

Part 1

OPERATION OF INSTRUMENTS AND CONTROLS—

Chapter 1-3

Seats, Seat belts, Steering wheel and Mirrors

- Seats
- Front seats
- Rear seats
- Head restraints
- Seat belts
- SRS airbags
- Child restraint
- Tilt steering wheel
- Outside rear view mirrors
- Anti-glare inside rear view mirror
- Vanity mirrors

Seats

While the vehicle is being driven, all vehicle occupants should have the seatback upright, sit well back in the seat and properly wear the seat belts provided.



CAUTION

- Do not drive with the vehicle occupants not properly seated, such as sitting on top of a folded-down seatback, or in the luggage compartment. Persons not properly seated and restrained by seat belts can be severely injured in the event of emergency braking or a collision.
- During driving, do not let passengers stand up or move around between seats. Balance can be unsteady and severe injuries can occur in the event of emergency braking or a collision.

Front seats—

—Seat adjustment precautions

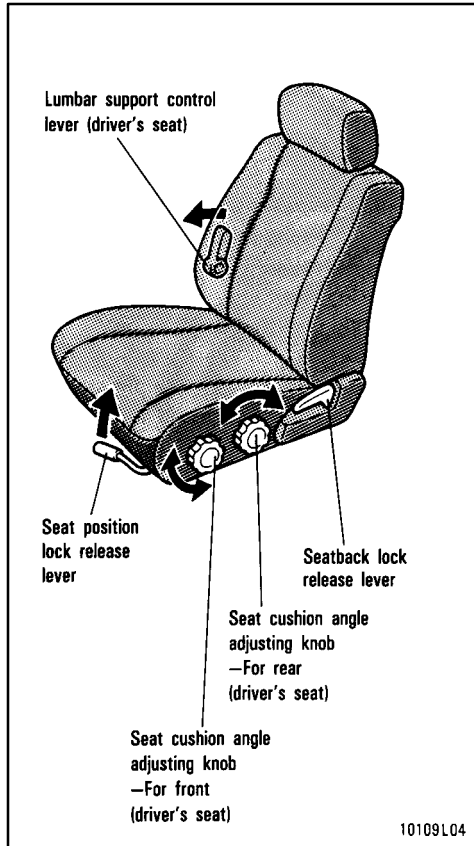
Adjust the driver's seat so that the foot pedals, steering wheel and instrument panel controls are within easy reach of the driver.



CAUTION

- Adjustments should not be made while the vehicle is moving, as the seat may unexpectedly move and cause the driver to lose control of the vehicle.
- When adjusting the seat, be careful not to hit the seat against a passenger or luggage.
- After adjusting the seat position, try sliding it forward and backward to make sure it is locked in position.
- After adjusting the seatback, exert body pressure to make sure it is locked in position.
- Do not put objects under the seats as they may interfere with the seat-lock mechanism or unexpectedly push up the seat position adjusting lever; the seat may suddenly move, causing the driver to lose control of the vehicle.
- While adjusting the seat, do not put your hands under the seat or near the moving parts. You may jam your hands or fingers.

—Adjusting front seats (manual seat)



ADJUSTING SEAT POSITION

Pull the lock release lever up. Then slide the seat to the desired position with slight body pressure and release the lever.

ADJUSTING SEATBACK ANGLE

Lean forward and pull the lock release lever. Then lean back to the desired angle and release the lever.



To reduce the risk of sliding under the lap belt during a collision, avoid reclining the seatback any more than needed. The seat belts provide maximum protection when the driver and the passenger are sitting up straight and well back in the seats. If you are reclined, the lap belt may slide past your hips and apply restraint forces directly to the abdomen. Therefore, in the event of a frontal collision, the risk of personal injury may increase with increasing recline of the seatback.

