manual.

NISSAN EMERGENCY CONTACT INFORMATION

- Nissan Consumer Affairs: 1-800-647-7261 (US) or 1-800-387-0122 (Canada)
- Hours of operation are 8am - 5pm (Monday-Friday) Eastern, Central and Pacific time zones

IMPORTANT INFORMATION ABOUT THIS MANUAL

You may see various symbols in this manual. They have the following meanings:



⚠ DANGER

This symbol is used to inform you of an operation which will result in death or serious personal injury if instructions are not followed.

Example: Touching high-voltage components without using the appropriate protective equipment will result in electrocution. PPE must always be worn when touching or working on high-voltage components.

⚠ WARNING

This symbol is used to inform you of an operation which may cause death or serious personal injury if instructions are not followed.

⚠ CAUTION

This symbol is used to inform you of an operation which may cause personal injury or component damage if instructions are not followed.

Please note that there may be differences between this manual and the vehicle specification due to specification changes.

Table of Contents

FOREWORD	FRG-2
NISSAN EMERGENCY CONTACT INFORMATION	FRG-2
IMPORTANT INFORMATION ABOUT THIS MANUAL	FRG-2
1. ABOUT THE ROGUE HYBRID	FRG-5
1-1 ROGUE HYBRID IDENTIFICATION	FRG-6
1-1.1 EXTERIOR AND ENGINE COMPARTMENT	FRG-6
1-1.2 INTERIOR	FRG-7
1-2 VEHICLE IDENTIFICATION NUMBER (VIN) LAYOUT	FRG-8
1-3 WARNING AND INDICATOR LAMP INFORMATION	FRG-8
2. BASIC HIGH-VOLTAGE SYSTEM AND 12-VOLT SYSTEM INFORMATION	FRG-10
2-1 BATTERY INFORMATION	FRG-10
2-1.1 12-VOLT BATTERY	FRG-10
2-1.2 HIGH-VOLTAGE BATTERY	FRG-10
2-2 HIGH-VOLTAGE-RELATED AND 12-VOLT-RELATED COMPONENT LOCATIONS AND DESCRIPTIONS	FRG-11
2-3 HIGH-VOLTAGE BATTERY PACK SPECIFICATIONS	FRG-13
2-4 HIGH-VOLTAGE SAFETY MEASURES	FRG-13
2-4.1 WARNING LABELS	FRG-13
2-5 HIGH-VOLTAGE SAFETY SYSTEM	FRG-15
2-6 HIGH-VOLTAGE CIRCUIT SHUT-OFF SYSTEM	FRG-16
2-7 PREVENTING ELECTRICAL SHOCK	FRG-16
2-8 EMERGENCY MEDICAL EQUIPMENT	FRG-16
3. EMERGENCY RESPONSE STEPS	FRG-17
3-1 PREPARATION ITEMS	FRG-18
3-1.1 PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE) PROTECTIVE WEAR CONTROL	FRG-18
3-1.2 DAILY INSPECTION	FRG-19
3-1.3 INSULATED TOOLS	FRG-19
3-2 VEHICLE IMMOBILIZATION AND STABILIZATION	FRG-19

3-3 HOW TO HANDLE A DAMAGED VEHICLE AT AN ACCIDENT SCENE	FRG-20
3-3.1 HIGH-VOLTAGE SYSTEM SHUT-DOWN PROCEDURE	FRG-21
3-3.2 WATER SUBMERSION	FRG-32
3-3.3 VEHICLE FIRE	FRG-32
3-3.4 CUTTING THE VEHICLE BODY	FRG-33
3-3.5 HIGH-VOLTAGE BATTERY DAMAGE AND FLUID LEAKS	FRG-38
3-3.6 ACCESSING THE OCCUPANTS	FRG-39
3-4 STORING THE VEHICLE	FRG-40
4. EMERGENCY QUICK REFERENCE GUIDE	FRG-41

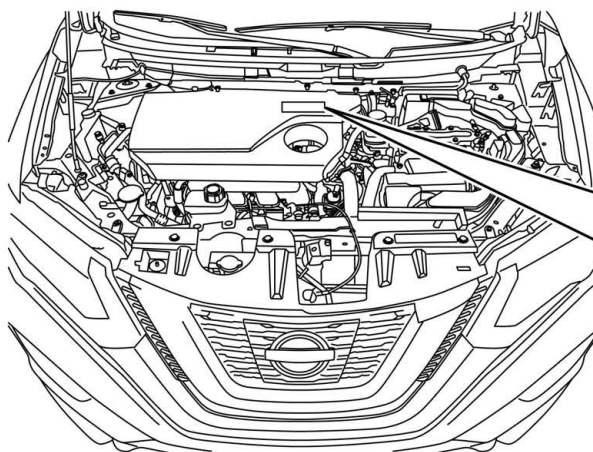
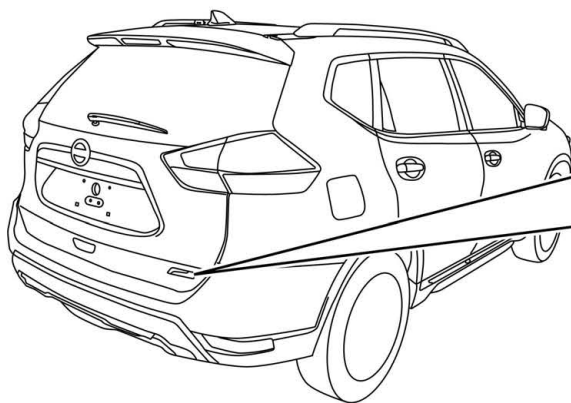
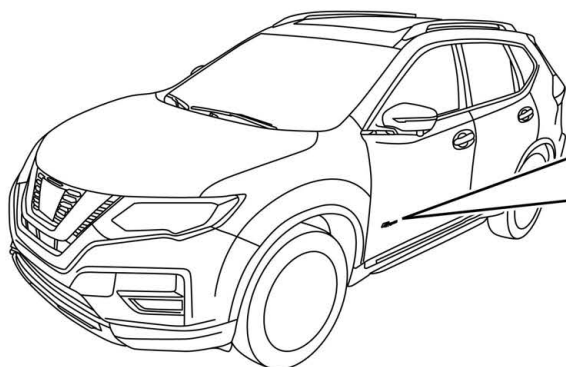
1. About the Rogue HYBRID

This hybrid electric vehicle (HEV) uses two types of batteries. One is a 12-volt battery that is the same as the battery in vehicles powered by internal combustion engines. The 12-volt battery is located behind the second row seat with battery cable access underneath the cargo area luggage board. The other is the high-voltage battery for the traction motor which propels the vehicle. The high-voltage battery is located behind the second row seat with service plug access through the cargo area storage bin.

When the high-voltage battery level is low, engine output is used to generate power from the traction motor and charge the high-voltage battery. Additionally, the vehicle system can recharge the high-voltage battery by converting driving force into electricity while the vehicle is decelerating or being driven downhill. This is called regenerative charging.

1-1 ROGUE HYBRID IDENTIFICATION

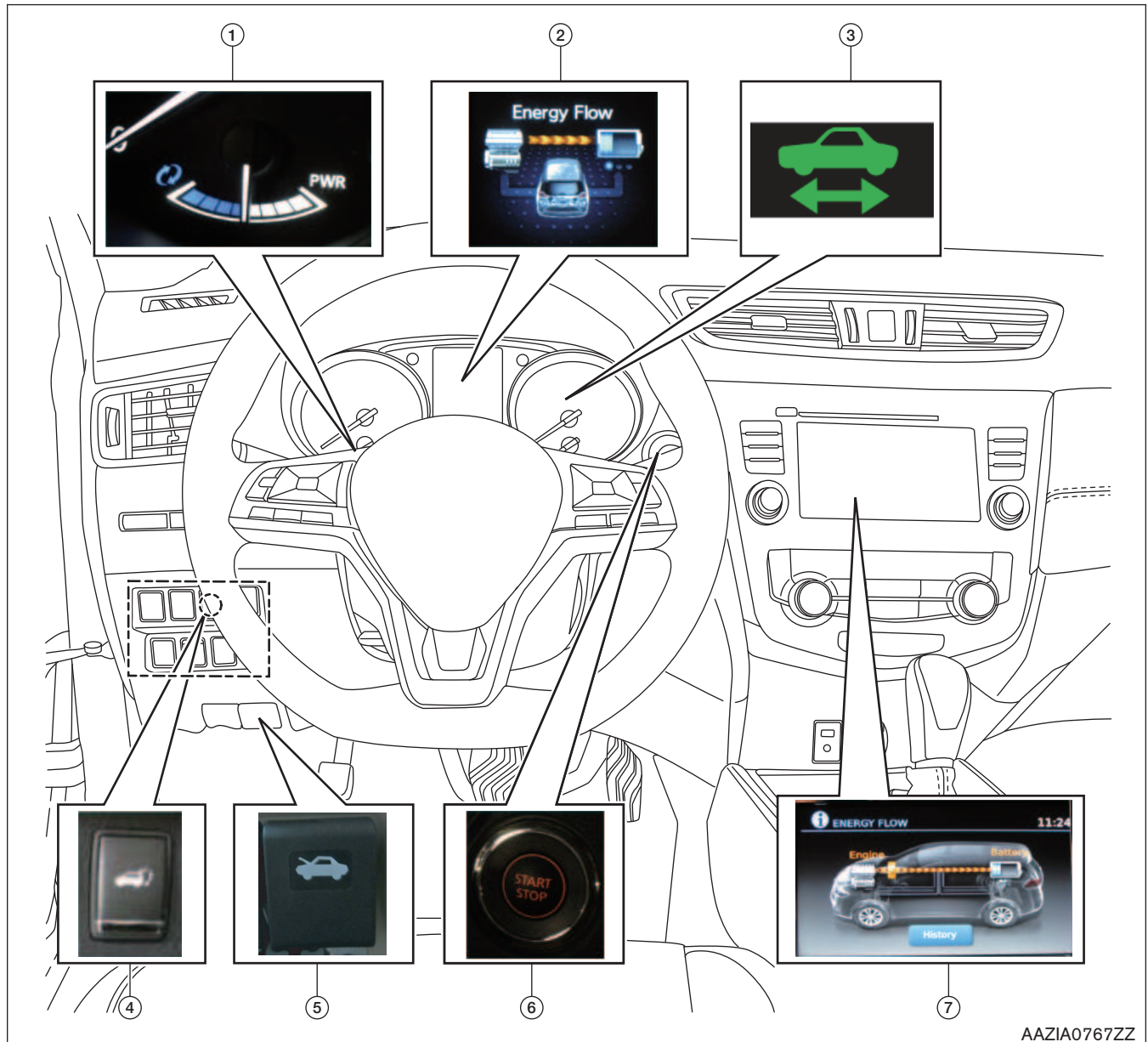
1-1.1 Exterior and Engine Compartment



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1-1.2 Interior

Interior components referenced in this manual are as follows:



1. Assist charge gauge

2. Energy flow display *1

3. READY indicator (green)

4. Liftgate switch

5. Hood release handle

6. Ignition switch and ON indicator lamp (orange)

7. Energy flow display *1

*1: This screen may not be displayed due to customer settings. Only one of these screens will display energy flow depending on vehicle optional equipment.

1-2 Vehicle Identification Number (VIN) Layout

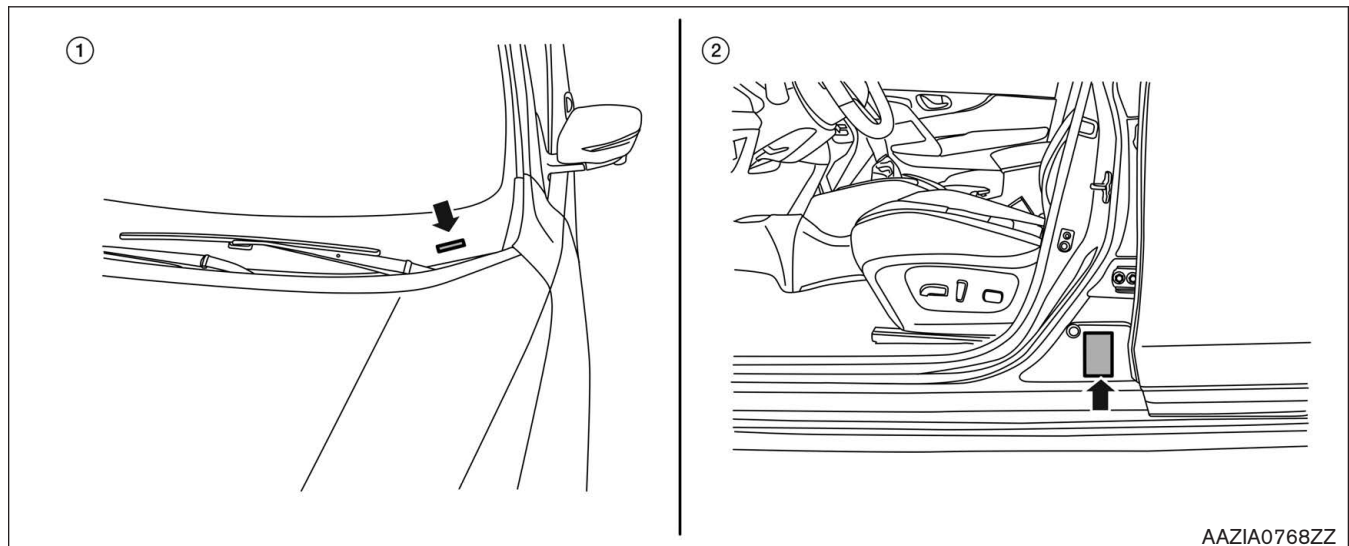
In exterior appearance the Rogue HYBRID is nearly identical to the conventional Nissan Rogue series vehicles.

