

Part 1

OPERATION OF INSTRUMENTS AND CONTROLS—

Chapter 1-3

Seats, Seat belts, Steering wheel and Mirrors

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- [Head restraints](#)
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Seats

While the vehicle is being driven, all vehicle occupants should have the seatback upright, sit well back in the seat and properly wear the seat belts provided.



CAUTION

- Do not drive with the vehicle occupants not properly seated, such as sitting on top of a folded-down seatback, or in the luggage compartment. Persons not properly seated and restrained by seat belts can be severely injured in the event of emergency braking or a collision.
- During driving, do not allow passengers to stand up or move around between seats. Balance can be unsteady and severe injuries can occur in the event of emergency braking or a collision.

Front seats—

—Seat adjustment precautions

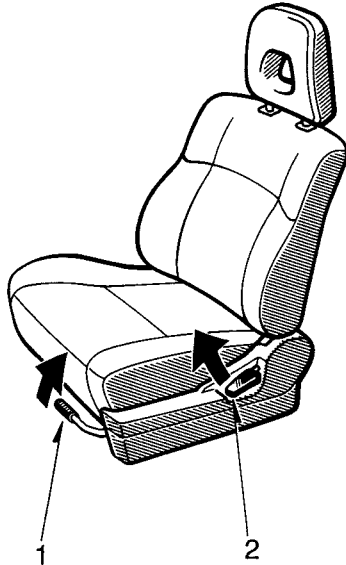
Adjust the driver's seat so that the foot pedals, steering wheel and instrument panel controls are within easy reach of the driver.



CAUTION

- Adjustments should not be made while the vehicle is moving, as the seat may unexpectedly move and cause the driver to lose control of the vehicle.
- When adjusting the seat, be careful not to hit the seat against a passenger or luggage.
- After adjusting the seat position, try sliding it forward and backward to make sure it is locked in position.
- After adjusting the seatback, exert body pressure to make sure it is locked in position.
- Do not put objects under the seats as they may interfere with the seat-lock mechanism or unexpectedly push up the seat position adjusting lever; the seat may suddenly move, causing the driver to lose control of the vehicle.
- While adjusting the seat, do not put your hands under the seat or near the moving parts. You may catch and injure your hands or fingers.

—Adjusting front seats



10109X04

1. SEAT POSITION ADJUSTING LEVER

Pull the lever up. Then slide the seat to the desired position with slight body pressure and release the lever.

2. SEATBACK ANGLE ADJUSTING LEVER

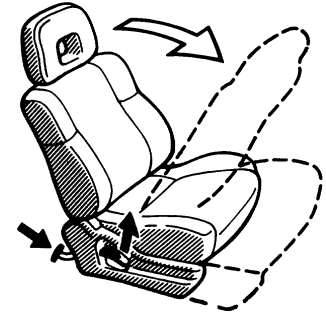
Lean forward and pull the lever up. Then lean back to the desired angle and release the lever.



CAUTION

To reduce the risk of sliding under the lap belt during a collision, avoid reclining the seatback any more than needed. The seat belts provide maximum protection when the driver and the passenger are sitting up straight and well back in the seats. If you are reclined, the lap belt may slide past your hips and apply restraint forces directly to the abdomen. Therefore, in the event of a frontal collision, the risk of personal injury may increase with increasing recline of the seatback.

—Moving passenger's seat for rear seat entry (2-door models)



10150X01

For easy access to the rear seat, do this.

1. Lift the seatback angle adjusting lever or press the pedal behind the seatback. The seat will slide forward slightly.
2. Move the seat to the front-most position.

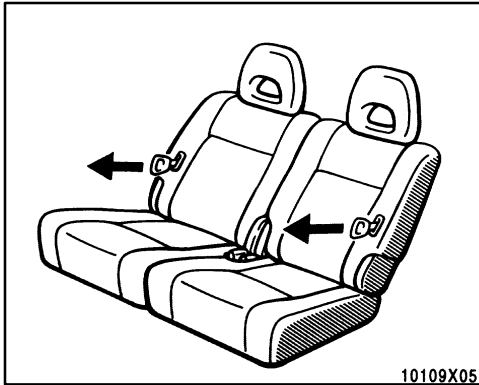
After passengers are in, lift up the seatback and return the seat until it locks.



CAUTION

- After putting back the seat, try pushing the seat forward and rearward to make sure it is secured in place.
- Never allow anyone to rest their foot on the release pedal while the vehicle is moving.