ADJUSTING DRIVER'S SEAT CUSHION ANGLE

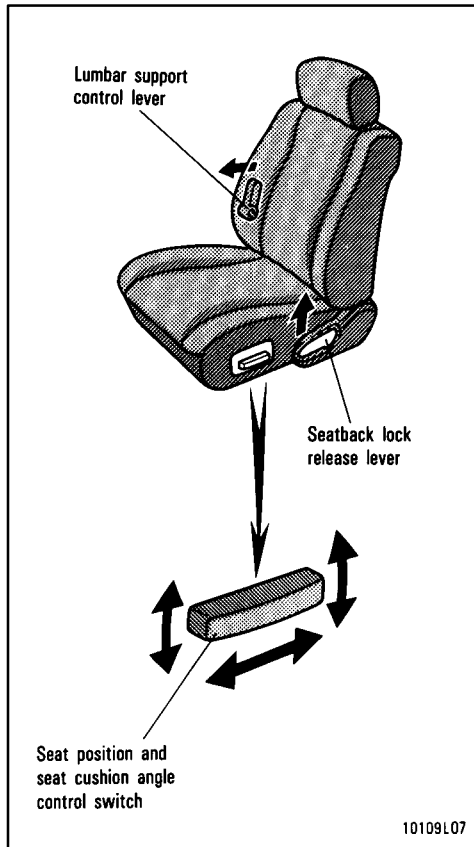
Turn the knob either way.

ADJUSTING DRIVER'S SEAT LUMBAR SUPPORT

Pull the lever forward and release.

Repeat this until you have a comfortable support.

—Adjusting front seats (power seat—type A)



ADJUSTING SEAT POSITION

Move the control switch in the desired direction.

Releasing the switch will stop the seat at that position.

Do not place anything under the seat. It might interfere with the seat movement.

ADJUSTING SEATBACK ANGLE

Lean forward and pull the lock release lever. Then lean back to the desired angle and release the lever.



To reduce the risk of sliding under the lap belt during a collision, avoid reclining the seatback any more than needed. The seat belts provide maximum protection when the driver and the passenger are sitting up straight and well back in the seats. If you are reclined, the lap belt may slide past your hips and apply restraint forces directly to the abdomen. Therefore, in the event of a frontal collision, the risk of personal injury may increase with increasing recline of the seatback.

ADJUSTING DRIVER'S SEAT CUSHION ANGLE

Move the control switch in the desired direction.

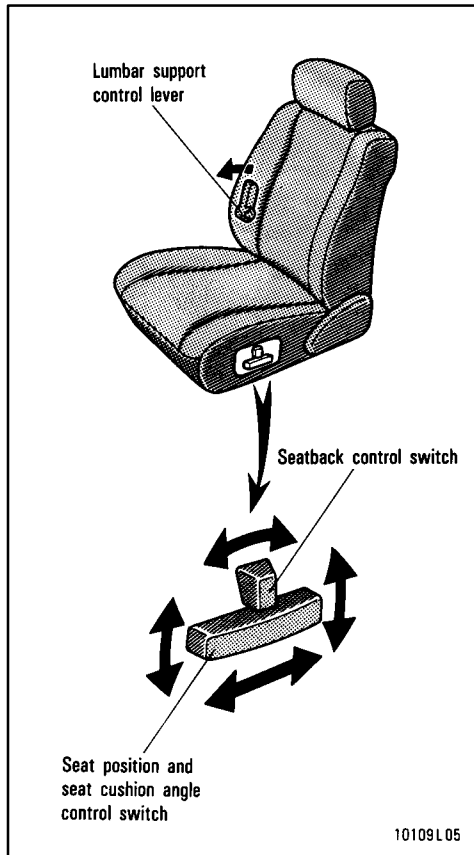
Releasing the switch will stop the seat at that position.

ADJUSTING DRIVER'S SEAT LUMBAR SUPPORT

Pull the lever forward and release.

Repeat this until you have a comfortable support.

—Adjusting front seats (power seat—type B)



ADJUSTING SEAT POSITION

Move the control switch in the desired direction.

Releasing the switch will stop the seat at that position.

Do not place anything under the seat. It might interfere with the seat movement.

ADJUSTING SEATBACK ANGLE

Move the control switch in the desired direction.

Releasing the switch will stop the seatback at that position.



CAUTION

To reduce the risk of sliding under the lap belt during a collision, avoid reclining the seatback any more than needed. The seat belts provide maximum protection when the driver and the passenger are sitting up straight and well back in the seats. If you are reclined, the lap belt may slide past your hips and apply restraint forces directly to the abdomen. Therefore, in the event of a frontal collision, the risk of personal injury may increase with increasing recline of the seatback.