The vehicle identification number can be located as follows:

Example VIN : 5N1 **ET**2MT9HC123456

The Rogue HYBRID is identified by the 4th alphanumeric character: **E**

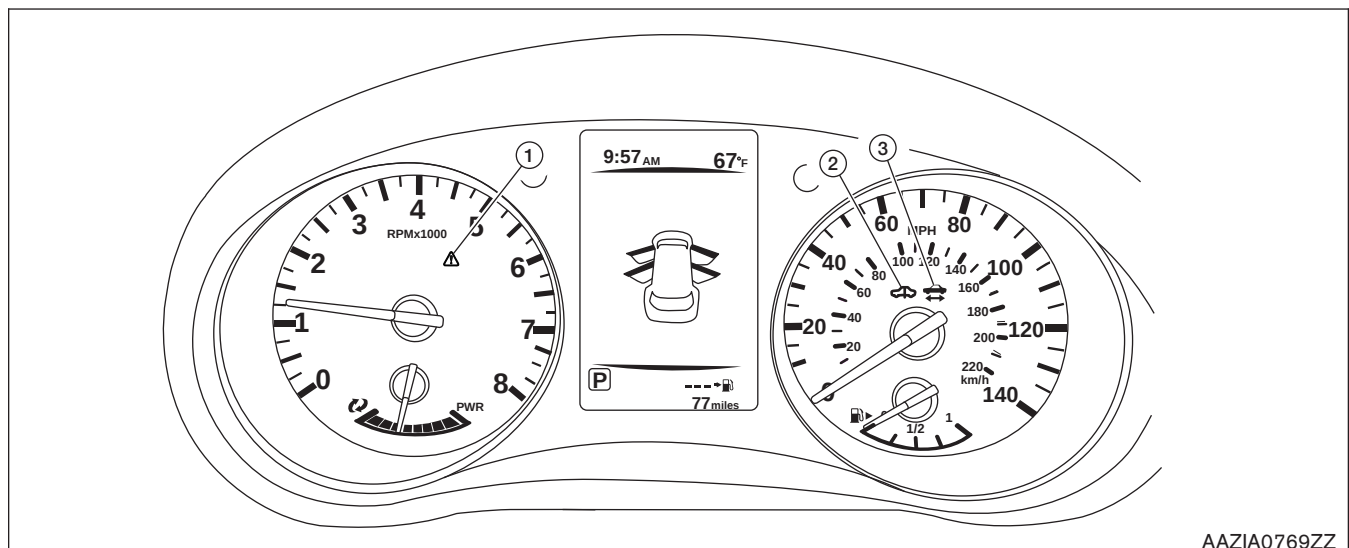
E = Rogue HYBRID



1. VIN plate (visible through windshield)

2. Vehicle certification label (lower center pillar)

1-3 Warning and Indicator Lamp Information



1. Master Warning Lamp
(Orange or Red)

2. Hybrid System Warning Lamp
(Orange)

3. READY Indicator
(Green)

Lamp Name	Icon	Description
READY Indicator (Green)		This lamp is on when the high-voltage system is powered up and the vehicle is ready to drive.
Master Warning Lamp (Orange or Red)	 	This lamp is on when another warning lamp or message is displayed in the instrument cluster.
Hybrid System Warning Lamp *1 (Orange)		This lamp is on or blinking when: ▪ Malfunction has occurred in the hybrid control system and/or ▪ High-voltage leak to vehicle chassis and/or ▪ Emergency shut-off system has been activated. The shut-off system activates in the following conditions: – Front and side collisions in which the air bags are deployed. – Certain rear collisions. – Certain high-voltage system malfunctions.

*1: When this lamp is ON, the READY Indicator will turn OFF.

2. Basic High-voltage System and 12-volt System Information

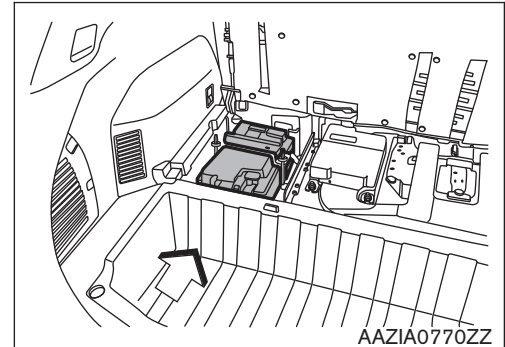
2-1 Battery Information

The Rogue HYBRID utilizes two batteries in order to supply both high and low voltage.

2-1.1 12-Volt Battery

- The Rogue HYBRID contains a conventional lead-acid 12-volt battery.
- The 12-volt battery is located in the rear of the vehicle on the left side, inside the cargo area.
- The 12-volt battery is charged by the high-voltage battery through the DC/DC converter.

← : Vehicle front

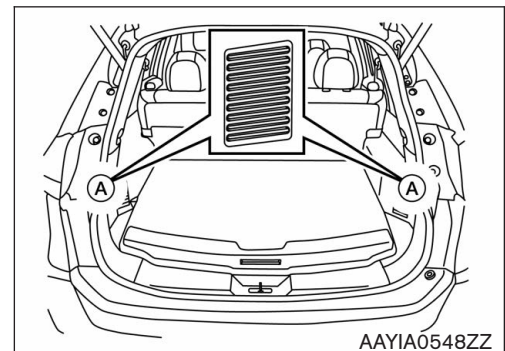
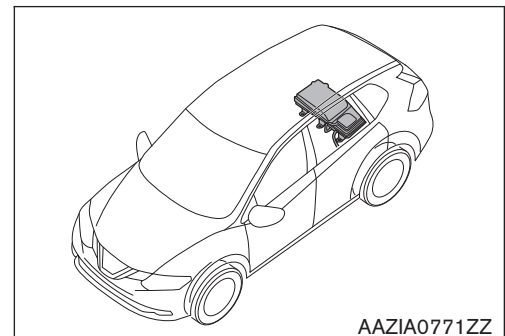


2-1.2 High-voltage Battery

- The Rogue HYBRID contains a high-voltage battery.
 - The high-voltage battery is mounted inside of the cargo area and enclosed in a metal case.
 - The high-voltage battery stores approximately 172.8 – 201.6 volts DC.
 - A vent hose is provided to exhaust gasses outside the vehicle, if necessary.
-
- Air vents **(A)** are located on the cargo area trim panels for battery cooling.

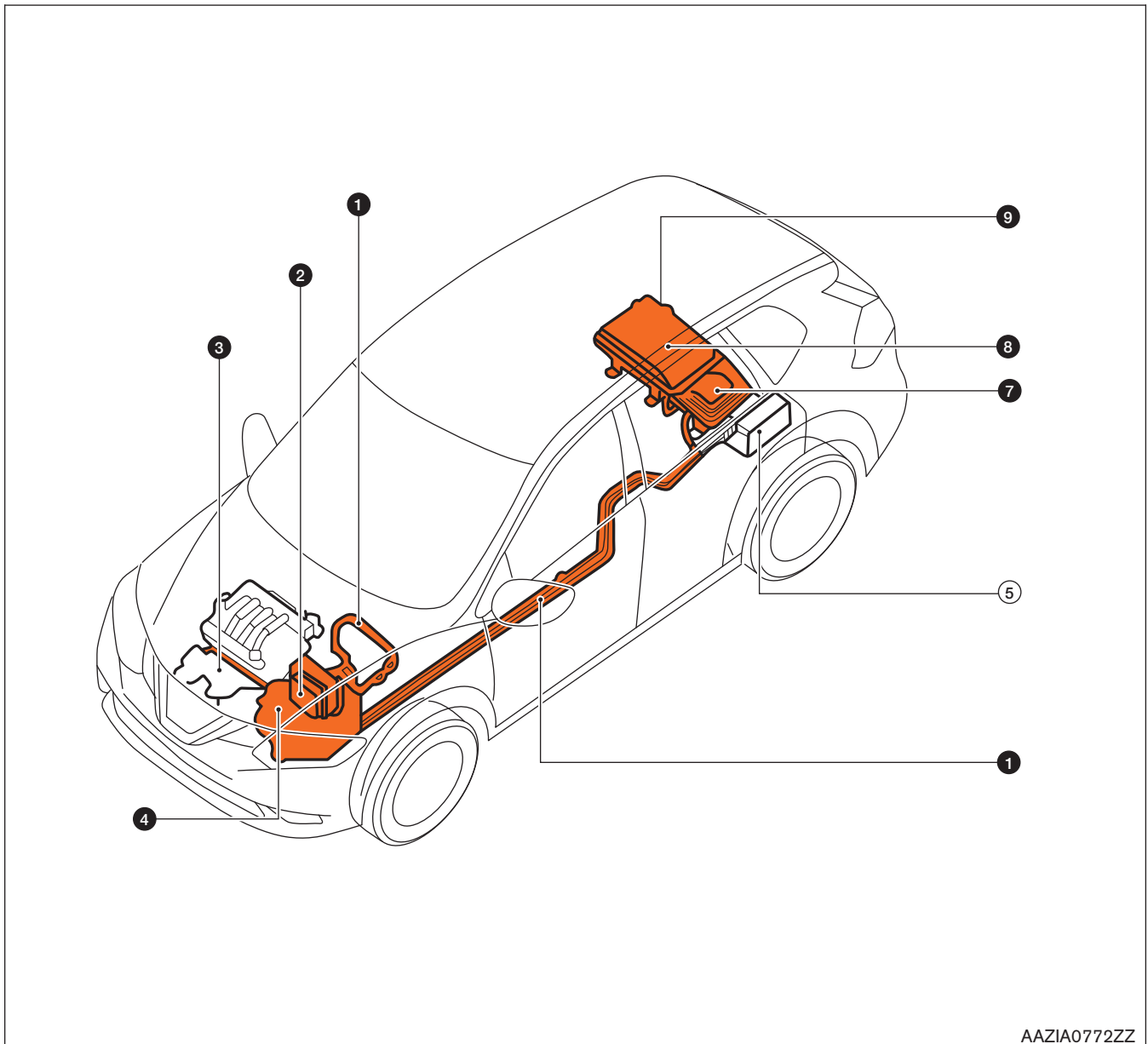
The high-voltage battery supplies power to the following:

- High-voltage harnesses
- DC/DC converter
- Traction motor inverter
- Traction motor



2-2 High-voltage-Related and 12-Volt-Related Component Locations and Descriptions

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NOTE:

Components with white number in black background are high-voltage components.

No.	Component	Location	Description
❶	High-voltage Harness	Cargo area floor (on high-voltage battery), under floor, engine compartment	Orange-colored power cables carry high DC voltage between each of the high-voltage components.
❷	Traction Motor Inverter	Engine compartment (front driver side)	Converts the DC power stored in the high-voltage battery to three-phase AC power and controls motor torque (revolution) by regulating the motor current. The inverter has a built in high-voltage capacitor.
❸	Electric air conditioner compressor	Under hood	Air conditioner compressor
❹	Traction Motor	Engine compartment (built-into the transmission)	Converts three-phase alternating current (AC) power to drive power (torque) which propels the vehicle.
❺	12-volt Battery	Rear of the vehicle on the left side of the cargo area	A lead-acid battery that supplies power to the low voltage devices.
❻	DC/DC Converter	Rear of the vehicle on the top of high-voltage battery.	The DC/DC converter reduces the voltage of the high-voltage battery to provide power to the 12-volt battery in order to operate the vehicle's electric components (headlights, audio system, etc.).
❼	High-voltage Battery	Cargo area floor	The high-voltage battery stores and outputs DC power (Maximum voltage 201.6V) needed to propel the vehicle.
❽	Service Plug	Cargo area floor (inside storage bin behind access door)	This is used to disable the high-voltage system.

2-3 High-voltage Battery Pack Specifications

High-voltage Battery Specifications	
High-voltage battery voltage	172.8V - 201.6V
Number of high-voltage battery modules in the pack	4 modules (56 cells)
High-voltage battery module voltage	43.2V - 50.4V (depending on individual module)
High-voltage battery dimensions	30.23 L x 15.85 W x 7.77 H in (767.9 L x 402.6 W x 197.3 H mm)
High-voltage battery weight	77.13 lbs (34.99 kg)

2-4 High-voltage Safety Measures

Circuit insulation	The high-voltage positive (+) and negative (-) circuits are insulated from the metal chassis.
Reducing the risk of electrocution	The high-voltage components and harnesses have insulated cases or orange-colored coverings which provide insulation and easy identification. The high-voltage battery case is electrically connected to the vehicle ground. This connection helps protect the vehicle occupants and emergency responders from high-voltage electrical shock.
Identification	The high-voltage components are labeled "WARNING" similar to label shown below. All high-voltage harnesses are coated in orange.

2-4.1 Warning Labels

The following warning label is applied to the high-voltage inverter located in the engine compartment.



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The following warning label is applied to the service plug access cover located inside the cargo area.



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The following warning label is applied to the high-voltage battery located inside the cargo area.