**Rear seats—
—Adjusting seatback angle**

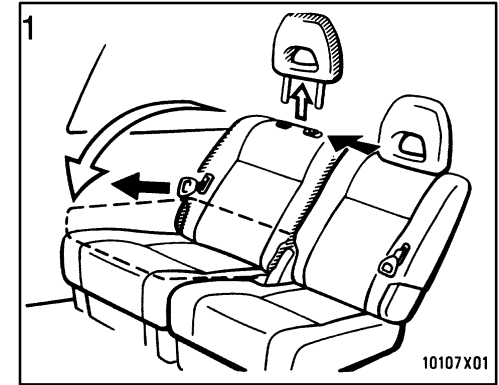


Lean forward and pull the lock release lever. Then lean back to the desired angle and release the lever.



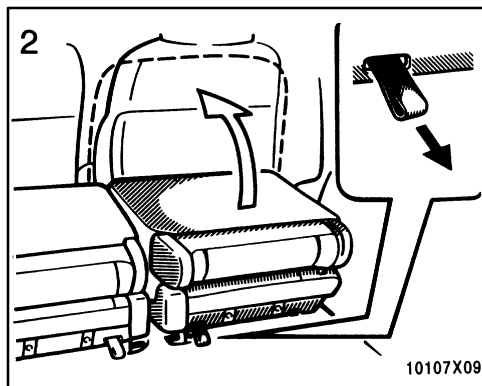
- Adjustments should not be made while the vehicle is moving.
- To reduce the risk of sliding under the lap belt during a collision, avoid reclining the seatback any more than needed. The seat belts provide maximum protection when the passengers are sitting up straight and well back in the seats. If you are reclined, the lap belt may slide past your hips and apply restraint forces directly to the abdomen. Therefore, in the event of a frontal collision, the risk of personal injury may increase with increasing recline of the seatback.
- After adjusting the seatback, exert body pressure to make sure it is locked in position.

**—Folding up rear seats
(2-door models)**

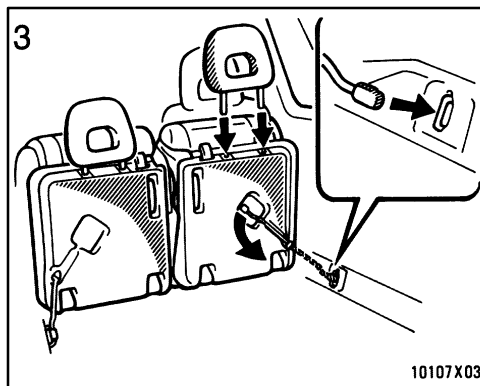


1. Remove the head restraint. Unlock the seatback and fold it down.

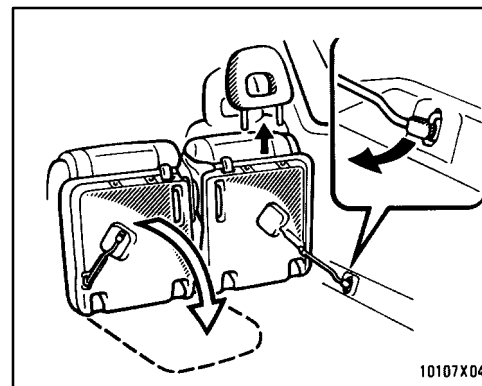
Folding up the rear seats will enlarge the luggage compartment. See "Luggage stowage precautions" in Part 2 for precautions to observe in loading luggage.



2. Unlock the seat cushion. Swing the whole seat up and forward.



3. Lock the raised bottom cushion in place by attaching the support rod onto the hook. Then store the head restraint in the head restraint retaining holes in the bottom cushion.



When returning the rear seat to its original position, first remove the head restraint. Unlock the seat and return it. Be certain to replace the head restraint.

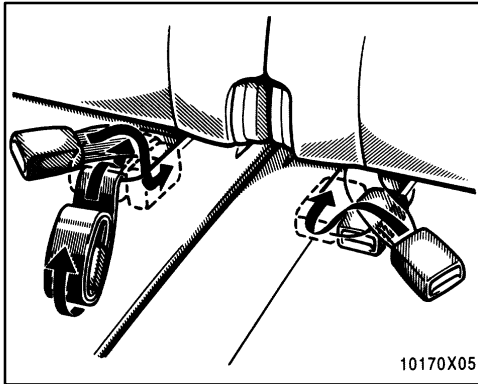


CAUTION

When returning seats to their original position:

- Make sure the seat belts are not twisted or caught under the seat and are arranged in their proper position for ready use.
- Make sure the seat is securely locked by pushing forward and rearward on the top of the seat-back or by trying to pull up the edge of the bottom cushion.