ADJUSTING DRIVER'S SEAT CUSHION ANGLE

Move the control switch in the desired direction.

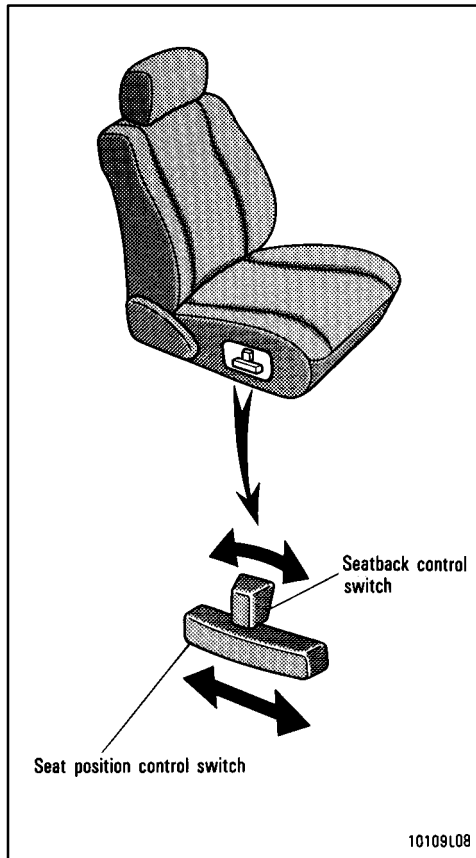
Releasing the switch will stop the seat at that position.

ADJUSTING DRIVER'S SEAT LUMBAR SUPPORT

Pull the lever forward and release.

Repeat this until you have a comfortable support.

—Adjusting front seats (power seat—type C)



ADJUSTING SEAT POSITION

Move the control switch in the desired direction.

Releasing the switch will stop the seat at that position.

Do not place anything under the seat. It might interfere with the seat movement.

ADJUSTING SEATBACK ANGLE

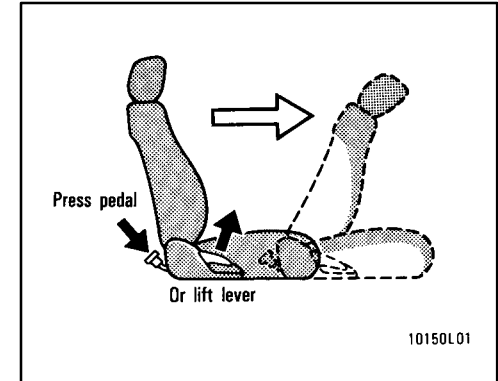
Move the control switch in the desired direction.

Releasing the switch will stop the seatback at that position.



To reduce the risk of sliding under the lap belt during a collision, avoid reclining the seatback any more than needed. The seat belts provide maximum protection when the driver and the passenger are sitting up straight and well back in the seats. If you are reclined, the lap belt may slide past your hips and apply restraint forces directly to the abdomen. Therefore, in the event of a frontal collision, the risk of personal injury may increase with increasing recline of the seatback.

—Moving passenger's seat for rear seat entry (coupe)



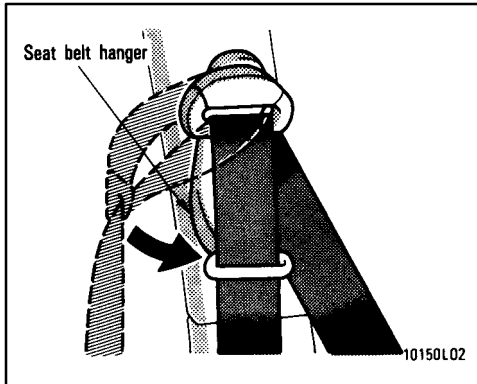
For easy access to the rear seat, do this.

1. Lift the seatback lock release lever or press the release pedal.

The seat will slide forward slightly.