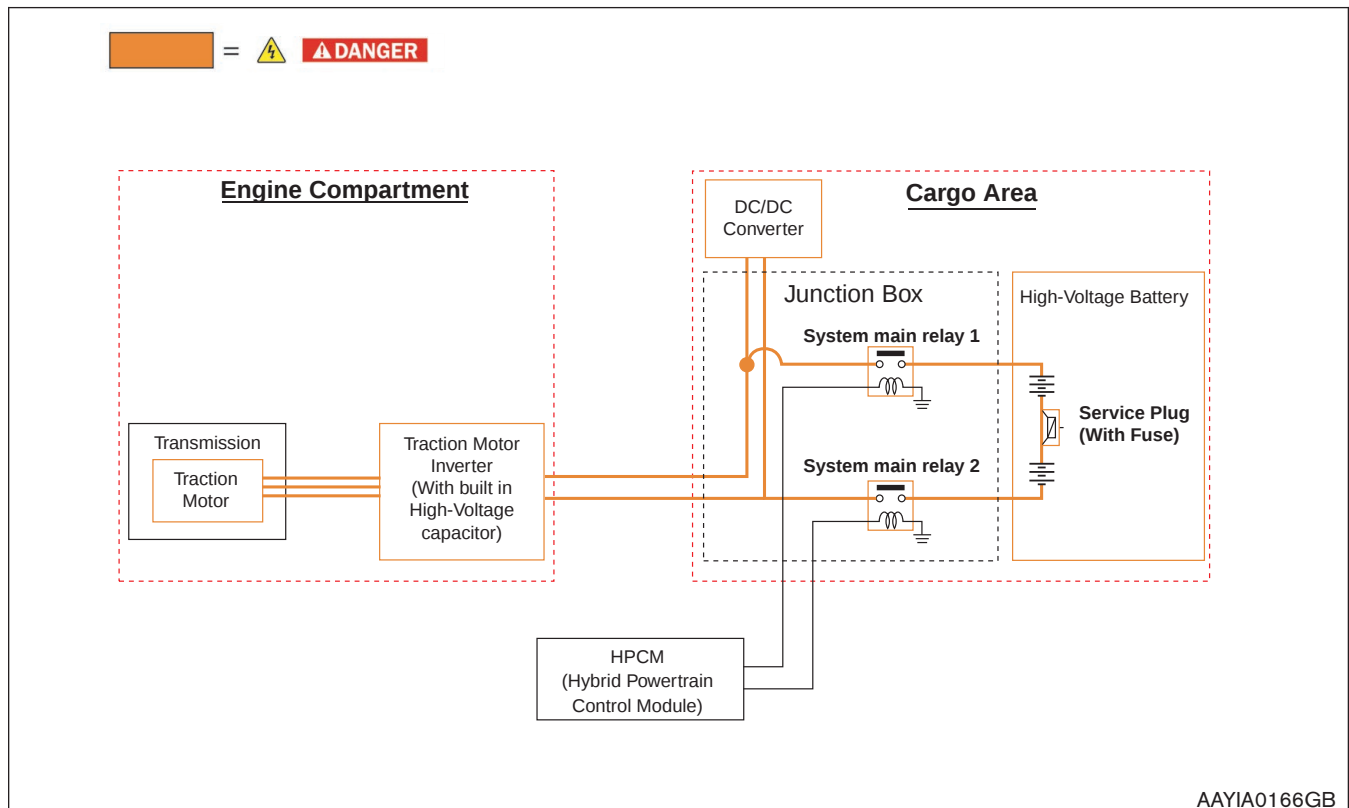


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2-5 High-voltage Safety System

The high-voltage safety system is intended to help keep vehicle occupants and emergency responders safe from high-voltage electricity.

- A high-voltage fuse provides short circuit protection inside the high-voltage battery.
- The high-voltage safety system is insulated from the metal chassis.
- Positive and negative high-voltage power cables are connected to the high-voltage battery and are controlled by normally open system main relays (SMR1 and SMR2). When the vehicle is shut off, the relays stop electrical flow from leaving the high-voltage battery. However, it can take approximately ten (10) minutes for the high-voltage capacitor to fully discharge.



⚠ WARNING

- **The high-voltage system and high-voltage capacitor may remain powered for up to approximately 10 minutes after the vehicle is shut off. Appropriate Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) must always be worn when touching or working on high-voltage components to avoid risk of electrical shock and severe personal injury or death.**
- **The high-voltage battery retains high-voltage at all times. Appropriate PPE must always be worn when touching or working on high-voltage components to avoid risk of electrical shock and severe personal injury or death.**

- A ground fault monitor continuously monitors for high-voltage leakage to the metal chassis while the vehicle is running. If a malfunction is detected, the HPCM (hybrid powertrain control module) will illuminate the hybrid system warning lamp  in the instrument cluster.
- The high-voltage battery relays (SMR1 and SMR2) will automatically open to stop the electrical flow in a front, side or certain rear collisions that are sufficient enough to activate the supplemental restraint system (SRS).

2-6 High-voltage Circuit Shut-Off System

This vehicle is equipped with a system to shut off the current from the high-voltage battery by the following methods:

Service plug	Positioned on RH rear of the high-voltage battery, this plug shuts off the output of high-voltage when manually removed.
System main relays (located in the high-voltage battery)	Controlled by the ignition switch, these relays are powered by the 12-volt system and shut off high-voltage from the high-voltage battery.
Emergency shut-off system	In the case of a collision (front and side collisions in which the air bags are deployed, certain rear collisions) or certain system malfunctions this system is designed to shut off the high-voltage from the high-voltage battery.

2-7 Preventing Electrical Shock

1. If it is necessary to touch any of the high-voltage harnesses or components, always wear appropriate Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) [refer to [3-1 Preparation Items \(FRG-18\)](#)]. Shut off the high-voltage system by referring to [3-3.1 High-voltage System Shut-Down Procedure \(FRG-21\)](#).
2. To avoid the risk of electrocution, NEVER touch the inside of the high-voltage battery with bare hands after shutting off the high-voltage system. The high-voltage battery maintains charge even though the high-voltage system is shut down. PPE must always be worn when touching or working on high-voltage components.
3. Cover damaged high-voltage components with insulated tape.

2-8 Emergency Medical Equipment

The high-voltage system should not interfere with emergency medical equipment which must be used in or near the vehicle at an accident scene.

3. Emergency Response Steps



⚠ DANGER

-  Failure to properly shut down the high-voltage electrical system before the Emergency Response Procedures are performed will result in serious injury or death from electrical shock. To prevent serious injury or death, **NEVER** touch high-voltage harnesses or components without always wearing appropriate Personal Protective Equipment (PPE). PPE must always be worn when touching or working on high-voltage components.
-  If it is necessary to touch any of the high-voltage harnesses or components you must always wear appropriate PPE to avoid electrical shock. PPE must always be worn when touching or working on high-voltage components. Shut down the high-voltage system by following the steps outlined in [3-3.1 High-voltage System Shut-Down Procedure \(FRG-21\)](#). Wait approximately ten (10) minutes for complete discharge of the high-voltage capacitor after the high-voltage system has been shut down.

⚠ WARNING

- **NEVER** assume the Rogue HYBRID is shut OFF simply because it is quiet.
- If the READY  indicator is ON the high-voltage system is active.
- If possible, be sure to check the READY  indicator on the instrument cluster and verify that the READY  indicator is OFF and the high-voltage system is stopped.

3-1 Preparation Items

Preparation Items	Specification	Purpose
PPE (personal protective equipment): Insulated gloves 	Up to 1,000V	For protection from high-voltage electrical shock.
Insulated shoes 	—	
Safety shield 	—	To protect eyes when around high-voltage components and wiring.
Safety Glasses 		
Leather gloves 	Must be able to fasten tight around the wrist (worn over insulated gloves).	To protect insulated gloves.
Wrenches 	Size:10mm	To remove the 12-volt battery terminal bolt.
Solvent resistant protection gloves Solvent resistant protection shoes	—	To utilize in the event of a high-voltage battery electrolytic solution leak.
Absorbent pad	The same pad used for internal combustion engine fluids can be used.	To absorb any high-voltage battery electrolytic solution leakage.
Standard fire fighting equipment	Standard fire fighting equipment. Depending on type of fire (vehicle or battery) use standard fire fighting equipment (water or extinguisher).	To extinguish a fire.
Insulated tape	Insulating	To cover any damaged harnesses to protect from and prevent electrical shock. Tape should cover all bare or damaged wire.

3-1.1 Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) Protective Wear Control

Perform an inspection of the Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) items before beginning work. Do not use any damaged PPE items.

3-1.2 Daily Inspection

This inspection is performed before and after use. The responder who will be using the items should perform the inspection and check for deterioration and damage.

- Insulated rubber gloves should be inspected for scratches, holes and tears. (Visual check and air leakage test)
- Insulated safety boots should be inspected for holes, damage, nails, metal pieces, wear or other problems on the soles. (Visual check)
- Insulated rubber sheet should be inspected for tears. (Visual check)

3-1.3 Insulated Tools

When performing work at locations where high-voltage is applied (such as terminals), use insulated tools meeting 1,000V/300A specifications.

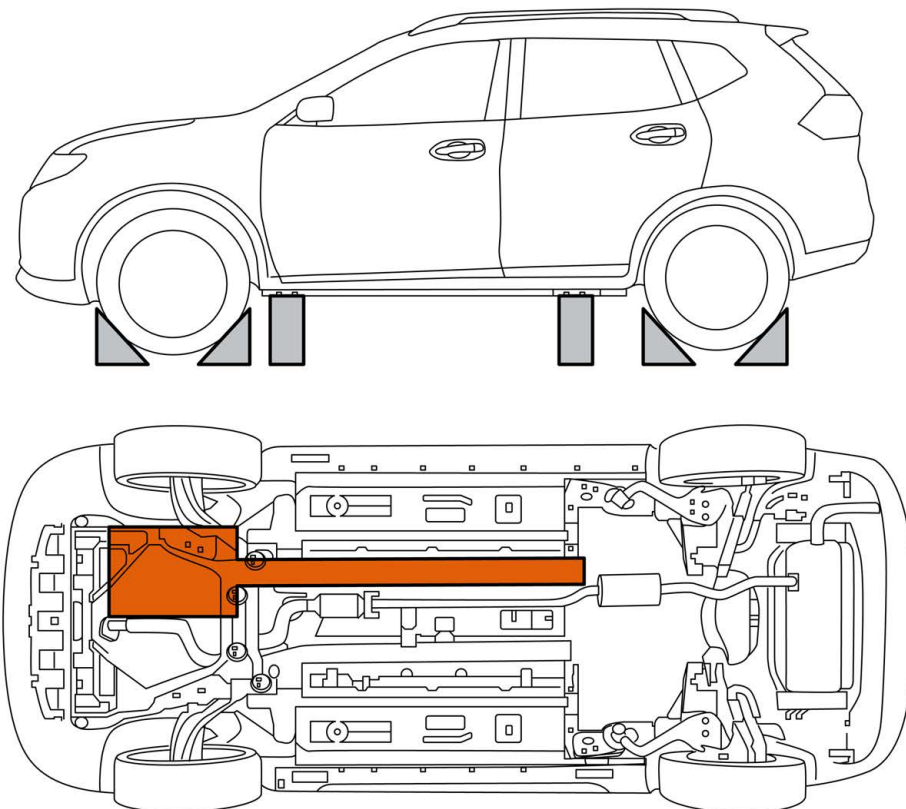
3-2 Vehicle Immobilization and Stabilization

If possible, immobilize the vehicle by turning the 12-volt system OFF and stabilize it with a wheel chock(s). Stabilize the vehicle with cribbing, by removing air from the tires, or utilize the Lift Airbag Equipment for rescue.

⚠ WARNING

⚡ To avoid electrical shock, do not put the Lift Airbag Equipment for rescue and wheel chock(s) under the high-voltage components and harnesses.

⚡ = ⚠ DANGER



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3-3 How to Handle a Damaged Vehicle at an Accident Scene

NOTE:

If any air bags have deployed in the following 3 situations, the high-voltage (HV) system has been designed to automatically shut off at the time of deployment.

The Nissan Rogue HYBRID high-voltage system incorporates capacitors which are energized whenever the high-voltage system is on. If the high-voltage system is shut down (either through one of the built-in automatic mechanisms or manually through one of the procedures explained in this FRG), the capacitors will begin to gradually discharge. **Complete discharge requires approximately 10 minutes after high-voltage system shut down.** It is within this period of time that responders must be most cautious.

When arriving to an incident involving an Nissan Rogue HYBRID, the vehicle should be approached with caution and inspected for the level of damage. In addition to overall vehicle condition (location and severity of body damage, air bag deployment, etc.), the high-voltage system should be assessed specifically. The locations of the high-voltage component parts are illustrated in this FRG. Refer to [2-2 High-voltage-Related and 12-Volt-Related Component Locations and Descriptions \(FRG-11\)](#). Appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE) must always be worn when approaching a vehicle of unknown condition, as described in this FRG.

Situation 1) High-voltage (HV) system intact, occupants can be accessed without extrication tools

The HV system can be shut down by following the procedure in this guide, while wearing appropriate PPE. After HV system shut down, occupant assistance operations can begin immediately, and no wait period is necessary.

Situation 2) High-voltage (HV) system intact, occupants cannot be accessed without extrication tools

The HV system can be shut down by following the procedure in this guide, while wearing appropriate PPE. After HV system shut down, absolute care must be taken never to cut through or damage any HV system wiring, battery or components **within approximately ten (10) minutes of HV system shut down**, but occupant assistance operations using extrication equipment can begin immediately. The locations of the HV component parts are illustrated in this guide.

Situation 3) High-voltage (HV) system damaged

If there is any evidence that the HV system has been compromised (such as arcing/sparking, orange wiring harnesses cut or damaged, HV component casings damaged, etc.), the responder may still be at risk of high-voltage exposure. The vehicle must be approached with extreme caution prior to initiating any system shut down procedures or rendering assistance to occupants. Appropriate PPE must always be worn as described in this guide, and the **approximate ten (10) minute wait time must be observed after HV system shut down** in order to ensure the system is de-energized.

In rare situations where vehicle damage is very severe, HV system shut down procedures as described in this guide may not work. In these instances extreme caution and appropriate risk management must be followed to prevent shock or electrocution to the responder or occupant.

3-3.1 High-voltage System Shut-Down Procedure

Any of the following procedures can shut down the high-voltage system. The first response operation can only begin after shutting down the high-voltage system. If the vehicle is heavily damaged, for example the high-voltage battery is deformed, broken or cracked, appropriate PPE must always be used and the high-voltage battery and high-voltage components must not be touched.