—Folding up rear seats (4-door models)



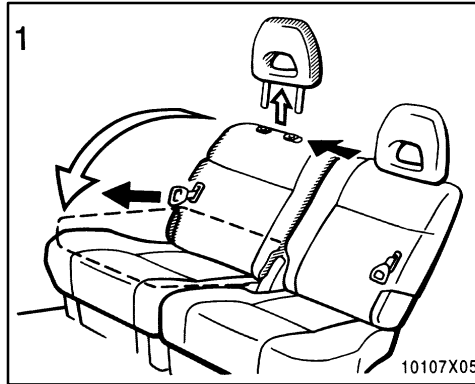
BEFORE FOLDING REAR SEAT

Stow the rear seat belts as shown in the illustration.

This prevents the belts from falling out when you fold the seatbacks.

NOTICE

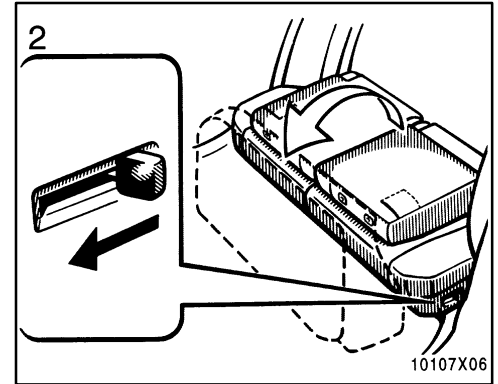
The seat belts must be stowed before you fold the seatback.



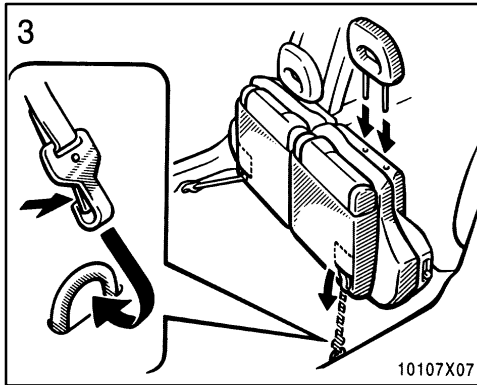
FOLDING REAR SEAT

1. Remove the head restraint. Unlock the seatback and fold it down.

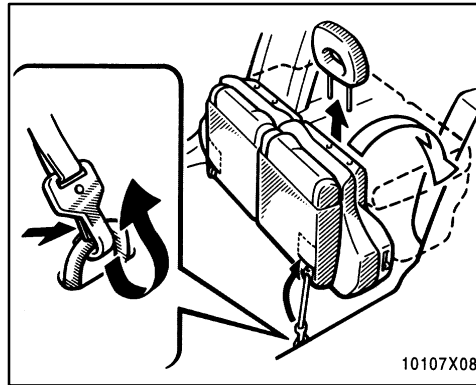
Folding up the rear seats will enlarge the luggage compartment. See "Luggage stowage precautions" in Part 2 for precautions to observe in loading luggage.



2. Unlock the seat cushion. Swing the whole seat up and forward.



3. Lock the raised bottom cushion in place by clipping the strap to the hook. Then store the head restraint in the head restraint retaining holes in the bottom cushion.



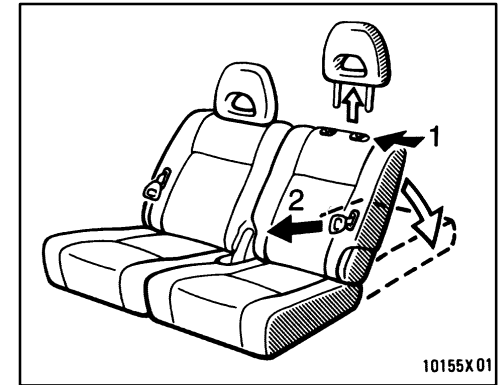
When returning the rear seat to its original position, first remove the head restraint. Unlock the seat and return it. Be certain to replace head restraint.



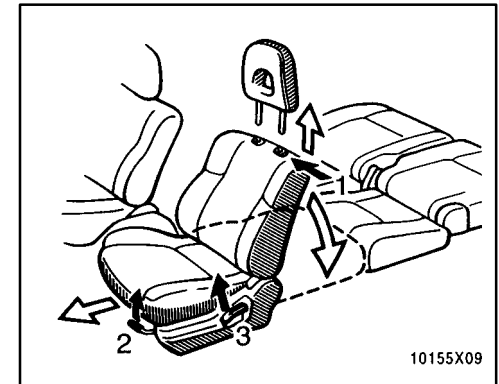
When returning seats to their original position:

- Make sure the seat belts are not twisted or caught under the seat and are arranged in their proper position for ready use.
- Make sure the seat is securely locked by pushing forward and rearward on the top of the seat-back or by trying to pull up the edge of the bottom cushion.