2. Move the seat to the front-most position.

Rear seats— —Fold-down rear seat (sedan and coupe)

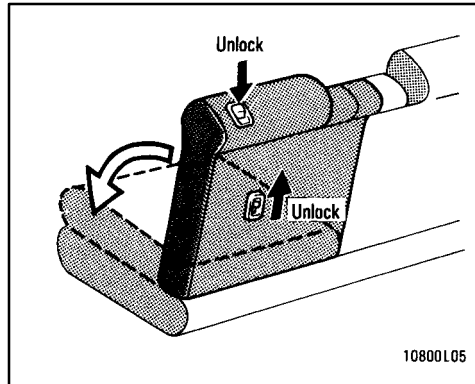


Before entry, push the seat belt hanger down as far as it will go if it is in the raised position.

After passengers are in, lift up the seatback and return the seat until it locks.



- After putting back the seat, try pushing the seat forward and rearward to make sure that it is secured in place.
- Never allow anyone to rest their foot on the release pedal while the vehicle is moving.



Unlock the seatback, and fold it down.

This will enlarge the trunk room as far as the front seatbacks. See "Luggage stowage precautions" in Part 2 for precautions to observe in loading luggage.

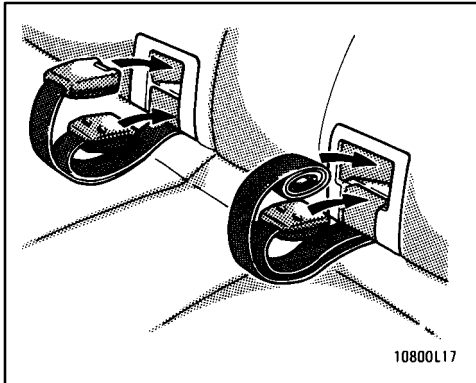
If desired, each seatback may be folded separately.



When returning the seatback to the upright position:

- Make sure the seat belts are not twisted or caught in the seatback and are arranged in their proper position for ready use.
- Make sure the seatback is securely locked by pushing forward and rearward on the top of the seatback.

—Fold-down rear seat (wagon)



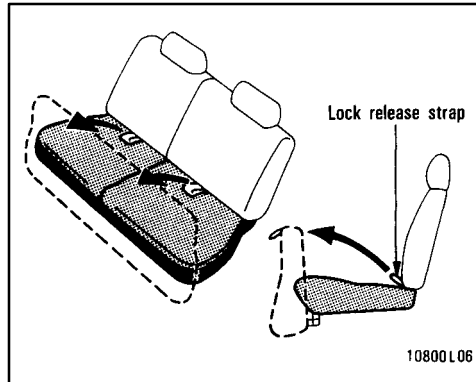
BEFORE FOLDING REAR SEAT

Stow the rear seat belts facing the direction shown in the illustration.

This prevents them from falling out when you fold the seatback.

NOTICE

The seat belts must be stowed before you fold the seatback.



FOLDING REAR SEAT

1. Swing the bottom cushion up by pulling the lock release strap.

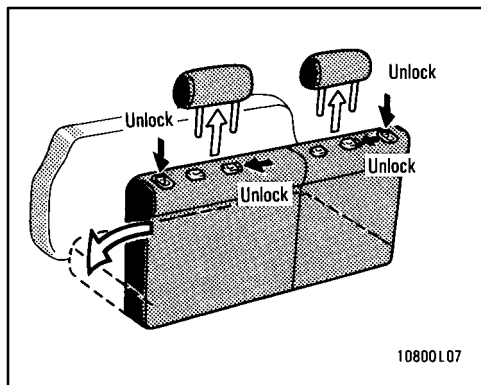
It is hinged at the front edge, so just lift it up.

If desired, each bottom cushion may be lifted separately.



When returning the bottom cushion to its original position:

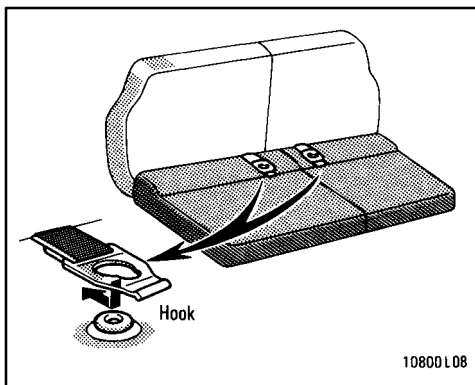
- Make sure the seat belts are not twisted or caught under the bottom cushion and are arranged in their proper position for ready use.
- Make sure the bottom cushion is securely locked by trying to pull up the edge of the cushion near the lock release straps.