DANGER

-  **Failure to properly shut down the high-voltage system before the Emergency Response Procedures are performed will result in serious injury or death from electrical shock. To prevent serious injury or death, NEVER touch high-voltage harnesses or components without always wearing appropriate Personal Protective Equipment (PPE). Appropriate PPE must always be worn when touching or working on high-voltage components.**
-  **When contact with high-voltage components or high-voltage harnesses is unavoidable, or when there is risk of such contact, you must always wear appropriate PPE. PPE must always be worn when touching or working on high-voltage components.**

WARNING

-  **The vehicle contains parts that contain powerful magnets. If a person who is wearing a pacemaker or other medical device is close to these parts, the medical device may be affected by the magnets. Such persons must not perform work on the vehicle.**
- **Be sure to verify that the READY  indicator is off (if possible), and the high-voltage system is stopped.**
- **After the high-voltage system is shut down, please wait approximately ten (10) minutes for complete discharge of the high-voltage capacitor. While waiting, do not operate any vehicle functions.**

NOTE:

The high-voltage full discharge takes approximately ten (10) minutes.

- **After shutting down the high-voltage system and removing the 12-volt battery negative (-) terminal, wait at least three (3) minutes to discharge the air bag capacitor. Even though the 12-volt battery negative (-) is disconnected, the Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) air bag maintains voltage at least three (3) minutes. During this time, there is a possibility of sudden SRS air bag inflation due to harness short circuit or damage and it may cause serious injuries.**
- **The 12V system will remain active even after the 12-volt battery negative (-) terminal is removed while the high-voltage system is active. This is because the charging system will not shut down and power will be supplied to the 12V system and high-voltage system continuously.**

Before disconnecting the 12-volt battery terminal, if necessary, lower the windows, adjust the steering column, adjust the seats, unlock the doors, open the liftgate, etc. as required. Once the 12-volt battery is disconnected, power controls will not operate.

Powering Down the High-voltage System

The high-voltage system can be shut down with any 1 of the following procedures:

- Turn OFF the ignition switch and disconnect the 12-volt battery.
Refer to [Primary Procedure \(FRG-22\)](#).
- Remove the underhood fuse for the high-voltage control system and disconnect the 12-volt battery.
Refer to [Alternate Procedure 1 \(Remove Fuses\) \(FRG-25\)](#).
- Remove the service plug and disconnect the 12-volt battery.
Refer to [Alternate Procedure 2 \(Remove Service Plug\) \(FRG-28\)](#).

Primary Procedure

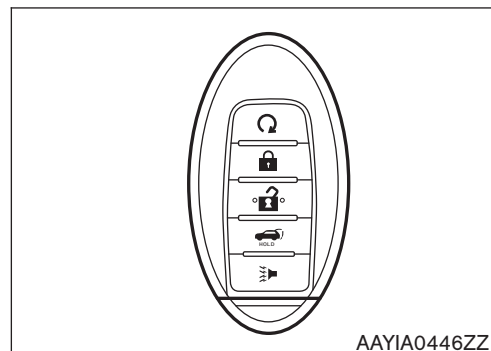
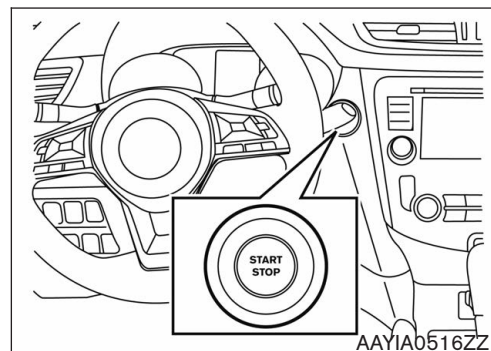
NOTE:

Before disconnecting the 12-volt battery terminal, if necessary, lower the windows, adjust the steering column, adjust the seats, unlock the doors, etc. Once 12-volt battery is disconnected, power controls will not operate.

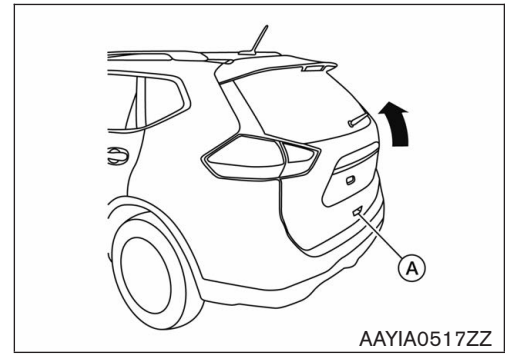
1. If possible, check the READY  indicator status in the instrument cluster. If it is on, the high-voltage system is active.
2. Place the shift selector in the Park (P) position.
3. Push the ignition switch once to turn OFF the high-voltage system. Verify that the READY indicator is off and then continue to the next steps to open the liftgate for 12-volt battery negative cable access.

If the READY indicator does not turn off, refer to [Alternate Procedure 1 \(Remove Fuses\) \(FRG-25\)](#).

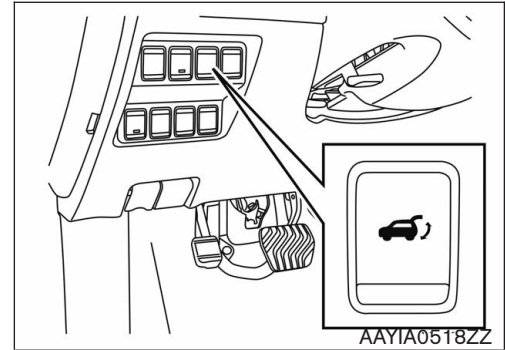
4. If possible, keep the Nissan Intelligent Key[®] at least 5 meters (16 feet) away from the vehicle (except to open the liftgate as noted below).



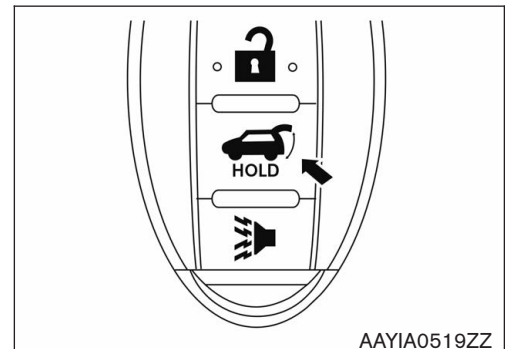
5. Open the liftgate using any of the following ^{*1}:
- Liftgate opener switch ^{*2}(**A**) (located near bottom of liftgate).



- Instrument panel switch on the lower LH side of the instrument panel (If equipped).

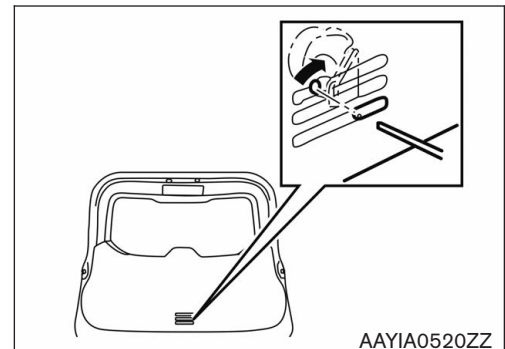


- Liftgate button on the Nissan Intelligent Key [®] (button must be held for more than 0.5 second).



- If the liftgate cannot be opened with the liftgate opener switch, instrument panel switch, or key fob due to a discharged battery, follow these steps:

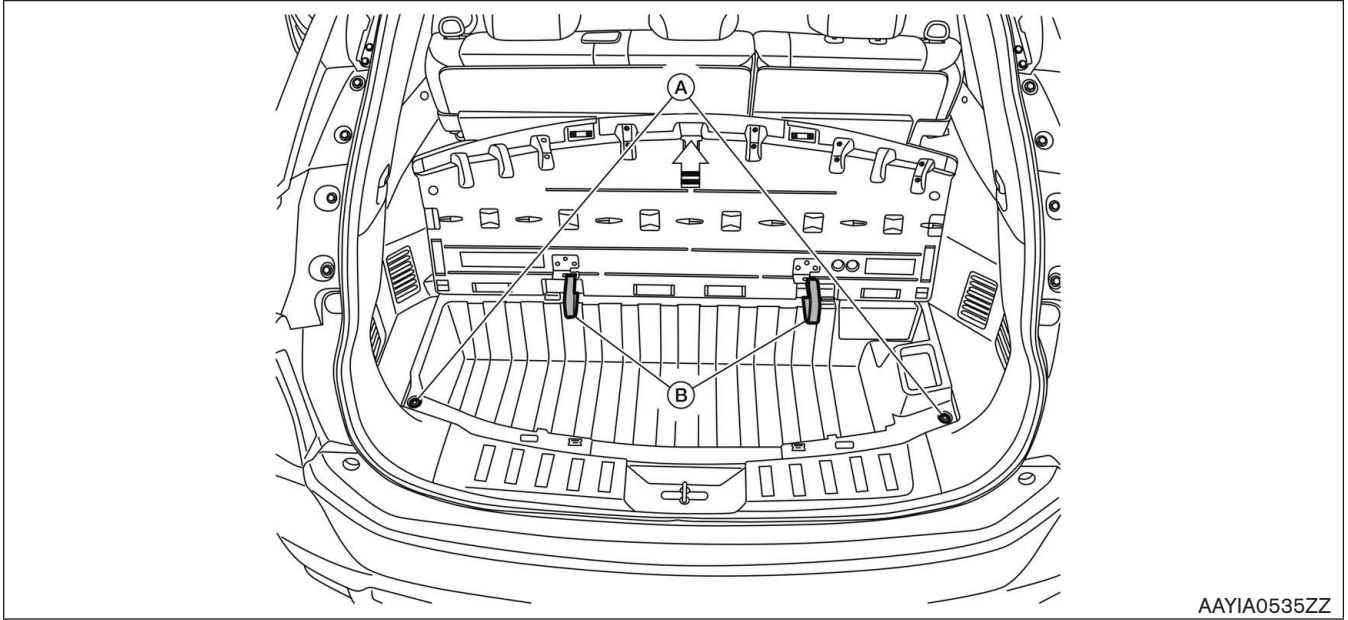
- From inside the vehicle, Insert a suitable tool in the top access opening hole.
- Move the release lever to the right to unlatch the liftgate and push the liftgate open.



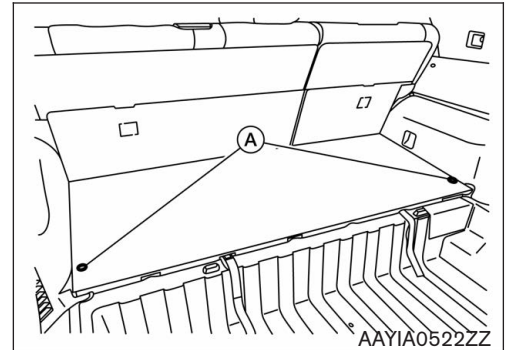
^{*1}: To operate the liftgate, the shift lever must be in P (Park). Also, the power liftgate will not operate if the battery voltage is low.

^{*2}: You must have the Nissan Intelligent Key [®] within approximately 1 meter (3 feet) range of liftgate opener switch to use the liftgate opener switch function.

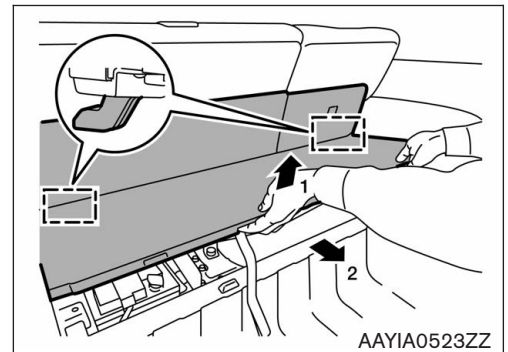
6. Open luggage compartment, release the 2 push pin retainers **(A)** and lift rear luggage board. Detach the 2 straps **(B)** and remove the rear luggage board.



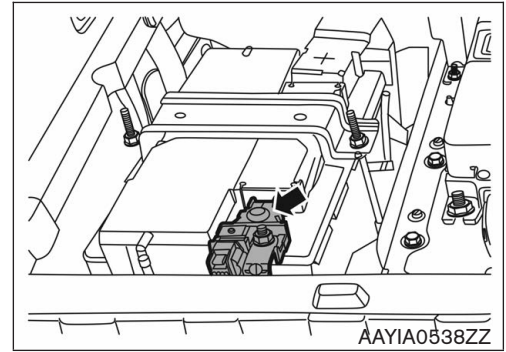
7. Access the 12-volt battery using the following steps:
- Remove the 2 push pin retainers **(A)**.



- Lift front luggage board **(1)**, slide toward rear of vehicle **(2)** and remove.



8. Disconnect negative (-) battery cable and cover it with insulated tape.



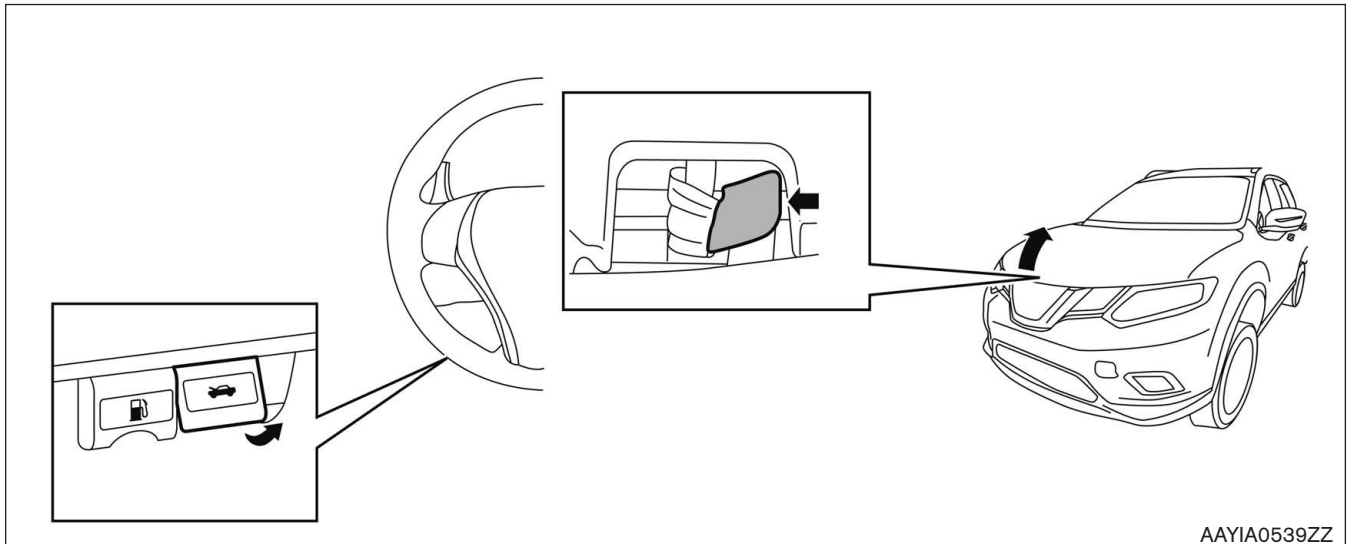
9. **Wait approximately ten (10) minutes for complete discharge** of the high-voltage capacitor after the battery cable has been disconnected.
10. Perform the first response action.