Flattening seatbacks (2-door models)



Rear seats



Front seats

Rear seats: Remove the head restraint. Then pull out the strap to unlock the seatback, and push down the seatback.

Front seats: Remove the head restraint and slide the seat to the front-most position. Then unlock the seatback and push it down.



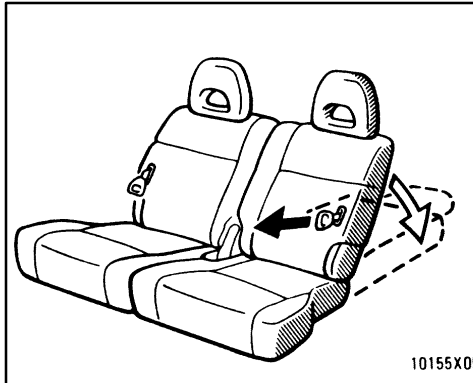
CAUTION

- Do not allow passengers to ride on the flattened seat while driving; use the seat in the normal position.
- After putting back the seat, try pushing the seatback forward and rearward to make sure it is secured in place. Be certain to replace head restraint.

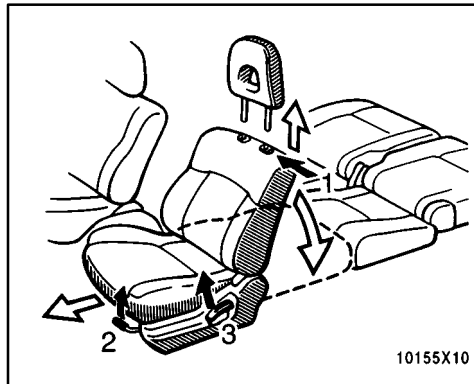
NOTICE

Before closing the back door, make sure the rear headrests are removed from the flattened seats.

Flattening seatbacks (4-door models)



Rear seats



Front seats

Rear seats: Pull out the strap to unlock the seatback, and push down the seatback.

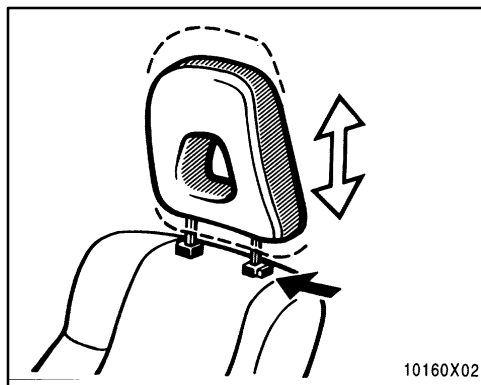
Front seats: Remove the head restraint and slide the seat to the front-most position. Then unlock the seatback and push it down.



CAUTION

- Do not allow passengers to ride on the flattened seat while driving; use the seat in the normal position.
- After putting back the seat, try pushing the seatback forward and rearward to make sure it is secured in place. Be certain to replace head restraint.

Head restraints



For your safety, adjust the head restraint before driving.

To raise: Pull it up.

To lower: Push it down while pressing the lock release button.

The head restraint is most effective when it is close to your head. Therefore, using a cushion on the seatback is not recommended.



CAUTION

- **Adjust the top of the head restraint so that it is closest to the top of your ears.**
- **After adjusting the head restraint, make sure it is locked in position.**
- **Do not drive with the head restraints removed.**

Seat belts—

—Seat belt precautions

Toyota recommends that the driver and passengers in the vehicle be properly restrained at all times with the seat belts provided. Failure to do so could increase the chance of injury and/or the severity of injury in accidents.

Baby or small child. Use a child restraint system which fits your vehicle. See "Child restraint" for details.

Child. If a child is too large for a child restraint system, the child should sit in the rear seat and must be restrained using the vehicle's seat belt. According to accident statistics, the child is safer when properly restrained in the rear seat than in the front seat. Do not allow the child to stand up or kneel on either rear or front seats. If the shoulder belt falls across the child's neck or face:

2-door models—

Have the child sit slightly closer to the center of the vehicle so that the belt lays across the shoulder.

4-door models—

Move the child to the center position and use the center lap belt.

Pregnant woman. Toyota recommends the use of a seat belt. Ask your doctor for specific recommendations. The lap belt should be worn securely and as low as possible over the hips and not on the waist.