2. Remove the head restraint, unlock the seatback and fold it down while pushing the bottom cushion forward.

This will enlarge the luggage compartment as far as the raised bottom cushion. See "Luggage stowage precautions" in Part 2 for precautions to observe in loading luggage.

If desired, each seat may be folded separately.

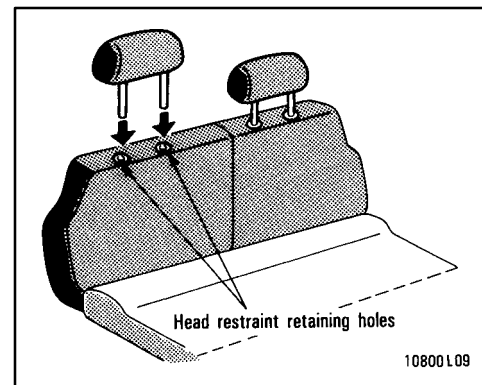


3. After folding the seatback down, hook the strap to the tab on the reverse side of the seatback.



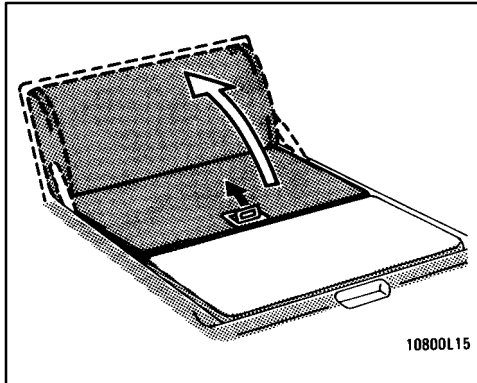
When returning the seatback to the upright position:

- **Make sure the seat belts are not twisted or caught in the seatback and are arranged in their proper position for ready use.**
- **Make sure the seatback is securely locked by pushing forward and rearward on the top of the seatback.**

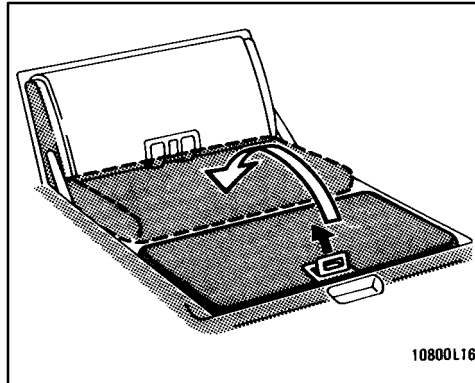


4. Store the head restraint using the head restraint retaining holes in the bottom cushion.

—Fold-down third seat (wagon)



1. Swing the seatback up with the handle.

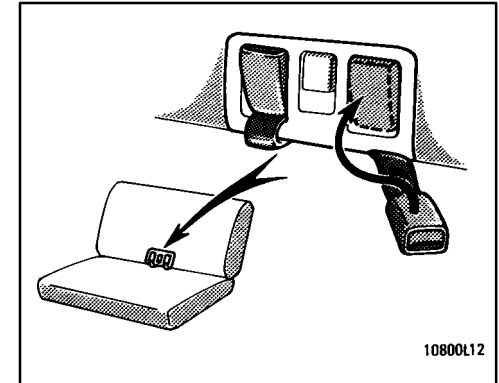


2. Turn the bottom cushion over with the handle.

CAUTION

- Take care not to get your hands or fingers caught.
- Make sure the seatback is securely locked by pushing forward and rearward on the top of the seatback.
- When using the third seat, for your safety make sure the rear seatback is also upright and securely locked.