Alternate Procedure 1 (Remove Fuses)

NOTE:

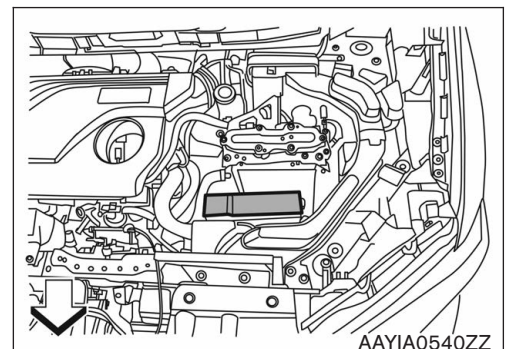
Before removing any fuses, if necessary, lower the windows, adjust the steering column, adjust the seats, unlock the doors, etc. Once fuses are removed, power controls will not operate.

1. Pull release handle located on the instrument panel and push the release lever under the hood sideways to open hood.



2. Release clips on the narrow ends of the fuse box cover and remove it.

↶ : Vehicle front



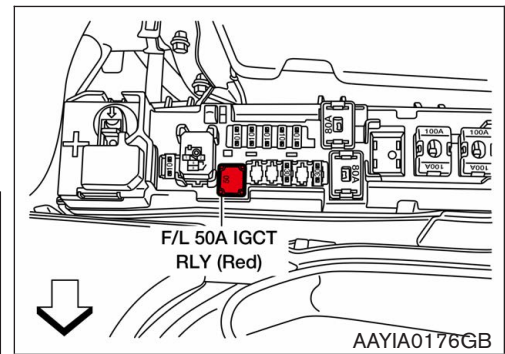
3. Remove IGCT RLY fuse (F/L 50A IGCT RLY).

↶ : Vehicle front

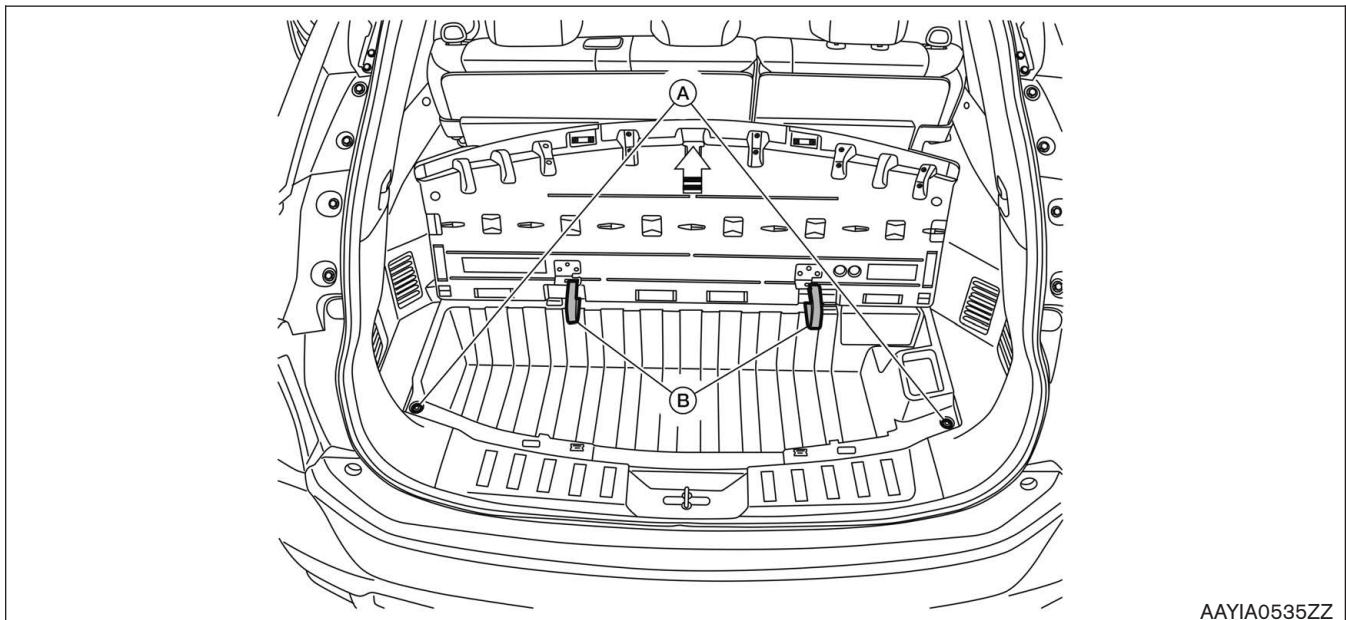
4. If you cannot identify the correct fuse, remove all the fuses.

⚠ WARNING

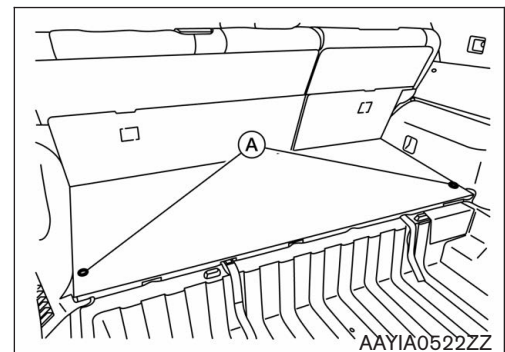
⚠ To avoid unintended reinstallation and risk of electrical shock and severe personal injury or death, the rescuer should carry the fuse or fuses on his/her person and cover the fuse box with insulated tape.



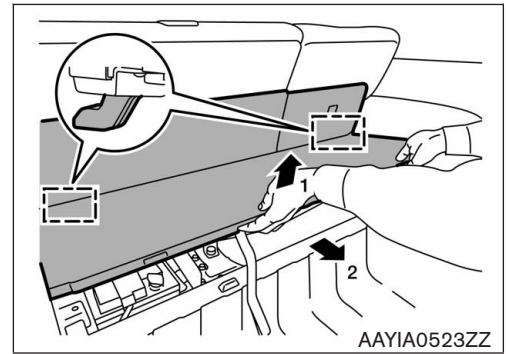
5. Open luggage compartment, release the 2 push pin retainers **(A)** and lift rear luggage board. Detach the 2 straps **(B)** and remove the rear luggage board.



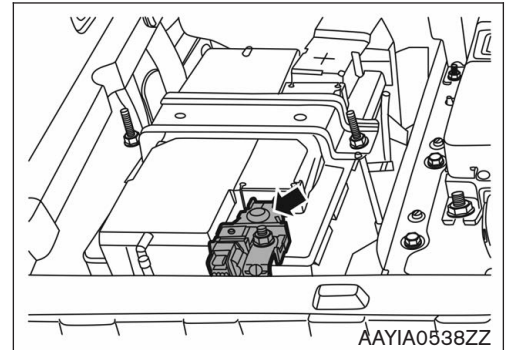
6. Access the 12-volt battery using the following steps:
 - a. Remove the 2 push pin retainers **(A)**.



- b. Lift front luggage board **(1)**, slide toward rear of vehicle **(2)** and remove.



7. Disconnect negative (-) battery cable and cover it with insulated tape.



8. **Wait approximately ten (10) minutes for complete discharge** of the high-voltage capacitor after the fuse panel and battery cable have been disconnected.
9. Perform the first response action.

Alternate Procedure 2 (Remove Service Plug)



⚠ DANGER

-  **Do not remove the service plug without always wearing appropriate Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) to help protect the responder from serious injury or death by electrical shock.**
-  **Immediately cover the service plug socket with insulated tape. The high-voltage battery retains high-voltage power even when the service plug is removed. To avoid electric shock, NEVER touch the terminals inside the socket.**

⚠ WARNING



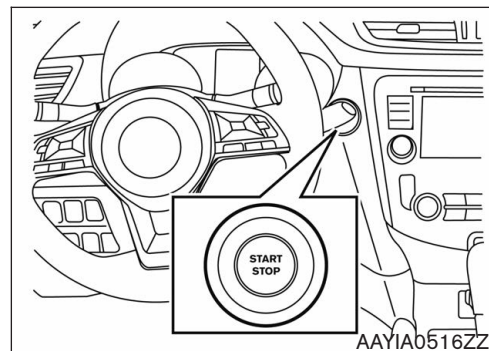
To avoid unintended reinstallation and risk of electrical shock and severe personal injury or death, the rescuer should carry the service plug on his/her person while work is in progress.

NOTE:

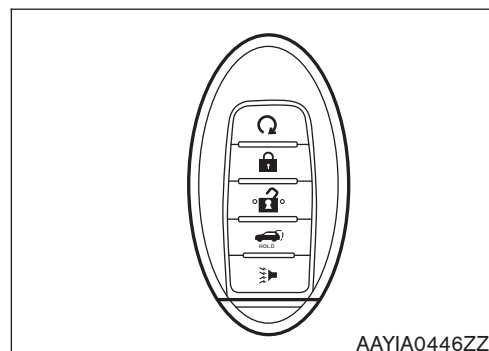
Before disconnecting the 12-volt battery terminal, if necessary, lower the windows, adjust the steering column, adjust the seats, unlock the doors, etc. Once 12-volt battery is disconnected, power controls will not operate.

1. If possible, check the READY  indicator status in the instrument cluster. If it is on, the high-voltage system is active.
2. Place the shift selector in the Park (P) position.
3. Push the ignition switch once to turn OFF the high-voltage system. Then verify whether the READY indicator is off.

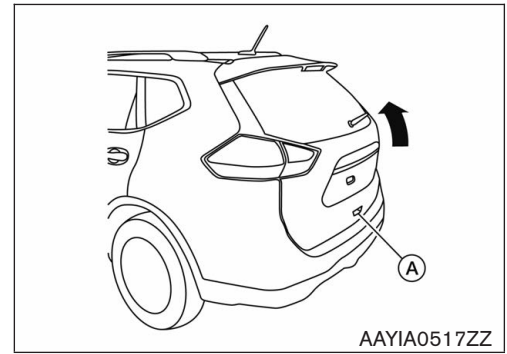
If the READY indicator does not turn off, continue to step 4.



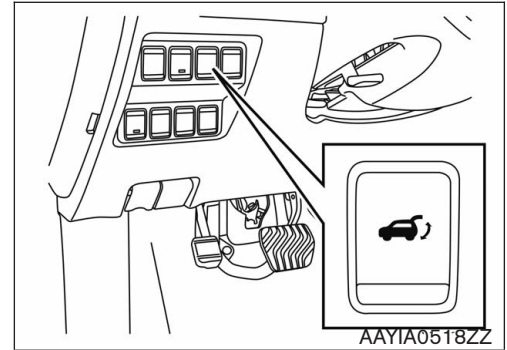
4. If possible, keep the Nissan Intelligent Key[®] at least 5 meters (16 feet) away from the vehicle (except to open the liftgate as noted below).



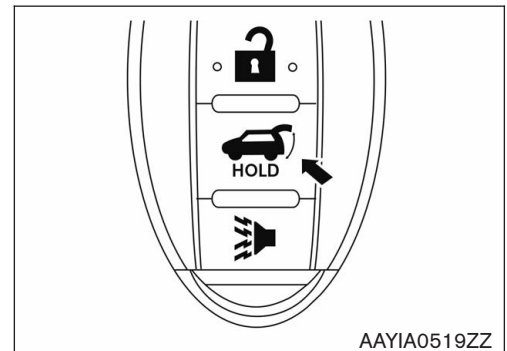
5. Open the liftgate using any of the following ^{*1}:
- Liftgate opener switch ^{*2} **(A)** (located near bottom of liftgate).



- Instrument panel switch on the lower LH side of the instrument panel (If equipped).

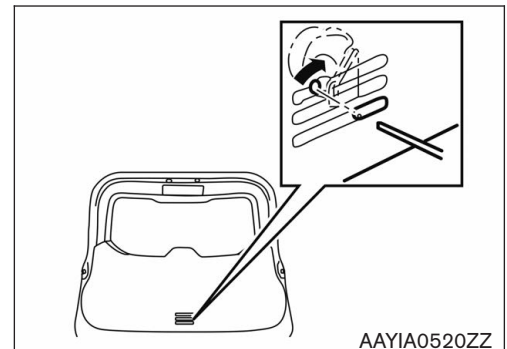


- Liftgate button on the Nissan Intelligent Key [®] (button must be held for more than 0.5 second).



- If the liftgate cannot be opened with the liftgate opener switch, instrument panel switch, or key fob due to a discharged battery, follow these steps:

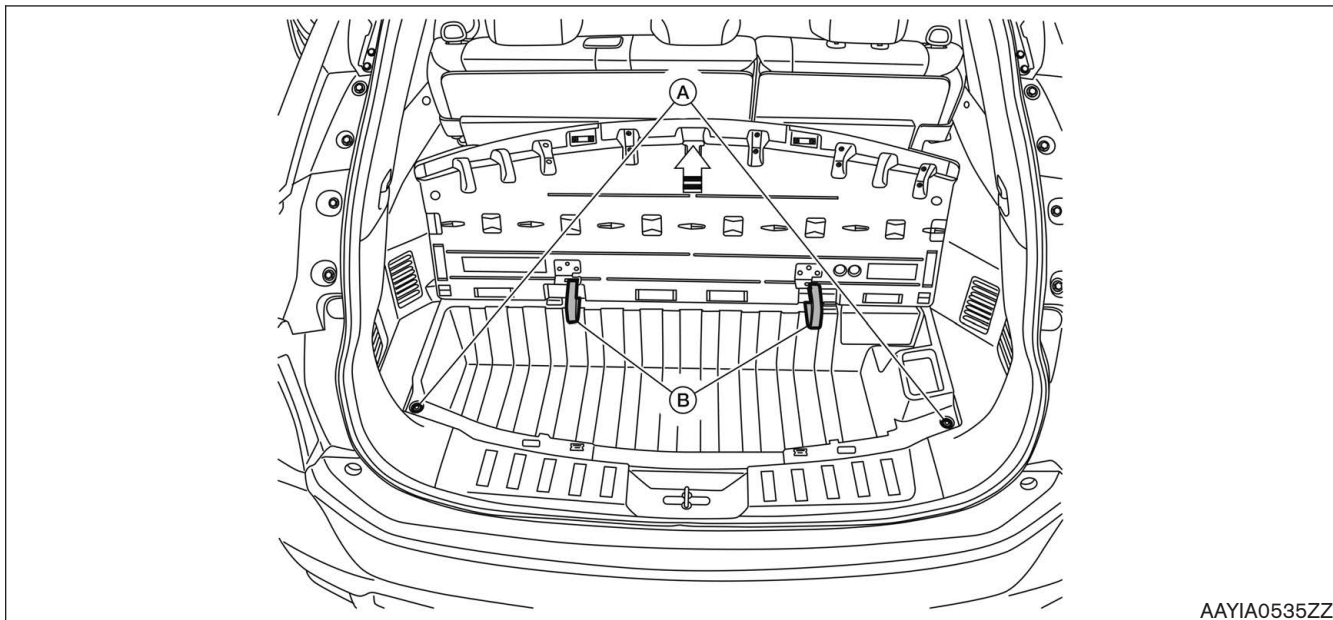
- From inside the vehicle, Insert a suitable tool in the top access opening hole.
- Move the release lever to the right to unlatch the liftgate and push the liftgate open.



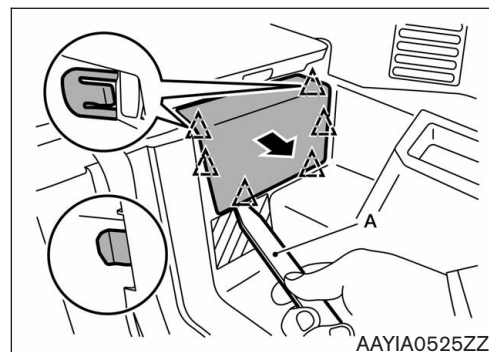
^{*1}: To operate the liftgate, the shift lever must be in P (Park). Also, the power liftgate will not operate if the battery voltage is low.

^{*2}: You must have the Nissan Intelligent Key [®] within approximately 1 meter (3 feet) range of liftgate opener switch to use the liftgate opener switch function.

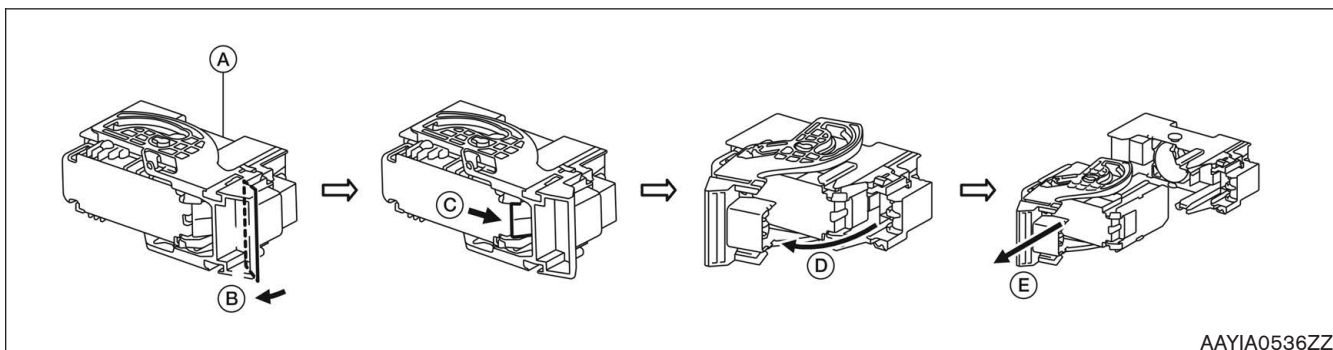
6. Open luggage compartment, release the 2 push pin retainers **(A)** and lift rear luggage board. Detach the 2 straps **(B)** and remove the rear luggage board.



7. Use a suitable tool **(A)** to release the locking tabs and remove the service plug access cover.



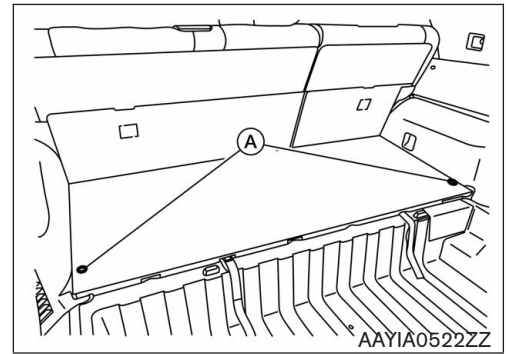
8. Remove the service plug **(A)** by pulling the locking lever **(B)**, then pressing the locking tab **(C)** and rotating the handle **(D)** fully outward. Using the handle, pull the service plug **(E)** completely out of its socket.



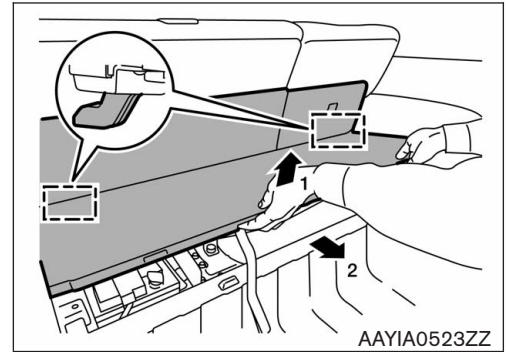
9. **Wait approximately ten (10) minutes for complete discharge** of the high-voltage capacitor after the service plug has been removed.

10. Access the 12-volt battery using the following steps:

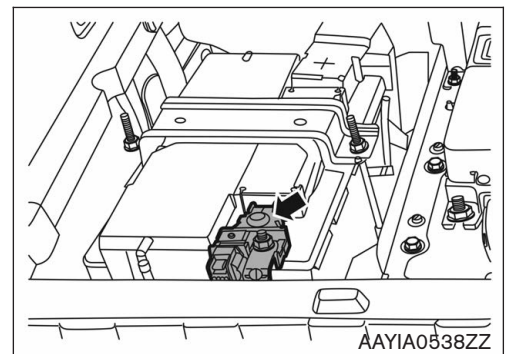
a. Remove the 2 push pin retainers **(A)**.



b. Lift front luggage board **(1)**, slide toward rear of vehicle **(2)** and remove.



11. Disconnect negative (-) battery cable and cover it with insulated tape.



12. Perform the first response action.

3-3.2 Water Submersion



⚠ DANGER



Damage level of submerged vehicle may not be apparent. Handling a submerged vehicle without appropriate Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) will result in serious injury or death from electrical shock.

⚠ WARNING

-  **The ignition switch of the submerged vehicle must be turned OFF first, if possible. Then the vehicle must be completely out of the water and drained to avoid electrical shock.**
-  **Always wear appropriate Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and remove/drain water before removing the service plug when working on a vehicle after a fire or submersion to avoid electrical shock.**
-  **If the vehicle is in the water, to avoid electrical shock NEVER touch the high-voltage components, harnesses or service plug. PPE must always be worn when touching or working on high-voltage components.**

3-3.3 Vehicle Fire

⚠ WARNING

- **Always utilize appropriate full Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and self-contained breathing apparatus during fire fighting operations. Smoke from a Rogue HYBRID vehicle fire is similar to smoke from a conventional vehicle fire.**
- **In the case of extinguishing a fire with water, large amounts of water from a fire hydrant (if possible) must be used. DO NOT extinguish fire with a small amount of water.**

⚠ CAUTION

In the event of a small fire, a Type ABC fire extinguisher may be used for an electrical fire caused by wiring harnesses, electrical components, etc. or oil fire.

Fire attack should follow standard fire fighting practices.

If you must walk away from the vehicle, notify an appropriate responder or a rescue person of the fact that the vehicle is a hybrid vehicle and contains a high-voltage system and warn all others.

During overhaul operations (late stage fire suppression process to examine for remaining sources of heat), make sure the battery is fully cooled to avoid fire re-ignition. The battery could reignite if it is placed near fire. To avoid possible electrical shock and serious personal injury, do not breach the high-voltage battery case.

3-3.4 Cutting the Vehicle Body



⚠ DANGER

-  **Do not cut into high-voltage related areas to avoid severe personal injury or death.**
-  **Do not cut into the high-voltage battery to avoid severe personal injury or death.**
-  **When removing parts, NEVER touch the high-voltage parts or the insides of the exposed orange-colored high-voltage cables to avoid severe personal injury or death. Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) must always be worn when touching or working on high-voltage components.**

⚠ WARNING

Do not cut air bag parts to avoid unintended deployment of the air bags and the risk of severe personal injury or death.

If **at least approximately ten (10) minutes** have passed since the rescuer shut down the high-voltage system [refer to [3-3.1 High-voltage System Shut-Down Procedure \(FRG-21\)](#)], then the rescuer can cut the vehicle except for the high-voltage battery.

If the rescuer cannot wait approximately ten (10) minutes or shut down the high-voltage system, absolute care must be taken to avoid cutting high-voltage parts and appropriate Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) must always be worn. DO NOT cut the high-voltage battery due to possible electrocution risk and electrolyte solution leakage.

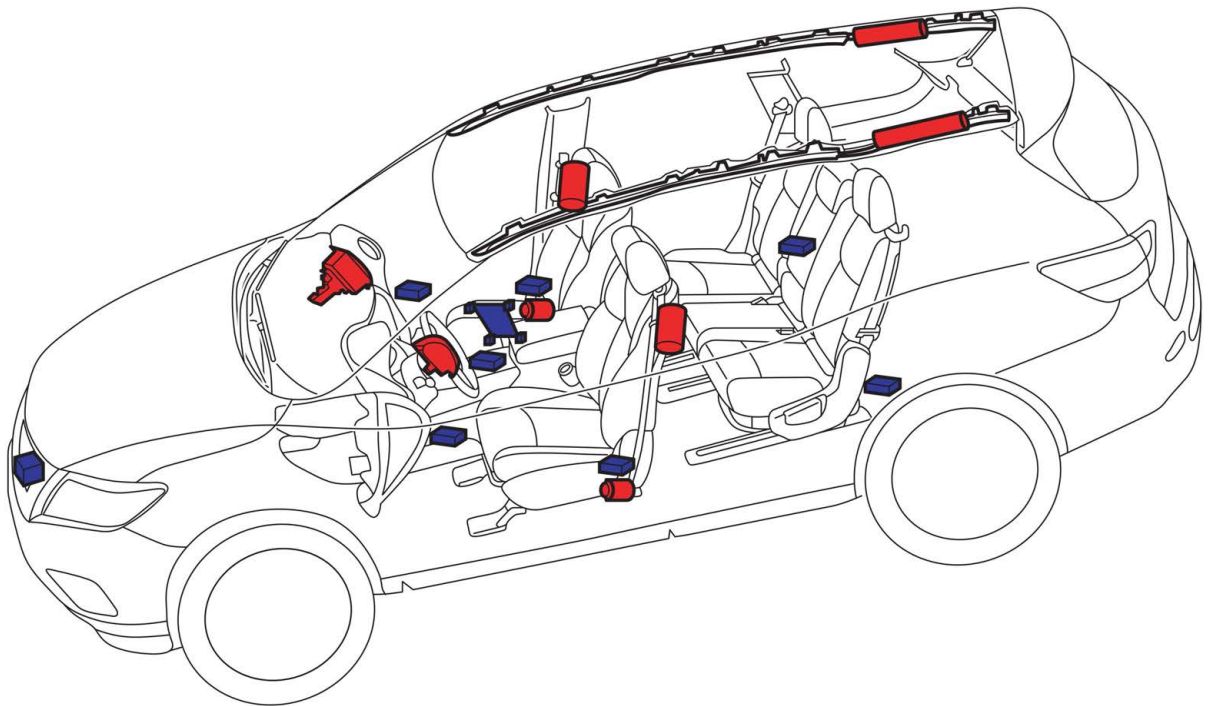
SRS Air Bag System Components Location

Avoid cutting air bag system parts. However, the vehicle can be cut (except inflators) under the following conditions:

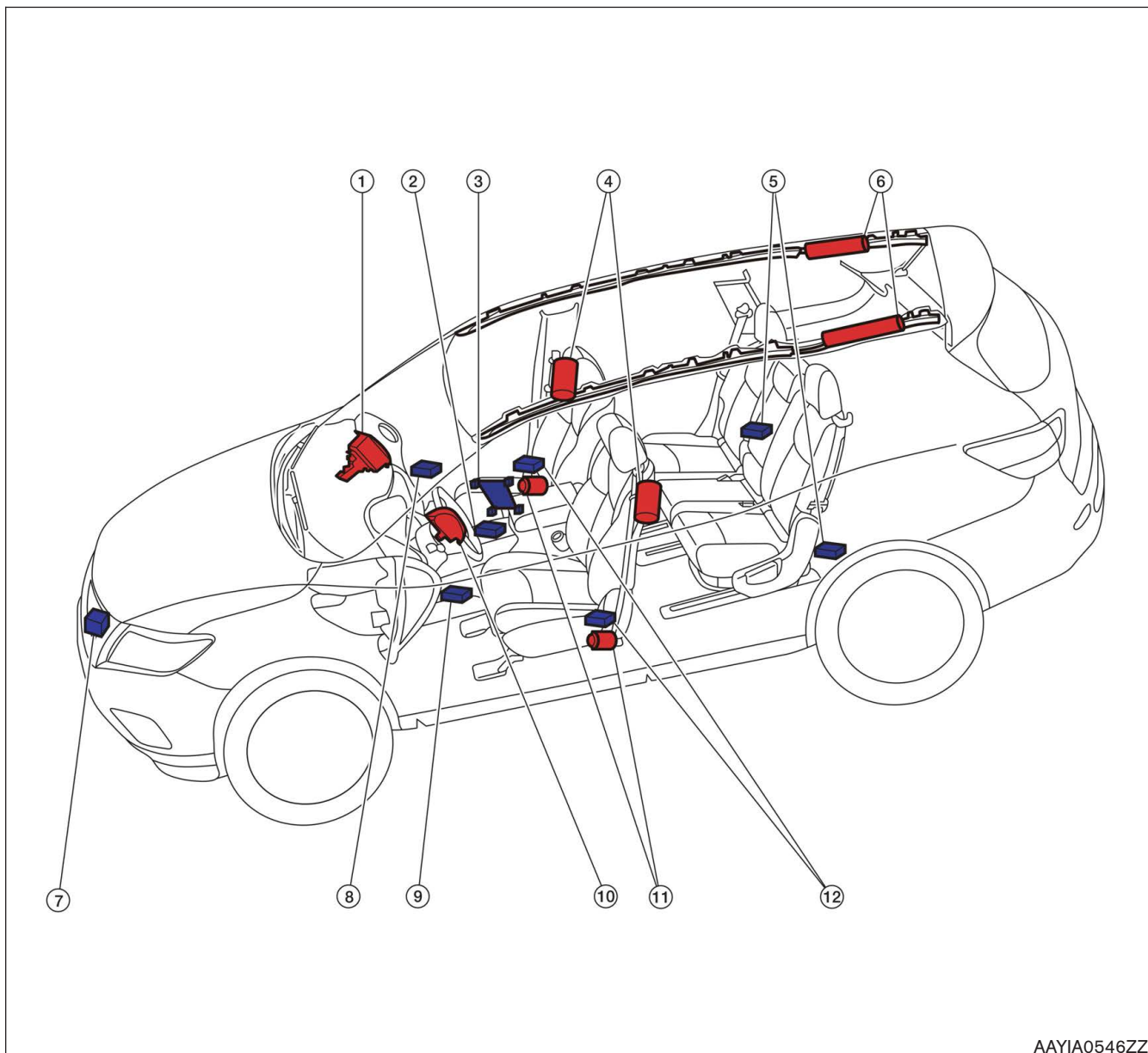
- The front, side and curtain air bags have deployed.
- At least three (3) minutes have passed after the 12-volt battery negative (-) cable has been disconnected and the high-voltage system has been shut down.

 = Inflators (Peel back plastic trim parts prior to cutting operation to confirm exact inflator location.)

 = Sensors



AAYIA0545ZZ



AAZIA0546ZZ

1. Passenger supplemental front-impact air bag module

2. Air bag control unit (ACU)

3. Occupant classification system control unit and sensors (weight sensors – located on passenger seat frame)

4. Front seat-mounted side-impact supplemental air bags

5. Satellite sensors (rear)

6. Roof-mounted curtain side-impact and rollover supplemental air bag inflators

7. Crash zone sensor

8. Pressure sensor (passenger side door)

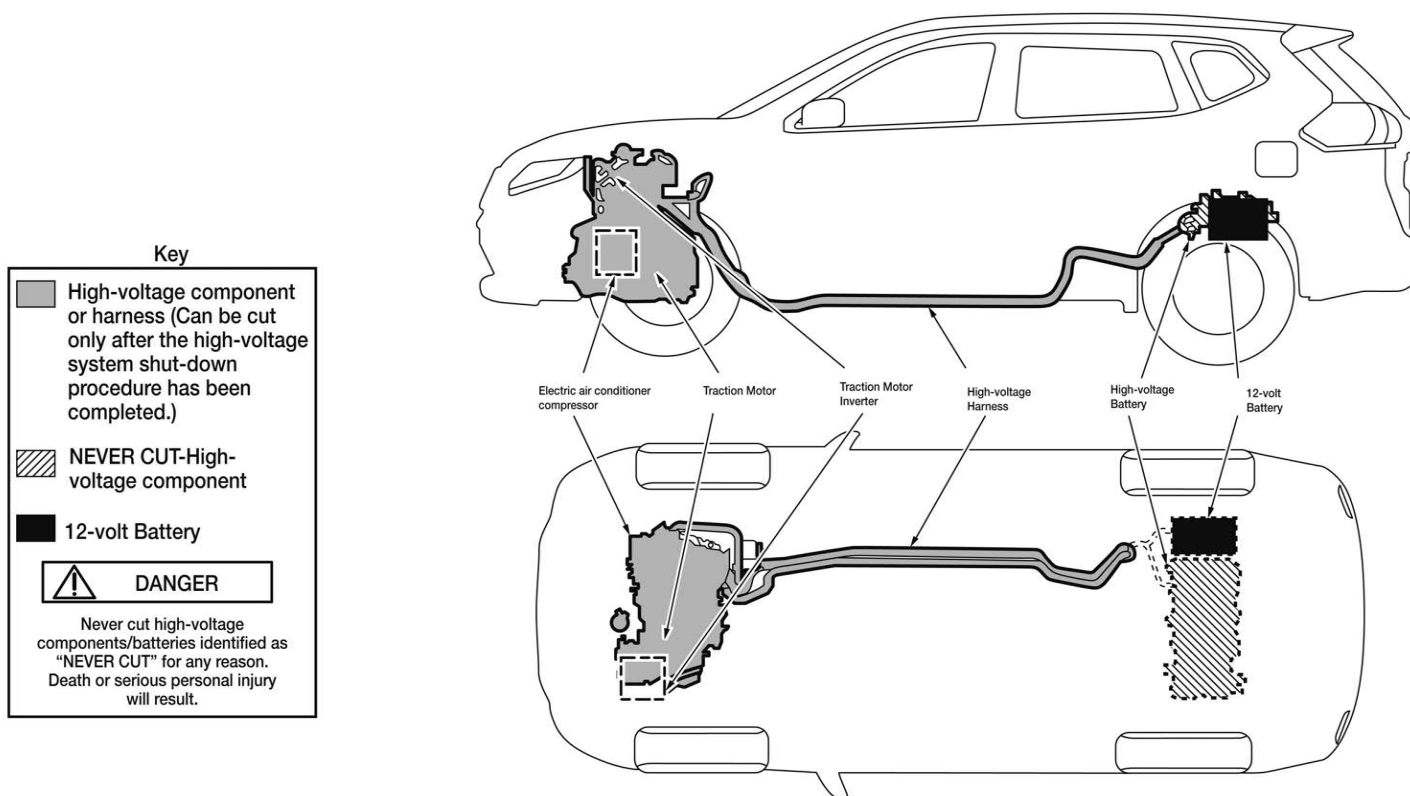
9. Pressure sensor (driver side door)

10. Driver supplemental front-impact air bag module

11. Seat belts with pretensioners

12. Satellite sensors (front)

Emergency Contact:
Nissan Consumer Affairs
1-800-647-7261 (US) or 1-800-387-0122 (Canada)
(Monday-Friday 8am-5pm Eastern, Central and Pacific Time Zones)



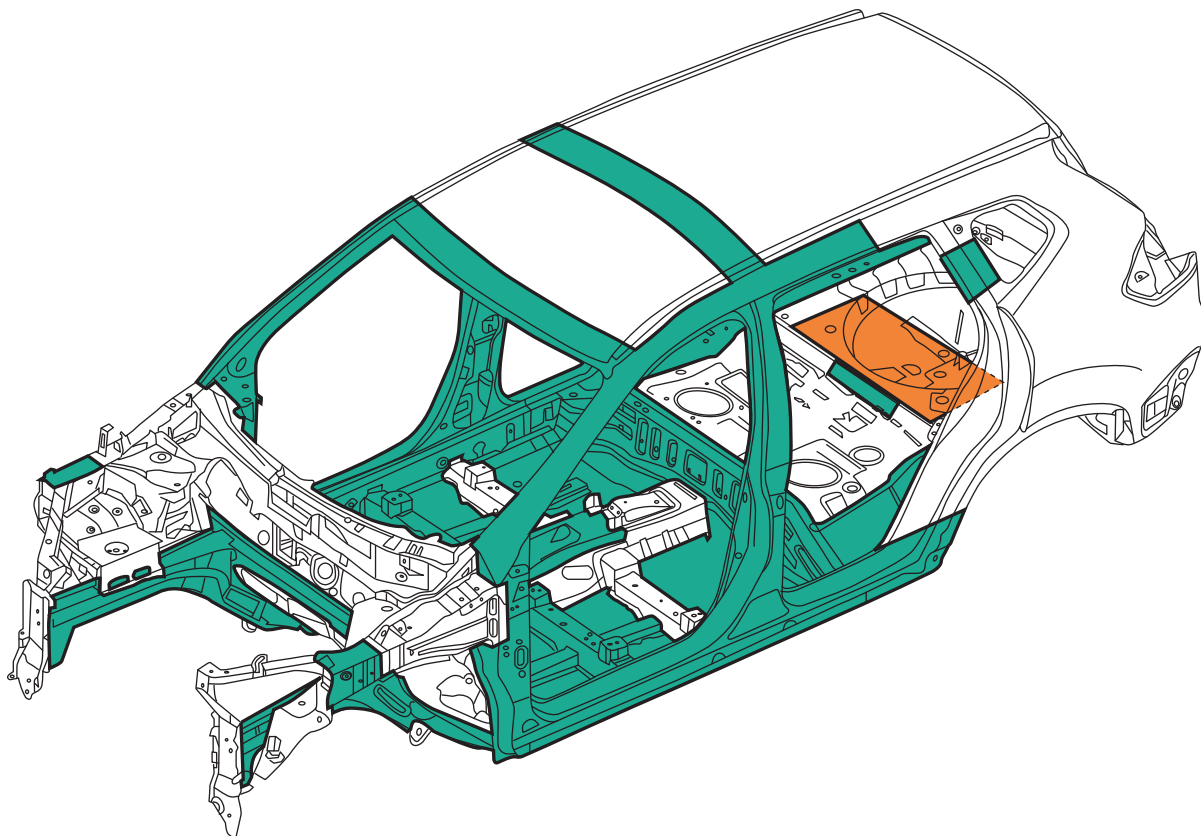
Underside View Shown

Nissan North America, Inc. Version 1, August 2016

High Strength Steel Locations

 = High strength steel

 =  **DANGER**



AAYIA0505ZZ

3-3.5 High-voltage Battery Damage and Fluid Leaks

⚠ WARNING

The high-voltage battery contains electrolyte solution. To avoid exposure to electrolyte solution and serious personal injury, always wear appropriate solvent resistant Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and read the following precautions:

- Electrolyte solution is a skin irritant.
- Electrolyte solution is an eye irritant – If contact with eyes, rinse with plenty of water and see a doctor immediately.
- If electrolyte leak occurs, wear appropriate solvent resistant PPE and use a dry cloth to clean up the spilled electrolyte. Be sure to adequately ventilate the area.
- Electrolyte solution is highly flammable.
- Electrolyte liquid or fumes that have come into contact with water vapors in the air will create an oxidized substance. This substance may irritate skin and eyes. In these cases, rinse with plenty of water and see a doctor immediately.
- Electrolyte fumes (when inhaled) can cause respiratory irritation and acute intoxication. Move to fresh air and wash mouth with water. See a doctor immediately.

If electrolyte solution leakage, or damage such as any problem with the high-voltage battery casing are observed, first responders should attempt to neutralize the battery by applying a large volume of water to the battery pack while wearing appropriate Personal Protective Equipment (PPE). The neutralization process helps stabilize the thermal condition of the battery pack but does not discharge the battery.

High-voltage Battery Electrolyte Solution Characteristics:

- Clear in color
- Sweet odor
- Similar viscosity to water
- Since the high-voltage battery is made up of many small sealed battery modules, electrolyte solution leakage should be minimal.

NOTE:

Other fluids in the vehicle (such as engine oil, washer fluid, brake fluid, coolant, etc.) are the same as those in a conventional vehicle.

3-3.6 Accessing the Occupants

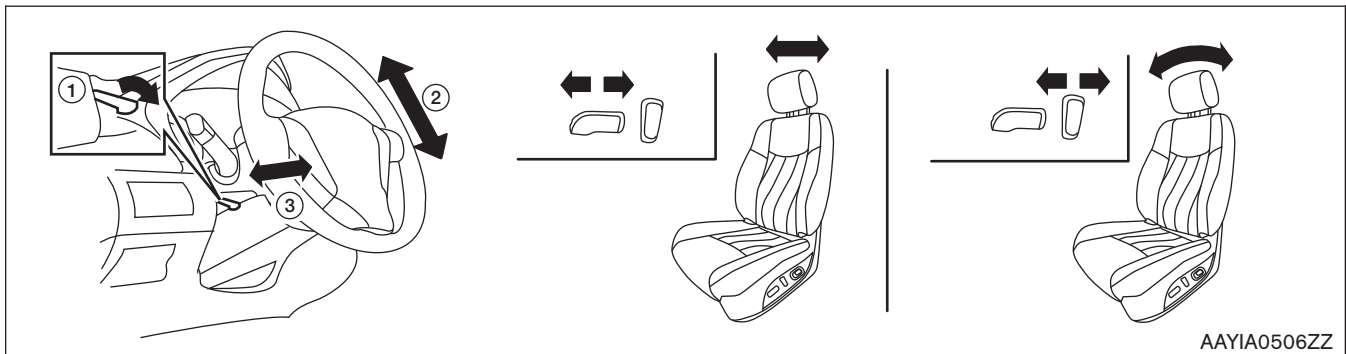
1. Remove windows
 - a. Perform window removal the same as a normal vehicle.
2. Remove doors
 - a. The doors are removable with hand tools or basic rescue tools such as electrical/hydraulic rescue tools. It may be easier to remove the doors by cutting door hinges.
3. Adjust steering wheel and front seat position (if necessary) as shown below:

NOTE:

Not all models will have electric column adjustment, some are manual adjustment with a lever located under the column.