—Take-down third seat (wagon)



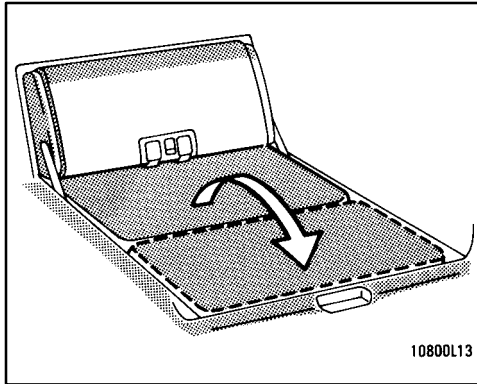
BEFORE TAKING DOWN THIRD SEAT

Stow the third seat belts facing the direction shown in the illustration.

This prevents them from falling out when you fold the seatback.

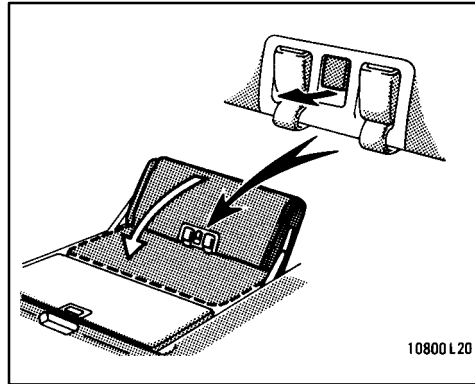
NOTICE

The seat belts must be stowed before you fold the seatback.



TAKING DOWN THIRD SEAT

1. Turn the bottom cushion over.

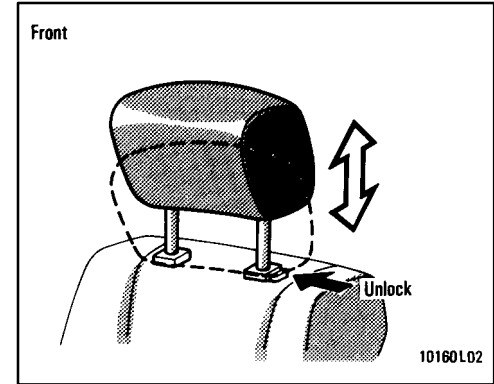


2. Release the lock release lever and fold down the seatback.



Take care not to get your hands or fingers caught.

Head restraints (vertically adjustable type)



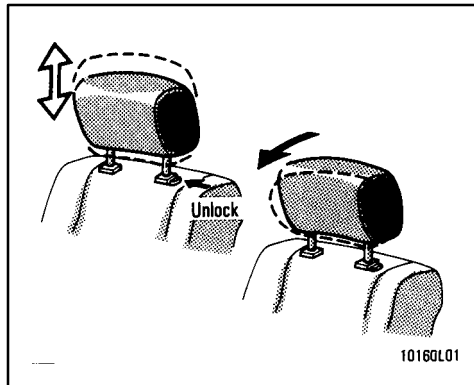
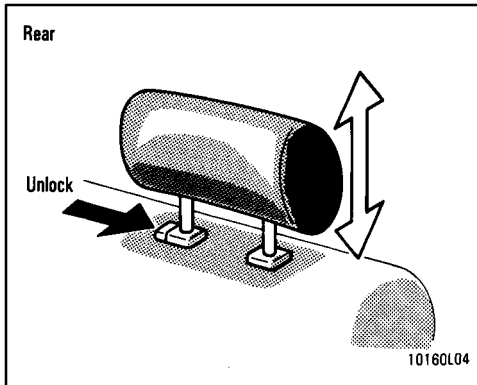
To raise the head restraint, pull it up. To lower it, press the lock release button and push the head restraint down.

The head restraint is most effective when it is close to your head. Therefore, using a cushion on the seatback is not recommended.



- Adjust the top of the head restraint so that it is closest to the top of your ears.
- After adjusting the head restraint, make sure it is locked in position.
- Do not drive with the head restraints removed.

Head restraints (vertically and rotationally adjustable type)



**To raise the head restraint, pull it up.
To lower it, press the lock release button and push the head restraint down.
To move the head restraint forward, pull on the top.**

Pulling the top of the head restraint as far as it can go will return it to the upright position.

The head restraint is most effective when it is close to your head. Therefore, using a cushion on the seatback is not recommended.



- Adjust the top of the head restraint so that it is closest to the top of your ears.
- After adjusting the head restraint, make sure it is locked in position.
- Do not drive with the head restraints removed.