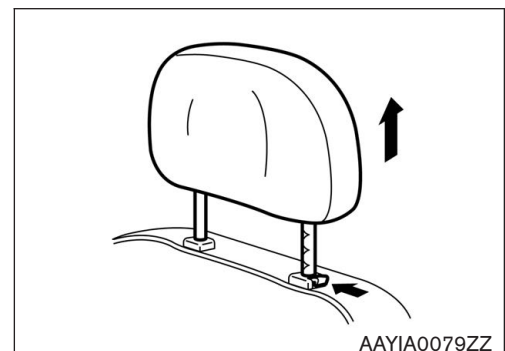
NOTE:

Before disconnecting the 12-volt battery terminal, if necessary, lower the windows, adjust the steering column, adjust the seats, unlock the doors, etc. Once 12-volt battery is disconnected, power controls will not operate.



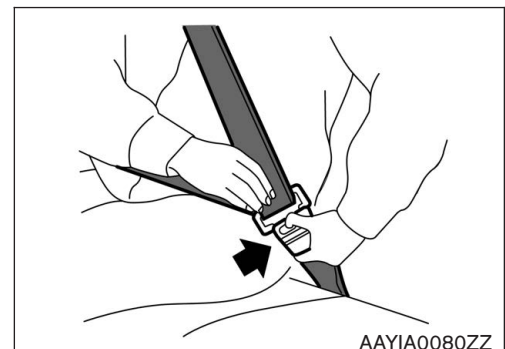
4. Remove front seat head restraint (if necessary).

The front seat head restraint can be removed by pressing the lock knob and pulling it up. Some head restraint's may be equipped with a wire harness. Removal is the same as shown and can be positioned aside.



5. Unfasten the seat belt.

Seat belt can be unfastened by pressing the release button. If seat belt cannot be unfastened, cut it with a belt cutter.



3-4 Storing The Vehicle

For vehicle storage information, refer to Dismantling Guide located at www.nissanusa.com or www.nissan-techinfo.com.

4. Emergency Quick Reference Guide

The following is for emergency quick reference only. It does not replace the detailed safety information and procedures in this manual.

2017 NISSAN ROGUE HYBRID

Emergency Responder's Quick Reference Guide

The following is for emergency quick reference only. It does not replace the detailed safety information and procedures in the First Responder's Guide (FRG).

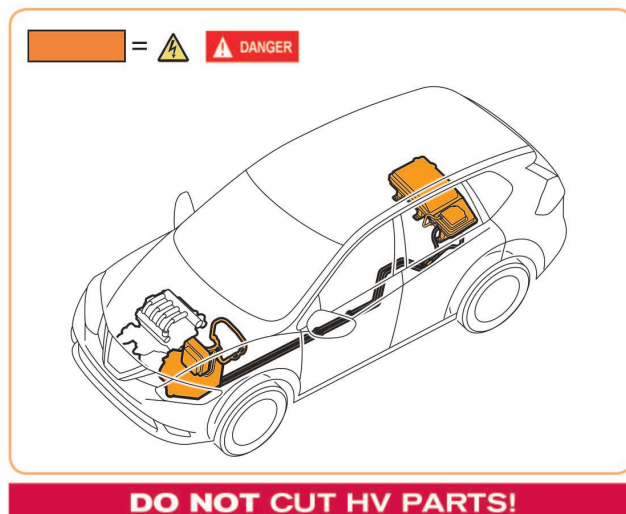
VEHICLE IDENTIFICATION



WARNING AND INDICATOR LAMPS

LAMP NAME	ICON	DESCRIPTION
READY Indicator (Green)		This lamp is on when the high-voltage system is powered up and the vehicle is ready to drive.
Master Warning Lamp (ORANGE or RED)		This lamp is on when another warning lamp or message is displayed in the instrument cluster.
Hybrid System Warning Lamp*1 (ORANGE)		This lamp is on when: - Malfunction has occurred in the high-voltage system and/or - High-voltage leak to vehicle chassis and/or - Emergency shut-off system has been activated. The shut-off system activates in the following conditions: - Front and side collisions in which the air bags are deployed. - Certain rear collisions. - Certain high-voltage system malfunctions.

HIGH-VOLTAGE (HV) PARTS LOCATIONS



*1: When this lamp is ON, the READY lamp will turn OFF.

2017 NISSAN ROGUE HYBRID

Emergency Responder's Quick Reference Guide

The following is for emergency quick reference only. It does not replace the detailed safety information and procedures in the First Responder's Guide (FRG).

VEHICLE SHUT-DOWN

Appropriate Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) must always be worn during these procedures and while working on or near high-voltage components, battery or harnesses!

PRIMARY PROCEDURE

1.

Turn ignition switch OFF.



2.

Verify READY indicator is OFF.



3.

If possible, keep the Intelligent Key® at least 5 meters (16 feet) away.



4.

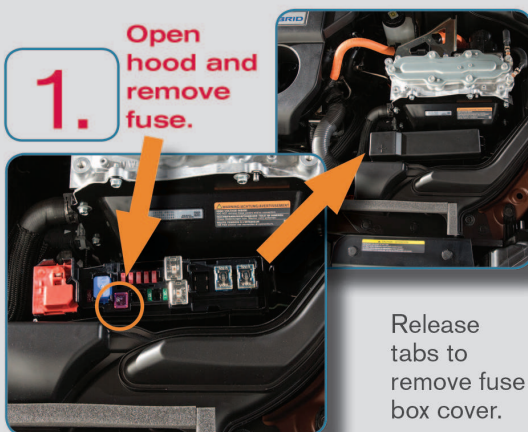
Open luggage compartment and lift luggage board. Remove Negative Battery Cable.



ALTERNATE PROCEDURE 1.

1.

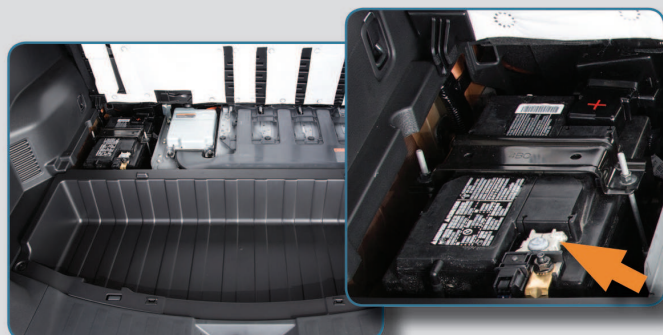
Open hood and remove fuse.



Release tabs to remove fuse box cover.

2.

Open luggage compartment and lift luggage board. Remove Negative Battery Cable.



2017 NISSAN ROGUE HYBRID

Emergency Responder's Quick Reference Guide

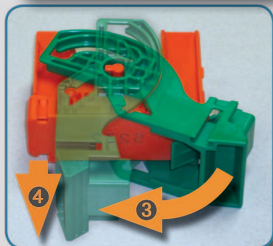
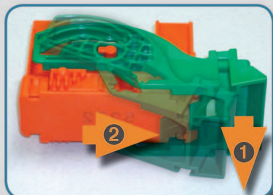
The following is for emergency quick reference only. It does not replace the detailed safety information and procedures in the First Responder's Guide (FRG).

1.

Open luggage compartment and lift luggage board. Remove Service Plug.

Located behind access cover in cargo area.

- ① Pull service plug lever.
- ② Release lever locking tab.
- ③ Rotate green lever outward.
- ④ Pull to remove.

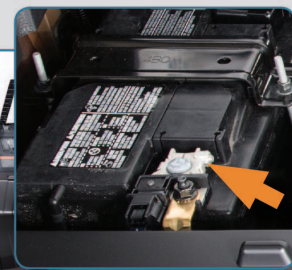


- ⑤ Wait approximately 10 minutes for the HV system to fully discharge. If unable to wait full 10 minutes, absolute care must be taken and full Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) must be worn.

ALTERNATE PROCEDURE 2.

2.

Open luggage compartment and lift luggage board. Remove Negative Battery Cable.



HIGH-VOLTAGE SYSTEM SHUT DOWN AND VEHICLE DAMAGE LEVEL CONSIDERATIONS

Note: If any air bags have deployed in the following 3 situations, the high-voltage (HV) system has been designed to automatically shut off at the time of deployment.

(1) High-voltage (HV) system intact, occupants can be accessed without extrication tools

The HV system can be shut down by following the procedure in this QRG, while wearing appropriate Personal Protective Equipment (PPE). After HV system shut down, occupant assistance operations can begin immediately, and no wait period is necessary.

(2) High-voltage (HV) system intact, occupants cannot be accessed without extrication tools

The HV system can be shut down by following the procedure in this QRG, while wearing appropriate Personal Protective Equipment (PPE). After HV system shut down, absolute care must be taken never to cut through or damage any HV system wiring, battery or components within approximately 10 minutes of HV system shut down, but occupant assistance operations using extrication equipment can begin immediately. The locations of the HV component parts are illustrated in this QRG.

(3) High-voltage (HV) system damaged

If there is any evidence that the HV system has been compromised (such as arcing/sparking, orange wiring harnesses cut or damaged, HV component casings damaged, etc.), the responder may still be at risk of high-voltage exposure. The vehicle must be approached with extreme caution prior to initiating any system shut down procedures or rendering assistance to occupants. Appropriate Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) must always be worn as described in the FRG, and the approximate 10 minute wait time must be observed after HV system shut down in order to ensure the system is de-energized.

In rare situations where vehicle damage is very severe, HV system shut down procedures as described in the FRG or this QRG may not work. In these instances extreme caution and appropriate risk management must be followed to prevent shock or electrocution to the responder or occupant.

2017 **NISSAN** ROGUE HYBRID

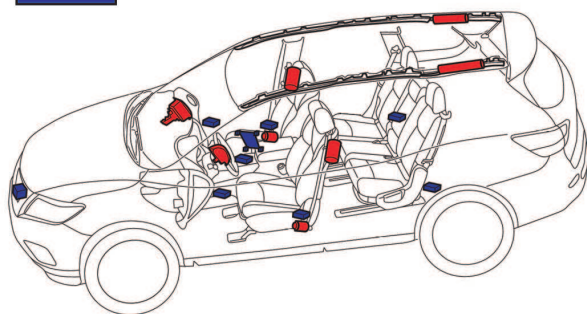
Emergency Responder's Quick Reference Guide

The following is for emergency quick reference only. It does not replace the detailed safety information and procedures in the First Responder's Guide (FRG).

VEHICLE IDENTIFICATION

SRS AIR BAG SYSTEM PARTS LOCATIONS

-  = Inflators (Peel back plastic trim parts prior to cutting operations to confirm exact inflator location.)
-  = Sensors



DO NOT CUT AIR BAG PARTS!

VEHICLE FIRE

- Use standard firefighting equipment.
- Use large amounts of water.
- Be sure the high-voltage battery is completely extinguished and cooled to avoid reignition.

VEHICLE SUBMERSION

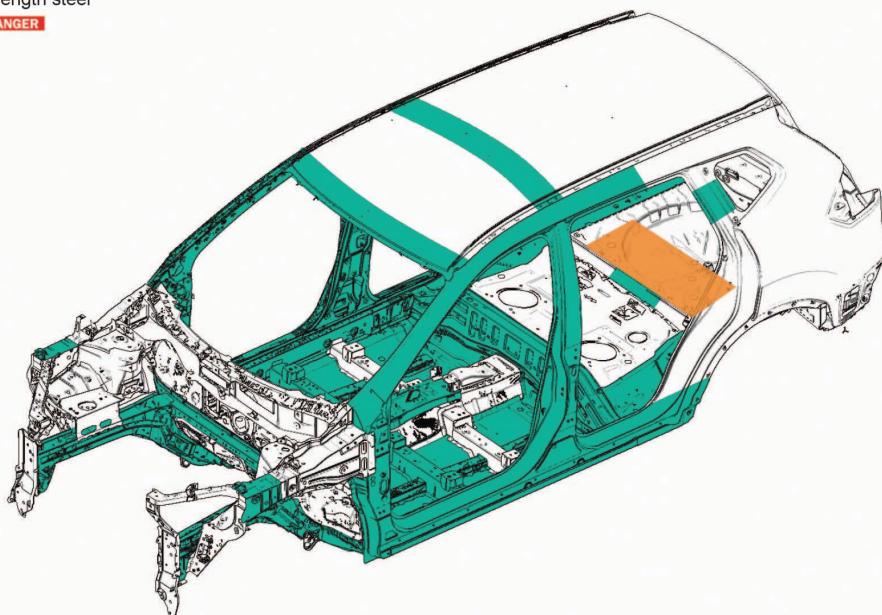
- Wear appropriate Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) before entering water.
- Vehicle must be removed from water and drained before touching any HV parts.

HIGH-VOLTAGE BATTERY ELECTROLYTE CHARACTERISTICS

- Clear in color.
- Sweet odor.
- Similar viscosity to water.
- Highly flammable.
- Skin and eye irritant – rinse with plenty of water and see a doctor immediately.
- Wear appropriate Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) around electrolyte leakage.

HIGH STRENGTH STEEL LOCATIONS

-  = High strength steel
-  = **⚠ DANGER**





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